### Grammar

## **Base Type**

$$\tau \coloneqq \sigma \mid r$$

$$\sigma \coloneqq float \mid \sigma \times \sigma \mid \eta \cdot \sigma$$

### **Natural Numbers**

$$\eta = 0 \mid 1 \mid \dots$$

### Range

$$r \coloneqq \eta .. \eta$$

### **Term**

$$t = \text{fl} \mid p \mid \text{for } i : r \text{ in } t \mid \text{let } x = t \text{ in } t \mid (t, t)$$

• i and x are identifiers.

### Literal

fl = 0.0 | 
$$-$$
 4.21 | 523.215 | ...

### **Place Expression**

$$p \coloneqq x \mid p[t] \mid p.\mathrm{fst} \mid p.\mathrm{snd}$$

### **Environment**

## **Type Environment**

$$\Gamma = \bullet \mid \Gamma, (x : \tau)$$

# **Typing Rules**

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \sigma \qquad \Gamma, (x : \sigma) \vdash t_{\text{body}} : \sigma_{\text{body}}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x = t \text{ in } t_{\text{body}} : \sigma_{\text{body}}} \underbrace{\tau \cdot \text{cok} \qquad \Gamma, (i : r) \vdash t_{\text{body}} : \sigma}_{\Gamma \vdash \text{for } i : r \text{ in } t_{\text{body}} : r \cdot \sigma} \text{T-FOR}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t [\eta..(\eta + 1)]}{\Gamma \vdash t [\eta] : \sigma} \text{T-INDEX-NAT}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \eta_t \cdot \sigma \qquad \Gamma \vdash t_{\text{index}} : \eta_t .. \eta_r \qquad \eta_r \leq \eta_t}{\Gamma \vdash t [t_{\text{index}}] : \sigma}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \sigma_1 \times \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash t . \text{fst} : \sigma_1} \text{T-FST}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \sigma_1 \times \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash t . \text{snd} : \sigma_2} \text{T-SND}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \sigma_1 \times \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash t . \text{snd} : \sigma_2} \text{T-FLOAT-LIT}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \sigma_1 \qquad \Gamma \vdash t_2 : \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : \tau_1 \times \tau_2} \text{T-TUPLE-LIT}$$

# Well-formedness rules

$$\frac{\eta_1 \leq \eta_2}{\eta_1..\eta_2: \mathrm{ok}} \text{W-RANGE-ONE}$$

# **Examples**

### For expression

```
for i: (0..5) in
  for j: (0..6) in
  for k: (0..7) in
  4.2
```

This results in a value of type  $5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot float$ 

```
for i : 0..5 in
  for j: 0..10 in
    1.2
```

This results in a value of type  $5 \cdot 10 \cdot float$ 

### Indexing by a value of type range

```
for i: 0..5 in
a[0][i]
```

This is equivalent to: a[0][0:5]

### Slicing

```
for i: 0..10 in
  for j: 0..5 in
  a[i][j]
```

This is of type  $10 \cdot 5 \cdot \sigma$  and equivalent to a[0..10][0..5] where  $\sigma$  is the type of a[0][0]

#### let in

```
let arr =
  for i: 0..5 in
    for j : 0..5 in
       3.14159
in
for i: 0..2 in
  for j: 0..1 in
    arr[i][j]
```

This is of type  $2 \cdot 1 \cdot float$ 

# let in, for, and tuple

### tuple

```
let arr_1 =
  for i: 0..5 in
    for j: 0..5 in
      3.14159 in
let arr_2 =
  for i: 2..4 in
    for j: 1..3 in
      arr_1[i][j] in
(arr_1, arr_2)
```

This is of type  $(5 \cdot 5 \cdot float) \times (2 \cdot 2 \cdot float)$ 

## Nested tuple/array

```
let tup = (3.14159, for i : 0..5 in 6.25) in
for i : 0..10 in
   tup
```

This is of type  $10 \cdot (\mathit{float} \times (5 \cdot \mathit{float}))$