

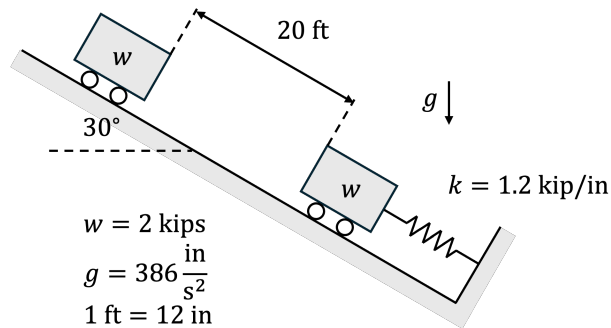
Discussion 7: Midterm Review Problems

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Problem 1



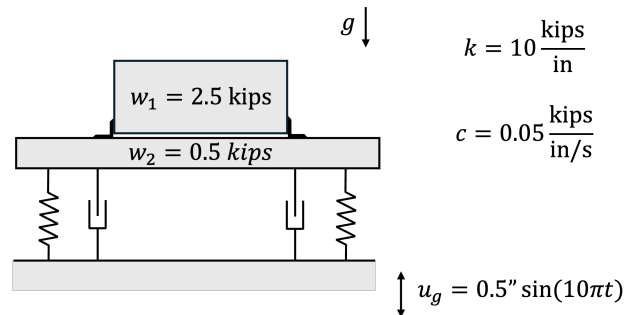
A cart with weight $w = 2 \text{ kips}$ is dropped from rest in the position shown in the Figure above. The block slides on the tilted surface, and collides with another block, initially at rest, with weight $w = 2 \text{ kips}$, which is attached to a spring of stiffness $k = 1.2 \text{ kips/in}$.

- Write the equation of motion for the system after the blocks collide. Assume the blocks stick together after motion begins.
- For the EOM in the previous part, determine the initial conditions and solve for the motion of the system.
- Will the upper block bounce back, detaching from the lower block?

Problem 1

Problem 1

Problem 2

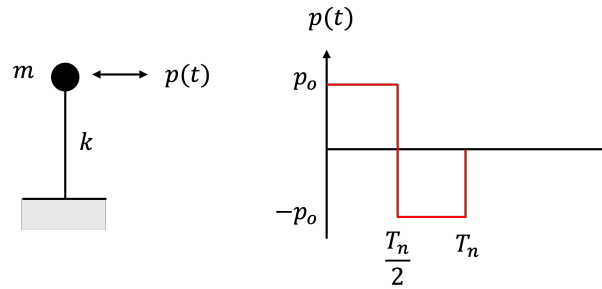


The system shown in the Figure is a platform of weight $w_2 = 0.5$ kips, which supports a block of weight $w_1 = 2.5$ kips. The platform rests on a set of springs and dashpots, which in sum they have the properties shown in the Figure. The system is subjected to a harmonic motion characterized by $u_g = 0.5 \sin(10\pi t)$ inches.

- a) Determine the natural vibration frequency ω_n and the damping ratio ζ .
- b) What is the maximum tensile force in the attachments between the two blocks?

Problem 2

Problem 3



The SDOF system shown above is subjected to the forcing function shown, which is a combination of two rectangular pulses. Determine the maximum amplitude of the motion of the system.

Problem 4

- Repeat Part b of Problem 2, but now the ground shaking is characterized by the design spectrum shown below, scaled to a PGA of 0.5g.
- How would you solve if the springs and dashpots were replaced by an elastoplastic spring with allowed ductility $\mu = 4$?

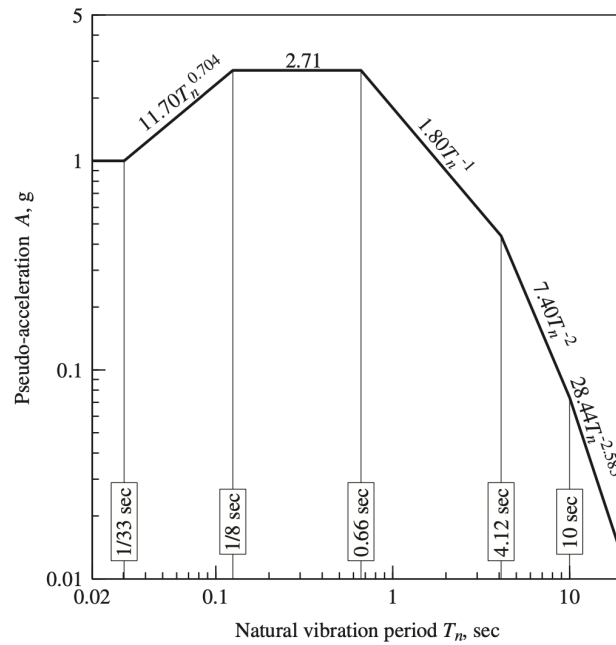


Figure 6.9.5 Elastic pseudo-acceleration design spectrum (84.1th percentile) for ground motions with $\ddot{u}_{go} = 1\text{g}$, $\dot{u}_{go} = 48\text{ in./sec}$, and $u_{go} = 36\text{ in.}$; $\zeta = 5\%$.