

PROGRAMMING SHAPE-MORPHING MAGNETO-ACTIVE POLYMER COMPOSITES THROUGH MULTI-PHYSICS INFORMED TOPOLOGY OPTIMIZATION

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1 Introduction into HSMSs

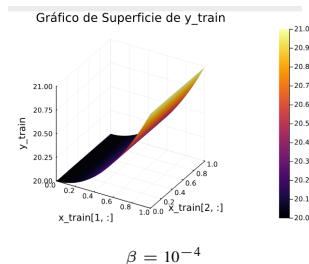
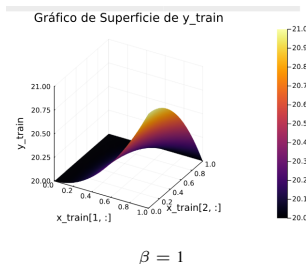
The problem description



- The toy function and the domain

$$y(x_1, x_2) = x_1^2 - \beta x_1^2 x_2^2; \quad x_1 \in [0, 1], x_2 \in [0, 1]$$

- When $\beta = 1$ everything works fine! When $\beta \ll 1$ we are fucked!!!
- The function for different values of β



- Error metrics that we would like to monitor:

$$\mathcal{J}_1 = \frac{\sum_i \left(\left(\partial y / \partial x_1 \right)_i - \left(\partial y / \partial x_1^* \right)_i \right)^2}{\sum_i \left(\left(\partial y / \partial x_1^* \right)_i \right)^2};$$

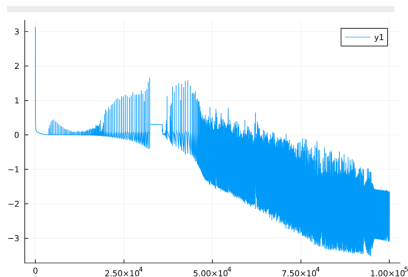
$$\mathcal{J}_2 = \frac{\sum_i \left(\left(\partial y / \partial x_2 \right)_i - \left(\partial y / \partial x_2^* \right)_i \right)^2}{\sum_i \left(\left(\partial y / \partial x_2^* \right)_i \right)^2}$$

Option 1



- Objective function option 1:

$$\mathcal{J} = \mathcal{J}_1 + \mathcal{J}_2$$



- Excessive amount of iterations.** Values of \mathcal{J}_1 and \mathcal{J}_2 are

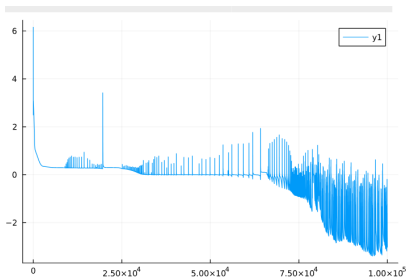
$$\mathcal{J}_1 = 2.9 \times 10^{-4}; \quad \mathcal{J}_2 = 2 \times 10^{-2}$$

Option 2



- Objective function option 2 (trying to help with values of the function itself!):

$$\mathcal{J} = \mathcal{J}_1 + \mathcal{J}_2 + \mathcal{J}_3; \quad \mathcal{J}_3 = \frac{\sum_i (y_i - y_i^*)^2}{\sum_i (y_i^*)^2}$$



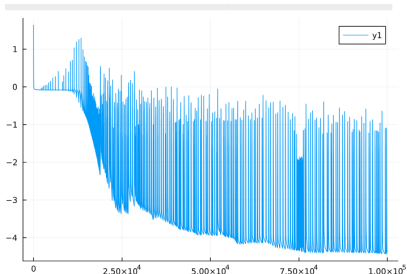
- Excessive amount of iterations.** Values of \mathcal{J}_1 and \mathcal{J}_2 are

$$\mathcal{J}_1 = 5 \times 10^{-4}; \quad \mathcal{J}_2 = 4.2 \times 10^{-4}$$

Option 3

- Objective function option 3:

$$\mathcal{J} = \frac{\sum_i \left(\left(\partial y / \partial x_1 \right)_i - \left(\partial y / \partial x_1^* \right)_i \right)^2 + \alpha \sum_i \left(\left(\partial y / \partial x_2 \right)_i - \left(\partial y / \partial x_2^* \right)_i \right)^2}{\sum_i \left(\left(\partial y / \partial x_1^* \right)_i \right)^2 + \alpha \sum_i \left(\left(\partial y / \partial x_2^* \right)_i \right)^2}, \quad \alpha = \frac{1}{\beta^2}$$



- We observe an improvement.** Values of \mathcal{J}_1 and \mathcal{J}_2 are

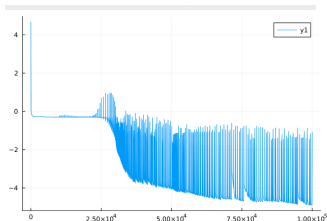
$$\mathcal{J}_1 = 3 \times 10^{-4}; \quad \mathcal{J}_2 = 8 \times 10^{-3}$$

Option 4

- Objective function option 4: consistent scaling of $\partial y / \partial x_j$ and $\partial y / \partial x_j^*$

$$\mathcal{J} = \frac{\sum_i \left(\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_1} \right)_i - \left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_1^*} \right)_i \right)^2 + \sum_i \left(\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_2} \right)_i - \left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_2^*} \right)_i \right)^2}{\sum_i \left(\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_1^*} \right)_i \right)^2 + \sum_i \left(\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_2^*} \right)_i \right)^2}$$

$$\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_j} \right)_i = \frac{\left(\partial y / \partial x_j \right)_i - \min_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right)}{\max_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right) - \min_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right)}; \quad \left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_j^*} \right)_i = \frac{\left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right)_i - \min_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right)}{\max_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right) - \min_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right)}$$



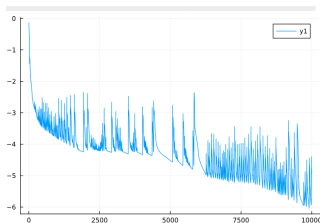
- Drastic improvement.** Values of \mathcal{J}_1 and \mathcal{J}_2 are $\mathcal{J}_1 = 1.7 \times 10^{-7}$ and $\mathcal{J}_2 = 8.67 \times 10^{-6}$

Option 5

- Objective function option 5: separate scaling of $\partial y / \partial x_j$ and $\partial y / \partial x_j^*$

$$\mathcal{J} = \frac{\sum_i \left(\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_1} \right)_i - \left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_1^*} \right)_i \right)^2 + \sum_i \left(\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_2} \right)_i - \left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_2^*} \right)_i \right)^2}{\sum_i \left(\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_1^*} \right)_i \right)^2 + \sum_i \left(\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_2^*} \right)_i \right)^2}$$

$$\left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_j} \right)_i = \frac{\left(\partial y / \partial x_j \right)_i - \min_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j \right)}{\max_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j \right) - \min_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j \right)}; \quad \left(\widetilde{\partial y / \partial x_j^*} \right)_i = \frac{\left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right)_i - \min_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right)}{\max_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right) - \min_i \left(\partial y / \partial x_j^* \right)}$$



- Drastic improvement.** Values of \mathcal{J}_1 and \mathcal{J}_2 are $\mathcal{J}_1 = 1.7 \times 10^{-7}$ and $\mathcal{J}_2 = 8.67 \times 10^{-6}$
- Energetic inconsistency!!**

