Practical Lean Process Improvement

By
Miguel Hidalgo
PMP, LS Black Belt, MBA

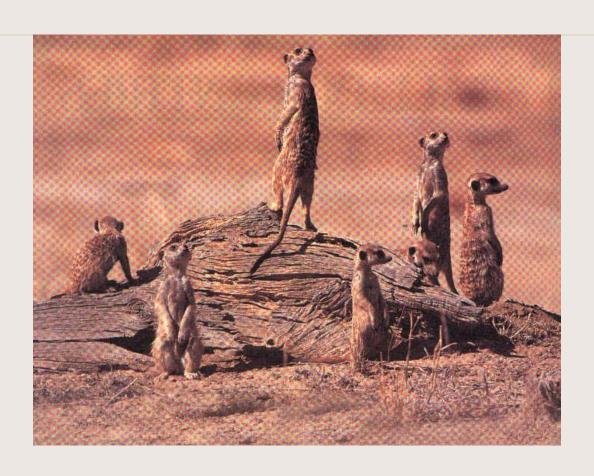
Training Objectives

- Increase understanding of continuous process improvement (CPI).
- Understand how to use continuous process improvement tools.
- Understand that teamwork is essential for continuous process improvement.
- Understand how simple tools and techniques increase our chances for continuous process improvement success.

Lean Practical CPI Tools

- •Waste Identification and Elimination (TIMWOOD)
- Brainstorming
- •3C's (Cause, Concern, Countermeasure)
- •PDCA (Plan, Do, Check, Act)
- •5S's (Sorting, Set in order, Shine, Standardize, Sustain)

TEAMWORK



Types of Business Activities

Value Added Activity [VAA]: (Maximize)

An activity that increases the value of a service or product. A customer must be willing to pay for it to be considered "value added".

Non-Value Added [NVA]

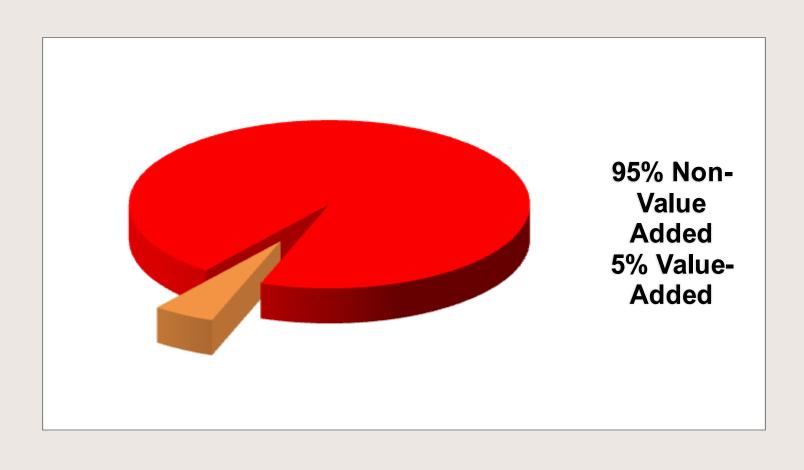
Required: (Minimize/Optimize)

Any work carried out which is necessary, but does not increase the product value. A customers does not pay.

Not required - Waste: (Eliminate)

All other non-essential activity.

Types of Business Activities



Transport

Inventory

Motion

Waiting

Overproduction

Over-processing

Defects

An easy way to remember the 7 main wastes is *TIMWOOD*

Transport

Any material movement that does not directly support a synchronous manufacturing or service system

Inventory

Any supply in excess of process requirements necessary to produce goods or services, "Just in Time."

Motion

Any movement of people or equipment which does not add value to the product or service.

CAUSES

- Large batch size
- Uneven planning
- Lack of workplace organization (6S/5S)
- Poor communication
- Prior stock outages
- Incapable suppliers
- Long lead times
- Management decisions
- Local availability
- Inaccurate planning
- Layout of office, warehouse, or yard
- Lack of workplace organization (6S/5S)
- Inconsistent work methods
- Inconsistent batch sizes

Waiting

Idle time that is produced when two dependent variables are not fully synchronized.

Overproduction

Having excess equipment versus future demand/customer needs

CAUSES

- Inconsistent work methods
- Poor process discipline
- Lack of appropriate machines
- Poor coordination
- Poor planning
- Poor visibility
- Blindly servicing product A when product B is in greater demand and in shorter supply
- Poor planning
- Lack of coordination/communication

Over-processing

Effort which adds no **VALUE** to a product or service.

- Decision making at inappropriate levels
- Ineffective standards or procedures
- Lack of customer input concerning requirements.

Defects

Equipment or service which does not fulfill customers requirements.

CAUSES

- Inadequate training/experience
- Extreme pressure
- Lack of proper information/communication
- Incapable resources
- Deviation from standard operations

Brainstorming

What

A structured method of generating ideas and engaging a team in the improvement process

Why

- Brainstorming produces many ideas/solutions in a short time
- Facilitates the creative thinking process
- Separates idea generation from challenging, debating, and analysis

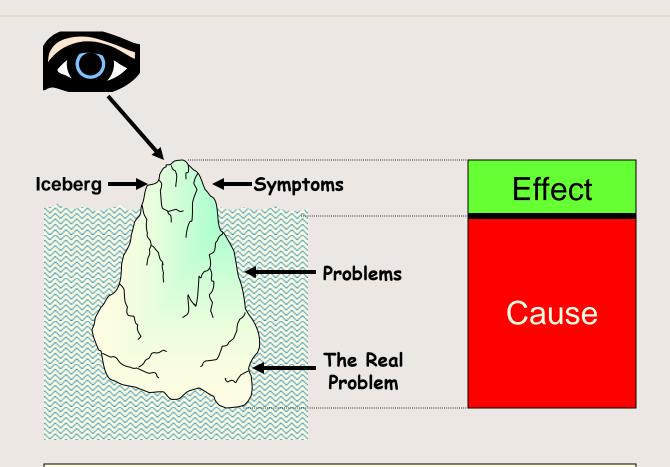
How

- Review the problem definition
- Clarify the goal/question and provide any relevant information
- Have participants write down ideas as they think of them
- Gather ideas, round-robin, one at a time, via post-it notes &/or flip charts No discussion of ideas until session is complete
- Write down every idea
- Organize ideas into groups and prioritize the group with the higher relevance

To illustrate this difference, consider a visit to your doctor.:

- You feel like you have a cold, runny nose, headache, etc.
- You visit the doctor
- The doctor diagnoses a sinus infection, gives you medication to relieve it. The cold symptoms and headaches eventually fade and the condition subsides.
- A month later the condition recurs. You pay another visit to the doctor and are prescribed the same medication.

- This remedy clears up the symptoms of the problem but does nothing to eradicate the cause.
- Relate this situation to your work environment and you will realize the effort and resources being wasted are doing nothing more than relieving the symptoms for a period of time.
- In the majority of cases when first examining a problem, we see the effect of the problem (the cold/headeache) and not the cause (the allergies).



Problem Recognition Examines the EFFECT not the CAUSE

Brainstorming

5 WHYs

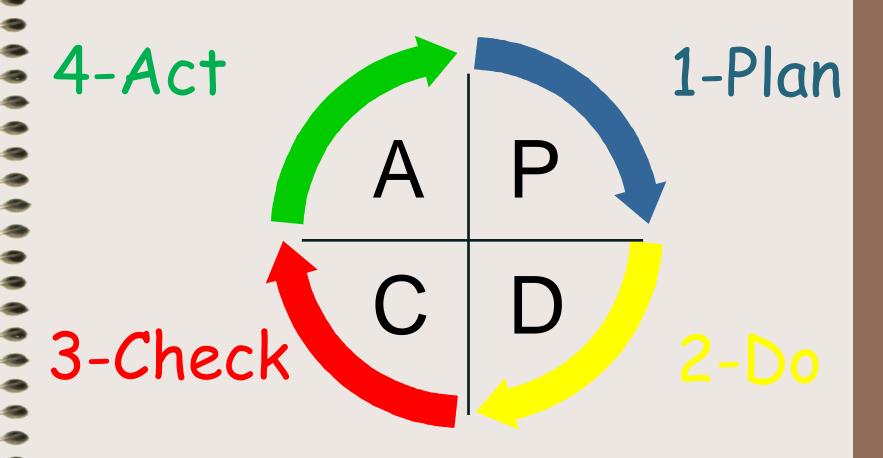
- Why are you getting sick?
 - I am getting a cold
 - I am getting a sinus infection
- Why are you getting a cold and/or sinus infection?
 - I was exposed to a cold virus
 - My sinuses over secreted phlegm
- Why your sinuses over secreted phlegm?
 - Allergy reaction
- Why are you having allergy reactions?
 - I am being exposed to allergens
- Why are you being exposed to allergens?
 - I like the outdoors

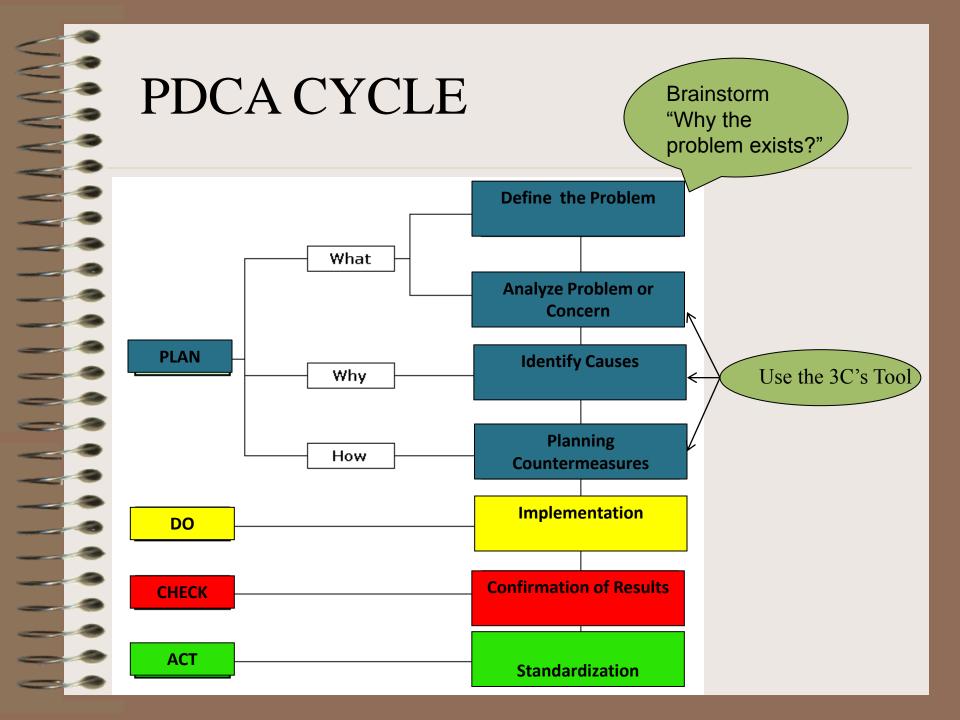
BRAINSTORM

- Cold
- Sinus Infection
- Allergies

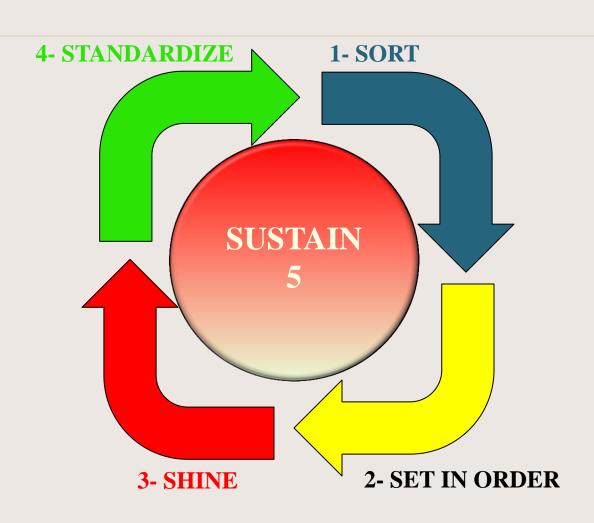
CONCERN	CAUSE	COUNTERMEASURE
Getting sick	Cold	Take cold medicine
	Sinus infection	Take antibiotics
	Allergies	 Take antihistamine Immune-therapy shots Prevent exposure to allergens

PDCA CYCLE





5 S's CYCLE



5 S's CYCLE

4- STANDARDIZE

Adapt and create a habit (repetitive and consistent) of the method used for Sorting, Set in order and shine



1- SORT

Distinguish needed items from unneeded and eliminate the latter

3- SHINE

Keep area clean and neat

2- SET IN ORDER

Keep items in the correct place for easy access

References/Bibliography

- A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK® Guide)
- The Project Management Institute Website
- Exploring Requirements: Quality before Design by Gerald Weinberg
- Successful Project Management –Step-by-Step Approach with Practical Examples By Milton D. Rosenau, Jr.
- DSDM ATERN Handbook (Agile Project Management)
- Many others....

Credentials

- J. Miguel Hidalgo:
 - Master in Business Administration
 - B.S. in Computer Science
 - B.S. Professional Aeronautics
 - Certified DSDM Agile Project Management Foundations by APM Group (UK)
 - Certified Project Management Professional (PMP) by PMI
 - Certified Lean Sigma Black Belt (Ohio State University)
 - U.S. Army Veteran

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Q & A