

[Core Data](#) / Creating a Core Data model

Article

Creating a Core Data model

Define your app's object structure with a data model file.



Overview

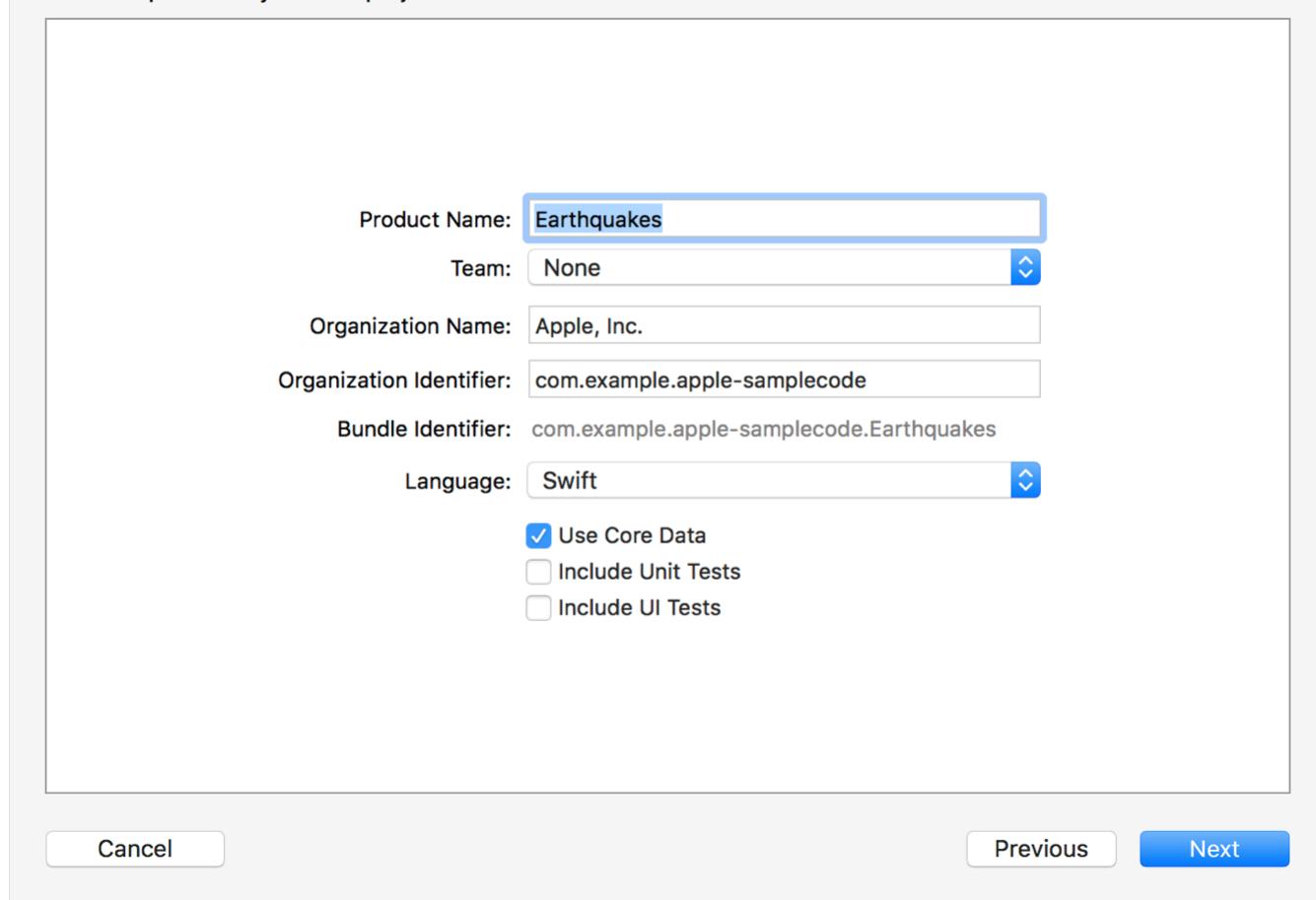
The first step in working with Core Data is to create a data model file to define the structure of your app's objects, including their object types, properties, and relationships.

You can add a Core Data model file to your Xcode project when you create the project, or you can add it to an existing project.

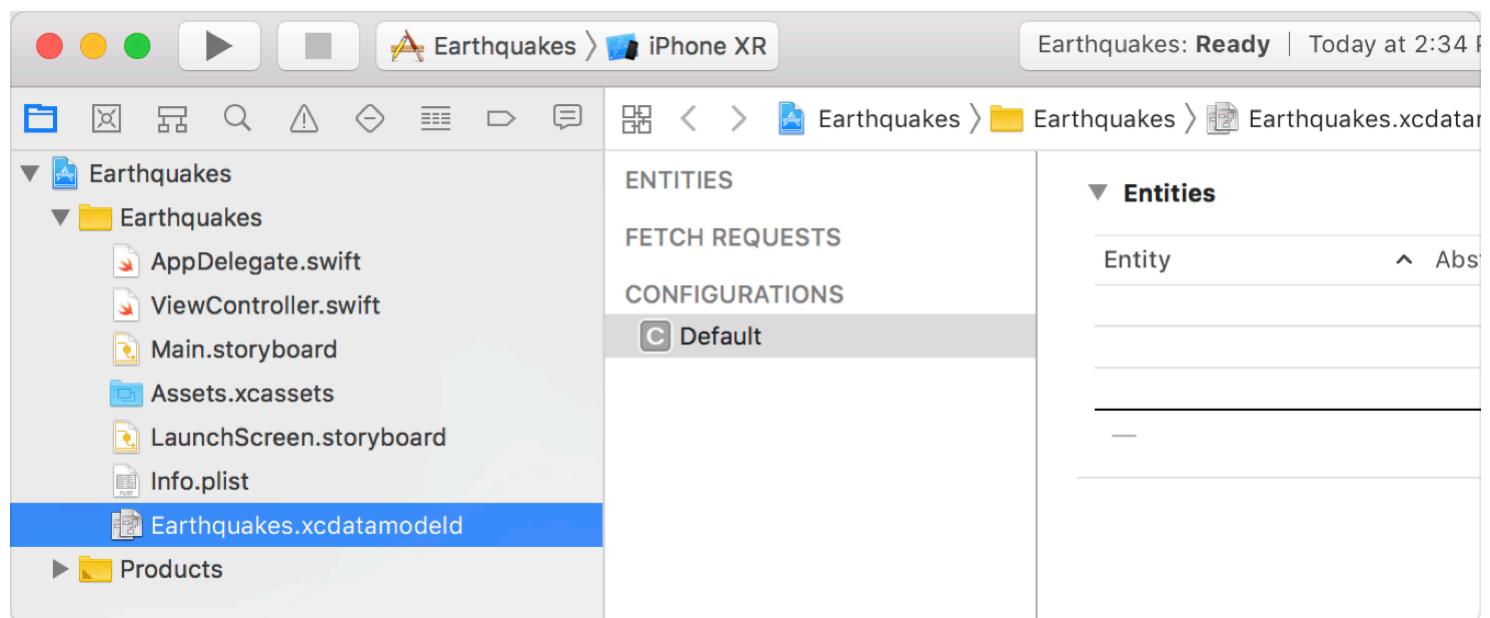
Add Core Data to a New Xcode Project

In the dialog for creating a new project, select the Use Core Data checkbox, and click Next.

Choose options for your new project:



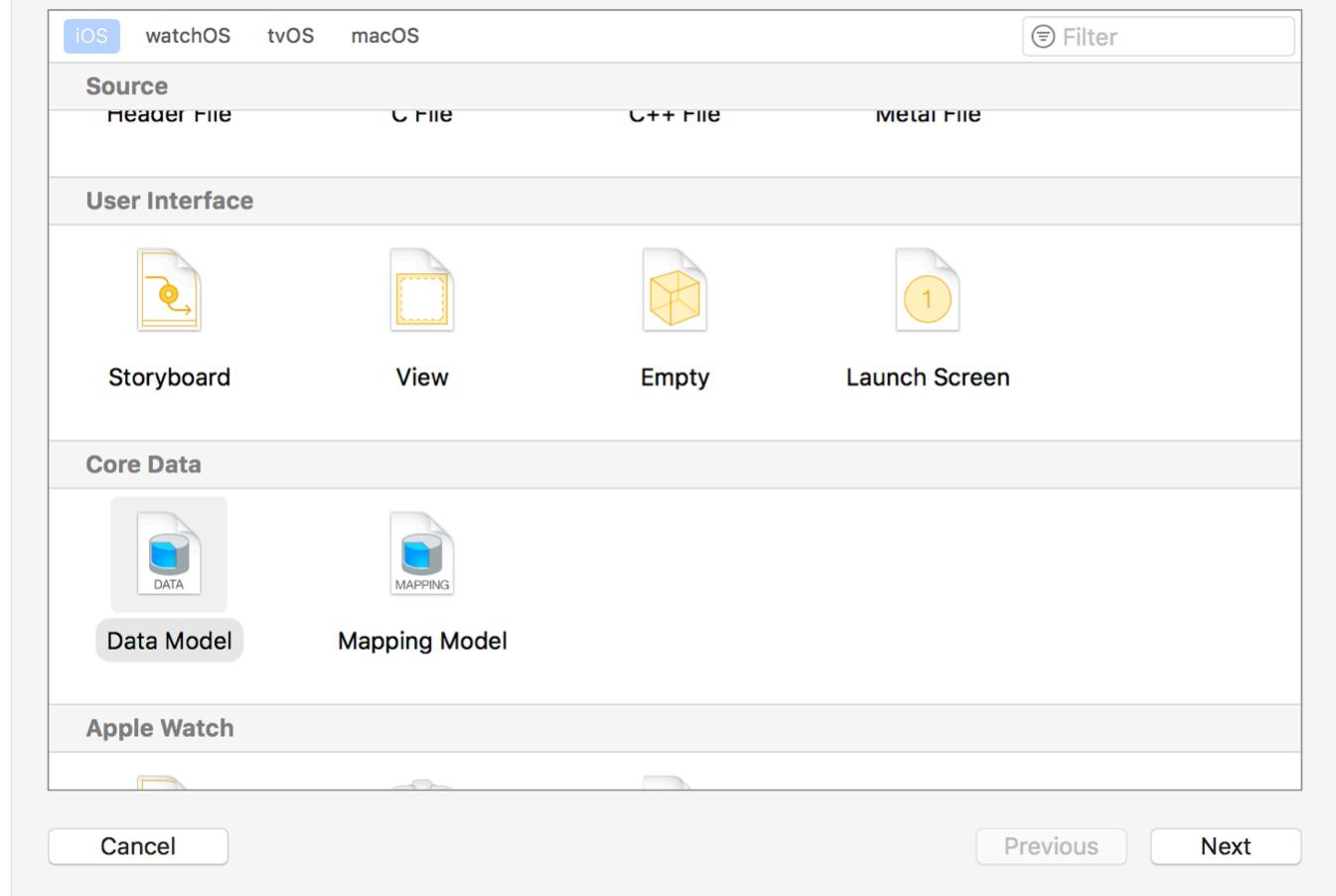
The resulting project includes an `.xcdatamodeld` file.



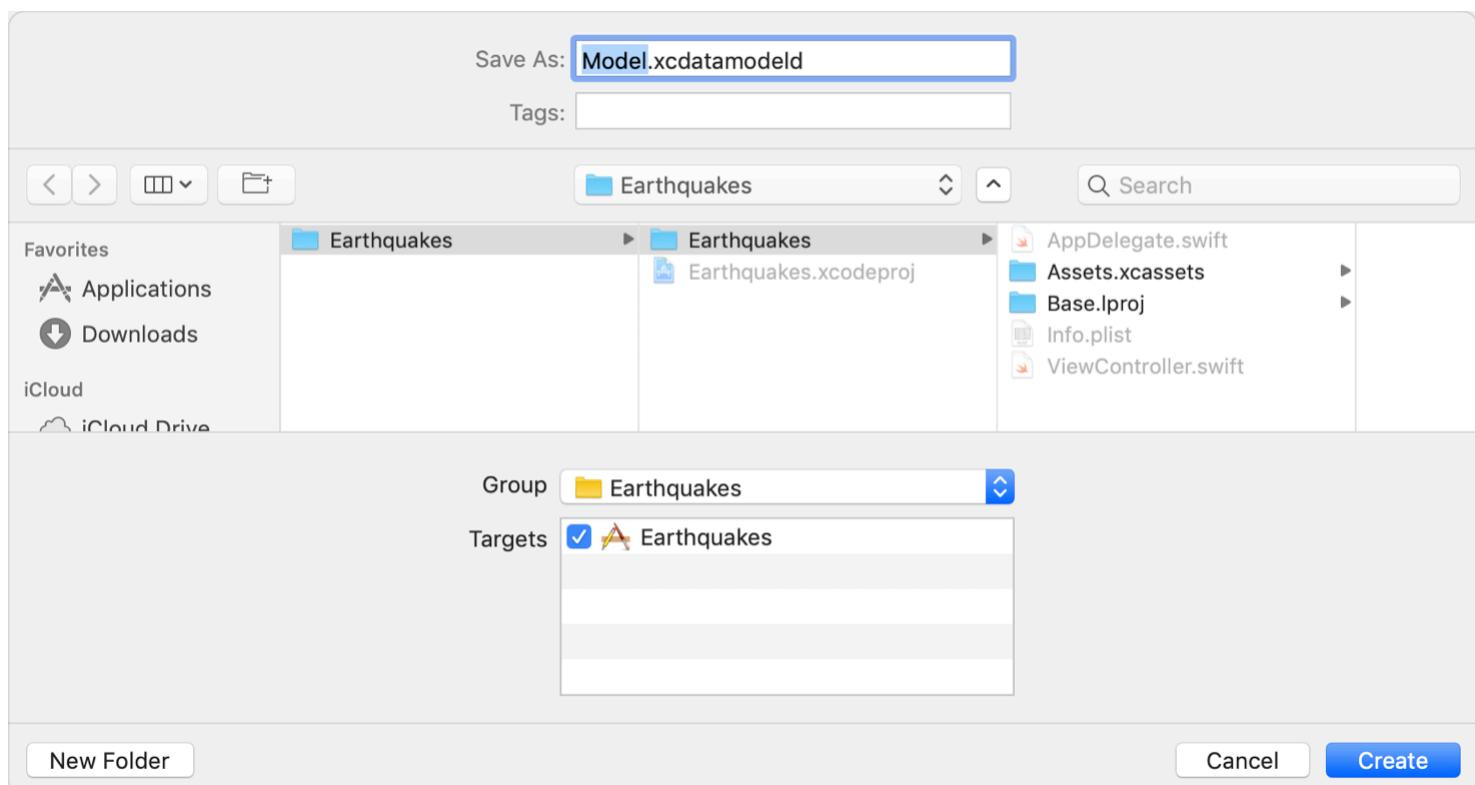
Add a Core Data Model to an Existing Project

Choose File > New > File and select the iOS platform tab. Scroll down to the Core Data section, select Data Model, and click Next.

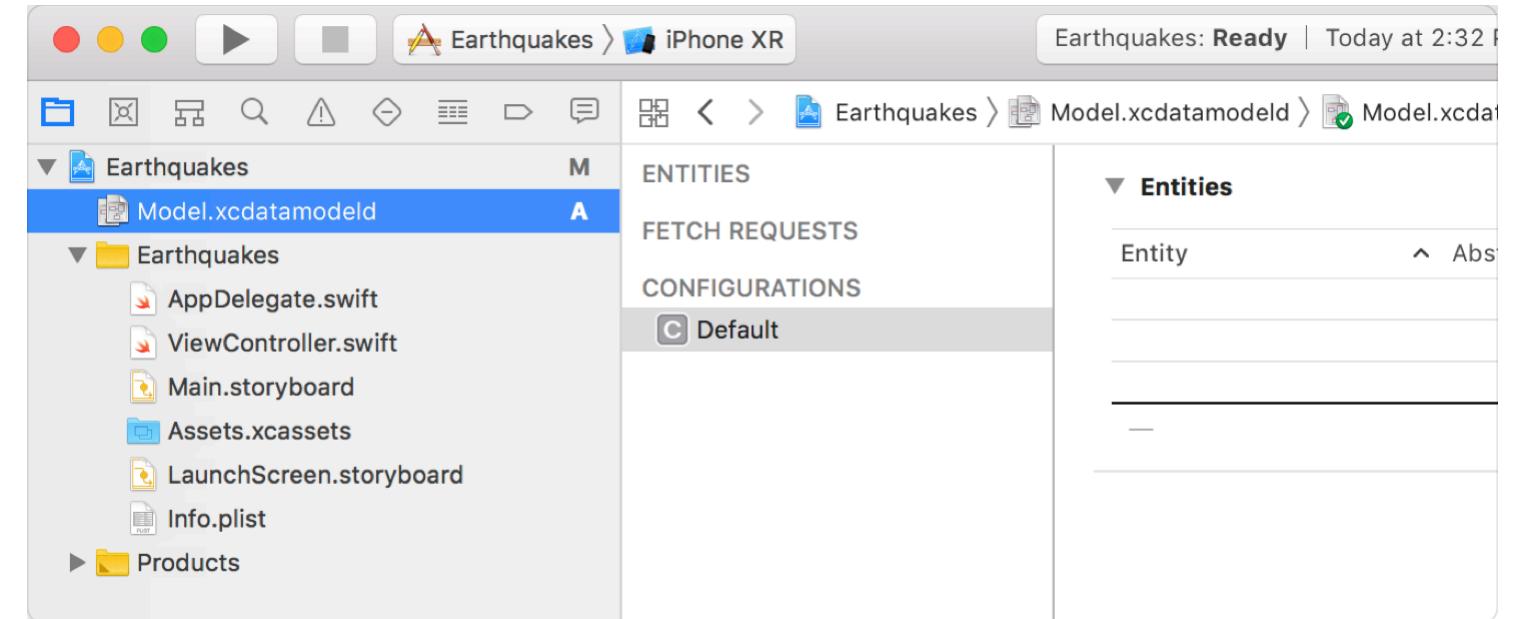
Choose a template for your new file:



Name your model file, select its group and targets, and click Create.



Xcode adds an .xcdatamodeld file with the specified name to your project.



See Also

Related Documentation

[Configuring Attributes](#)

Describe the properties that compose an entity.

[Configuring Relationships](#)

Specify how entities relate and how change propagates between them.

[Generating code](#)

Automatically or manually generate managed object subclasses from entities.

Essentials

[Setting up a Core Data stack](#)

Set up the classes that manage and persist your app's objects.

[Core Data stack](#)

Manage and persist your app's model layer.

[Handling Different Data Types in Core Data](#)

Create, store, and present records for a variety of data types.

[Linking Data Between Two Core Data Stores](#)

Organize data in two different stores and implement a link between them.