

[AppKit](#) / [NSTableView](#)

Class

# NSTableView

A set of related records, displayed in rows that represent individual records and columns that represent the attributes of those records.

macOS

```
@MainActor  
class NSTableView
```

## Overview

Table views are displayed in scroll views. Beginning with macOS v10.7, you can use [NSView](#) objects (most commonly customized [NSTableCellView](#) objects) instead of cells for specifying rows and columns. You can still use [NSCell](#) objects for each row and column item if you prefer.

A table view does not store its own data; it retrieves data values as needed from a data source to which it has a weak reference. You should not, therefore, directly set data values programmatically in the table view; instead, modify the values in the data source and allow the changes to be reflected in the table view. To learn about the methods that an [NSTableView](#) object uses to provide and access the contents of its data source object, see [NSTableViewDataSource](#).

To customize a table view's behavior without subclassing [NSTableView](#), use the methods defined by the [NSTableViewDelegate](#) protocol. For example, the delegate supports table column management, type-to-select functionality, row selection and editing, custom tracking, and custom views for individual columns and rows. To learn more about the table view delegate, see [NSTableViewDelegate](#).

## Important

It's possible that your data source methods for populating the table view may be called before `awakeFromNib()` is called if the data source is specified in Interface Builder. You should defend against this by having the data source's `numberOfRows(in:)` method return 0 for the number of rows when the data source has not yet been configured. In `awakeFromNib()`, when the data source is initialized you should always call `reloadData` on the table view.

## Subclassing

Subclassing `NSTableView` is usually not necessary. Instead, you customize the table view using a delegate object (an object conforming to the `NSTableViewDelegate` protocol) and a data source object (conforming to the `NSTableViewDataSource` protocol), or by subclassing one of the following subcomponents: cells (when using `NSCell`-based table views), the row cell view or the row view (when using `NSView`-based table views), the table column class, or table column header classes.

## Enabling the Table View

Use the `isEnabled` property to enable or disable the table view, which the view inherits from `NSControl`. This property affects the visual appearance of the table view differently depending on whether you use a view- or a cell-based table view. When you change the property's value for a cell-based table view, the system manages the visual appearance of that table view's rows, and updates them to a state that reflects the value. Because view-based table views permit complex items in their cells, it's the developer's responsibility to update each cell's appearance as appropriate.

## Topics

### Creating a Table

```
init?(coder: NSCoder)  
init(frame: NSRect)
```

### Managing the Table's Data

```
var dataSource: (any NSTableViewDataSource)?
```

The object that provides the data displayed by the table view.

```
var usesStaticContents: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table uses static data.

```
func reloadData()
```

Marks the table view as needing redisplay, so it will reload the data for visible cells and draw the new values.

```
func reloadData(forRowIndexes: IndexSet, columnIndexes: IndexSet)
```

Reloads the data for only the specified rows and columns.

## Creating Views to Display

```
func makeView(withIdentifier: NSUserInterfaceItemIdentifier, owner: Any?) -> NSView?
```

Returns a new or existing view with the specified identifier.

```
func rowView(atRow: Int, makeIfNecessary: Bool) -> NSTableRowView?
```

Returns a row view at the specified index, creating one if necessary.

```
func view(atColumn: Int, row: Int, makeIfNecessary: Bool) -> NSView?
```

Returns a view at the specified row and column indexes, creating one if necessary.

```
struct NSUserInterfaceItemIdentifier
```

## Updating the Table View Arrangement

```
func beginUpdates()
```

Begins a group of updates for the table view.

```
func endUpdates()
```

Ends the group of updates for the table view.

```
func moveRow(at: Int, to: Int)
```

Moves the specified row to the new row location using animation.

```
func insertRows(at: IndexSet, withAnimation: NSTableView.AnimationOptions)
```

Inserts the rows using the specified animation.

```
func removeRows(at: IndexSet, withAnimation: NSTableView.AnimationOptions)
```

Removes the rows using the specified animation.

```
func row(for: NSView) -> Int
```

Returns the index of the row for the specified view.

```
func column(for: NSView) -> Int
```

Returns the column index for the specified view.

## NSView-Based Table Nib File Registration

```
func register(NSNib?, forIdentifier: NSUserInterfaceItemIdentifier)
```

Registers a NIB for the specified identifier, so that view-based table views can use it to instantiate views.

```
var registeredNibsByIdentifier: [NSUserInterfaceItemIdentifier : NSNib]?
```

The dictionary of all registered nib files for view-based table view identifiers.

## Target-action Behavior

```
var doubleAction: Selector?
```

The message sent to the table view's target when the user double-clicks a cell or column header.

```
var clickedColumn: Int
```

The index of the column the user clicked.

```
var clickedRow: Int
```

The index of the row the user clicked.

## Configuring Behavior

```
var allowsColumnReordering: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table view allows the user to rearrange columns by dragging their headers.

```
var allowsColumnResizing: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table view allows the user to resize columns by dragging between their headers.

```
var allowsMultipleSelection: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table view allows the user to select more than one column or row at a time.

```
var allowsEmptySelection: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table view allows the user to select zero columns or rows.

```
var allowsColumnSelection: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table view allows the user to select columns by clicking their headers.

```
var usesAutomaticRowHeights: Bool
```

A Boolean value that indicates whether the table view uses autolayout to calculate the height of rows.

## Setting Display Attributes

```
var intercellSpacing: NSSize
```

The horizontal and vertical spacing between cells.

```
var rowHeight: CGFloat
```

The height of each row in the table.

```
var backgroundColor: NSColor
```

The color used to draw the background of the table.

```
var usesAlternatingRowBackgroundColors: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table view uses alternating row colors for its background.

```
var style: NSTableView.Style
```

The style that the table view uses.

```
var effectiveStyle: NSTableView.Style
```

The effective style that the table uses.

```
enum Style
```

Contains the possible style values for a table view.

```
var selectionHighlightStyle: NSTableView.SelectionHighlightStyle
```

The selection highlight style used by the table view to indicate row and column selection.

```
var gridColor: NSColor
```

The color used to draw grid lines.

```
var gridStyleMask: NSTableView.GridLineStyle
```

The grid lines drawn by the table view.

```
func indicatorImage(in: NSTableColumn) -> NSImage?
```

Returns the indicator image of the specified table column.

```
func setIndicatorImage(NSImage?, in: NSTableColumn)
```

Sets the indicator image of the specified column.

## Getting and Setting Row Size Styles

```
var effectiveRowSizeStyle: NSTableView.RowSizeStyle
```

The effective row size style for the table.

```
var rowSizeStyle: NSTableView.RowSizeStyle
```

The row size style (small, medium, large, or custom) used by the table view.

## Column Management

```
func addTableColumn(NSTableColumn)
```

Adds the specified column as the last column of the table view.

```
func removeTableColumn(NSTableColumn)
```

Removes the specified column from the table view.

```
func moveColumn(Int, toColumn: Int)
```

Moves the column and heading at the specified index to the new specified index.

```
var tableColumns: [NSTableColumn]
```

An array containing the current table column objects.

```
func column(withIdentifier: NSUserInterfaceItemIdentifier) -> Int
```

Returns the index of the first column in the table view whose identifier is equal to the specified identifier.

```
func TableColumn(withIdentifier: NSUserInterfaceItemIdentifier) -> NSTableColumn?
```

Returns the NSTableColumn object for the first column whose identifier is equal to the specified object.

## Selecting Columns and Rows

`func selectColumnIndexes(IndexSet, byExtendingSelection: Bool)`

Sets the column selection using `indexes` possibly extending the selection.

`var selectedColumn: Int`

The index of the last selected column (or the last column added to the selection).

`var selectedColumnIndexes: IndexSet`

An index set containing the indexes of the selected columns.

`func deselectColumn(Int)`

Deselects the column at the specified index if it's selected.

`var numberOfSelectedColumns: Int`

The number of selected columns.

`func isColumnSelected(Int) -> Bool`

Returns a Boolean value that indicates whether the column at the specified index is selected.

`func selectRowIndexes(IndexSet, byExtendingSelection: Bool)`

Sets the row selection using `indexes` extending the selection if specified.

`var selectedRow: Int`

The index of the last selected row (or the last row added to the selection).

`var selectedRowIndexes: IndexSet`

An index set containing the indexes of the selected rows.

`func deselectRow(Int)`

Deselects the row at the specified index if it's selected.

`var numberOfRowsSelected: Int`

The number of selected rows.

`func isRowSelected(Int) -> Bool`

Returns a Boolean value that indicates whether the row at the specified index is selected.

`func selectAll(Any?)`

Selects all rows or all columns, according to whether rows or columns were most recently selected.

```
func deselectAll(Any?)
```

Deselects all selected rows or columns if empty selection is allowed; otherwise does nothing.

## Enumerating Table Rows

```
func enumerateAvailableRowViews((NSTableView, Int) -> Void)
```

Allows the enumeration of all the table rows that are known to the table view.

## Managing Type Select

```
var allowsTypeSelect: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table view allows the user to type characters to select rows.

## Table Dimensions

```
var numberOfRows: Int
```

The number of columns in the table.

```
var numberOfColumns: Int
```

The number of rows in the table.

## Getting and Setting Floating Rows

```
var floatsGroupRows: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the table view draws grouped rows as if they are floating.

## Editing Cells

```
func editColumn(Int, row: Int, with:NSEvent?, select: Bool)
```

Edits the cell at the specified column and row using the specified event and selection behavior.

```
var editedColumn: Int
```

The index of the column being edited.

```
var editedRow: Int
```

The index of the row being edited.

## Adding and Deleting Row Views

```
func didAdd(NSTableView, forRow: Int)
```

Invoked when a row view is added to the table.

```
func didRemove(NSTableView, forRow: Int)
```

Invoked when a row view is removed from the table.

## Setting Auxiliary Views

```
var headerView: NSTableHeaderView?
```

The view object used to draw headers over columns.

```
var cornerView: NSView?
```

The view used to draw the area to the right of the column headers and above the vertical scroller of the enclosing scroll view.

## Layout Support

```
var userInterfaceLayoutDirection: NSUserInterfaceLayoutDirection
```

The layout direction of the user interface.

```
func rect(ofColumn: Int) -> NSRect
```

Returns the rectangle containing the column at the specified index.

```
func rect(ofRow: Int) -> NSRect
```

Returns the rectangle containing the row at the specified index.

```
func rows(in: NSRect) -> NSRange
```

Returns a range of indexes for the rows that lie wholly or partially within the vertical boundaries of the specified rectangle.

```
func columnIndexes(in: NSRect) -> IndexSet
```

Returns the indexes of the table view's columns that intersect the specified rectangle.

```
func column(at: NSPoint) -> Int
```

Returns the index of the column the specified point lies in.

```
func row(at: NSPoint) -> Int
```

Returns the index of the row the specified point lies in.

```
func frameOfCell(atColumn: Int, row: Int) -> NSRect
```

Returns a rectangle locating the cell that lies at the intersection of the specified column and row.

```
var columnAutoresizingStyle: NSTableView.ColumnAutoresizingStyle
```

The table view's column autoresizing style.

```
func sizeLastColumnToFit()
```

Resizes the last column so the table view fits exactly within its enclosing clip view.

```
func noteNumberOfRowsChanged()
```

Informs the table view that the number of records in its data source has changed.

```
func tile()
```

Properly sizes the table view and its header view and marks it as needing display.

```
func sizeToFit()
```

Sizes the table view based on a uniform column autoresizing style.

```
func noteHeightOfRows(withIndexesChanged: IndexSet)
```

Informs the table view that the rows specified in `indexSet` have changed height.

## Drawing

```
func drawRow(Int, clipRect: NSRect)
```

Draws the cells for the row at `rowIndex` in the columns that intersect `clipRect`.

```
func drawGrid(inClipRect: NSRect)
```

Draws the grid lines within the supplied rectangle.

```
func highlightSelection(inClipRect: NSRect)
```

Highlights the region of the table view in the specified rectangle.

```
func drawBackground(inClipRect: NSRect)
```

Draws the background of the table view in the clip rect specified by the rectangle.

## Scrolling

```
func scrollRowVisible(Int)
```

Scrolls the view so the specified row is visible.

```
func scrollColumnVisible(Int)
```

Scrolls the view so the specified column is visible.

## Table Column State Persistence

```
var autosaveTableColumns: Bool
```

A Boolean value indicating whether the order and width of the table view's columns are automatically saved.

```
var autosaveName: NSTableView.AutosaveName?
```

The name under which table information is automatically saved.

```
typealias AutosaveName
```

## Accessing the Delegate

```
var delegate: (any NSTableViewDelegate)?
```

The table view's delegate.

## Highlightable Column Headers

```
var highlighted TableColumn: NSTableColumn?
```

The column highlighted in the table.

## Dragging

```
func dragImageForRows(with: IndexSet, tableColumns: [NSTableColumn], event:NSEvent, offset: NSPointPointer) -> NSImage
```

Computes and returns an image to use for dragging.

```
func canDragRows(with: IndexSet, at: NSPoint) -> Bool
```

Returns a Boolean value indicating whether the table view allows dragging the rows with the drag initiated at the specified point.

```
func setDraggingSourceOperationMask(NSDragOperation, forLocal: Bool)
```

Sets the default operation mask returned by draggingSourceOperationMaskFor Local: to mask.

```
var verticalMotionCanBeginDrag: Bool  
A Boolean value indicating whether vertical motion is treated as a drag or selection change.
```

```
var draggingDestinationFeedbackStyle: NSTableView.DraggingDestinationFeedbackStyle  
The feedback style displayed when the user drags over the table view.
```

```
func setDropRow(Int, dropOperation: NSTableView.DropOperation)  
Retargets the proposed drop operation.
```

## Sorting

```
var sortDescriptors: [NSSortDescriptor]  
The table view's sort descriptors.
```

## Row Actions

```
var rowActionsVisible: Bool  
A Boolean value indicating whether a table row's actions are visible.
```

## Hiding and Showing Table Rows

```
func hideRows(at: IndexSet, withAnimation: NSTableView.AnimationOptions)  
Hides the specified table rows.
```

```
func unhideRows(at: IndexSet, withAnimation: NSTableView.AnimationOptions)  
Unhides the specified table rows.
```

```
var hiddenRowIndexes: IndexSet  
The indexes of all hidden table rows.
```

## Deprecated Methods

```
func focusedColumn() -> Int  
Returns the currently focused column.
```

Deprecated

```
func setFocusedColumn(Int)
```

Sets the currently focused column to the specified index.

Deprecated

```
func shouldFocusCell(NSCell, atColumn: Int, row: Int) -> Bool
```

Returns whether the fully prepared cell at the specified row and column can be made the focused cell.

Deprecated

```
func performClickOnCell(atColumn: Int, row: Int)
```

Performs a click action on the cell at the specified row and column.

Deprecated

```
func preparedCell(atColumn: Int, row: Int) -> NSCell?
```

Returns the fully prepared cell that the table view will use for drawing or processing of the specified row and column.

Deprecated

## Constants

☰ Specifying a Custom Row View in a Nib File

View-based table view instances use `NSTableViewRowKey` to identify the nib file containing the template row view. You can specify a custom row view (without any code) by associating this key with the appropriate nib name in Interface Builder.

```
enum DraggingDestinationFeedbackStyle
```

These constants specify the drag styles displayed by the table view. They're used by `draggingDestinationFeedbackStyle`.

```
enum DropOperation
```

`NSTableView` defines these constants to specify drop operations.

```
struct GridLineStyle
```

`NSTableView` defines these constants to specify grid styles. These constants are used by the `gridStyleMask` property. The mask can be either `NSTableViewGridNone` or it can contain either or both of the other options combined using the C bitwise OR operator.

```
enum ColumnAutoresizingStyle
```

The following constants specify the autoresizing styles. These constants are used by the `columnAutoresizingStyle` property.

```
enum SelectionHighlightStyle
```

The following constants specify the selection highlight styles. These constants are used by the [selectionHighlightStyle](#) property.

```
struct AnimationOptions
```

Specifies the animation effects to apply when inserting or removing rows.

```
enum RowSizeStyle
```

The row size style constants define the size of the rows in the table view. They are used by the [effectiveRowSizeStyle](#) and [rowSizeStyle](#) properties. You can also query the row size in the [NSTableCellView](#) class' property [rowSizeStyle](#).

```
enum RowActionEdge
```

These constants define table row edges on which row actions are attached. They are used by the `tableView:rowActionsForRow:edge:` delegate method.

## Notifications

```
class let columnDidMoveNotification: NSNotification.Name
```

Posted whenever a column is moved by user action in an `NSTableView` object.

```
class let columnDidResizeNotification: NSNotification.Name
```

Posted whenever a column is resized in an `NSTableView` object.

```
class let selectionDidChangeNotification: NSNotification.Name
```

Posted after an `NSTableView` object's selection changes.

```
class let selectionIsChangingNotification: NSNotification.Name
```

Posted as an `NSTableView` object's selection changes (while the mouse button is still down).

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## Relationships

### Inherits From

`NSControl`

### Inherited By

`NSOutlineView`

## Conforms To

`CVarArg`  
`CustomDebugStringConvertible`  
`CustomStringConvertible`  
`Equatable`  
`Hashable`  
`NSAccessibilityElementProtocol`  
`NSAccessibilityGroup`  
`NSAccessibilityProtocol`  
`NSAccessibilityTable`  
`NSAnimatablePropertyContainer`  
`NSAppearanceCustomization`  
`NSCoding`  
`NSDraggingDestination`  
`NSDraggingSource`  
`NSObjectProtocol`  
`NSStandardKeyBindingResponding`  
`NSTextDelegate`  
`NSTextViewDelegate`  
`NSTouchBarProvider`  
`NSUserActivityRestoring`  
`NSUserInterfaceItemIdentification`  
`NSUserInterfaceValidations`  
`Sendable`  
`SendableMetatype`

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## See Also

### Related Documentation

[Table View Programming Guide for Mac](#)

## Views

`class NSTableCellView`

A reusable container view shown for a particular cell in a table view that uses rows for content.