

[SwiftUI](#) / [ZStack](#)

Structure

ZStack

A view that overlays its subviews, aligning them in both axes.

iOS 13.0+ | iPadOS 13.0+ | Mac Catalyst 13.0+ | macOS 10.15+ | tvOS 13.0+ | visionOS 1.0+ | watchOS 6.0+

```
@frozen
struct ZStack<Content> where Content : View
```

Mentioned in

- [!\[\]\(e40bb48ad1470e3a14017c64c5673877_img.jpg\) Building layouts with stack views](#)
- [!\[\]\(de28875f44a359ca6d30bbb1d9f6cdbd_img.jpg\) Laying out a simple view](#)
- [!\[\]\(2d84cfc19096ca16fe323c530253896b_img.jpg\) Adding a background to your view](#)
- [!\[\]\(6b933a0050dc38b6c79d63f70c853f8d_img.jpg\) Aligning views within a stack](#)
- [!\[\]\(54cb7c61ff385eb40d6f6ccc42e89c3b_img.jpg\) Creating performant scrollable stacks](#)

Overview

The ZStack assigns each successive subview a higher z-axis value than the one before it, meaning later subviews appear “on top” of earlier ones.

The following example creates a ZStack of 100 x 100 point [Rectangle](#) views filled with one of six colors, offsetting each successive subview by 10 points so they don’t completely overlap:

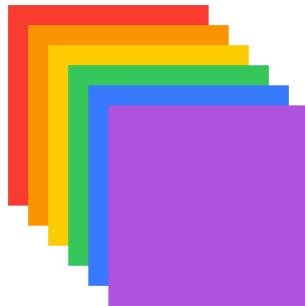
```
let colors: [Color] =
    [.red, .orange, .yellow, .green, .blue, .purple]

var body: some View {
```

```

ZStack {
    ForEach(0..<colors.count) {
        Rectangle()
            .fill(colors[$0])
            .frame(width: 100, height: 100)
            .offset(x: CGFloat($0) * 10.0,
                    y: CGFloat($0) * 10.0)
    }
}

```

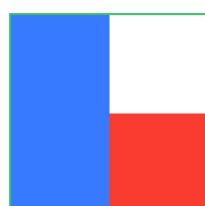


The ZStack uses an [Alignment](#) to set the x- and y-axis coordinates of each subview, defaulting to a [center](#) alignment. In the following example, the ZStack uses a [bottomLeading](#) alignment to lay out two subviews, a red 100 x 50 point rectangle below, and a blue 50 x 100 point rectangle on top. Because of the alignment value, both rectangles share a bottom-left corner with the ZStack (in locales where left is the leading side).

```

var body: some View {
    ZStack(alignment: .bottomLeading) {
        Rectangle()
            .fill(Color.red)
            .frame(width: 100, height: 50)
        Rectangle()
            .fill(Color.blue)
            .frame(width: 50, height: 100)
    }
    .border(Color.green, width: 1)
}

```



Note

If you need a version of this stack that conforms to the [Layout](#) protocol, like when you want to create a conditional layout using [AnyLayout](#), use [ZStackLayout](#) instead.

Topics

Creating a stack

```
init(alignment: Alignment, content: () -> Content)
```

Creates an instance with the given alignment.

Supporting symbols

```
struct ZStackContent3D
```

A type that adds spacing to a [ZStack](#).

Initializers

```
init<V>(alignment: Alignment, spacing: CGFloat?, content: () -> V)
```

Creates an instance with the given spacing and alignment.

Relationships

Conforms To

View

See Also

Layering views

 Adding a background to your view

Compose a background behind your view and extend it beyond the safe area insets.

func `zIndex(Double) -> some View`

Controls the display order of overlapping views.

func `background<V>(alignment: Alignment, content: () -> V) -> some View`

Layers the views that you specify behind this view.

func `background<S>(S, ignoresSafeAreaEdges: Edge.Set) -> some View`

Sets the view's background to a style.

func `background(ignoresSafeAreaEdges: Edge.Set) -> some View`

Sets the view's background to the default background style.

func `background(_:in:fillStyle:)`

Sets the view's background to an insettable shape filled with a style.

func `background(in:fillStyle:)`

Sets the view's background to an insettable shape filled with the default background style.

func `overlay<V>(alignment: Alignment, content: () -> V) -> some View`

Layers the views that you specify in front of this view.

func `overlay<S>(S, ignoresSafeAreaEdges: Edge.Set) -> some View`

Layers the specified style in front of this view.

func `overlay<S, T>(S, in: T, fillStyle: FillStyle) -> some View`

Layers a shape that you specify in front of this view.

var `backgroundMaterial: Material?`

The material underneath the current view.

func `containerBackground<S>(S, for: ContainerBackgroundPlacement) -> some View`

Sets the container background of the enclosing container using a view.

func `containerBackground<V>(for: ContainerBackgroundPlacement, alignment: Alignment, content: () -> V) -> some View`

Sets the container background of the enclosing container using a view.

struct `ContainerBackgroundPlacement`

The placement of a container background.

