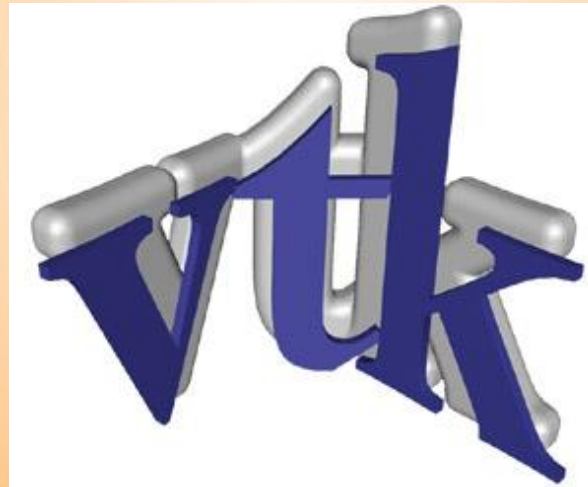


# VTK Introduction



Paulo Dias





- December 1993 as supporting software to book “ The visualization Toolkit: An Object Oriented Approach to 3D Graphics by Will Schroeder, Ken Martin and Bill Lorensen (Prentice Hall).
- Maintained by Kitware:  
<http://public.kitware.com/VTK/>
- *Software*, books, FAQ's, exemples, forums...



- open-source software for manipulating and displaying scientific data.
- tools for 3D rendering, a suite of widgets for 3D interaction, and extensive 2D plotting capability
- Core C++ Implementation with multiple wrappers



- 3D Computer Graphics
- Visualization
- Image Processing

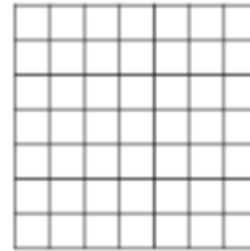


- Data representation: points, meshes, images, volumes, structured and unstructured grids
- Import and exporter for several data format
- Hundreds of filter for data processing



- VTK use syntax similar to movies: Actors, cameras, lights, properties. The graphic model includes tools for:
  - Window creation and manipulation
  - Mappers and their properties
  - 2D and 3D and volume rendering
  - Lights, cameras and interaction

- Polygonal Data
- Image Data
- Rectilinear Grid
- Structured Grid
- Unstructured Points
- Unstructured Grid



(a) Image Data



(b) Rectilinear Grid



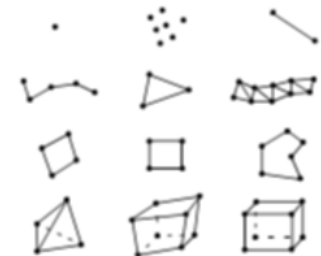
(c) Structured Grid



(d) Unstructured Points



(e) Polygonal Data



(f) Unstructured Grid



```
def main():
    # We Create an instance of vtkConeSource
    coneSource = vtkConeSource()

    # We create an instance of vtkPolyDataMapper to map the polygonal data into graphics primitives.
    coneMapper = vtkPolyDataMapper()
    coneMapper.SetInputConnection( coneSource.GetOutputPort() )

    # We create an actor to represent the cone. The actor orchestrates rendering of the mapper's graphics primitives
    coneActor = vtkActor()
    coneActor.SetMapper(coneMapper)

    # Create the Renderer and assign actors to it
    ren = vtkRenderer()
    ren.AddActor( coneActor )

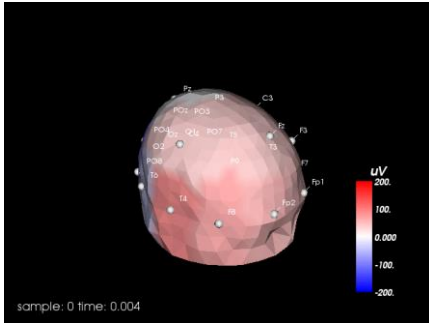
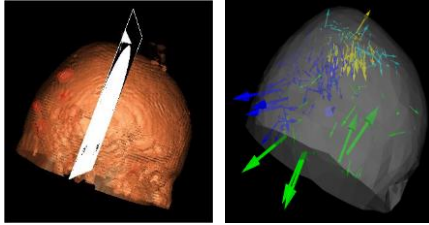
    # create the render window which will show up on the screen.
    renWin = vtkRenderWindow()
    renWin.AddRenderer(ren)

    renWin.SetWindowName('Cone')

    # loop over 360 degrees and render the cone each time.
    for i in range(0,360):
        renWin.Render()
        # rotate the active camera by one degree
        ren.GetActiveCamera().Azimuth(1)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

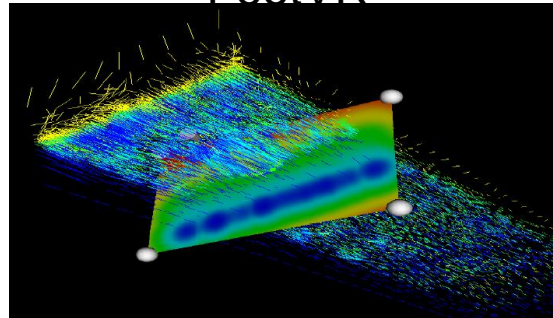




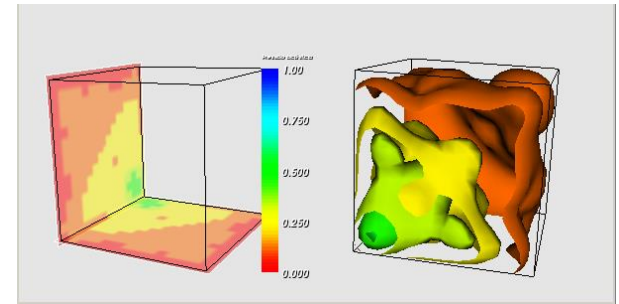
Brain imagery



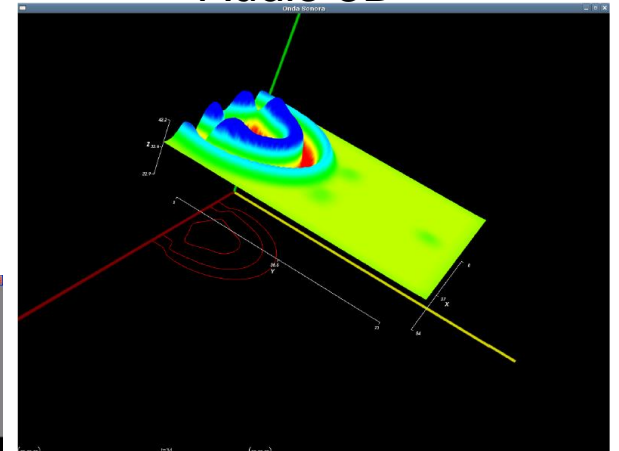
FootVR



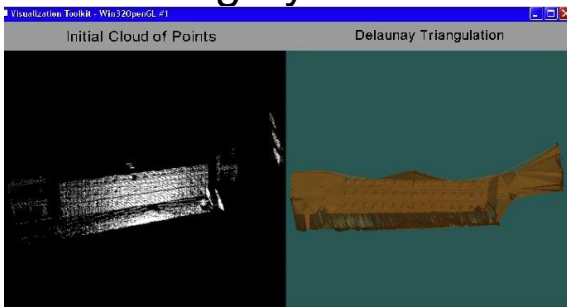
Vectorial data



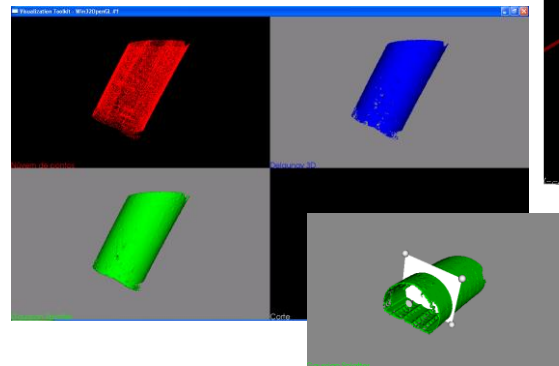
Audio 3D



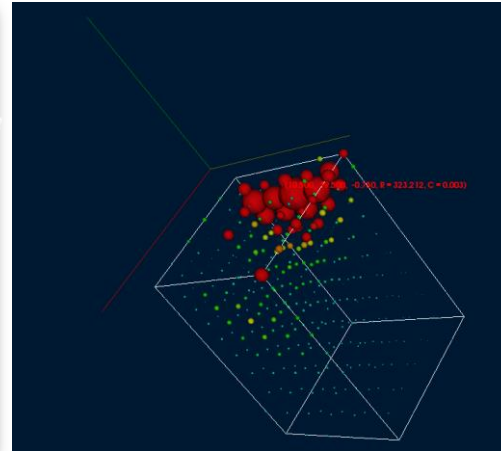
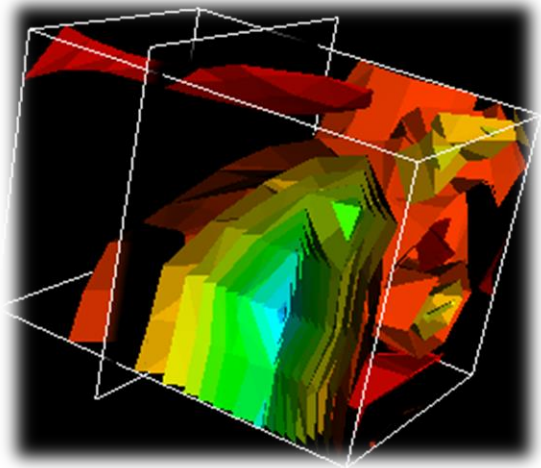
Audio 2D



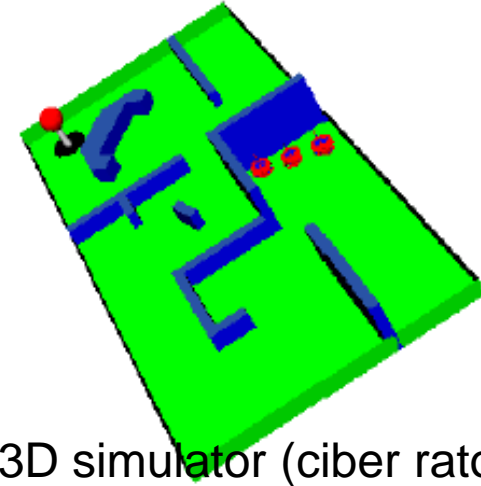
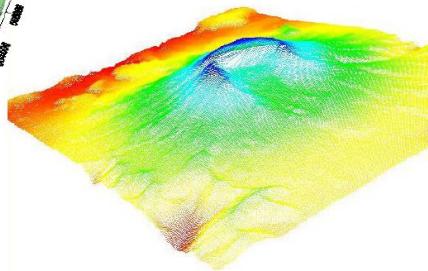
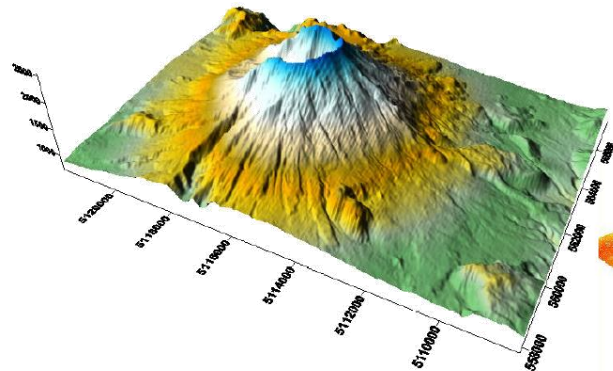
3D meshes



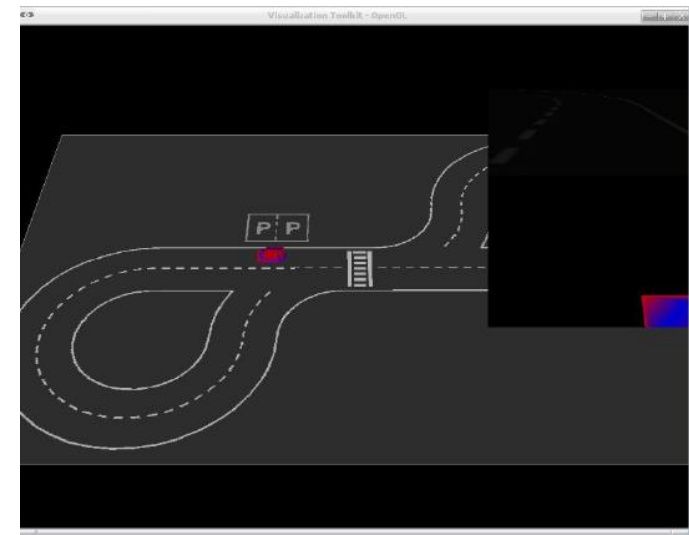
Cuts in models



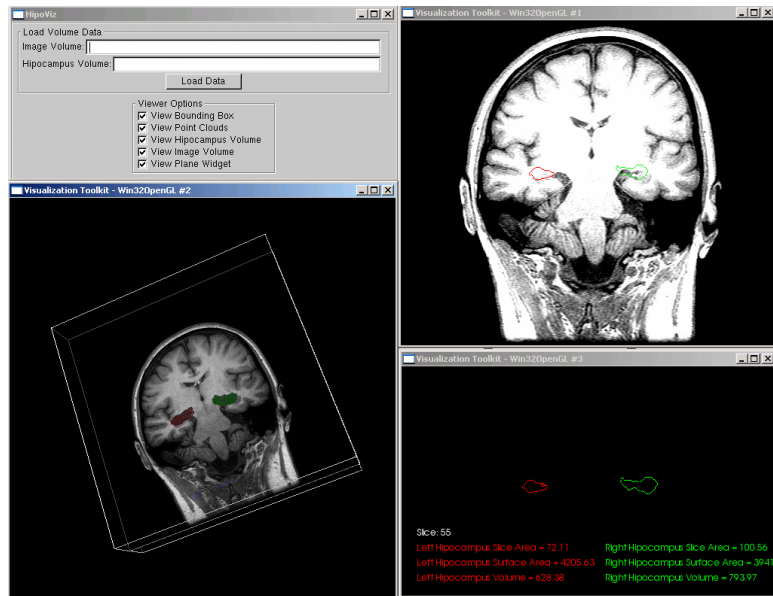
Geociencia data



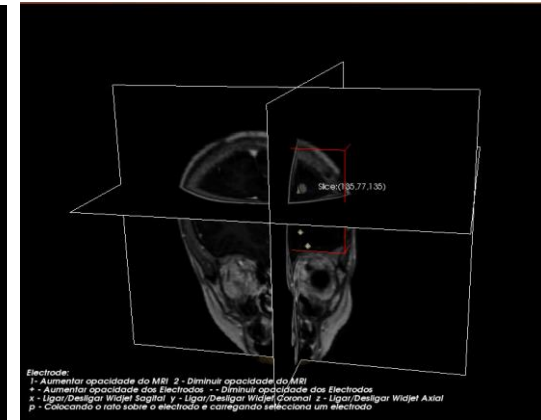
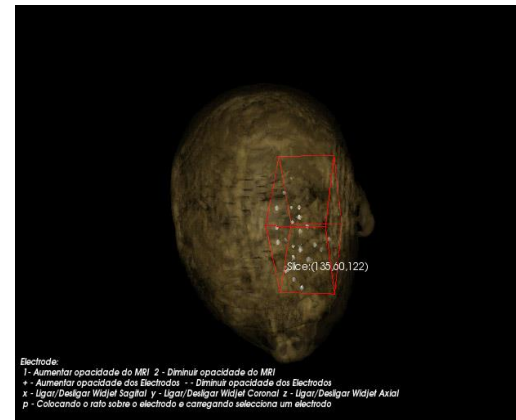
3D simulator (ciber rato)



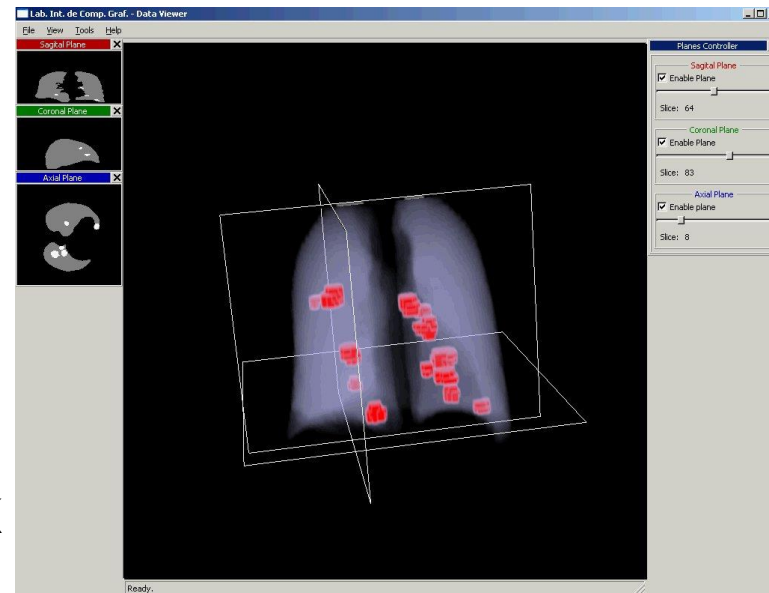
3D simulador (rota)



HippoViz: Hippocamp in MR



Electrocorticography



Lung bubble Fox Toolkit e VTK



- Schroeder, W., K. Martin, B. Lorensen, *The Visualization Toolkit- An Object Oriented Approach to 3D Graphics*, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Prentice Hall, 1998
- Kitware, inc, *The VTK User's Guide*, Kitware Inc, 2003
- <https://vtk.org/>