

[Core Data](#) / [NSPersistentCloudKitContainer](#)

Class

NSPersistentCloudKitContainer

A container that encapsulates the Core Data stack in your app, and mirrors select persistent stores to a CloudKit private database.

iOS 13.0+ | iPadOS 13.0+ | Mac Catalyst 13.1+ | macOS 10.15+ | tvOS 13.0+ | visionOS 1.0+ | watchOS 6.0+

```
class NSPersistentCloudKitContainer
```

Mentioned in

-  [Setting Up Core Data with CloudKit](#)
-  [Mirroring a Core Data store with CloudKit](#)
-  [Reading CloudKit Records for Core Data](#)

Overview

[NSPersistentCloudKitContainer](#) is a subclass of [NSPersistentContainer](#) capable of managing both CloudKit-backed and noncloud stores.

By default, [NSPersistentCloudKitContainer](#) contains a single store description, which Core Data assigns to the first CloudKit container identifier in an app's entitlements. Use [NSPersistentCloudKitContainerOptions](#) to customize this behavior or create additional store descriptions with backing by different containers.

For more information about setting up multiple stores, see [Setting Up Core Data with CloudKit](#).

Topics

Checking Permissions

```
func canUpdateRecord(forManagedObjectWith: NSManagedObjectID) -> Bool
```

Returns a Boolean value that indicates whether the user can modify the managed object's underlying CloudKit record.

```
func canDeleteRecord(forManagedObjectWith: NSManagedObjectID) -> Bool
```

Returns a Boolean value that indicates whether the user can delete the managed object's underlying CloudKit record.

```
func canModifyManagedObjects(in: NSPersistentStore) -> Bool
```

Returns a Boolean value that indicates whether the user can modify the specified persistent store.

Sharing Objects

Accepting Share Invitations in a SwiftUI App

Adapt your app to use UIKit's application and scene delegates so it can process CloudKit share invitations.

Promoting Your Schema

```
func initializeCloudKitSchema(options: NSPersistentCloudKitContainerSchemaInitializationOptions) throws
```

Creates the CloudKit schema for all stores in the container that manage a CloudKit database.

```
struct NSPersistentCloudKitContainerSchemaInitializationOptions
```

Options that control the behavior when promoting the container's schema to CloudKit.

Monitoring Container Events

```
class Event
```

An object that represents activity in a persistent CloudKit container.

```
enum EventType
```

The type of event in a persistent CloudKit container, either setup, import, or export.

```
class NSPersistentCloudKitContainerEventRequest
```

A request to fetch setup, import, or export events in a persistent CloudKit container.

```
class NSPersistentCloudKitContainerEventResult
```

The result of a request to fetch persistent CloudKit container events.

```
class let eventChangedNotification: NSNotification.Name
```

A notification that contains details about an event in a persistent CloudKit container.

```
class let eventNotificationUserInfoKey: String
```

The user info dictionary key for the persistent CloudKit container event.

Relationships

Inherits From

NSPersistentContainer

Conforms To

CVarArg

CustomDebugStringConvertible

CustomStringConvertible

Equatable

Hashable

NSObjectProtocol

Sendable

SendableMetatype

See Also

CloudKit mirroring

 Mirroring a Core Data store with CloudKit

Back user interfaces with a local replica of a CloudKit private database.

 Synchronizing a local store to the cloud

Share data between a user's devices and other iCloud users.

```
class NSPersistentCloudKitContainerOptions
```

An object that customizes how a store description aligns with a CloudKit database.

{ } Sharing Core Data objects between iCloud users

Use Core Data and CloudKit to synchronize data between devices of an iCloud user and share data between different iCloud users.