Structural Equation Modeling

P.03 - Model Parameters

01.11.2021

Lab Description

For this practical you will need the following packages: lavaan and semPlot. You can install and load these packages using the following code:

```
# Install packages.
install.packages(c("lavaan", "semPlot"))

# Load the packages.
library(lavaan)
library(semPlot)
```

Exercise 1

Umstattd Meyer et al. (2014) measured poor psychosocial health as a single factor model using three item facets from a depression questionnaire and a measure of social activity. The covariance matrix is given in Figure 1.

	D1	D2	D3	SA
Depression 1	0.77	0.38	0.39	-0.25
Depression 2	0.38	0.65	0.39	-0.32
Depression 3	0.39	0.39	0.62	-0.27
Social Activity	-0.25	-0.32	-0.27	6.09

Data taken from Umstattd-Meyer et al. (2013, pp. 4-5)

Figure 1: Covariances for exercise 2 (N = 6053).

a. Enter the covariance matrix into R.

```
# Input the covariance matrix.
covariances <- c(0.77, 0.38, 0.65, 0.39, 0.39, 0.62, -0.25, -0.32, -0.27, 6.09)

# Create the covariance matrix using "lavaan::lav_matrix_lower2full".
covariances <- lav_matrix_lower2full(covariances)</pre>
```

```
# Add row and column names for the variables.
# Dep1 stands for "Depresion 1".
# Dep2 stands for "Depresion 2".
# Dep3 stands for "Depresion 3".
# SocAct stands for "Social Activity".
rownames(covariances) <- columnes(covariances) <- c("Dep1", "Dep2", "Dep3", "SocAct")</pre>
```

b. Fit the model using (1) the marker variable approach, (2) the standardized latent variable approach, and (3) the effect coding approach for achieving identification of the latent variable. For the marker variable method, use **Depression 1** as the marker variable. The resulting χ^2 and degrees of freedom (DF) should be identical for the three models.

Using (1) the marker variable approach.

Dep2

1.005

0.021 47.588

```
# Model syntax.
model marker <- "
# Model fit.
model_marker_fit <- cfa(model_marker, sample.cov = covariances, sample.nobs = 6053)</pre>
summary(model_marker_fit, standardized = TRUE)
## lavaan 0.6-9 ended normally after 27 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                         ML
                                                     NLMINB
     Optimization method
##
     Number of model parameters
                                                          8
##
##
     Number of observations
                                                       6053
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
     Test statistic
                                                      9.620
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                          2
     P-value (Chi-square)
##
                                                      0.008
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
     Standard errors
                                                   Standard
     Information
                                                   Expected
##
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                Structured
## Latent Variables:
##
                      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                              Std.lv Std.all
##
     PsychoSocial =~
##
       Dep1
                         1.000
                                                               0.616
                                                                        0.701
```

0.000

0.619

0.768

```
1.025
                                0.022 47.638
                                                                   0.801
##
      Dep3
                                                  0.000
                                                           0.631
##
      SocAct
                      -0.736
                                0.058 -12.793
                                                  0.000
                                                         -0.453
                                                                  -0.184
##
## Variances:
##
                     Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                          Std.lv Std.all
##
      .Dep1
                        0.391
                                0.009
                                        41.276
                                                  0.000
                                                           0.391
                                                                   0.508
                        0.267
                                      33.581
                                                                   0.411
      .Dep2
                                0.008
                                                  0.000
                                                           0.267
##
                        0.222
                                0.008 28.886
                                                                   0.358
##
      .Dep3
                                                  0.000
                                                           0.222
      .SocAct
                        5.884
                                0.108 54.559
                                                  0.000
                                                           5.884
                                                                   0.966
##
      PsychoSocial
                        0.379
                                0.014
                                      27.888
                                                  0.000
                                                           1.000
                                                                   1.000
```

Using (2) the standardized latent variable approach.

```
# Model syntax.
model_stdlv <- "
    PsychoSocial =- NA * Dep1 + Dep1 + Dep2 + Dep3 + SocAct
    PsychoSocial -- 1 * PsychoSocial
"

# Model fit.
model_stdlv_fit_1 <- cfa(model_stdlv, sample.cov = covariances, sample.nobs = 6053)

# Model summary.
summary(model_stdlv_fit_1, standardized = TRUE)

## lavaan 0.6-9 ended normally after 19 iterations
##
## Estimator ML
## Optimization method NLMINB</pre>
```

```
8
    Number of model parameters
##
##
    Number of observations
                                                     6053
##
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
    Test statistic
                                                    9.620
##
    Degrees of freedom
##
    P-value (Chi-square)
                                                    0.008
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
    Standard errors
                                                 Standard
##
    Information
                                                 Expected
    Information saturated (h1) model
##
                                               Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
                      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##
                                                            Std.lv Std.all
##
    PsychoSocial =~
                                                                      0.701
##
      Dep1
                        0.616
                                  0.011
                                        55.776
                                                    0.000
                                                             0.616
                                                                      0.768
##
      Dep2
                        0.619
                                  0.010
                                          61.392
                                                    0.000
                                                             0.619
      Dep3
                        0.631
                                  0.010
                                          64.285
                                                    0.000
                                                             0.631
                                                                      0.801
                        -0.453
                                  0.035 -12.967
                                                    0.000
                                                            -0.453
                                                                     -0.184
##
      SocAct
```

```
##
## Variances:
                     Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                            Std.lv Std.all
##
                        1.000
                                                             1.000
                                                                      1.000
##
      PsychoSocial
                        0.391
                                                                      0.508
##
      .Dep1
                                 0.009
                                         41.276
                                                    0.000
                                                             0.391
##
      .Dep2
                         0.267
                                  0.008
                                          33.581
                                                    0.000
                                                             0.267
                                                                      0.411
                        0.222
                                                                      0.358
      .Dep3
                                  0.008
                                          28.886
                                                    0.000
                                                             0.222
##
                         5.884
                                                                      0.966
##
      .SocAct
                                 0.108
                                         54.559
                                                    0.000
                                                             5.884
```

Instead of tweaking the model syntax, we can also indicate that we want to standardize the latent variable by setting the std.lv = TRUE argument in lavaan::cfa. In this case, we use the model syntax model_marker.

```
# Model fit using standardized latent variable approach via `std.lv = TRUE`.
model_stdlv_fit_2 <- cfa(</pre>
    model_marker,
    sample.cov = covariances,
    sample.nobs = 6053
summary(model_stdlv_fit_2, standardized = TRUE)
## lavaan 0.6-9 ended normally after 19 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                         ML
                                                     NLMINB
##
     Optimization method
     Number of model parameters
                                                          8
##
##
##
     Number of observations
                                                       6053
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                      9.620
```

```
##
## Test statistic 9.620
## Degrees of freedom 2
## P-value (Chi-square) 0.008
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Standard errors Standard
```

Latent Variables:

```
Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                          Std.lv Std.all
##
    PsychoSocial =~
##
                                                                    0.701
##
      Dep1
                        0.616
                                 0.011
                                       55.776
                                                  0.000
                                                           0.616
      Dep2
                        0.619
                                 0.010
                                        61.392
                                                  0.000
                                                           0.619
                                                                    0.768
##
      Dep3
                        0.631
                                 0.010
                                        64.285
                                                  0.000
                                                           0.631
                                                                    0.801
##
##
      SocAct
                       -0.453
                                 0.035 -12.967
                                                  0.000
                                                          -0.453
                                                                  -0.184
##
```

Variances:

##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
##	.Dep1	0.391	0.009	41.276	0.000	0.391	0.508
##	.Dep2	0.267	0.008	33.581	0.000	0.267	0.411
##	.Dep3	0.222	0.008	28.886	0.000	0.222	0.358
##	.SocAct	5.884	0.108	54.559	0.000	5.884	0.966
##	PsychoSocial	1.000				1.000	1.000

Both ways of standardizing the latent variable show in the output that the variance of the latent variable PsychoSocial has a variance of 1. Furthermore, model fit is identical to marker variable approach (i.e., $\chi^2 = 9.620$).

Using (3) the effect coding approach.

```
# Model syntax.
model_effect_coding <- "
    PsychoSocial =-
    NA * Dep1 +
    LoadingDep1 * Dep1 +
    LoadingDep2 * Dep2 +
    LoadingSocAct * SocAct

# Effect coding.
    LoadingDep1 == 4 - LoadingDep2 - LoadingDep3 - LoadingSocAct
"

# Model fit.
model_effect_coding_fit <- cfa(model_effect_coding, sample.cov = covariances, sample.nobs = 6053)

# Summary.
summary(model_effect_coding_fit, standardized = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-9 ended normally after 29 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                        ML
                                                    NLMINB
     Optimization method
##
##
     Number of model parameters
                                                          9
     Number of equality constraints
                                                          1
##
##
##
     Number of observations
                                                      6053
##
## Model Test User Model:
                                                      9.620
##
     Test statistic
##
     Degrees of freedom
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                     0.008
##
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
    Standard errors
                                                  Standard
##
     Information
                                                  Expected
##
     Information saturated (h1) model
                                                Structured
```

```
##
## Latent Variables:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
     PsychoSocial =~
##
       Dep1
                (LdD1)
                          1.744
                                   0.048
                                            36.449
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.616
                                                                         0.701
                (LdD2)
                          1.753
                                   0.048
                                            36.367
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.619
                                                                         0.768
##
       Dep2
##
       Dep3
                (LdD3)
                          1.787
                                    0.049
                                            36.377
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.631
                                                                         0.801
       SocAct (LdSA)
                         -1.284
                                   0.131
                                            -9.832
                                                       0.000
                                                               -0.453
                                                                        -0.184
##
##
## Variances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
##
      .Dep1
                          0.391
                                    0.009
                                            41.276
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.391
                                                                         0.508
                          0.267
                                   0.008
                                            33.581
                                                      0.000
                                                                0.267
                                                                         0.411
##
      .Dep2
      .Dep3
                          0.222
                                   0.008
                                            28.886
                                                      0.000
                                                                0.222
                                                                         0.358
##
                          5.884
                                            54.559
                                                                         0.966
##
      .SocAct
                                    0.108
                                                       0.000
                                                                5.884
##
       PsychoSocial
                          0.125
                                    0.007
                                            17.914
                                                      0.000
                                                                1.000
                                                                         1.000
##
## Constraints:
##
                                                    |Slack|
##
       LoadingDep1-(4-LdngDp2-LdngDp3-LdngScAct)
                                                       0.000
# Extract the values for the loadings.
loadings <- coef(model_effect_coding_fit)[1:4]</pre>
mean(loadings)
```

[1] 1

Again, we see that model fit is identical to the marker and standardized latent variables approaches. Latent variable is on the same scale as the average of all the indicators (i.e., optimally weighted average of set of indicators). Average of the loadings equals $\frac{1.744+1.753+1.787-1.284}{4} = 1$. The variance of PsychoSocial latent variable is 0.125, and it represents the average of the amount of reliable variance that each indicator contributes to the definition of this latent construct.

c. Re-estimate the first model (i.e., using the marker variable method), but now with the additional equality constraints between the loadings of Depression 1, Depression 2, and Social Activity.

```
# Model syntax with equality constraint.
model_marker_constrained <- "
    PsychSocLV =~ c1 * Dep1 + c1 * Dep2 + Dep3 + c1 * SocAct
"

# Model fit.
model_marker_constrained_fit <- cfa(model_marker_constrained, sample.cov = covariances, sample.nobs = 6053)

# Model summary.
summary(model_marker_constrained_fit)</pre>
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-9 ended normally after 19 iterations
##
## Estimator ML
```

```
NLMINB
##
    Optimization method
##
    Number of model parameters
                                                          6
##
                                                       6053
    Number of observations
##
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
    Test statistic
                                                   866.417
##
    Degrees of freedom
##
    P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.000
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##
    Standard errors
                                                   Standard
     Information
                                                   Expected
     Information saturated (h1) model
##
                                                Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
##
                      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
    PsychSocLV =~
       Dep1
##
                 (c1)
                         1.000
##
       Dep2
                 (c1)
                         1.000
       Dep3
                         1.102
                                   0.021
                                           52.812
                                                      0.000
##
                         1.000
##
       SocAct
                 (c1)
##
## Variances:
##
                      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                         0.403
                                   0.009
                                           43.756
##
      .Dep1
##
      .Dep2
                         0.288
                                   0.008
                                           37.834
                                                      0.000
                         0.208
                                           25.245
##
      .Dep3
                                   0.008
                                                      0.000
                         6.732
      .SocAct
                                   0.124
                                           54.458
                                                      0.000
##
       PsychSocLV
                         0.339
                                   0.010
                                           35.255
                                                      0.000
```

d. Test the constrained against the unconstrained marker model using the likelihood ratio test. What do you conclude?

```
# Perform a likelihood ratio test using the `anova` function in `R`.
anova(model_marker_constrained_fit, model_marker_fit)
```

We see that the constrained model fits worse than unconstrained model, hence we prefer the unconstrained model.

Exercise 2

Consider the following hypothesized four-factor CFA model of self-concept depicted in Figure 2.

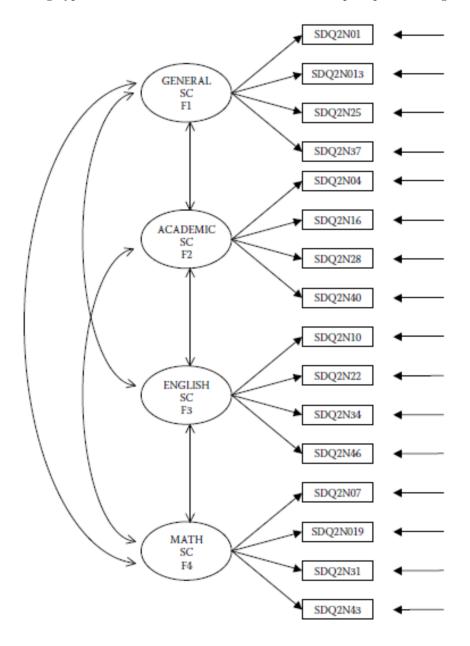


Figure 2: CFA model of self-concept.

a. Using the data that are stored in the dataset ASC7INDM.csv with N=265, estimate this model and evaluate its fit using the MFTS statistic reported by lavaan. Use the marker variable approach to identify the scale of the latent variables.

Set the working directory to the location where your data file has been downloaded and load the data.

For example.
setwd("/Users/mihai/Downloads")

```
# Load data.
data <- read.csv("ASC7INDM.csv")

# Inspect the data.
View(data)

# Or quickly list the variables.
str(data)

# Or summarize the data.
summary(data)</pre>
```

Optional. When working with new datasets, it can also help to have a bird's eye view on the correlation structure of the data. We can use the corrplot package to obtain such a plot, which we can install and load as follows:

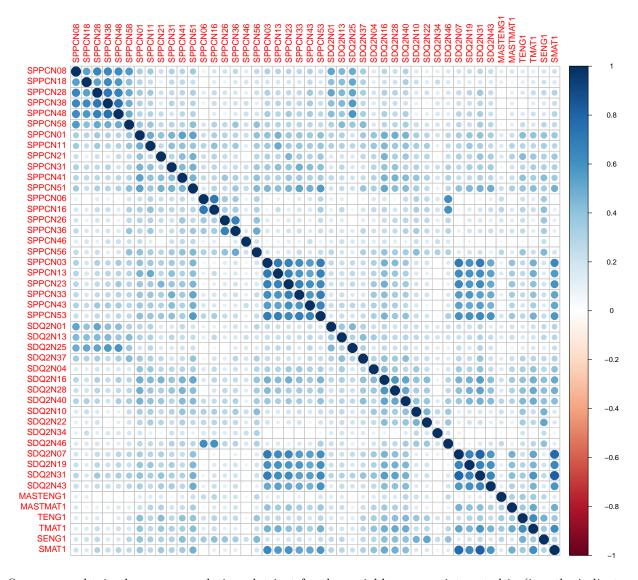
```
# Install the `corrplot` package.
install.packages("corrplot")

# Load the package.
library(corrplot)
```

Now, we can obtain our correlation plot as follows:

```
# Compute correlations between all pair of variables.
corrs <- cor(data)

# Plot the correlations.
# Tip: make sure you open your plot in a new window to get a better view.
corrplot(corrs)</pre>
```

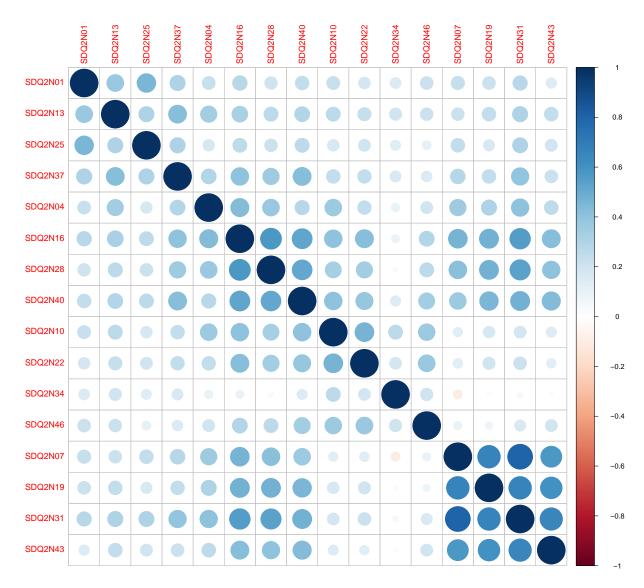


Or, we can obtain the same correlation plot just for the variables we are interested in (i.e., the indicator variables depicted in Figure 2).

```
# Write down the names of the variables we are interested in.
names <- c(
    "SDQ2N01", "SDQ2N13", "SDQ2N25", "SDQ2N37",
    "SDQ2N04", "SDQ2N16", "SDQ2N28", "SDQ2N40",
    "SDQ2N10", "SDQ2N22", "SDQ2N34", "SDQ2N46",
    "SDQ2N07", "SDQ2N19", "SDQ2N31", "SDQ2N43"
)

# Compute the correlations only for the variables listed in `names`.
corrs_variables <- cor(data[, names])

# Plot the correlations.
corrplot(corrs_variables)</pre>
```



Now that we've loaded and inspected the data, we can continue with fitting the model depicted in Figure 2. Note that for identification purposes we will use the marker variable approach.

```
# Model syntax.

model_self_concept <- "

# Measurement model.

F1 =~ SDQ2N01 + SDQ2N13 + SDQ2N25 + SDQ2N37

F2 =~ SDQ2N04 + SDQ2N16 + SDQ2N28 + SDQ2N40

F3 =~ SDQ2N10 + SDQ2N22 + SDQ2N34 + SDQ2N46

F4 =~ SDQ2N07 + SDQ2N19 + SDQ2N31 + SDQ2N43

# Covariances between latent variables.

F1 ~~ F2

F1 ~~ F3

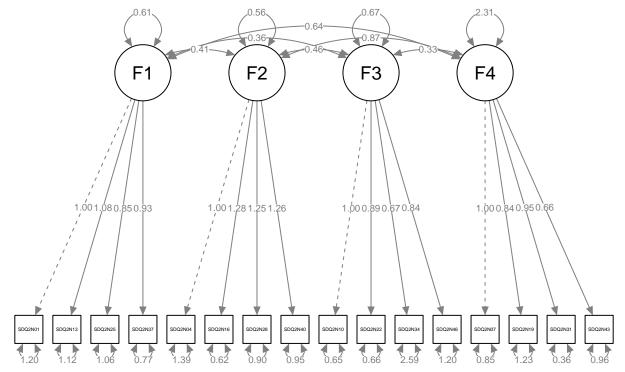
F1 ~~ F4

F2 ~~ F3

F2 ~~ F4

F3 ~~ F4
```

```
# Model fit.
model_self_concept_fit <- cfa(model_self_concept, data = data)
# Visualize the model.
semPaths(model_self_concept_fit, what = "paths", whatLabels = "est", sizeMan = 4)</pre>
```



Model summary.
summary(model_self_concept_fit)

```
## lavaan 0.6-9 ended normally after 49 iterations
```

##

##	Estimator	ML
##	Optimization method	NLMINB
##	Number of model parameters	38
##		
##	Number of observations	265

Model Test User Model:

##

##	Test statistic	159.112
##	Degrees of freedom	98
##	P-value (Chi-square)	0.000

Parameter Estimates:

##

##	Standard errors	Standard
##	Information	Expected
##	Information saturated (h1) model	Structured

##					
##	Latent Variables:				
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
##	F1 =~				
##	SDQ2N01	1.000			
##	SDQ2N13	1.083	0.154	7.044	0.000
##	SDQ2N25	0.851	0.132	6.455	0.000
##	SDQ2N37	0.934	0.131	7.131	0.000
##	F2 =~				
##	SDQ2N04	1.000			
##	SDQ2N16	1.279	0.150	8.520	0.000
##	SDQ2N28	1.247	0.154	8.097	0.000
##	SDQ2N40	1.259	0.156	8.048	0.000
##	F3 =~				
##	SDQ2N10	1.000			
##	SDQ2N22	0.889	0.103	8.658	0.000
##	SDQ2N34	0.670	0.148	4.539	0.000
##	SDQ2N46	0.843	0.117	7.225	0.000
##	F4 =~				
##	SDQ2N07	1.000			
##	SDQ2N19	0.841	0.058	14.495	0.000
##	SDQ2N31	0.952	0.049	19.516	0.000
##	SDQ2N43	0.655	0.049	13.298	0.000
##					
	Covariances:	_		_	- () ()
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
##	F1 ~~	0.445	0 070	F 000	0.000
##	F2	0.415	0.078	5.292	0.000
##	F3 F4	0.355 0.635	0.072 0.118	4.947	0.000
##	F2 ~~	0.035	0.110	5.387	0.000
##	F3	0.464	0.078	5.921	0.000
##	F4	0.404	0.078	6.519	0.000
##	F3 ~~	0.073	0.104	0.515	0.000
##	F4	0.331	0.100	3.309	0.001
##	1.1	0.001	0.100	0.005	0.001
	Variances:				
##	, all landes.	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)
##	.SDQ2N01	1.198	0.126	9.537	0.000
##	.SDQ2N13	1.119	0.124	9.019	0.000
##	.SDQ2N25	1.056	0.107	9.897	0.000
##	.SDQ2N37	0.771	0.087	8.821	0.000
##	.SDQ2NO4	1.394	0.128	10.900	0.000
##	.SDQ2N16	0.616	0.068	9.020	0.000
##	.SDQ2N28	0.896	0.090	9.959	0.000
##	.SDQ2N40	0.952	0.095	10.029	0.000
##	.SDQ2N10	0.653	0.082	7.941	0.000
##	.SDQ2N22	0.657	0.075	8.735	0.000
##	.SDQ2N34	2.590	0.233	11.128	0.000
##	.SDQ2N46	1.201	0.118	10.183	0.000
##	.SDQ2N07	0.854	0.100	8.551	0.000

```
##
      .SDQ2N19
                            1.228
                                      0.121
                                               10.153
                                                          0.000
##
       .SDQ2N31
                            0.365
                                      0.065
                                                5.649
                                                          0.000
       .SDQ2N43
                            0.964
                                      0.092
                                               10.473
                                                          0.000
##
       F1
                            0.613
                                      0.137
                                                4.464
                                                          0.000
##
##
       F2
                            0.561
                                      0.126
                                                4.453
                                                          0.000
       F3
                            0.668
                                                5.749
                                                          0.000
##
                                      0.116
       F4
                            2.307
                                      0.273
                                                8.460
                                                          0.000
##
```

We obtain a $\chi^2 = 159.112$ with DF = 98 and a p-value < 0.001. The *null hypothesis* that the model implied covariance matrix fits the population covariance matrix must be rejected. You do not want to reject the null hypothesis (i.e., you want a p-value above a certain alpha).

Note. The covariances between the latent variables are estimated by default when using lavaan. These covariances were added in the syntax above just to illustrate how this is done.

b. According to the lavaan results, this model has 98 degrees of freedom. Show calculations that clarify why this model has 98 degrees of freedom.

The variance-covariance matrix Σ has $\frac{16\times(16+1)}{2}=136$ elements. In the model we have 38 parameters:

- 16 variances of error terms
- 4 variances of latent variables
- 6 covariances
- 12 loadings (i.e., not 16 because we implement 4 marker constraints)

We compute the degrees of freedom as

$$DF = \#$$
 parameters $- \#$ free parameters

and obtain 136 - 38 = 98.

c. Which possibilities do you have to possibly improve the fit of the model?

Ways to possibly improve model fit:

- ullet include cross-loadings
- include error covariances,
- constrain parameters to certain values

We may also add equality constraints, or constrain non-significant loadings and/ or covariances to 0. However, this will not improve the fit, it will only ensure that the model fit will not become worse.

References

Umstattd Meyer, M. R., Janke, M. C., & Beaujean, A. A. (2014). Predictors of Older Adults' Personal and Community Mobility: Using a Comprehensive Theoretical Mobility Framework. *The Gerontologist*, 54(3), 398–408. https://doi.org/10.1093/geront/gnt054