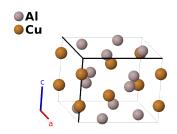
# Khatyrkite (Al<sub>2</sub>Cu, C16) Structure: A2B\_tI12\_140\_h\_a-001

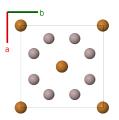
This structure originally had the label A2B\_tI12\_140\_h\_a. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

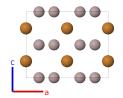
Cite this page as: M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallo-graphic Prototypes: Part 1*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **136**, S1-828 (2017). doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2017.01.017

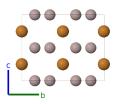
https://aflow.org/p/PARL

https://aflow.org/p/A2B\_tI12\_140\_h\_a-001









Prototype Al<sub>2</sub>Cu

AFLOW prototype label A2B\_tI12\_140\_h\_a-001

Strukturbericht designation C16

Mineral name khatyrkite

ICSD 198177

Pearson symbol tI12

Space group number 140

Space group symbol I4/mcm

AFLOW prototype command aflow --proto=A2B\_tI12\_140\_h\_a-001

--params= $a, c/a, x_2$ 

### Other compounds with this structure

 $Co_{2}B,\ Cr_{2}B,\ Fe_{2}Bi,\ Ge_{2}Fe,\ Hf_{2}Al,\ Hf_{2}Ga,\ Hf_{2}Ge,\ Hf_{2}Ni,\ Hf_{2}Si,\ Hf_{2}Th,\ Hf_{2}Zr,\ In_{2}Ag,\ Mn_{2}B,\ Mo_{2}B,\ Na_{2}Au,\ Ni_{2}B,\ Pb_{2}Au,\ Pb_{2}Pd,\ Pb_{2}Rh,\ Sb_{2}Ti,\ Sb_{2}V,\ Sc_{2}Co,\ Sn_{2}Fe,\ Sn_{2}Rh\ (HT),\ Ta_{2}B,\ Ta_{2}Ni,\ Ta_{2}Si,\ Ta_{2}Zr,\ Th_{2}Ag,\ Th_{2}Al,\ Th_{2}Au,\ Th_{2}Cu,\ Th_{2}Ga,\ Th_{2}Ga,\ Th_{2}Pd,\ Th_{2}Zn,\ Tl_{2}Au,\ Tl_{2}Pd,\ Tl_{2}Pt,\ W_{2}B,\ Zr_{2}Co,\ Zr_{2}Ga,\ Zr_{2}Ni,\ Zr_{2}Rh$ 

#### Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors



$$\begin{array}{rcl} {\bf a_1} & = & -\frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\bf x} + \frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\bf y} + \frac{1}{2}c\,\hat{\bf z} \\ {\bf a_2} & = & \frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\bf x} - \frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\bf y} + \frac{1}{2}c\,\hat{\bf z} \\ {\bf a_3} & = & \frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\bf x} + \frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\bf y} - \frac{1}{2}c\,\hat{\bf z} \end{array}$$



## Basis vectors

		Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Atom} \\ \text{type} \end{array}$
$\mathbf{B_1}$	=	$rac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_1+rac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$rac{1}{4}c\mathbf{\hat{z}}$	(4a)	Cu I
$\mathbf{B_2}$	=	$rac{3}{4}{f a}_1 + rac{3}{4}{f a}_2$	=	$rac{3}{4}c\mathbf{\hat{z}}$	(4a)	Cu I
${f B_3}$	=	$(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 +$	=	$ax_2\mathbf{\hat{x}} + a\left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right)\mathbf{\hat{y}}$	(8h)	Al I
$\mathrm{B}_4$	=	$ (2x_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3  - (x_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 -  (2x_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3 $	=	$-ax_2\mathbf{\hat{x}}-a\left(x_2-\tfrac{1}{2}\right)\mathbf{\hat{y}}$	(8h)	Al I
${f B_5}$	=	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a\left(x_2-\frac{1}{2}\right)\mathbf{\hat{x}}+ax_2\mathbf{\hat{y}}$	(8h)	Al I
${f B_6}$	=	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a\left(x_2+\frac{1}{2}\right)\hat{\mathbf{x}}-ax_2\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	Al I

# References

[1] J. B. Friauf, The Crystal Structures of Two Intermetallic Compounds, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 49, 3107–3114 (1927), doi:10.1021/ja01411a017.