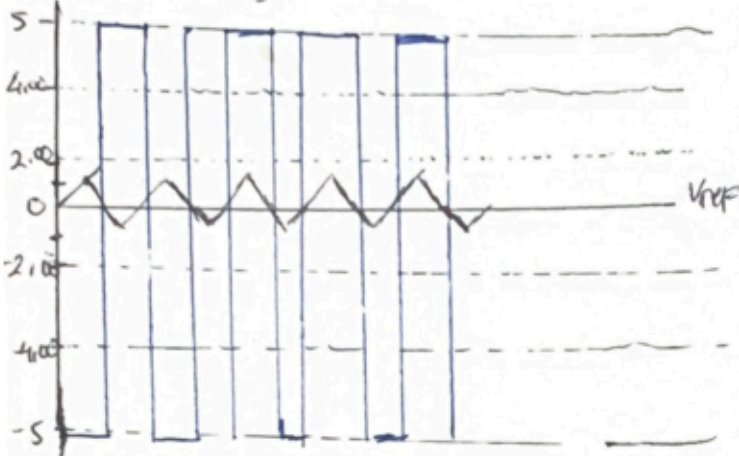


Remedial tugas KE II
ENRYIO SEBASTIAN GUDOM
04201030

1) a. besar nilai $V_{ref} = 0$

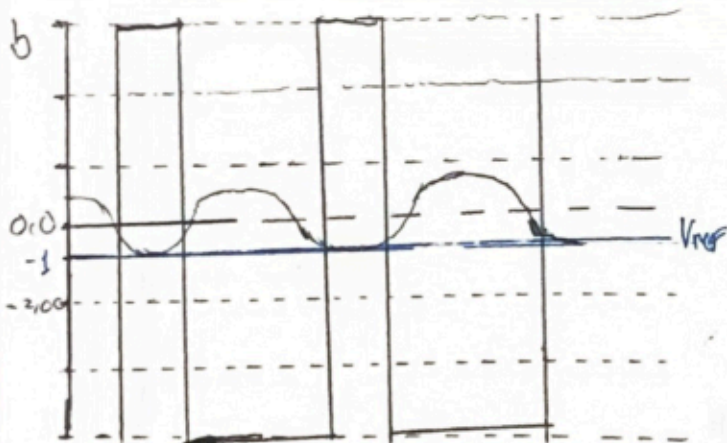
b. dik $V_{cc} = +5$



2) Dik: $R_1 = 30$
 $R_2 = 10$

$$a. V_{ref} = \frac{R_2}{(R_1 + R_2)} \times (-4V)$$

$$= \frac{10}{(30 + 10)} \times -4 = -1 \text{ Volt}$$



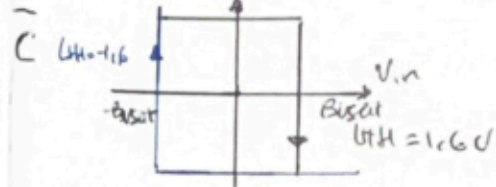
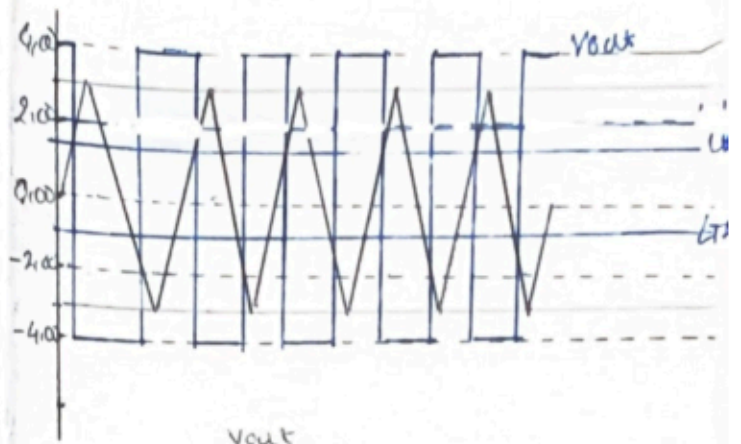
3) Dik: $V_{sat} = \pm 4$
 $R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$
 $R_2 = 15 \text{ k}\Omega$

$$a. V_{ref} = \frac{R_1}{(R_1 + R_2)} \times V_{sat}$$

$$= \pm 1.6 \text{ Volt}$$

$$V_{TH} = +1.6 \text{ Volt}$$

$$V_{TL} = -1.6 \text{ Volt}$$



4) Dik: $R_1 = 15$ $R_2 = 40$

$$a) \frac{(V_{ref} - 1)}{(V_{out} - 1)} = \frac{R_1}{(R_1 + R_2)}$$

$$V_{ref} = \left(\frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} \right) \times (V_{out} - 1) + 1$$

$$= \frac{15}{(15 + 40)} \times (V_{sat} - 1) + 1$$

$$= 0.272727 \times (\pm 4 - 1) + 1$$

$$V_{TH} = 0.272727 \times (4 - 1) + 1$$

$$= 1.09$$

$$V_{TL} = 0.272727 \times (-4 - 1) + 1$$

$$= -1.36 + 1$$

$$= -0.36 \text{ Volt}$$

