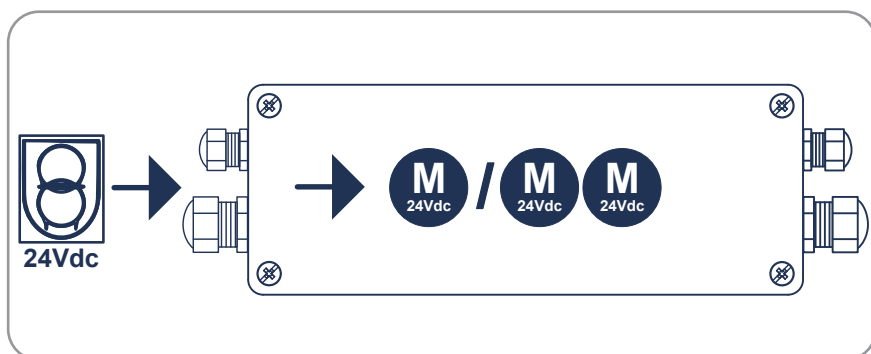
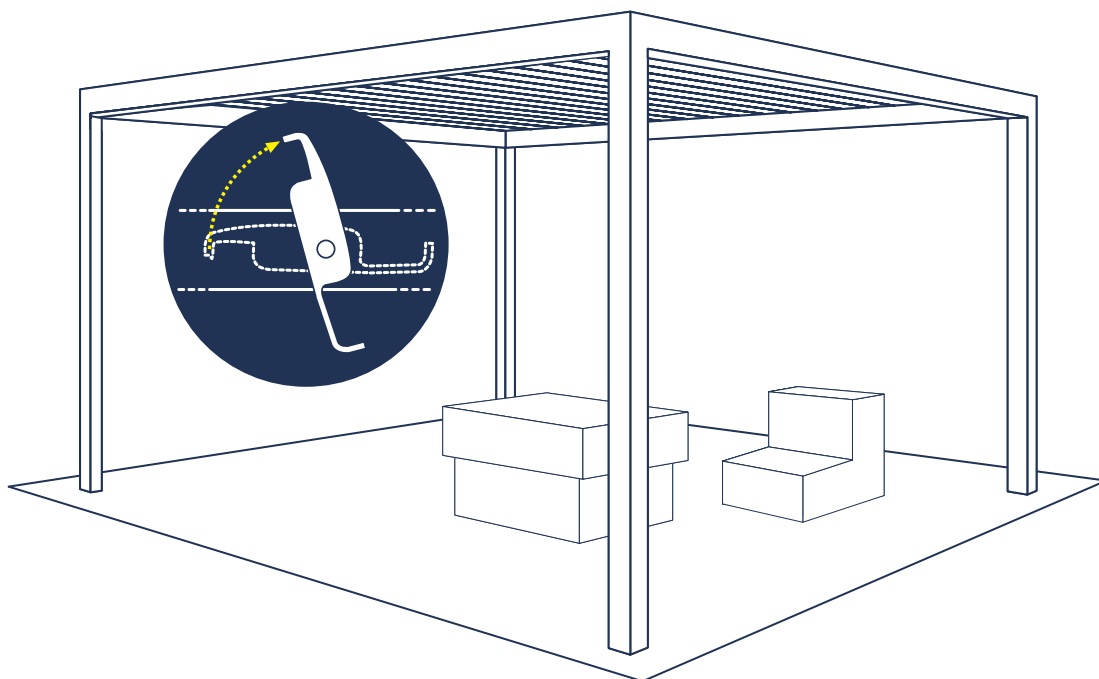
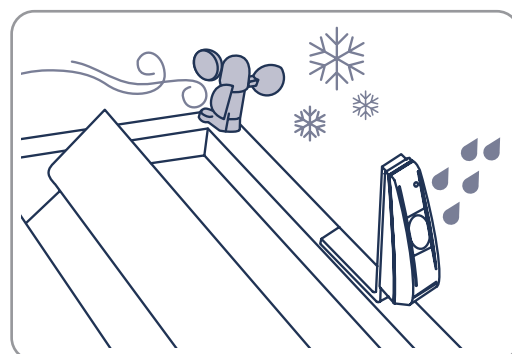


**EN 24VDC CONTROL UNIT WITH RADIO RECEIVER TO CONTROL ONE OR TWO 24V MOTORS FOR ADJUSTABLE SLATS**

Product code **TVPLA868CC2S2AL** ( $h = 74mm$ )

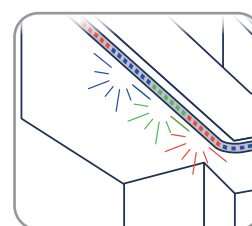
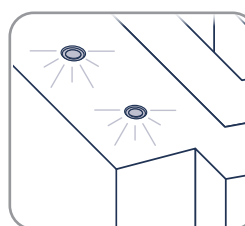
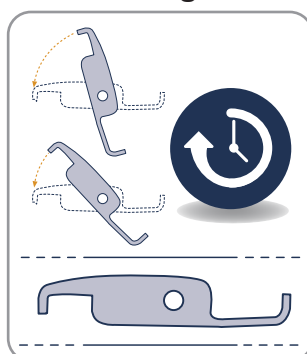
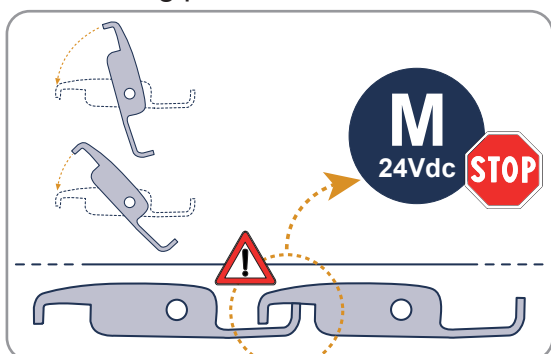


Independent or synchronized control of motor outputs.



Inputs for **rain**, **wind** and **temperature** (for ice) sensors. Combination of rain and temperature sensors to detect **snow**.

Self-learning procedure for **limit switches** and **working times**.



**LED CARD** (optional) to control the **1-colour**, **RGB** or **RGBW** 24Vdc LED lights.

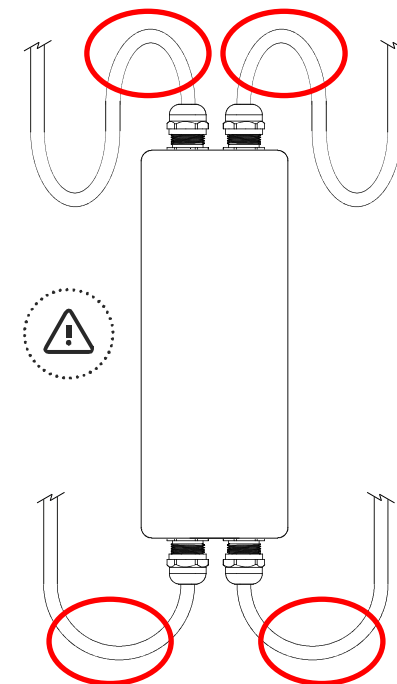
## INDEX

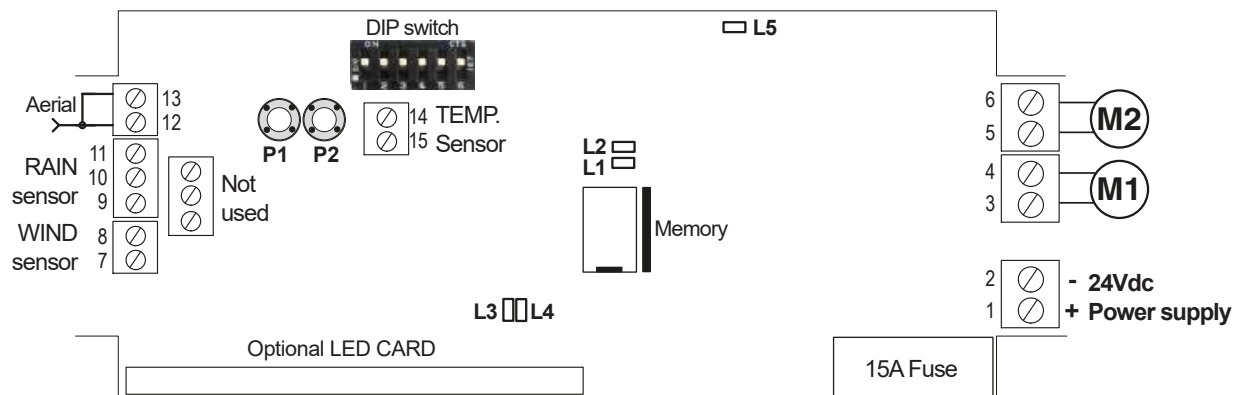
<b>1. Connections, adjustments and control unit warnings</b>	<i>page 3</i>	<b>4. SENSORS (Alarms priority)</b>	<i>pages 13 - 16</i>
<b>2. MOTOR CONFIGURATION</b>	<i>pages 4 - 8</i>	4.1 Survival Alarm	
2.1 Pergola with 1 motor		4.2 WIND sensor	
2.2 Pergola with 2 synchronized motors		4.3 SNOW condition	
2.3 Pergola with 2 independent motors		4.4 RAIN sensor	
2.4 Setting of the current threshold during configuration		4.5 After rain	
2.5 Quick learning of limit switches		4.6 TEMPERATURE sensor	
<b>3. TRANSMITTERS</b>	<i>pages 9 - 12</i>	4.7 Modification of the alarm automatic angles	
3.1 Radio codes memorization		<b>5. FURTHER DETAILS</b>	<i>page 17</i>
3.2 Sensor radio code memorization		5.1 Troubleshooting (what to do IF...)	
3.3 Radio codes deletion		5.2 Replacing the control unit	
3.4 Remote memorization of other radio codes		<b>6. Technical specifications</b>	<i>page 18</i>
3.5 Remote deletion of a radio code		<b>Sensoristics</b>	<i>page 19</i>



## WARNINGS

The product at issue must be installed, commissioned and maintained only by licensed and authorised people, respecting the laws concerning the automatic covers. The system is powered by 24Vdc. Before the connection to the power supply make sure that the sensors and motors are correctly connected. A faulty connection of the motors (polarity inversion) could damage them together with the connected mechanical elements. The power supply must supply the required voltage and current according to the characteristics of the system. The power supply must be compliant with IEC60950-1 and must be protected against the short-circuit and over-voltage. Use a 2x1.5mm cable to connect the motors and the control unit for length up to 6m, or 2x2.5mm cable for longer segments. **PRODUCT DISPOSAL:** at the end of this product's useful life, it must not be disposed of as domestic waste, but must be taken to a collection centre for waste electrical and electronic equipment. To prevent infiltration of water, wire the product as follows:





**ATTENTION!** The electronic board is protected by a **15A** fuse.  
The maximum allowed power, including the plug-in LED controller board, is **240W**.

LED	COLOUR	STATUS	MEANING
L1	RED	ON until next manoeuvre	MOTOR 1: Limit switch or alarm
L2	RED	ON until next manoeuvre	MOTOR 2: Limit switch or alarm
L3	BLUE	ON	Synchronized mode activated
		One flash every second	Synchronized mode activated (during configuration)
		One flash every 2 s	Independent mode activated (during configuration)
L4	RED	One flash every 10 s	Survival alarm (par. 4.1)
		Two flash every 10 s	Wind alarm (par. 4.2)
		Three flash every 10 s	Snow alarm (par. 4.3)
		Four flash every 10 s	Rain alarm (par. 4.4)
		Five flash every 10 s	After Rain (par. 4.5)
		Six flash every 10 s	Temperature alarm (par. 4.6)
		Five flashes	Unexpected absorption of one motor in synchronized mode
		Six flashes	Built-in motor limit switch activated
		Seven flashes	Motor stopped by current absorption over the threshold
		Eight flashes	Safety limit switch
		Ten flashes	One motor is short-circuited
		One flash every second	Survival deactivate
		One flash every 2 s	Rain sensor deactivate
		One flash every 3 s	Temperature sensor deactivate
L5	RED	ON	Power ON

□ = Weather sensor alarms (from higher to lower priority) ■ = MOTOR alarms

1	+24Vdc POWER SUPPLY
2	POWER SUPPLY GND
3	MOTOR 1 (OPEN)
4	MOTOR 1 (CLOSE)
5	MOTOR 2 (OPEN)
6	MOTOR 2 (CLOSE)
7	WIND SENSOR (BROWN)
8	WIND SENSOR (BLUE)
9	RAIN SENSOR (WHITE, +12Vdc)
10	RAIN SENSOR (BLUE, SIGNAL)
11	RAIN SENSOR (YELLOW, GND)
12	AERIAL RF
13	AERIAL GND
14	TEMPERATURE SENSOR (BLACK)
15	TEMPERATURE SENSOR (WHITE)

DIP	MEANING
1 - 2 - 3	Setting of wind sensor threshold (see par. 4.2)
4 - 5	Motor control mode (see par. 2.1, 2.2, 2.3)
6	Maximum motor current threshold set during configuration (see par. 2.4)

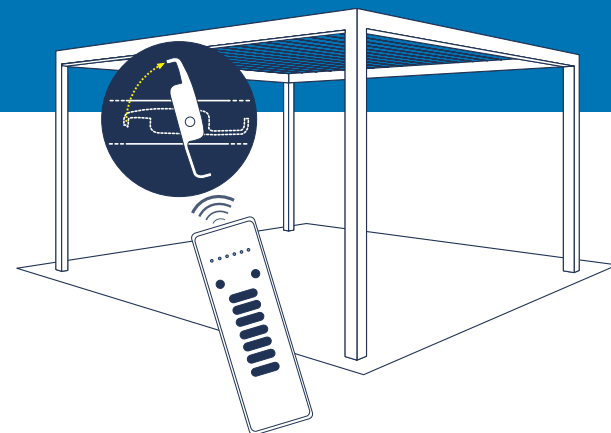
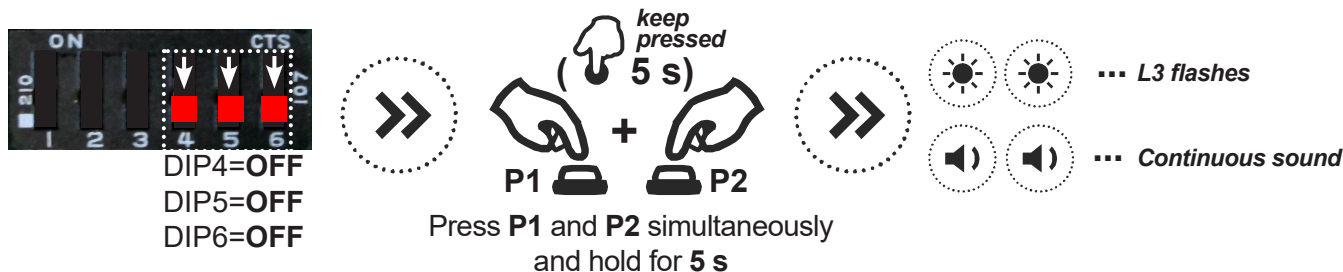
□ = It takes effect **DURING** configuration

**FIRST POWER ON:** at first power-on, the system is waiting to be programmed with the memorization of at least one transmitter (par. 3) and the configuration of the motors and relative working time (see below).

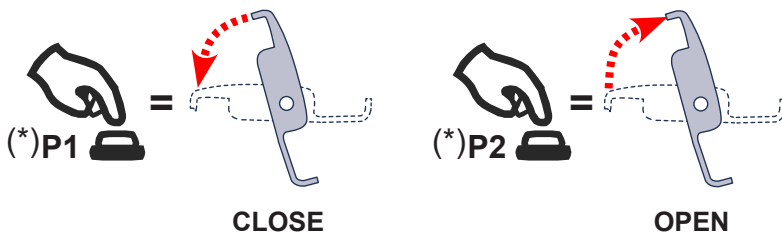
**MOTOR CONFIGURATION:** Identify the correct product application from the 3 given below and follow the relative configuration procedure.  
**Attention:** if the wrong application is selected, the configuration procedure must be repeated for the correct application.

## 2.1 PERGOLA WITH 1 MOTOR

## 1. MOTOR CONFIGURATION

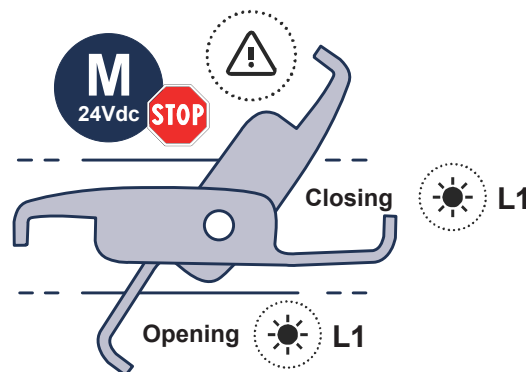


(\*) Maximun time with the key pressed 90s.



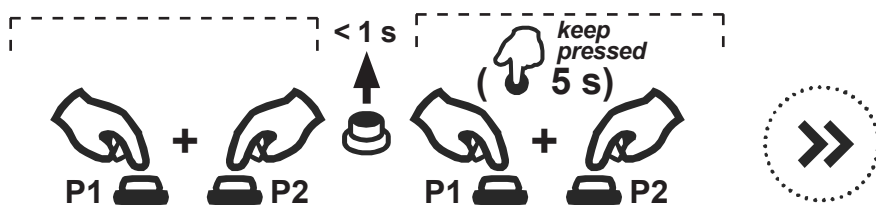
If the direction is wrong, invert the motor wires.  
Note: Time out after 30s or pressing the push button.

## LIMIT SWITCHES

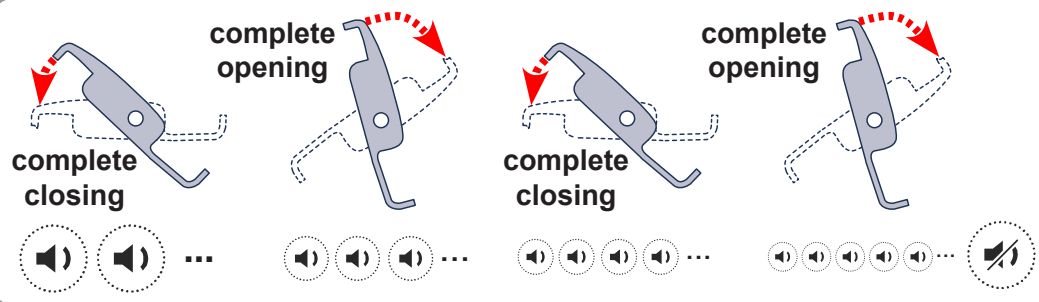


Check that movement stops when the limit switch is reached (**L1 ON**)  
If it doesn't, change the threshold as per **PAR 2.4** and repeat.

**2. SELF-LEARNING OF LIMIT SWITCHES:** before starting the procedure, position the structure in the maximum desired position.



Press **P1** and **P2** simultaneously **twice** in quick succession and hold them the second time for **5 s**



**ATTENTION:**

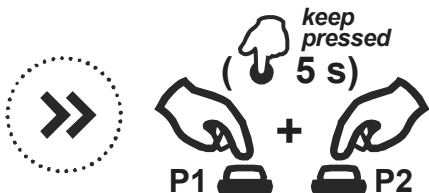


**DO NOT** change the DIP configuration. This change would be signalled by a new intermittent sound and the flashing of L3, and would require a new configuration procedure.

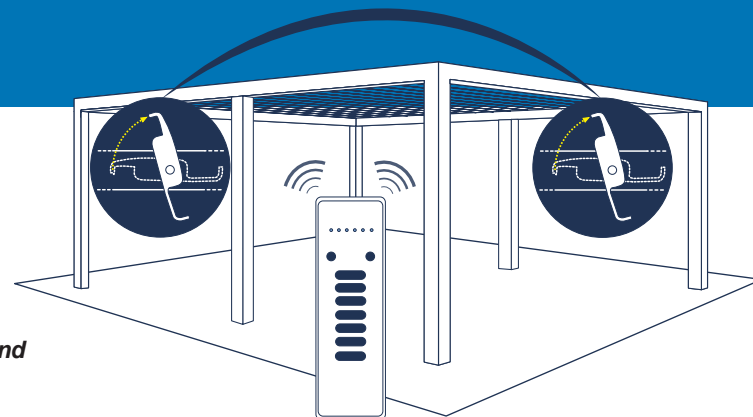
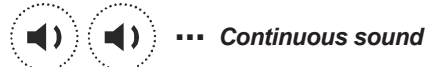
## 1. MOTOR CONFIGURATION



DIP4=OFF  
DIP5=ON  
DIP6=OFF

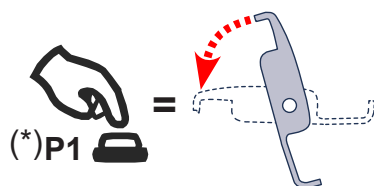


Press **P1** and **P2** simultaneously  
and hold for **5 s**

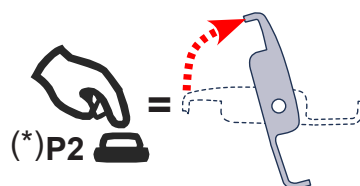


DIRECTION

(\*) Maximum time with the key pressed 90s.



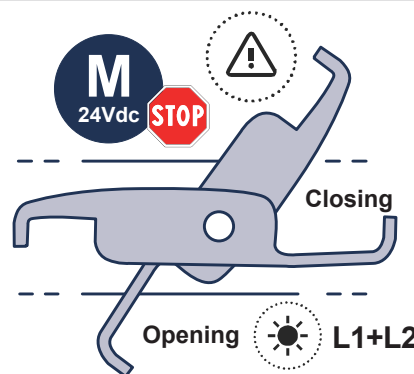
CLOSE



OPEN

If the direction is wrong, invert the motor wires.  
Note: Time out after 30s or pressing the push button.

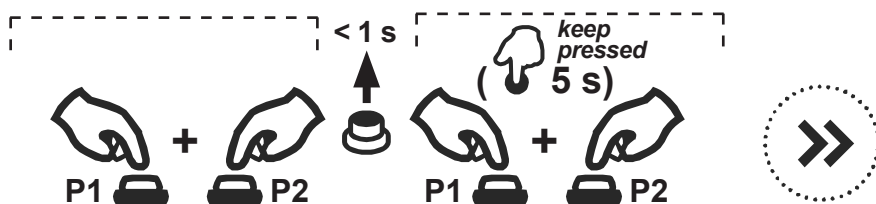
LIMIT SWITCHES



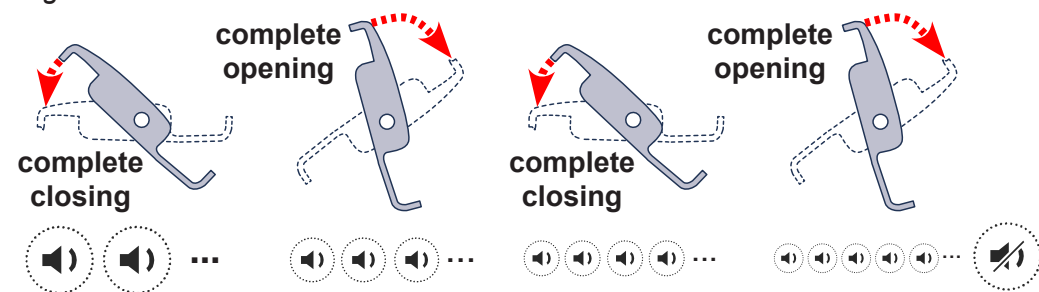
Check that movement  
stops when the limit  
switches are reached (**L1  
and L2 ON**)

If it doesn't, change the  
threshold as per **PAR 2.4**  
and repeat.

## 2. SELF-LEARNING OF LIMIT SWITCHES: before starting the procedure, position the structure in the maximum desired position.



Press **P1** and **P2** simultaneously **twice** in quick succession and  
hold them the second time for **5 s**

Together **MOTOR 1** and **MOTOR 2**

ATTENTION:



**DO NOT** change the DIP configuration. This change would be signalled by a new intermittent sound and the flashing of L3,  
and would require a new configuration procedure.

## 2.3 PERGOLA WITH 2 INDEPENDENT MOTORS

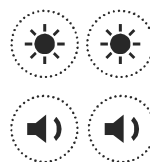
### 1. MOTOR 1 CONFIGURATION



DIP4=OFF  
DIP5=OFF  
DIP6=OFF



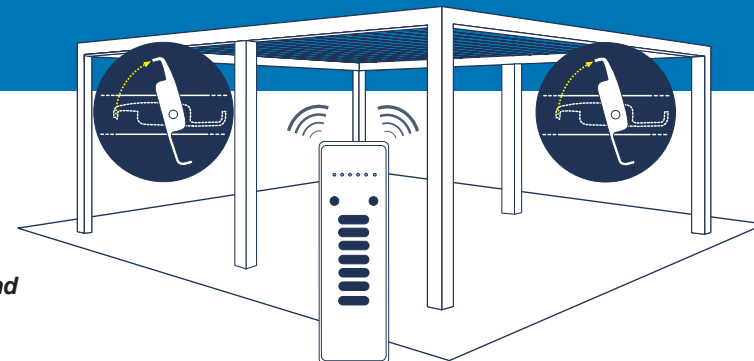
Press **P1** and **P2** simultaneously  
and hold for **5 s**



... L3 flashes

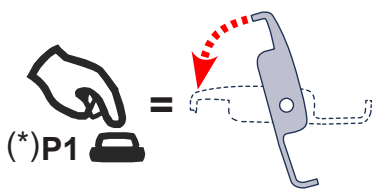


... Continuous sound

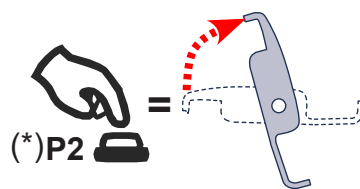


**DIRECTION**

(\*) Maximum time with the key pressed 90s.



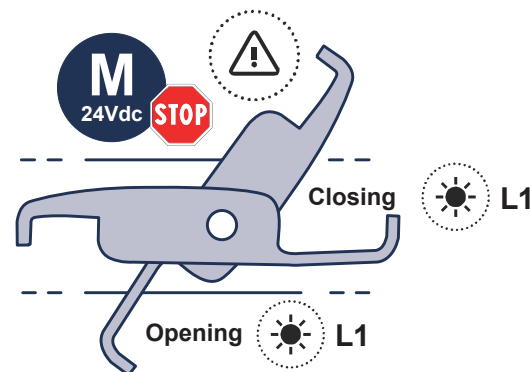
**CLOSE**



**OPEN**

If the direction is wrong, invert the motor wires.  
Note: Time out after 30s or pressing the push button.

**LIMIT SWITCHES**



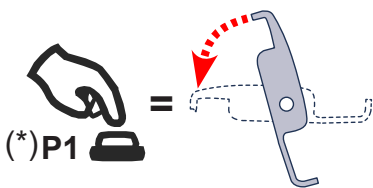
Check that movement  
stops when the limit switch  
is reached (**L1 ON**)  
If it doesn't, change the  
threshold as per **PAR 2.4**  
and repeat.

### 2. MOTOR 2 CONFIGURATION

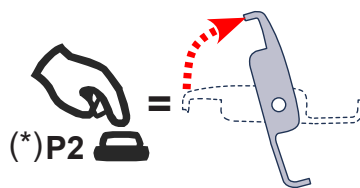


DIP4=ON  
DIP5=OFF  
DIP6=OFF

(\*) Maximum time with the key pressed 90s.



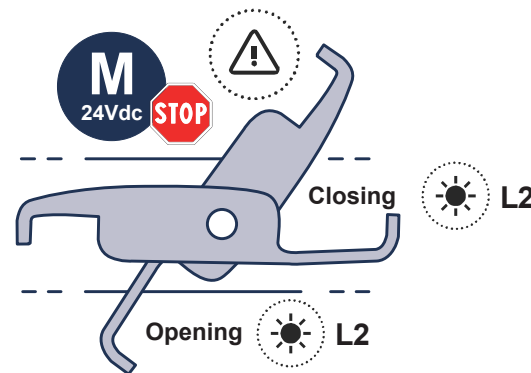
**CLOSE**



**OPEN**

If the direction is wrong, invert the motor wires.  
Note: Time out after 30s or pressing the push button.

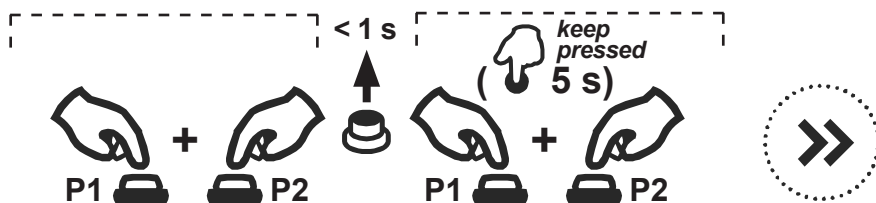
**LIMIT SWITCHES**



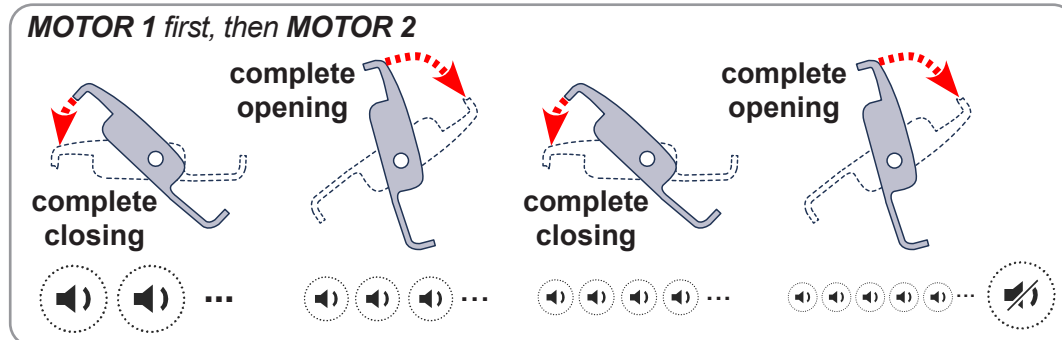
Check that movement  
stops when the limit switch  
is reached (**L2 ON**)  
If it doesn't, change the  
threshold as per **PAR 2.4**  
and repeat.



### 3. SELF-LEARNING OF LIMIT SWITCHES: before starting the procedure, position the structure in the maximum desired position.



Press **P1** and **P2** simultaneously **twice** in quick succession and hold them the second time for **5 s**

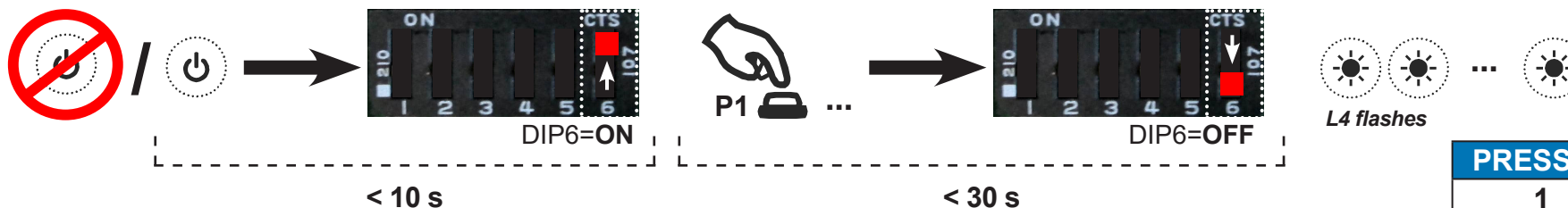


**ATTENTION:**

**DO NOT** change the DIP configuration. This change would be signalled by a new intermittent sound and the flashing of L3, and would require a new configuration procedure.

## 2.4 SETTING OF THE CURRENT THRESHOLD DURING CONFIGURATION

The control unit uses a current threshold for motor stop. The thresholds may therefore be changed during configuration according to the selected mode (**DIP4-5**):



1. Turn the control unit OFF then ON again.
2. Within **10 seconds** from power ON, set **DIP6** to **ON**.

#### WITHIN 30 SECONDS:

3. Press **P1** as many times as the desired level, from **1** (minimum = 0.5 A) to **12** (maximum = 6.0 A).
4. Set **DIP6** to **OFF** to store the new value.

**L4 will then flash as many times as the stored level.** If **P1** is not pressed within 30 seconds, the procedure is automatically ended and the threshold remains unchanged.

**ATTENTION:** at the end of the procedure, **DIP6** must be set to **OFF** and remain in that position during standard operation of the control unit.

(\*) Configuration for 2 independent motors, first change the threshold to M1 and then M2 by setting the Dip as shown in the table.

DIP4	DIP5	MOT.
OFF	OFF	M1
ON	OFF	M2

PRESSES	Threshold (A)
1	0.5
2	1.0
3	1.5
4	2.0
5	2.5
6	3.0
7	3.5
8	4.0
9	4.5
10	5.0
11	5.5
12	6.0

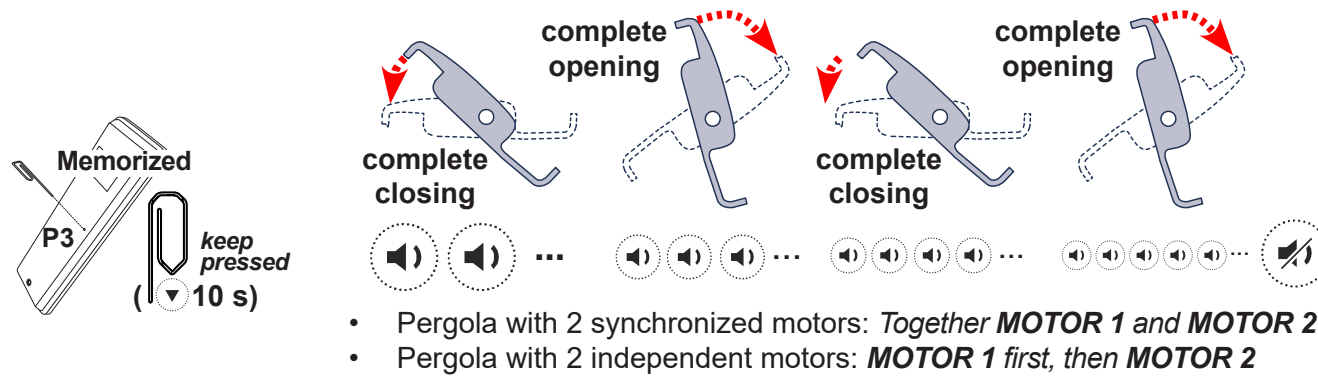
= default value, unless otherwise indicated on the technical label of the product.

If the following have been already programmed

- motor control mode
- the correct motor direction
- at least one transmitter for each of the independent motor output
- current threshold to be applied

it is possible to carry out the self-learning of limit switches **without accessing the control unit**.

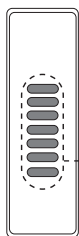
Test the movement and the direction of the motors by means of the memorized transmitter, after this keep the button **P3** of the transmitter pressed for **10 s**.





**A**

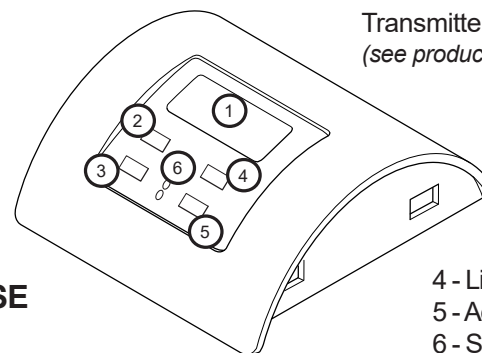
**7/42  
CHANNEL  
TRANSMITTER**



CH1	0 % (Closed)
CH2	33 %
CH3	66 %
CH4	100 % (Open)
CH5	Open (hold-to-run)
CH6	STOP
CH7	Close (hold-to-run)

**D**

**GREEN MOUSE  
SCREEN**



Transmitter with **built-in light sensor**  
(see product instructions for details)



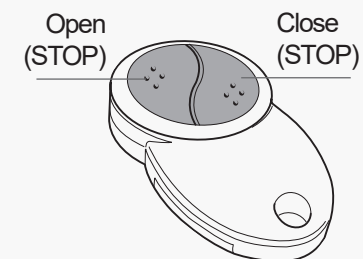
- 1 - Light sensor
- 2 - OPEN button
- 3 - CLOSE button
- 4 - Light level memorization button
- 5 - Activation/deactivation light control button
- 6 - Signal and programming LED

**B**

**AUTOMATIC  
COMMANDS  
(2 or 3  
BUTTONS)**

CH1	Open (STOP)
CH2	Close (STOP)
CH3	Open (STOP)
CH4	Close (STOP)
CH5	Open
CH6	STOP
CH7	Close

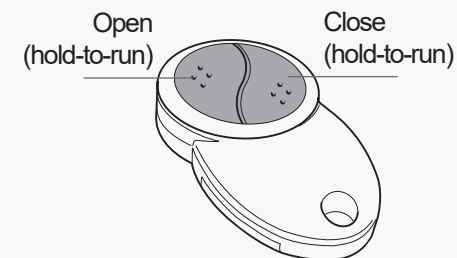
CH5	Open
CH6	STOP
CH7	Close

**C**

**HOLD-TO-RUN  
COMMANDS  
(2 or 3  
BUTTONS)**

CH1	Open (hold-to-run)
CH2	Close (hold-to-run)
CH3	Open (hold-to-run)
CH4	Close (hold-to-run)
CH5	Open (hold-to-run)
CH6	STOP
CH7	Close (hold-to-run)

CH5	Open (hold-to-run)
CH6	STOP
CH7	Close (hold-to-run)



**7/42 channel transmitter**

**3/18 channel transmitter**

**2 channel transmitter**






























### 3.1 RADIO CODES MEMORIZATION



If the system is configured as **pergola with 2 independent motors**, it associates memorization procedure using **P1** to *motor 1* and memorization procedure using **P2** to *motor 2*. **Note:** the same radio code can in any case be associated with both motors.

In the other configurations memorization is possible using either **P1** or **P2**.

The condition of a full memory is signaled with 3 slow beeps.

TYPE OF MEMORIZATION (see description page 9)		P1 or P2	 <i>keep pressed</i>	 <i>continuous sound</i>	  ...  <i>intermittent sound</i>
<b>A</b>	7/42 CHANNEL TRANSMITTER	* 2x 	 → 	Press any button of the 7/42 channel transmitter	
<b>B</b>	AUTOMATIC COMMANDS (2 or 3 BUTTONS)	* 3x  	 → 	Press the button of the transmitter relative to the code to be memorized.	
<b>C</b>	HOLD-TO-RUN COMMANDS (2 or 3 BUTTONS)	* 4x   	 → 	Press the button of the transmitter relative to the code to be memorized.	
<b>D</b>	GREEN MOUSE SCREEN	* 11x          	 → 	Press the button 2 or 3 of Green Mouse Screen.	

Press **P1** or **P2** as many times as required by the type of desired memorization and hold the last time. The buzzer emits a continuous sound.

Press the button of the transmitter relative to the code to be memorized. Successful memorization is indicated by the intermittent sound of the buzzer







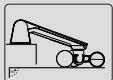







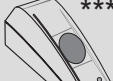
\* The buzzer will make a beep each time the button is pressed. No more than a second should pass between one press to another one.

## 3.2

## SENSORS RADIO CODE MEMORIZATION



The condition of a full memory is signaled with 3 slow beeps.

TYPE OF MEMORIZATION	P1 or P2	 <i>keep pressed</i>	 <i>continuous sound</i>	
<b>** WIND SENSOR</b> (TVSW868A03 only wind)	* 14x  ...  	 →  ***	Activate the sensor. Refer to instruction's sensor.	  ...  <i>intermittent sound</i>
<b>** RAIN SENSOR (RAIN103)</b>	* 15x  ...  	 →  ***	Activate the sensor. Refer to instruction's sensor. (Rain Channel)	











Press **P1** or **P2** as many times as required by the type of desired memorization and hold the last time. The buzzer emits a continuous sound. Activate the sensor according to the associated instructions. Successful memorization is indicated by the fast intermittent sound of the buzzer

## 3.3












## RADIO CODE DELETION



If the system is configured as **pergola with 2 independent motors**, use **P1** to delete associations with *motor 1* and **P2** for *motor 2*. Carry out deletion with either **P1** and **P2** if the code is associated with both motors. In the other configurations deletion is possible using either **P1** or **P2**.

TYPE OF DELETION	P1 or P2	 <i>keep pressed</i>	  ... <i>intermittent sound</i>	
<b>SINGLE RADIO CODE</b>	* 5x    	 → 	Press the button of the transmitter relative to the code to be deleted.	 <i>continuous sound</i>

Press **P1** or **P2 5 times** and hold. The buzzer emits an intermittent sound. Press the button of the transmitter relative to the code to be deleted within 10 seconds. Successful deletion is indicated by a continuous sound of the buzzer.

<b>ALL THE RADIO CODES</b>	* 6x     	  <i>keep pressed (10 s)</i>	   ... <i>intermittent sound</i>	 <i>continuous sound</i>
----------------------------	--	--	---	---

Press **P1** or **P2 6 times** and the sixth time **hold for 10 seconds**. The buzzer emits a fast intermittent sound. Release when the sound becomes continuous.

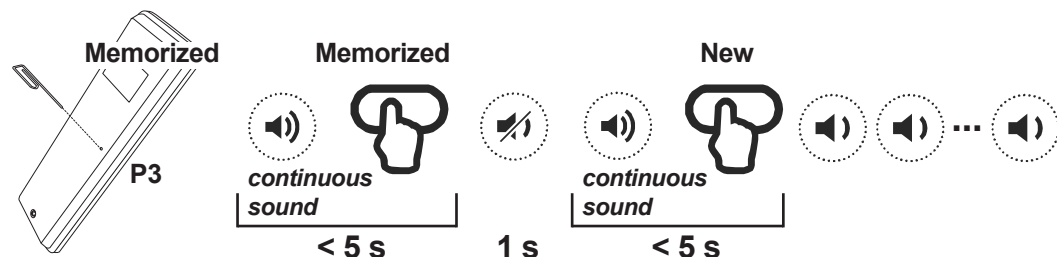
\* The buzzer will make a beep each time the button is pressed. No more than a second should pass between one press to another one.

\*\* The last sensor memorization deletes the previous one.

\*\*\* See instructions of the sensor

### 3.4 REMOTE MEMORIZATION OF OTHER RADIO CODES

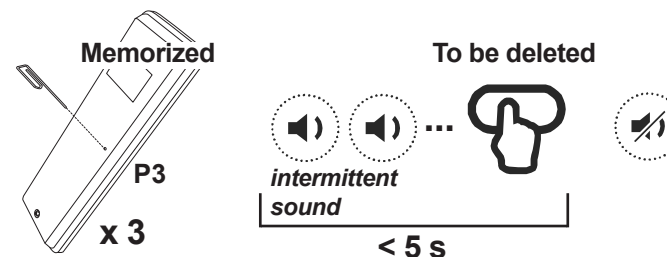
**Note:** The button P3 is located inside the transmitter. The added radio code will have the same functions as the code used for memorization. This procedure is compatible with any type of transmitter.



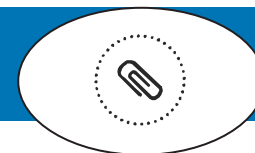
Press button **P3** of the **memorized** transmitter and hold. The buzzer emits a continuous sound. Press a button relative to an **already memorized** code. The buzzer stops for 1 second and then starts the continuous sound again. Press the button relative to the **new** code to be memorized. Successful memorization is indicated by the intermittent sound of the buzzer.

### 3.5 REMOTE DELETION OF A RADIO CODE

**Note:** The button P3 is located inside the transmitter. If the radio code was associated with both motors, carry out the deletion twice.



Press the button **P3** of the **memorized** transmitter **3 times** and hold. The buzzer emits a slow intermittent sound. Press a button relative to the code **to be deleted** within 5 seconds. Upon completion of deletion, the buzzer will stop.



## 4

## ALARMS PRIORITY

The following alarms are ordered in a sequence of precedence, from highest priority to lowest priority.

## 4.1

## SURVIVAL ALARM

L4



Factory setting  
**ACTIVATED**

WIND



**ALARM ACTIVATED when**  
it does not receive a signal from the sensor associated for a time of 60 minutes

**What happens with ALARM ACTIVATED**  
The control unit directs the profiles to 50% of the entire opening.  
The control unit executes **hold - to - run command**.

**ALARM NOT ACTIVE when**  
When it receives the survival signal from the sensor or the sensor is deleted from the memory.

STOP button of a memorized trasmitter *		keep pressed (2 s)		
ACTIVATION	** 5x	STOP STOP STOP STOP	STOP →	Press the "STOP" button of a memorized (7/42 or 3-channel) transmitter 5 times and hold for 2 s.
DEACTIVATION	** 5x	STOP STOP STOP STOP	STOP →	Press the "STOP" button of a memorized (7/42 or 3-channel) transmitter 5 times and hold for 2 s.
				*** 4s continuous sound
				*** L4 flashes every second

## 4.2

## WIND SENSOR

L4



Condizioni di fabbrica  
**ATTIVATO**

WIND



The control unit is compatible with the **ANEM4** wired sensor (4 pulse anemometers) and the **TVSW868A03** radio sensor.  
For the **ANEM4** wired sensor, set the threshold by using the **DIP 1-2-3** (see table).  
For the wireless wind sensor (**TVSW868A03**) refer to the manual.

**ALARM ACTIVATED when**  
The detected speed is higher than the set threshold. (See on the side).

**What happens with ALARM ACTIVATED**  
The control unit tilts the pergola slats at **33%** of full opening. The control unit executes **no command**.

**ALARM NOT ACTIVE when**  
The sensor has detected a lower speed than the set threshold for 60 seconds.

DIP1	DIP2	DIP3	Km/h	Mph
OFF	OFF	OFF	40	25
OFF	OFF	ON	45	28
OFF	ON	OFF	50	31
OFF	ON	ON	55	34
ON	OFF	OFF	60	37
ON	OFF	ON	65	40
ON	ON	OFF	70	43
ON	ON	ON	75	46

\* The motors must be stopped.

\*\* The buzzer will make a beep each time the button is pressed. No more than a second should pass between one press to another one.

\*\*\* The motors make short movements

## 4.3 SNOW CONDITION

L4



Factory setting  
**ACTIVATED**

SNOW



To manage the alarm associated with snow, the temperature (par. 4.6) and the rain sensors (par. 4.4) must be both activated.

### ALARM ACTIVATED when

The measured temperature is below 2 °C and rain has been detected.

### What happens with ALARM ACTIVATED

The control unit tilts the slats to **66%** of full opening. The control unit only executes **hold-to-run commands**.

### ALARM NOT ACTIVE when

The measured temperature is above 3 °C or rain is no longer detected.

## 4.4 RAIN SENSOR

L4



Factory setting  
**ACTIVATED**

RAIN



### ALARM ACTIVATED when

The sensitive surface of the sensor detects drops of water

### What happens with ALARM ACTIVATED

The control unit completely **CLOSES** the pergola slats. The control unit executes **no command**.

### ALARM NOT ACTIVE when

The sensor doesn't detect any drop.

STOP button of a memorized trasmitter *		keep pressed (10 s)		
ACTIVATION	1x		Press the "STOP" button of a memorized (7/42 or 3-channel) transmitter 1 time and hold for 10 s.	*** 4 s continuos sound
DEACTIVATION	1x			*** L4 flashes every 2 s
Receiver P2 button *		keep pressed (5 s)		
ACTIVATION (only if the sensor is connected)	** 7x		Press 7 times the button P2 and hold for 5 s.	*** 4 s continuos sound
DEACTIVATION	** 7x			*** L4 flashes every 2 s

\* The motors must be stopped.

\*\* The buzzer will make a beep each time the button is pressed. No more than a second should pass between one press to another one.

\*\*\* The motors make short movements

## 4.5 AFTER RAIN

L4



Factory setting  
**ACTIVATED**

RAIN



**System operation AFTER rain alarm (draining of water):** once the rain alarm has ended, for the following **6 hours** the control unit, upon receiving an automatic movement command from the transmitter, will tilt the pergola slats to **33%** to allow water to drain off. For **4 minutes** the control unit can only execute hold-to-run commands, thereby exiting from the alarm status.

## 4.6 TEMPERATURE SENSOR

L4



Factory setting  
**ACTIVATED**

TEMPERATURA



The temperature sensor (NTC 10K/3435K) activates whenever there is danger of ice forming.

### ALARM ACTIVATED when

The measured temperature is below 2 °C and the slats are **closed**.

### What happens with ALARM ACTIVATED

The control unit tilts the pergola slats to **10%** of full opening.

### ALARM NOT ACTIVE when

The measured temperature is above 3 °C or any command is received.

STOP button of a memorized trasmitter *		keep pressed (2 s)		
ACTIVATION (only if the sensor is connected)	** 10x	STOP STOP ..... STOP	STOP	Press the "STOP" button of a memorized (7/42 or 3-channel) transmitter <b>10 times</b> and hold for <b>10 s</b> .
DEACTIVATION	** 10x	STOP STOP ..... STOP	STOP	*** 4 s continuos sound *** L4 flashes every 3 s
Receiver P1 button *		keep pressed (5 s)		
ACTIVATION (only if the sensor is connected)	** 7x			Press <b>7 times</b> the button P1 and hold for <b>5 s</b> .
DEACTIVATION	** 7x			*** 4 s continuos sound *** L4 flashes every 3 s

\* The motors must be stopped.

\*\* The buzzer will make a beep each time the button is pressed. No more than a second should pass between one press to another one.










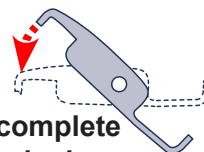



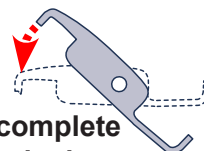



\*\*\* The motors make short movements



## 4.7

### CHANGE OF THE AUTOMATIC ALARM ANGLES

Use the following procedures to change the default angles of the pergola slats associated with the alarms.  
The system must have been configured and at least one transmitter memorized.

		P1 or P2 *	 keep pressed (5 s)	
WIND alarm angle	 desired position Put the slats to the desired angle, then:	** x8		 → continuous sound  1 s  complete closing
TEMP. alarm angle		** x9		 → continuous sound  2 s  complete closing
SNOW alarm angle		** x13		 → continuous sound  4 s  complete closing
Reset default angles		** x10		 → continuous sound  3 s

Press **P1** or **P2** (\*\*) as many times as required by the type of desired memorization and hold the last time.  
The buzzer emits a continuous sound.

\* The motors must be stopped.

\*\* The buzzer will make a beep each time the button is pressed. No more than a second should pass between one press to another one.

## 5.1 TROUBLESHOOTING (WHAT TO DO IF...)

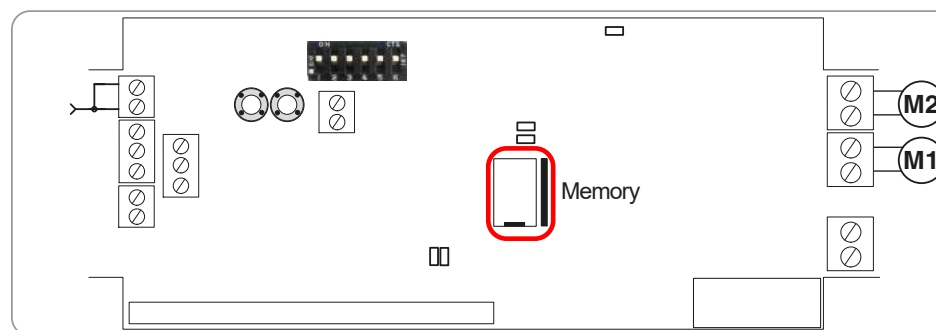
Problem	Solution
At power-on, the control unit does not move the motors and emits no warning.	The system needs to be programmed (par. 2).
<b>L3</b> flashes and an intermittent sound starts after configuration.	Repeat the procedure. At the end of it <b>DO NOT</b> change the <b>DIP4-5</b> setting.
The configuration procedure does not start upon pressing <b>P1</b> and <b>P2</b> twice.	<b>P1</b> and <b>P2</b> must be pressed simultaneously. There must be no more than 1 second between pressing the first and the second time.
During the manual movement test in the configuration procedure, the motors do not stop automatically at the limit stop.	Change the current threshold (pag. 2.4) before continuing with configuration.
There's no continuous beep during transmitter memorization.	There must be no more than 1 second between pressing the buttons.
It is impossible to memorize a transmitter.	The radio code is already memorized or the memory is full.

## 5.2 REPLACING THE CONTROL UNIT

In the event of a defective control unit, if the provided memory (see below) is still working, it may be replaced without losing the configuration parameters.

To do this, the control unit must not be powered:

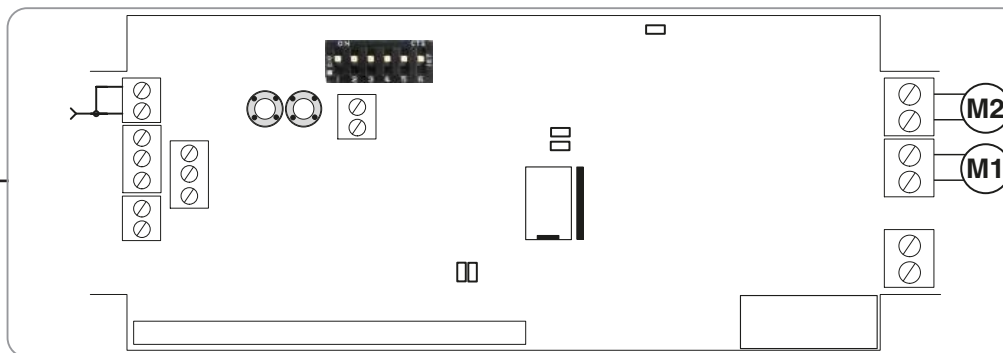
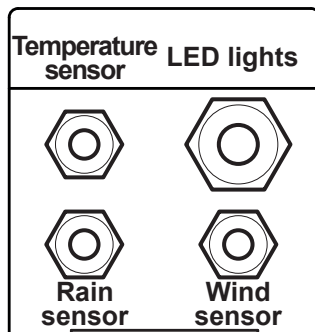
- insert the memory card of the defective control unit into the new one;
- set the DIP switches of the new control unit as they were in the old one;
- switch the system on.



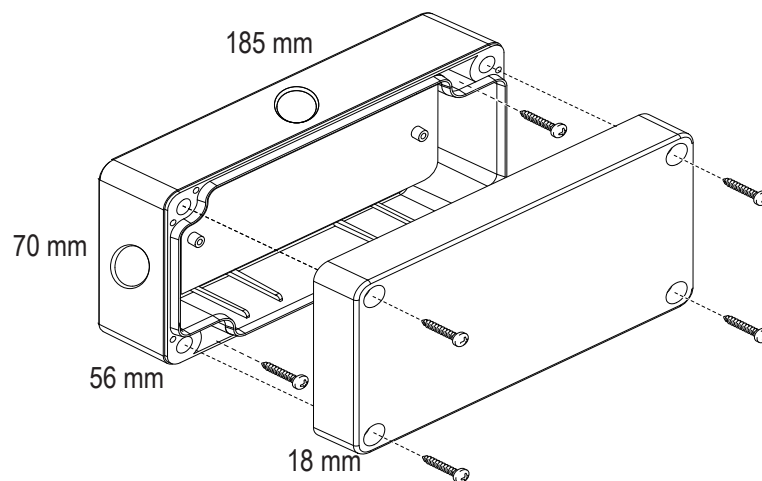
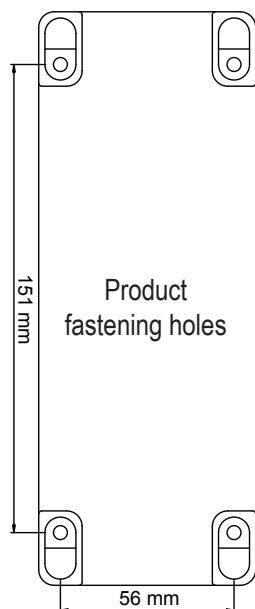
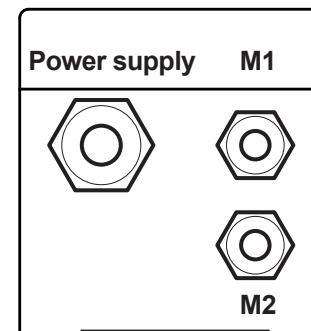


**ATTENTION!** The electronic board is protected by a **15A** fuse. The maximum allowed power, including the plug-in LED controller board, is **240W**.

### TVPLA868CC2S2



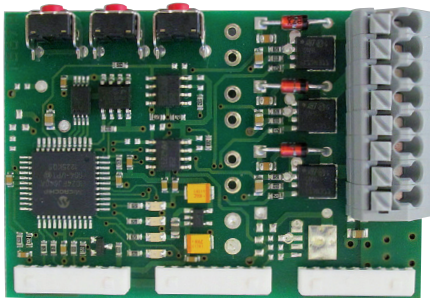
### TVPLA868CC2S2



Power supply	<b>24Vdc</b>
Max. power for each output	<b>6.0A</b>
Maximum power applicable to the board	<b>240W</b>
Fuse (blade)	<b>15A</b>
Operating temperature range	<b>-20° / +45°C</b>
Reception frequency	<b>868.3 MHz</b>
Radio memory capability (transmitters)	<b>16</b>
Rain sensor power supply	<b>12Vdc (max.100mA)</b>
Anemometer	<b>4 pulses/rotation (ANEM4)</b>
Temperature probe	<b>NTC (R=10Kohm; B=3435K)</b>
Protection rating	<b>IP54</b>
Material of the box and its cover (Not suitable for direct UV exposure)	<b>Thermoplastic ABS</b>

## ACCESSORIES

**LED CARD** to control the **1-colour**, **RGB** or **RGBW** 24Vdc LED lights.



### **TVSTRD00PSI24 - LED 1-colour**

Independent or simultaneous control of 3 outputs.

24Vdc power supply from the PLA control unit (60W per output).

### **TVRGB00PSI24 - LED RGB (red, green, blue)**

24Vdc power supply from the PLA control unit (60W per output).

### **TVRGBW00PSI24 - LED RGB+W (red, green, blue + white)**

Independent control of RGB and WHITE outputs, by means of separate memorization of transmitter channels.

24Vdc power supply from the PLA control unit (60W per output).

## SENSORISTICS

**TVSWxxxA03**  
(WIND sensor wireless)



**ANEM4**  
(wired WIND sensor)



**RAIN102/103**  
(RAIN sensor)



**TMP150**  
(TEMPERATURE sensor)

