

# Three.js

Алексей Литвинов

# Scene

- › Cameras
- › Lights
- › Objects

# Object3D

## | Properties

- › name
- › position
- › rotation
- › scale

# Object3D

## | Methods

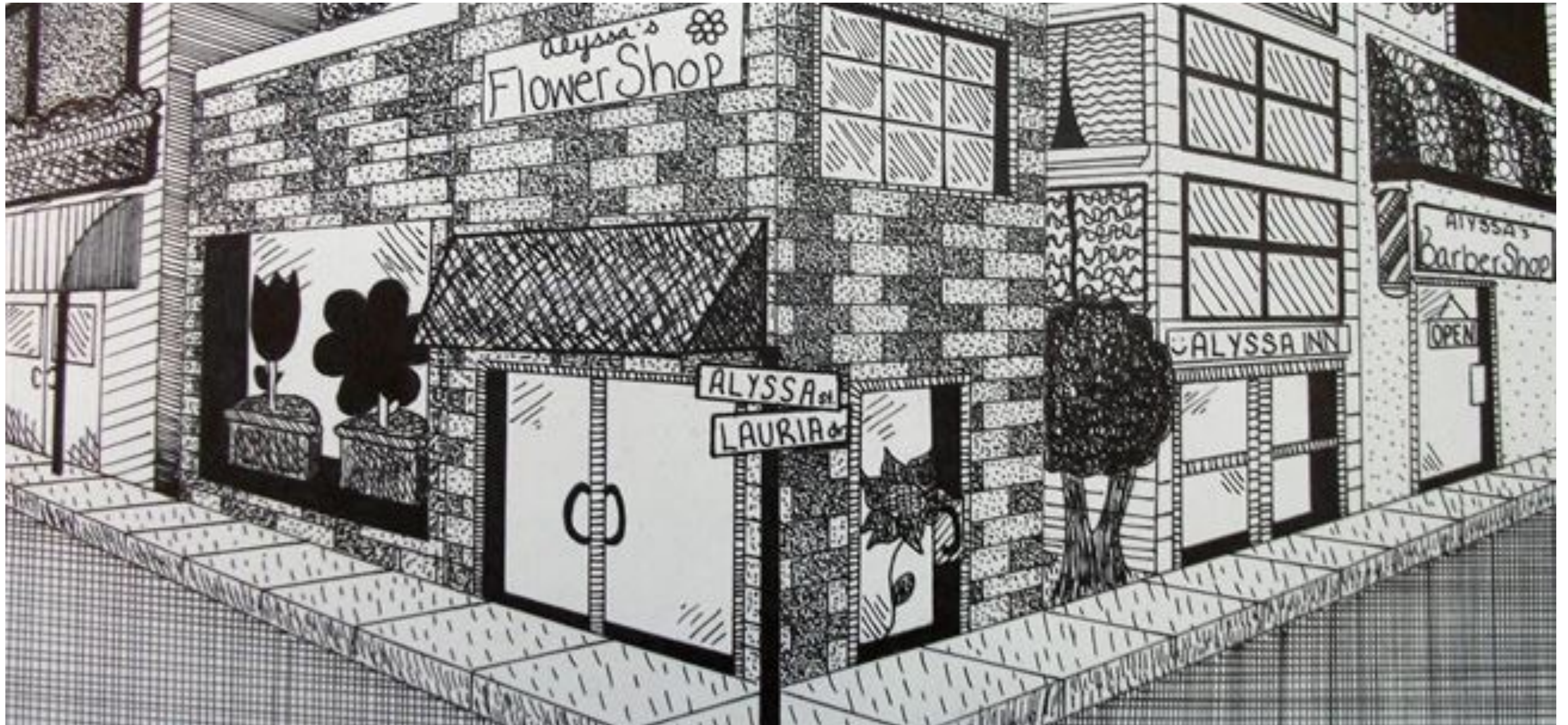
- › `add( obj )`
- › `getObjectByName( name )`
- › `traverse( fn )`
- › `rotateX( rad )`
- › `translateX( amount )`

# Cameras Types

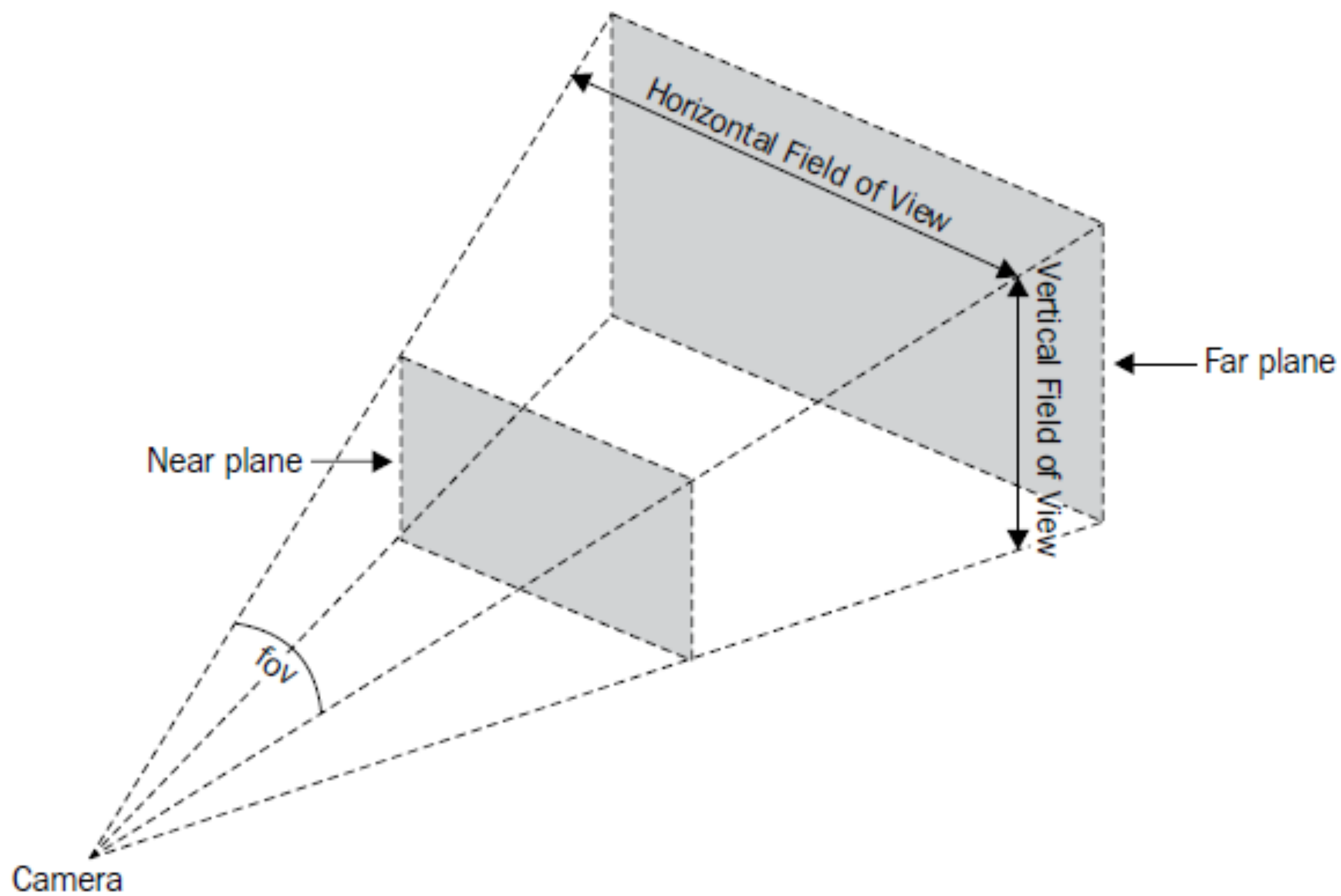
- › Perspective camera
- › Orthographic camera



# Perspective View









# Perspective Camera

- › fov — Field of view. 60...90 degrees is normally chosen
- › aspect — Aspect ratio.  $\text{aspect} = \text{width} / \text{height}$
- › near — Defines from how close to the camera the Three.js library should render the scene
- › far — The far property defines how far the camera can see from the position of the camera.

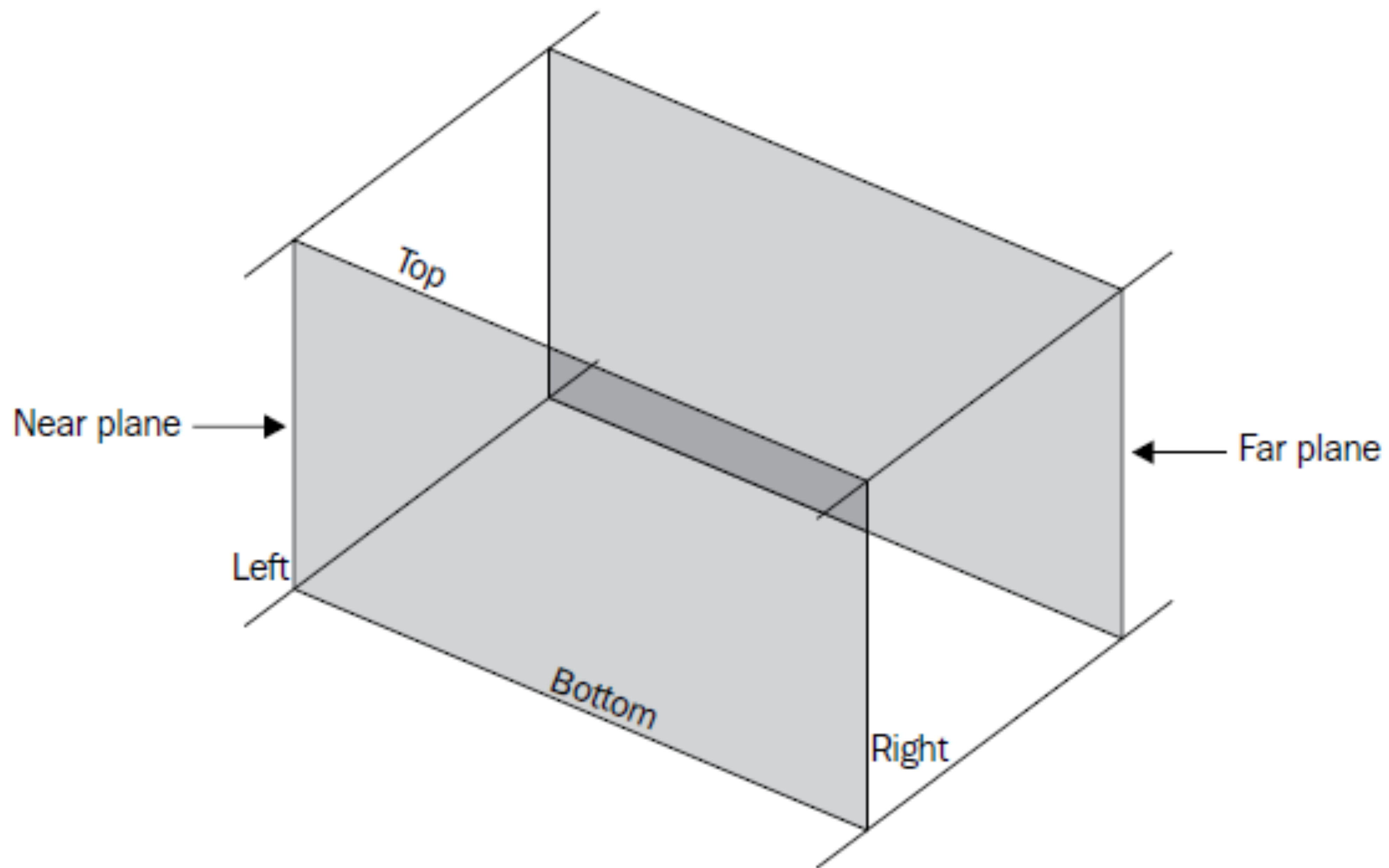
**| new THREE.PerspectiveCamera( fov, aspect, near, far )**



# Orthographic View







- › left
- › right
- › top
- › bottom
- › near
- › far

**|** new OrthographicCamera( left, right, top, bottom, near, far )



# Light Types

- › AmbientLight — Illuminates all objects in the scene equally
- › DirectionalLight — Emits in a specific direction
- › HemisphereLight — A light source positioned directly above the scene
- › PointLight — Emits from a single point in all directions
- › RectAreaLight — Emits uniformly across the face a rectangular plane
- › SpotLight — Emits from a single point in one direction, along a cone

