Grammar

Base Type

$$au \coloneqq \sigma \mid r$$

$$\sigma \coloneqq \text{float} \mid \sigma \times \sigma \mid \eta \cdot \sigma$$

Natural Numbers

$$\eta = 0 \mid 1 \mid \dots$$

Range

$$r = \eta .. \eta \mid \text{empty}$$

Term

$$t \coloneqq \text{fl} \mid \eta \mid p \mid \text{for } i : r \text{ in } t \mid \text{let } x \coloneqq t \text{ in } t \mid (t,t) \mid \text{if } t \le \eta \text{ then } t \text{ else } t \mid t+t \mid t*t \mid t-t \mid t/t$$

• *i* and *x* are identifiers.

Literal

$$\mathrm{fl} \coloneqq 0.0 \mid -4.21 \mid 523.215 \mid \dots$$

Place Expression

$$p = x \mid p[t] \mid p.\text{fst} \mid p.\text{snd}$$

Environment

Type Environment

$$\Gamma = \bullet \mid \Gamma, (x : \tau)$$

Typing Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_l : \text{float} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_r : \text{float} \quad \text{op} \in \{+,-,*,/\}}{\Gamma \vdash t_l \text{ op} \ t_r : \text{float}} \text{T-ARITH}$$

$$\frac{x : \sigma \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \sigma} \text{T-VAR}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \sigma \quad \Gamma, (x : \sigma) \vdash t_{\text{body}} : \sigma_{\text{body}}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let} \ x := t \text{ in} \ t_{\text{body}} : \sigma_{\text{body}}} \text{T-LET}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{r' = \text{mkRng}(\eta_{l}..\eta_{r}) \quad \Gamma, (i:r') \vdash t_{\text{body}} : \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \text{for } i:\eta_{l}..\eta_{r} \text{ in } t_{\text{body}} : \text{length}(r') \cdot \sigma} \text{T-FOR} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash t:\eta_{t} \cdot \sigma \quad \Gamma \vdash t_{\text{index}} : \eta_{l}..\eta_{r} \quad \eta_{r} < \eta_{t}}{\Gamma \vdash t[t_{\text{index}}] : \sigma} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_{\text{index}} : \text{empty} \quad \Gamma \vdash t : \eta_t \cdot \sigma}{\Gamma \vdash t[t_{\text{index}}] : \sigma} \text{T-INDEX-RANGE-EMPTY}$$

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \eta_t \cdot \sigma & \quad \eta < \eta_t}{\Gamma \vdash t [\eta] : \sigma} \text{T-INDEX-NAT} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \sigma_1 \times \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash t . \text{fst} : \sigma_1} \text{T-FST} \\ \Gamma \vdash t : \sigma_1 \times \sigma_2 \text{ Trank} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \sigma_1 \times \sigma_2}{\Gamma \vdash t. \text{snd} : \sigma_2} \text{T-SND}$$

$$\begin{split} r_{\text{else}} &= \text{Fkt}: \eta_{l}..\eta_{r} \quad r_{\text{then}} = \text{mkRng}(\eta_{l}..\min(\eta,\eta_{r})) \\ r_{\text{else}} &= \text{mkRng}(\min(\eta,\eta_{r}) + 1..\eta_{r}) \quad \Gamma, (t:r_{\text{then}}) \vdash t_{\text{then}}\sigma_{\text{then}} \\ &\frac{\Gamma, (t:r_{\text{else}}) \vdash t_{\text{else}}\sigma_{\text{else}} \quad \sigma = \sigma_{\text{then}} = \sigma_{\text{else}}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if } t \leq \eta \text{ then } t_{\text{then}} \text{ else } t_{\text{else}} : \sigma} \end{split}$$
 T-IF

 $\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \text{empty} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_{\text{then}} \sigma_{\text{then}} \quad \Gamma \vdash t_{\text{else}} \sigma_{\text{else}} \quad \sigma = \sigma_{\text{then}} = \sigma_{\text{else}}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{if } t \leq \eta \text{ then } t_{\text{then}} \text{ else } t_{\text{else}} : \sigma} \text{T-IF-EMPTY}$

Auxillary definitions

```
\label{eq:mkRng} \begin{split} \text{mkRng(r)} &= \mathbf{match} \; \mathbf{r} \; \mathbf{with} \\ &|\; \eta_l..\eta_r \Rightarrow \mathbf{if} \; 0 \leq \eta_l \leq \eta_r \; \mathbf{then} \; \eta_l..\eta_r \; \mathbf{else} \; \text{empty} \\ &|\; \text{empty} \Rightarrow \text{empty} \end{split}
```

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{length}(r) = \mathbf{match} \ \mathbf{r} \ \mathbf{with} \\ & \operatorname{empty} \Rightarrow 0 \\ & \eta_l..\eta_r \Rightarrow \eta_r - \eta_l + 1 \end{array}$$

Examples

For expression

```
for i: (0..5) in
  for j: (0..6) in
  for k: (0..7) in
  4.2
```

This results in a value of type $5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot \text{float}$

```
for i : 0..5 in
for j: 0..10 in
1.2
```

This results in a value of type $5 \cdot 10 \cdot \text{float}$

Indexing by a value of type range

```
for i: 0..5 in
a[0][i]
```

This is equivalent to: a[0][0:5]

Slicing

```
for i: 0..10 in
  for j: 0..5 in
  a[i][j]
```

This is of type $10 \cdot 5 \cdot \sigma$ and equivalent to a[0..10][0..5] where σ is the type of a[0][0]

let in

```
let arr =
  for i: 0..5 in
    for j : 0..5 in
      3.14159
in
for i: 0..2 in
  for j: 0..1 in
    arr[i][j]
```

This is of type $2 \cdot 1 \cdot float$

let in, for, and tuple

tuple

```
let arr_1 =
   for i: 0..5 in
      for j: 0..5 in
          3.14159 in

let arr_2 =
   for i: 2..4 in
      for j: 1..3 in
          arr_1[i][j] in
(arr_1, arr_2)

This is of type (5 · 5 · float) × (2 · 2 · float)

Nested tuple/array
let tup = (3.14159, for i : 0..5 in 6.25) in
   for i : 0..10 in
      tup

This is of type 10 · (float × (5 · float))
```