Imperial College London Department of Earth Science and Engineering

Nine month report

Miguel A. Valdez Grijalva

Abstract

It is known from aeromagnetic surveys from Venezuela, China and the U.S. that it is common to find magnetic anomalies on hydrocarbon reservoir sites. It has been suggested that the physical and geochemical conditions of soils sitting above reservoirs are conducive to the formation of ferromagnetic minerals such as magnetite and greigite. From samples drilled in Venezuela it has been observed that these minerals form roughly spherical aggregates called *framboids*. While the specific physical and geochemical processes involved in the genesis of these minerals is an active research topic, I will focus in studying the domain structure and hysteresis parameters of these minerals via numerical simulation of the *micromagnetic* equations. Solving the micromagnetic problem can be done either by minimising the total Gibbs free energy which is a sum of energies associated with different phenomena in a ferromagnetic material or by solving the dynamical equation for the magnetic moments, that is the Landau-Lifshitz-Gilbert equation. I will use a finite element method based on the general-purpose package collection for automated solutions of partial differential equations FEniCS as well as an energy minimising routine as a preconditioner. My aim is to find a conclusive magnetic signal of these mineral aggregates that could be measured in a given sample by standard rock-magnetic and palaeomagnetic techniques. As a first approach to the problem, before scaling up the simulations, I have conducted simulations of hysteresis loops and zero-field domain structure of octahedral-shaped single grains of greigite and compared these with octahedral grains whose corners have been chopped. These shapes are typical morphologies of greighte and these simulations constitute an improvement over previous finite difference simulations that could only study somewhat unrealistic shapes like cubes and rectangular prisms.

Contents

\mathbf{A}	Abstract						
1	Intr	roduction					
	1.1	Motivation and Objectives	1				
	1.2	Contributions	1				
	1.3	Statement of Originality	1				
	1.4	Publications	1				
2	Bac	Background Theory					
	2.1	Introduction	2				
3	Cor	onclusion					
	3.1	Summary of Thesis Achievements	3				
	3.2	Applications	3				
	3.3	Future Work	3				
Bi	Bibliography 3						

List of Tables

List of Figures

Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Motivation and Objectives

Motivation and Objectives here.

1.2 Contributions

Contributions here.

1.3 Statement of Originality

Statement here.

1.4 Publications

Publications here.

Chapter 2

Background Theory

2.1 Introduction

Text of the Background.

Chapter 3

Conclusion

3.1 Summary of Thesis Achievements

Summary.

3.2 Applications

Applications.

3.3 Future Work

Future Work.

Bibliography