

[AppKit / NSDocumentController](#)

Class

# NSDocumentController

An object that manages an app's documents.

macOS

```
@MainActor
class NSDocumentController
```

## Overview

As the first-responder target of New and Open menu commands, [NSDocumentController](#) creates and opens documents and tracks them throughout a session of the app. When opening documents, a document controller runs and manages the modal Open panel. [NSDocumentController](#) objects also maintain and manage the mappings of document types, extensions, and [NSDocument](#) subclasses as specified in the [CFBundleDocumentTypes](#) property loaded from the information property list (Info.plist).

You can use various [NSDocumentController](#) methods to get a list of the current documents, get the current document (which is the document whose window is currently key), get documents based on a given filename or window, and find out about a document's extension, type, display name, and document class.

In some situations, it's worthwhile to subclass [NSDocumentController](#) in non-[NSDocument](#)-based apps to get some of its features. For example, the [NSDocumentController](#) management of the Open Recent menu is useful in apps that don't use subclasses of [NSDocument](#).

## Topics

## Obtaining the Shared Document Controller

```
class var shared: NSDocumentController
```

Returns the shared NSDocumentController instance.

## Initializing a New NSDocumentController

```
init()
```

This method is the designated initializer for NSDocumentController.

```
init?(coder: NSCoder)
```

This method initializes a new NSDocumentController from the coder.

## Creating and Opening Documents

```
func document(for: URL) -> NSDocument?
```

Returns, for a given URL, the open document whose file or file package is located by the URL, or nil if there is no such open document.

```
func duplicateDocument(withContentsOf: URL, copying: Bool, displayName: String?) throws -> NSDocument
```

Creates a new document by reading the contents for the document from another URL, presents its user interface, and returns the document if successful.

```
func openDocument(withContentsOf: URL, display: Bool, completionHandler: (NSDocument?, Bool, (any Error)?) -> Void)
```

Opens a document located by a URL, optionally presents its user interface, and calls the passed-in completion handler.

```
func openUntitledDocumentAndDisplay(Bool) throws -> NSDocument
```

Creates a new untitled document, presents its user interface if displayDocument is true, and returns the document if successful.

```
func makeDocument(for: URL?, withContentsOf: URL, ofType: String) throws -> NSDocument
```

Instantiates a document located by a URL, of a specified type, but by reading the contents for the document from another URL, and returns it if successful.

```
func makeDocument(withContentsOf: URL, ofType: String) throws -> NSDocument
```

Instantiates a document located by a URL, of a specified type, and returns it if successful.

```
func makeUntitledDocument(ofType: String) throws -> NSDocument
```

Instantiates a new untitled document of the specified type and returns it if successful.

```
func reopenDocument(for: URL?, withContentsOf: URL, display: Bool,  
completionHandler: (NSDocument?, Bool, (any Error)?) -> Void)
```

Reopens a document, optionally located by a URL, by reading the contents for the document from another URL, optionally presents its user interface, and calls the passed-in completion handler.

## Managing Documents

```
var documents: [NSDocument]
```

The document objects managed by the receiver.

```
func addDocument(NSDocument)
```

Adds the given document to the list of open documents.

```
var currentDocument: NSDocument?
```

The document object associated with the main window.

```
func document(for: NSWindow) -> NSDocument?
```

Returns the document object whose window controller owns a specified window.

```
var hasEditedDocuments: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the receiver has any documents with unsaved changes.

```
func removeDocument(NSDocument)
```

Removes the given document from the list of open documents.

## Managing Document Types

```
var documentClassNames: [String]
```

An array of strings representing the custom document classes supported by this app.

```
var defaultType: String?
```

Returns the name of the document type that should be used when creating new documents.

```
func documentClass(forType: String) -> AnyClass?
```

Returns the NSDocument subclass associated with a given document type.

```
func displayName(forType: String) -> String?
```

Returns the descriptive name for the specified document type, which is used in the File Format pop-up menu of the Save As dialog.

```
func typeForContents(of: URL) throws -> String
```

Returns, for a specified URL, the document type identifier to use when opening the document at that location, if successful.

## Autosaving

```
var autosavingDelay: TimeInterval
```

The time interval (in seconds) for periodic autosaving.

## Closing Documents

```
func closeAllDocuments(withDelegate: Any?, didCloseAllSelector: Selector?, contextInfo: UnsafeMutableRawPointer?)
```

Iterates through all the open documents and tries to close them one by one using the specified delegate.

```
func reviewUnsavedDocuments(withAlertTitle: String?, cancellable: Bool, delegate: Any?, didReviewAllSelector: Selector?, contextInfo: UnsafeMutableRawPointer?)
```

Displays an alert asking if the user wants to review unsaved documents, quit regardless of unsaved documents, or cancel the save operation.

## Responding to Action Messages

```
func newDocument(_)
```

An action method called by the New menu command, this method creates a new NSDocument object and adds it to the list of such objects managed by the document controller.

```
func openDocument(_)
```

An action method called by the Open menu command, it runs the modal Open panel and, based on the selected filenames, creates one or more NSDocument objects from the contents of the files.

```
func saveAllDocuments(_)
```

As the action method called by the Save All command, saves all open documents of the application that need to be saved.

## Managing the Open Dialog

```
func beginOpenPanel(completionHandler: ([URL]?) -> Void)
```

Presents an Open dialog and delivers the results to a completion handler as an array of URLs for the chosen files, or nil.

```
func beginOpenPanel(NSOpenPanel, forTypes: [String]?, completionHandler: (Int) -> Void)
```

Presents a nonmodal Open dialog that displays files you can open from a list of UTIs.

```
func runModalOpenPanel(NSOpenPanel, forTypes: [String]?) -> Int
```

Presents a modal Open dialog and limits selection to specific file types.

```
var currentDirectory: String?
```

The directory path to use as the starting point in the Open dialog.

```
func urlsFromRunningOpenPanel() -> [URL]?
```

An array of URLs that correspond to the selected files in a running Open dialog.

## Managing the Open Recent Menu

```
var maximumRecentDocumentCount: Int
```

The maximum number of items that may be presented in the standard Open Recent menu.

```
func clearRecentDocuments(Any?)
```

Empties the recent documents list for the application.

```
func noteNewRecentDocumentURL(URL)
```

Adds or replaces an Open Recent menu item corresponding to the data located by the URL.

```
func noteNewRecentDocument(NSDocument)
```

Adds or replaces an Open Recent menu item corresponding to the document.

```
var recentDocumentURLs: [URL]
```

The list of recent-document URLs.

## Validating User Interface Items

```
func validateUserInterfaceItem(any NSValidatedUserInterfaceItem) -> Bool
```

Returns a Boolean value that indicates whether a given user interface item should be enabled.

## Sharing

```
var allowsAutomaticShareMenu: Bool
```

A Boolean value that the system uses to insert a Share menu in the File menu.

```
func standardShareMenuItem() -> NSMenuItem
```

Returns a menu item that your app uses for sharing the current document.

## Handling Errors

```
func presentError(any Error) -> Bool
```

Presents an error alert to the user as a modal panel.

```
func presentError(any Error, modalFor: NSWindow, delegate: Any?, didPresent: Selector?, contextInfo: UnsafeMutableRawPointer?)
```

Presents an error alert to the user as a modal panel.

```
func willPresentError(any Error) -> any Error
```

Indicates an error condition and provides the opportunity to return the same or a different error.

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## Relationships

### Inherits From

NSObject

### Conforms To

CVarArg

Copyable

CustomDebugStringConvertible

CustomStringConvertible

Equatable

Parcelable  
Serializable  
NSCoding  
NSMenuItemValidation  
NSObjectProtocol  
NSUserInterfaceValidations  
NSWindowRestoration  
Sendable

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## See Also

### Documents

{ } Developing a Document-Based App

Write an app that creates, manages, edits, and saves text documents.

class NSDocument

An abstract class that defines the interface for macOS documents.

class NSPersistentDocument

A document object that can integrate with Core Data.