# TE201416: SINYAL DAN SISTEM



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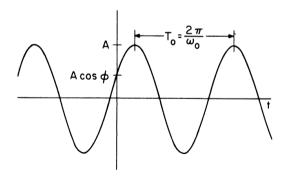
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$$x(t) = A \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi)$$





#### • Periodic:

$$x(t) = x(t + T_{o}) \quad \text{period} \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \text{smallest } T_{o}$$

$$A \cos[\omega_{o}t + \phi] = A \cos[\omega_{o}t + \omega_{o}T_{o} + \phi]$$

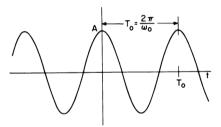
$$2\pi m$$

$$T_{o} = \frac{2\pi m}{\omega_{o}} = \text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_{o}}$$





$$\phi = 0$$
  $x(t) = A \cos \omega_0 t$ 



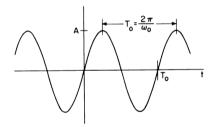
Periodic:  $x(t) = x(t + T_0)$ 

Even: x(t) = x(-t)





$$\phi = -\frac{\pi}{2} \qquad \mathbf{x(t)} = \begin{cases} \mathbf{A} \cos{(\omega_0 t - \frac{\pi}{2})} \\ \mathbf{A} \sin{\omega_0 t} \\ \mathbf{A} \cos{[\omega_0 (t - \frac{\mathbf{T}_0}{4})]} \end{cases}$$

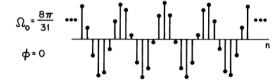


Periodic:  $x(t) = x(t + T_0)$ Odd: x(t) = -x(-t)



$$x[n] = A \cos (\Omega_0 n + \phi)$$







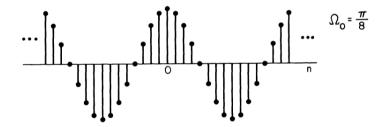


A cos 
$$[\Omega_o(n + n_o)] = A cos [\Omega_o n + \Omega_o n_o]$$

## Sinyal sinusoidal waktu diskret



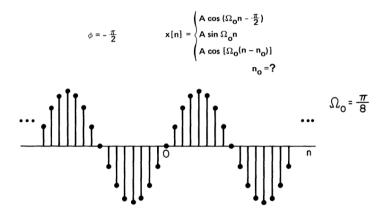
$$\phi = 0$$
  $x[n] = A \cos \Omega_0 n$ 



even: 
$$x[n] = x[-n]$$

## Sinyal sinusoidal waktu diskret





odd: x[n] = -x[-n]





#### Time Shift => Phase Change

A cos 
$$[\Omega_0(n + n_0)]$$
 = A cos  $[\Omega_0 n + \Omega_0 n_0]$ 

A cos 
$$[\Omega_0(n+n_0)] \stackrel{?}{=} A cos [\Omega_0n+\phi]$$





$$x[n] = A \cos (\Omega_0 n + \phi)$$

Periodic?

$$x[n] = x[n + N]$$
 smallest integer  $N \stackrel{\triangle}{=} period$ 

A cos 
$$\left[\Omega_{o}(n+N) + \phi\right] = A \cos \left[\Omega_{o}n + \Omega_{o}N + \phi\right]$$

integer multiple of  $2\pi$  ?

Periodic = 
$$> \Omega_0$$
N =  $2\pi m$   
N =  $\frac{2\pi m}{\Omega_0}$ 

N,m must be integers smallest N (if any) = period

#### Sinyal sinusoidal waktu diskret







#### Sinyal sinusoidal waktu diskret



A cos(
$$\omega_0 t + \phi$$
)

A 
$$cos(\Omega_{\mathbf{O}}n + \phi)$$

Distinct signals for distinct values of  $\omega_{\mathbf{O}}$ 

Identical signals for values of  $\Omega_0$  separated by  $2\pi$ 

Periodic for any choice of  $\omega_{\mathrm{O}}$ 

Periodic only if

$$\Omega_{\mathbf{o}} = \frac{2\pi \mathbf{m}}{\mathbf{N}}$$

for some integers N > 0 and m





#### Continuous time:

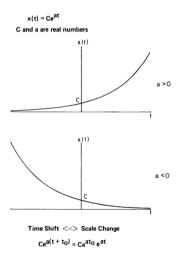
$$x_1(t) = A \cos(\omega_1 t + \phi)$$
 If  $\omega_2 \neq \omega_1$   
 $x_2(t) = A \cos(\omega_2 t + \phi)$  Then  $x_2(t) \neq x_1(t)$ 

#### Discrete time:

$$x_1[n] = A \cos[\Omega_1 n + \phi]$$
 If  $\Omega_2 = \Omega_1 + 2\pi m$   
 $x_2[n] = A \cos[\Omega_2 n + \phi]$  Then  $x_2[n] = x_1[n]$ 



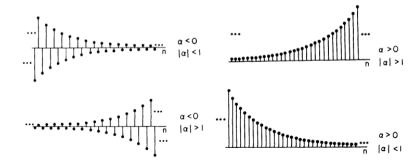








$$x[n] = Ce^{\beta n} = C\alpha^n$$
  
C. $\alpha$  are real numbers







$$x(t) = Ce^{at}$$
C and a are complex numbers
$$C = |C| e^{j\theta}$$

$$a = r + j\omega_{0}$$

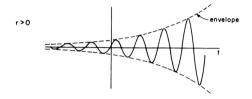
$$x(t) = |C| e^{j\theta} e^{(r+j\omega_{0})t}$$

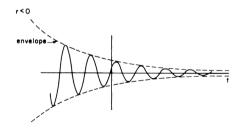
$$= |C| e^{rt} e^{j(\omega_{0}t + \theta)}$$
Euler's Relation:  $\cos(\omega_{0}t + \theta) + j\sin(\omega_{0}t + \theta) = e^{j(\omega_{0}t + \theta)}$ 

$$x(t) = |C| e^{rt} \cos(\omega_{0}t + \theta) + j|C| e^{rt} \sin(\omega_{0}t + \theta)$$



# Sinyal eksponensial kompleks waktu kontinu









$$x[n] = C\alpha^n$$

C and  $\alpha$  are complex numbers

$$C = |C| e^{j\theta}$$

$$\alpha = |\alpha| e^{j\Omega_0}$$

$$\mathbf{x}[\mathbf{n}] = |\mathbf{C}| \, \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{j}\theta} \, (|\alpha| \, \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{j}\Omega_0})^{\mathbf{n}}$$

$$= |\mathbf{C}| |\alpha|^{\mathbf{n}} \underbrace{\mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{j}(\Omega_{\mathbf{O}}\mathbf{n} + \theta)}}$$

Euler's Relation:  $cos(\Omega_{\mathbf{O}}n + \theta) + j sin(\Omega_{\mathbf{O}}n + \theta)$ 

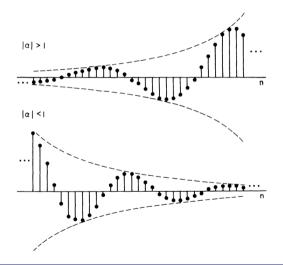
$$x[n] = |C| |\alpha|^n \cos(\Omega_O n + \theta) + j |C| |\alpha|^n \sin(\Omega_O n + \theta)$$

|lpha| = 1 => sinusoidal real and imaginary parts

$$Ce^{j\Omega_{O}n}$$
 periodic?



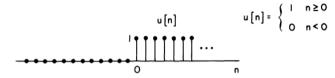
## Sinyal eksponensial kompleks waktu diskret



## Unit Step & Unit Impulse

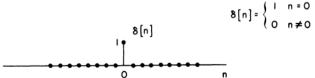


#### UNIT STEP FUNCTION: DISCRETE-TIME



#### UNIT IMPULSE FUNCTION: DISCRETE-TIME

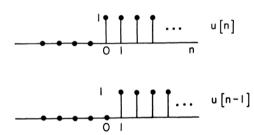
(Unit Sample)



## Unit Impulse Sequence



$$\delta[n] = u[n] - u[n-1]$$

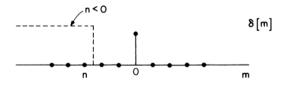


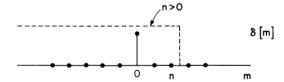


## Unit Step Sequence



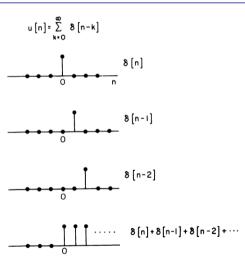
$$u[n] = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{n} \delta[m]$$





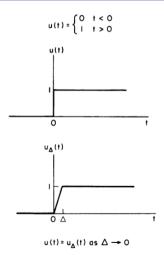
## Unit Step Sequence











## Unit Impulse Function



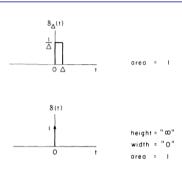
$$\delta(t) = \frac{du(t)}{dt}$$

$$\delta_{\triangle}(t) = \frac{du_{\triangle}(t)}{dt}$$

$$\delta(t) = \delta_{\triangle}(t) \text{ as } \triangle \rightarrow 0$$

#### Unit Impulse Waktu Kontinu







#### Unit Step Waktu Kontinu



$$\delta(t) = \frac{du(t)}{dt}$$

$$u(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t} \delta(\tau) d\tau$$

