PH290 Big Data: A Public Health Perspective Computing Project

Problem:

The file ss13hus.csv.bz2 under bCourses/Files/Data/ contains household-specific data from the 2009-2013 US Census American Community Survey. This survey obtains a wealth of information on people and households every year, with about 1% of the total population surveyed in each year. The dictionary describing all the data fields is available as PUMS-Data-Dictionary-2009-2013.pdf under the same directory. The zipped file is about 600MB, and be careful about unzipping it. You are required to use R for this computing project, and need to include your computer code and output in the report. You are recommended to use Rtex/Rnw/Rmd to write the report, which can easily include the R code. There is no page limit on this report.

- 1. Try 3 different commands of reading the zipped data ss13hus.csv.bz2 into R: read.csv(), scan(), and readLines(). Use system.time() to record and report the time each function requires to read in the data.
- 2. Create a subset of data by randomly sampling 1,000,000 survey records from ss13hus.csv.bz2. Extract the following data fields: REGION, ST, ADJHSG, ADJINC, NP, ACR, BDSP, ELEP, GASP, RMSP, VEH, WATP, FINCP, HINCP. Save the file as a csv for subsequent analysis, with rows representing survey records and columns different data fields. Hint: This is not a trivial task, considering the data size, and it involves some amount of programming. You may use a "divide-and-conquer" strategy. In addition, for reproducibility, please use set.seed(1000) to set the random seed.
- 3. Try 3 different commands of reading the data you create in Step 2 into R: read.csv(), data.table(), and ff(). Use system.time() to record and report the time each function requires to read in the data.
- 4. Draw a scatter plot of BDSP (the number of bedrooms; a measure of house size) on the x-axis, and FINCP (the family income; use ADJINC to adjust FINCP to constant dollars) on the y-axis. Add a loess smoother, with standard error shading, on the scatter plot using the R package ggplot.
- 5. Fit a linear regression model with the adjusted family income as the response, and BDSP and VEH (the number of vehicles) as the predictors, using the R package biglm. Report the summary of the regression fitting.