

Meta-cognition evaluation

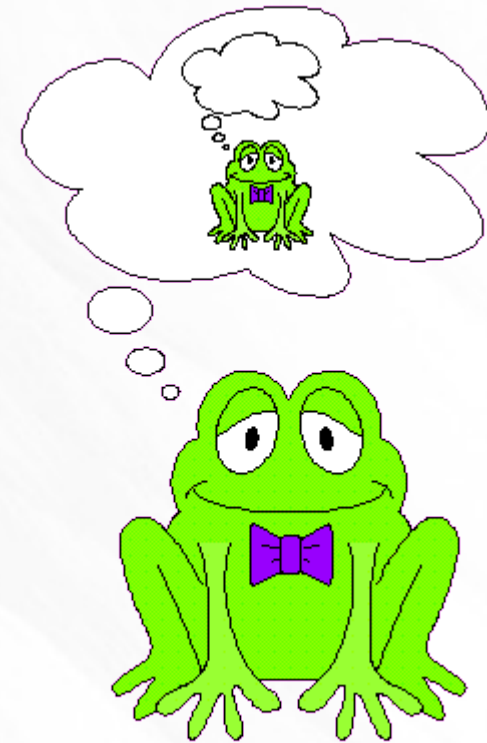
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<https://github.com/mihaimaruseac/nlp>

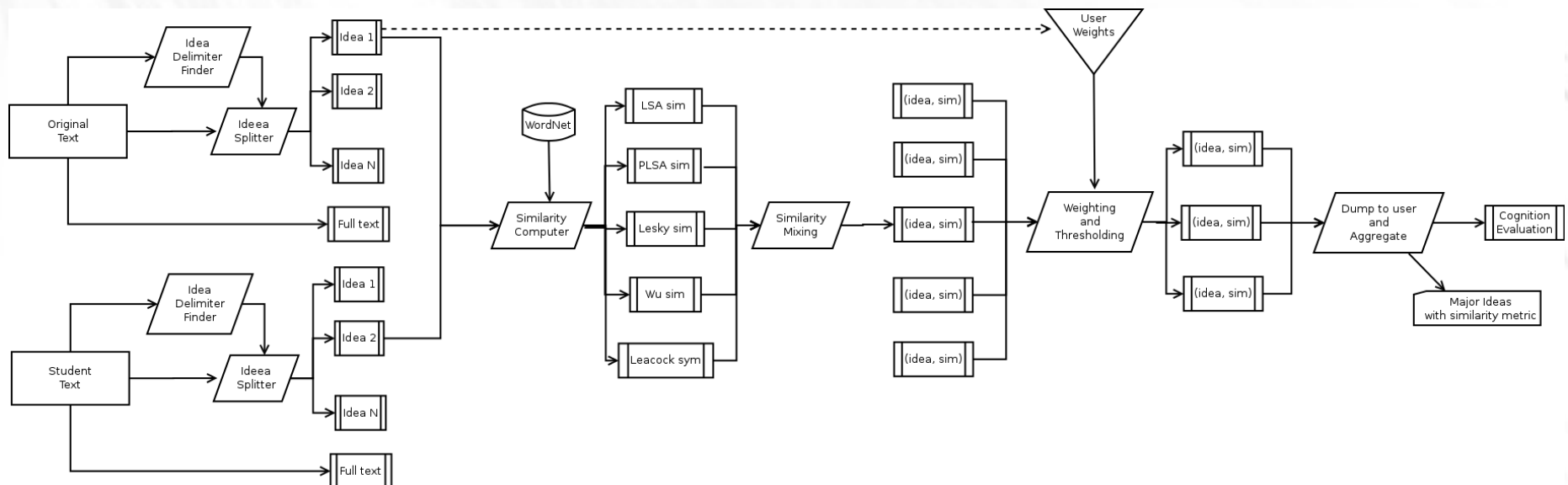
Metacognition

- Thinking about knowing
- Learning about thinking
- Control of learning



Overview

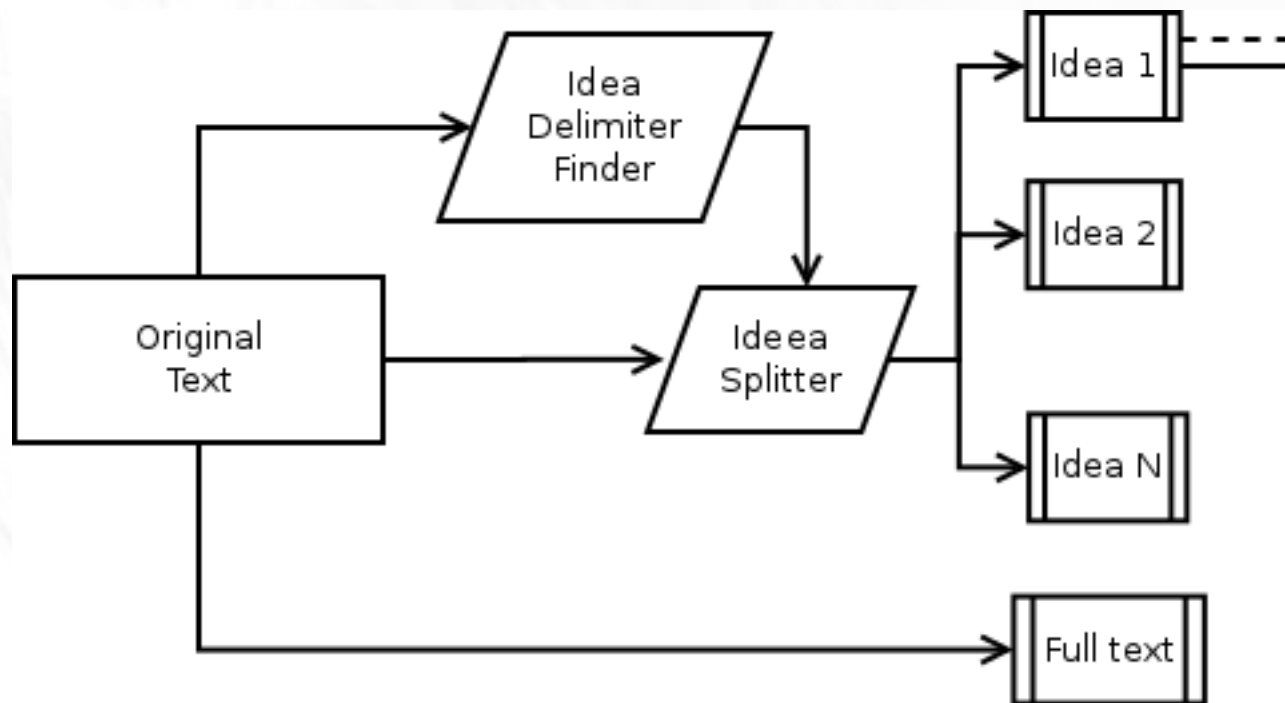
$MC\ O\ S = presentUser\ \$\ filter\ (TF\ w_{ideas})\ \$\ map\ SC\ \$\ MI\ (getIdeas\ O)\ (getIdeas\ S)$



Overview

- Pipeline architecture
- Easily parallelisable
- Map-Reduce

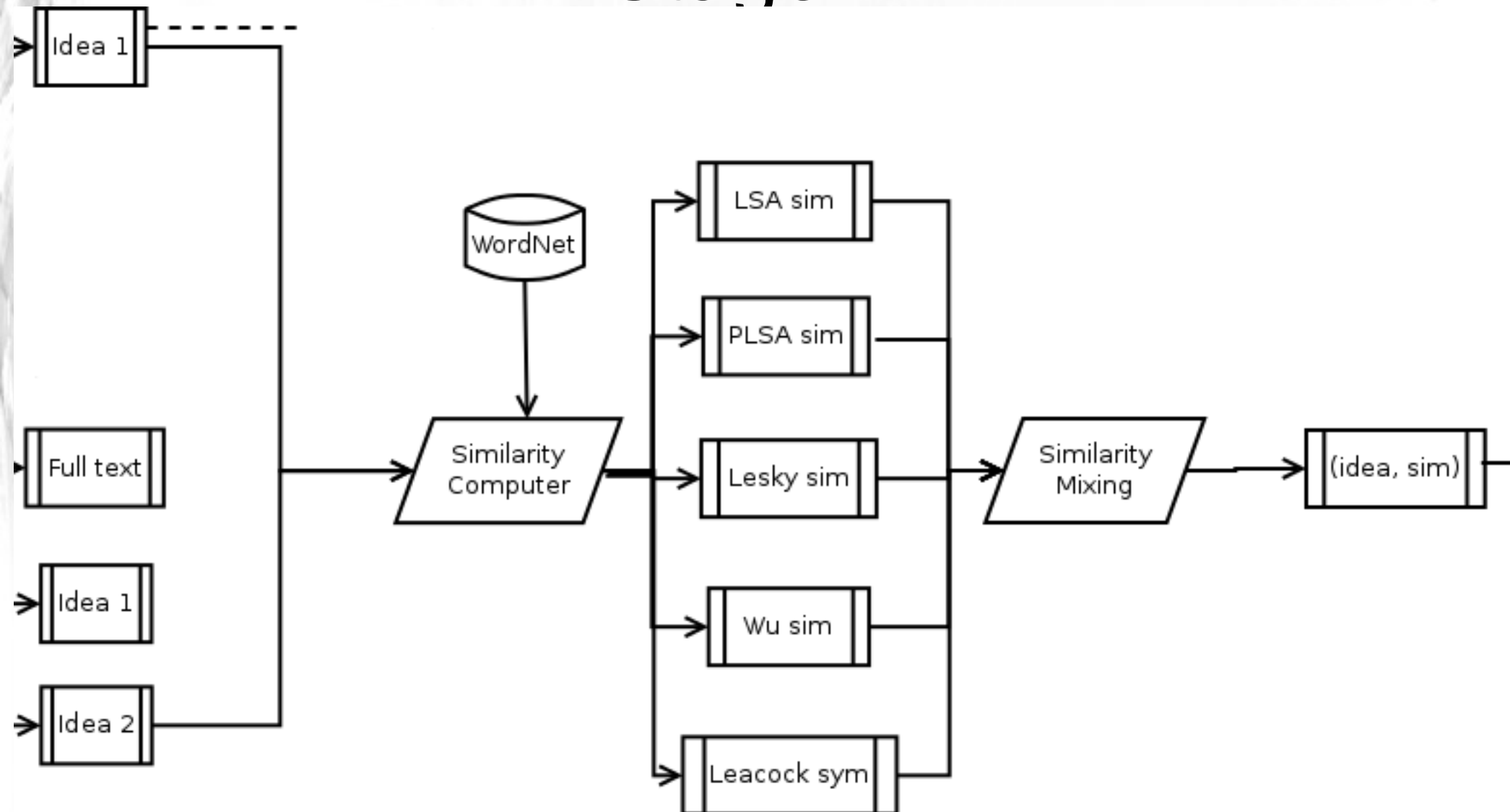
Stage 1



Stage 1

- Increase capabilities
- Weights to filter more important ideas
- Keep full text as well
- Split on paragraphs vs split on connectors
- Both for original and student's work

Stage 2



Stage 2

- Pair ideas: one from original, one from student's work
- Use multiple similarities metrics
- Mix them before output
- LSA, PLSA
- WordNet (3)

Stage 2 :: WordNet

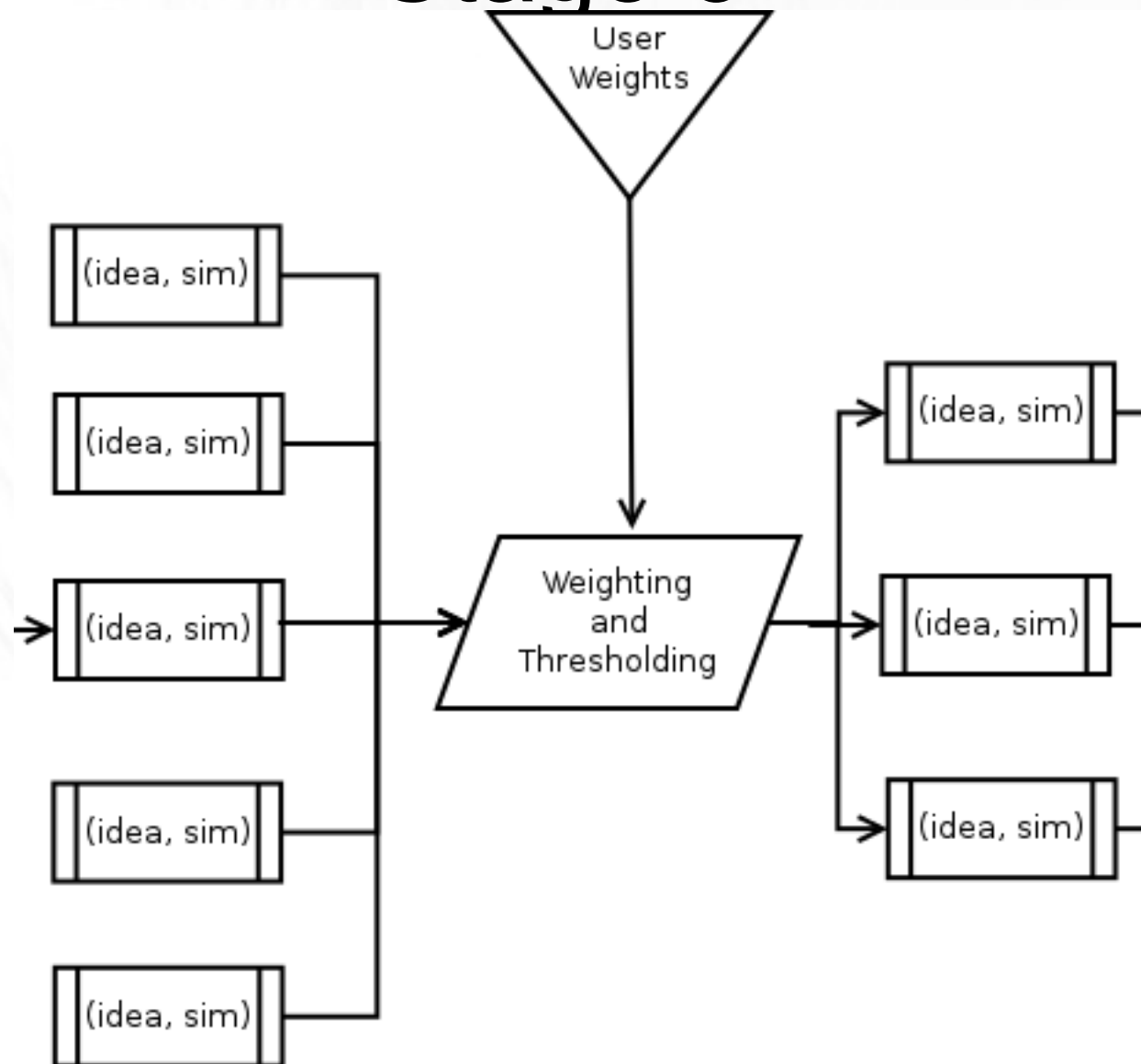
- Lesky, 1986: overlap between dictionary entries
- Wu, 1994:

$$Similarity(w1, w2) = \frac{2 * depth(LCS)}{depth(w1) + depth(w2)}$$

- Leacock, 1998:

$$Similarity = -\log\left(\frac{length}{2 * D}\right)$$

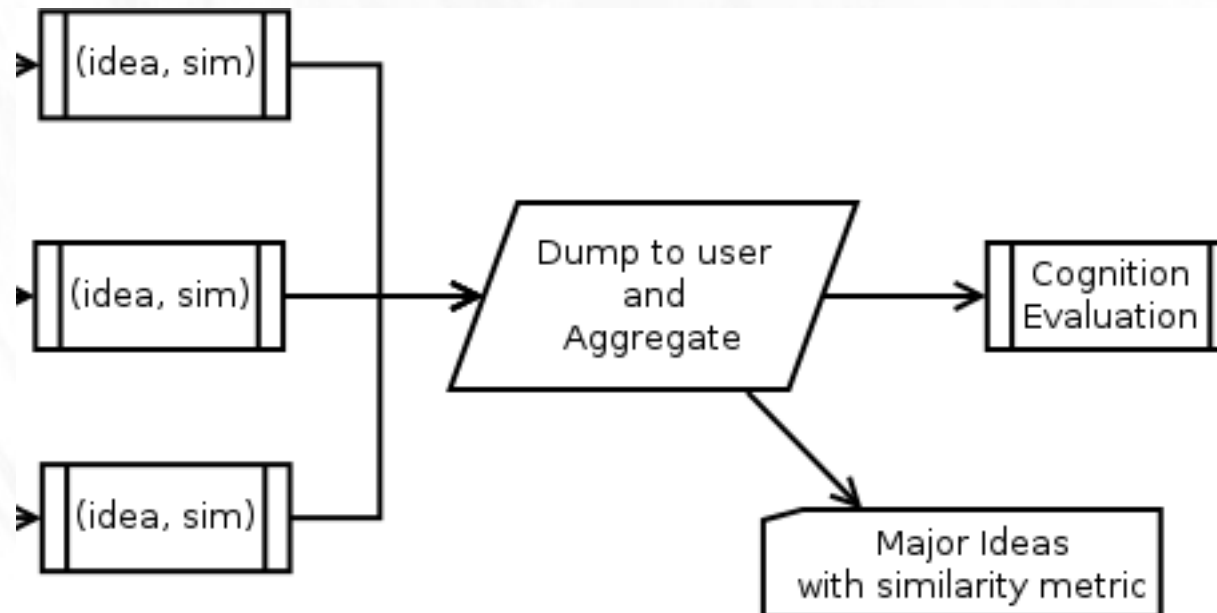
Stage 3



Stage 3

- Keep only the relevant pairs
- Tweakable by user preferences towards some ideas
- Use thresholds
- Filter pairs

Stage 4



Stage 4

- Output each relevant pair
- Aggregate pairs to compute a single metric
- Let user decide what to use from them.

RapidMiner vs WEKA

- RapidMiner
- More text analysis tools
- Command line interface – usable from our application only when needed
- Multilayered-data-view concept mapping closely to our pipeline idea

OpenNLP vs MontiLingua vs GATE

- MontiLingua
- Python, a collection of libraries
- Use what you need
- No training required
- Enriched with common sense knowledge
- Less vulnerable to NLP errors

Thanks

