$/^*$ Q1: Some of the facilities charge a fee to members, but some do not. Please list the names of the facilities that do. */

SELECT membercost, name

FROM country_club.Facilities

WHERE membercost != 0.0



/* Q2: How many facilities do not charge a fee to members? */

SELECT membercost, name FROM country_club.Facilities WHERE membercost = 0.0



/* Q3: How can you produce a list of facilities that charge a fee to members, where the fee is less than 20% of the facility's monthly maintenance cost? Return the facid, facility name, member cost, and monthly maintenance of the facilities in question. * /

SELECT facid, name, membercost, monthlymaintenance FROM country_club.Facilities
WHERE membercost < monthlymaintenance * 0.2
AND membercost != 0

$\leftarrow T$	_→		~	facid	name	membercost	monthlymaintenance
	Edit	≩ € Copy	Delete	0	Tennis Court 1	5.0	200
	Edit	Copy	Delete	1	Tennis Court 2	5.0	200
	Edit	Copy	Delete	4	Massage Room 1	9.9	3000
	Edit	≩ € Copy	Delete	5	Massage Room 2	9.9	3000
	Edit	≩ Copy	Delete	6	Squash Court	3.5	80

SELECT * FROM country_club.Facilities WHERE facid IN (1,5)



/* Q5: How can you produce a list of facilities, with each labelled as 'cheap' or 'expensive', depending on if their monthly maintenance cost is more than \$100? Return the name and monthly maintenance of the facilities in question. */

SELECT name, monthlymaintenance,

CASE

WHEN monthlymaintenance > 100 THEN 'expensive' ELSE 'cheap'END AS classification FROM country_club.Facilities

name	monthlymaintenance	classification
Tennis Court 1	200	expensive
Tennis Court 2	200	expensive
Badminton Court	50	cheap
Table Tennis	10	cheap
Massage Room 1	3000	expensive
Massage Room 2	3000	expensive
Squash Court	80	cheap
Snooker Table	15	cheap
Pool Table	15	cheap

/* Q6: You'd like to get the first and last name of the last member(s) who signed up. Do not use the LIMIT clause for your solution. * /

SELECT surname, firstname, joindate FROM country_club.Members ORDER BY joindate DESC

surname	firstname	joindate 🔻
Smith	Darren	2012-09-26 18:08:45
Crumpet	Erica	2012-09-22 08:36:38
Hunt	John	2012-09-19 11:32:45
Tupperware	Hyacinth	2012-09-18 19:32:05
Purview	Millicent	2012-09-18 19:04:01
Worthington-Smyth	Henry	2012-09-17 12:27:15
Farrell	David	2012-09-15 08:22:05
Rumney	Henrietta	2012-09-05 08:42:35
Jones	Douglas	2012-09-02 18:43:05
Sarwin	Ramnaresh	2012-09-01 08:44:42
Coplin	Joan	2012-08-29 08:32:41
Mackenzie	Anna	2012-08-26 09:32:05
Genting	Matthew	2012-08-19 14:55:55
Pinker	David	2012-08-16 11:32:47
Baker	Timothy	2012-08-15 10:34:25
Bader	Florence	2012-08-10 17:52:03
Smith	Jack	2012-08-10 16:22:05
Farrell	Jemima	2012-08-10 14:28:01
Baker	Anne	2012-08-10 14:23:22
Jones	David	2012-08-06 16:32:55
Owen	Charles	2012-08-03 19:42:37
Stibbons	Ponder	2012-07-25 17:09:05
Boothe	Tim	2012-07-25 16:02:35
Dare	Nancy	2012-07-25 08:59:12
Tracy	Burton	2012-07-15 08:52:55
Butters	Gerald	2012-07-09 10:44:09
Joplette	Janice	2012-07-03 10:25:05
Rownam	Tim	2012-07-03 09:32:15
Smith	Tracy	2012-07-02 12:08:23
Smith	Darren	2012-07-02 12:02:05

/* Q7: How can you produce a list of all members who have used a tennis court? Include in your output the name of the court, and the name of the member formatted as a single column. Ensure no duplicate data, and order by the member name. */

SELECT DISTINCT Facilities.name as court_name,

CONCAT(Members.surname, '', Members.firstname) AS member_name FROM Bookings

LEFT JOIN Members

ON Bookings.memid = Members.memid

LEFT JOIN Facilities

ON Bookings.facid = Facilities.facid

WHERE Facilities.name LIKE 'Tennis Court%' AND Members.memid != 0 ORDER BY member_name

member_name 🔺
Bader Florence
Bader Florence
Baker Anne
Baker Anne
Baker Timothy
Baker Timothy
Boothe Tim
Boothe Tim
Butters Gerald
Butters Gerald
Coplin Joan
Crumpet Erica
Dare Nancy
Dare Nancy
Farrell David
Farrell David
Farrell Jemima
Farrell Jemima
Genting Matthew
Hunt John
Hunt John

/* Q8: How can you produce a list of bookings on the day of 2012-09-14 which will cost the member (or guest) more than \$30? Remember that guests have different costs to members (the listed costs are per half-hour 'slot'), and the guest user's ID is always 0. Include in your output the name of the facility, the name of the member formatted as a single column, and the cost. Order by descending cost, and do not use any subqueries. */

SELECT Facilities.name,

CONCAT(Members.surname, '', Members.firstname) AS member_name, starttime,

CASE

WHEN Members.memid != 0 AND Facilities.membercost != 0 THEN Facilities.membercost * Bookings.slots

WHEN Members.memid =0 AND Facilities.guestcost != 0 THEN Facilities.guestcost * Bookings.slots

END AS cost

FROM Bookings

JOIN Members

ON Members.memid = Bookings.memid

JOIN Facilities

ON Bookings.facid = Facilities.facid

WHERE Bookings.starttime Between '2012-09-14 00:00:00' AND '2012-09-15 00:00:00' HAVING cost > 30

ORDER BY cost DESC

name	member_name	starttime	cost -
Massage Room 2	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 11:00:00	320.0
Massage Room 1	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 13:00:00	160.0
Massage Room 1	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 16:00:00	160.0
Massage Room 1	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 09:00:00	160.0
Tennis Court 2	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 17:00:00	150.0
Tennis Court 1	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 19:00:00	75.0
Tennis Court 2	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 14:00:00	75.0
Tennis Court 1	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 16:00:00	75.0
Squash Court	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 09:30:00	70.0
Massage Room 1	Farrell Jemima	2012-09-14 14:00:00	39.6
Squash Court	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 12:30:00	35.0
Squash Court	GUEST GUEST	2012-09-14 15:00:00	35.0

/* Q9: This time, produce the same result as in Q8, but using a subquery. */

SELECT sub.name, sub.member_name, sub.cost

FROM (SELECT Facilities.name,

CONCAT(Members.surname, '', Members.firstname) AS member_name, starttime,

CASE

WHEN Members.memid !=0 AND Facilities.membercost != 0 THEN Facilities.membercost * Bookings.slots

WHEN Members.memid =0 AND Facilities.guestcost != 0 THEN Facilities.guestcost * Bookings.slots

END AS cost

FROM Bookings

JOIN Members

ON Members.memid = Bookings.memid

JOIN Facilities

ON Bookings.facid = Facilities.facid

WHERE Bookings.starttime Between '2012-09-14 00:00:00' AND '2012-09-15 00:00:00') sub

HAVING sub.cost > 30

ORDER BY cost DESC

member_name	cost
GUEST GUEST	320.0
GUEST GUEST	160.0
GUEST GUEST	160.0
GUEST GUEST	160.0
GUEST GUEST	150.0
GUEST GUEST	75.0
GUEST GUEST	75.0
GUEST GUEST	75.0
GUEST GUEST	70.0
Farrell Jemima	39.6
GUEST GUEST	35.0
GUEST GUEST	35.0
	GUEST GUEST GUEST GUEST Farrell Jemima GUEST GUEST

/* Q10: Produce a list of facilities with a total revenue less than 1000. The output of facility name and total revenue, sorted by revenue. Remember that there's a different cost for guests and members! */

SELECT Facilities.name,

CASE

WHEN Members.memid != 0 AND Facilities.membercost != 0 THEN Facilities.membercost * Bookings.slots

WHEN Members.memid =0 AND Facilities.guestcost != 0 THEN Facilities.guestcost * Bookings.slots

END AS total_revenue

FROM Bookings
JOIN Members
ON Members.memid = Bookings.memid
JOIN Facilities
ON Bookings.facid = Facilities.facid

HAVING total_revenue < 1000 ORDER BY total_revenue DESC

name	total_revenue 🔻
Massage Room 1	640.0
Massage Room 1	640.0
Massage Room 1	640.0
Massage Room 1	480.0
Massage Room 1	320.0
Massage Room 1	330 0

https://sql.springboard.com/ Username: student

Password: learn_sql@springboard

The data you need is in the "country_club" database. This database contains 3 tables:

- i) the "Bookings" table,
- ii) the "Facilities" table, and
- iii) the "Members" table.

Note that, if you need to, you can also download these tables locally.

In the mini project, you'll be asked a series of questions. You can solve them using the platform, but for the final deliverable, paste the code for each solution into this script, and upload it to your GitHub.

Before starting with the questions, feel free to take your time, exploring the data, and getting acquainted with the 3 tables. $^*/$