

(420-PS4-AB) ASP .NET: Data Sources (Part 1)

Aref Mourtada



Outline

- Databases Introduction
- Relational Databases
- SQL

Accessing Data Sources in ASP .NET



What is a database?

- A database is a collection of data that is arranged so it can be accessed, managed, and updated easily.
- Different types of databases:
 - Relational databases (most popular)
 - Flat-file
 - NoSQL
 - Object-relational
 - Object-oriented



Relational Databases

Consists of Tables

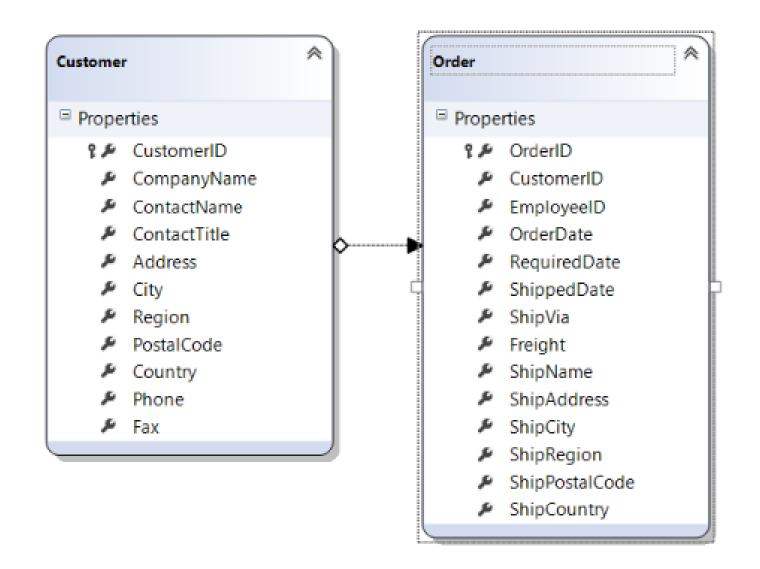
- Stores data is rows and columns.
- A row consists of full data on an entry (record)
- A column contains information about specific property of the row.

Relational

- Different tables in the database can be related to each other
- Helps to eliminate duplication of data.



Relational Databases





Different Relational Databases

- Microsoft Access
- SQL Server
- Oracle
- SQLite
- MyQSL

SQL

- Structured Query Language
- A de facto language for querying relational databases that almost all relational database systems understand.
- Many database vendors have added their own extensions
 - Provides more flexibility and power on their own system
 - Decreases interoperability with other systems.



Installing a Sample Database

 Use a web search engine of your choice and search for Install SQL Server sample databases
 https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/mt710790.aspx

Save file in

C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL11.SQLEXPRESS\MSSQL\Backup

Restore from SQL Server



SQL Different Data Types

- Numeric
- Date and time
- Characters \ Strings
- Binary
- Others

http://www.teratrax.com/sql-server-data-types-ranges/



What should I choose?

- Check the requirement of your application.
- Standards: national, international
- Search the web for developers opinions.
- Examples:

Email fields: NVARCHAR(320)

- 64 characters for the "local part" (username).
- 1 character for the @ symbol.
- 255 characters for the domain name.
- NVARCHAR to support Unicode.

Phone numbers: VARCHAR(??)

• International, national, local, extensions.. etc.



Data in SQL: Reading Data

SELECT statement

```
SELECT ColumnName [, OtherColumnNames] FROM TableName
```

• Examples:

```
SELECT Id, Name FROM Genre
SELECT Id AS GenreId, Name FROM Genre
SELECT Id FROM Genre WHERE Name = 'Thomas'
SELECT Name FROM Genre WHERE Id = 10
```



WHERE Clauses Comparison Operators

OPERATOR	DESCRIPTION
=	The equals operator matches only when the left side and the right side of the comparison are identical.
>	The <i>greater than</i> operator matches when the left side of the comparison represents a larger value than the right side.
>=	The greater than or equal operator matches when the left side of the comparison is equal to or larger than the right side.
<	The <i>less than</i> operator matches when the left side of the comparison represents a smaller value than the right side.
<=	The <i>less than or equal</i> operator matches when the left side of the comparison is equal to or smaller than the right side.
<>	The not equals operator does the reverse of the equals operator and matches when the left side and the right side of the comparison are different.



WHERE Clauses Combination Operators

OPERATOR	DESCRIPTION
AND	Enables you to join two expressions. For example, the WHERE clause WHERE Id $>$ 20 AND Id $<$ 30 gives you all rows with IDs that fall between 20 and 30 (with 20 and 30 themselves not included).
OR	Enables you to define multiple criteria of which only one has to match (although more matches are allowed). For example, the WHERE clause WHERE GenreId = 5 OR GenreId = 8 gives you all the rows with a GenreId of 5 or 8.
BETWEEN	Enables you to specify a range of values that you want to match with a lower and upper bound. For example, WHERE Id BETWEEN 10 AND 35 gives you all rows whose IDs are between 10 and 35 (including 10 and 35 themselves if they exist in the database).
LIKE	Used to determine if a value matches a specific pattern. You can use wildcards like % to match any string of zero or more characters, and the underscore (_) to match a single character. For example, the WHERE clause WHERE Name LIKE '%rock%' returns all genres that have rock in their name, including Indie Rock, Hard Rock, and so on.



SQL Ordering Data

- ORDER BY: used at the end of the SQL statement
- May contain one or more column names or expressions
- Sorting options
 - ASC: ascending order(default)
 - DESC: descending order
- Example:

SELECT Id, Name FROM Genre ORDER BY Name DESC



Joining Data

- JOIN: Enables to query a relationship between one or more tables.
- Example:

```
SELECT
Review.Id, Review.Title, Genre.Name
FROM
Review
INNER JOIN Genre ON
Review.GenreId = Genre.Id
```



Joining Data

- INNER JOIN: returns only matching rows.
- OUTER JOIN: enables you to retrieve rows from one table regardless of whether they have a matching row in another table. (Return NULL if not available).
- Example

```
SELECT
Genre.Id, Genre.Name, Review.Title
FROM
Genre
LEFT OUTER JOIN Review ON
Genre.Id = Review.GenreId
```



Data in SQL: Creating Data

INSERT statement

```
INSERT INTO TableName (Column1 [, Column2]) VALUES (Value1
[, Value2])
```

• Examples:

```
INSERT INTO Genre (Name, SortOrder) VALUES
  ('Tribal House', 20)
```

- Enclose string and date values in single quotes
- Enter numbers and boolean values directly in your SQL statement.



Data in SQL: Updating Data

• UPDATE statement

```
UPDATE TableName SET Column1 = NewValue1 [, Column2 =
NewValue2] WHERE Column3 = Value3
```

• Examples:

```
UPDATE Genre SET Name = 'Trance', SortOrder = 5 WHERE Id =
13
```

• WHERE clause limits the number of rows that get affected with the UPDATE statement.



Data in SQL: Deleting Data

• DELETE statement

DELETE FROM TableName WHERE Column1 = ValueXYZ

• Examples:

DELETE FROM Genre WHERE Id = 13

- WHERE clause limits the number of rows that get affected with the UPDATE statement.
- If the WHERE clause was not used, all row will be deleted.



ASP .NET and Data Sources

- Data Binding in ASP .NET
- Data Binding Expressions
- Using the SqlDataSource
- Using the ObjectDataSource
- Using the EntityDataSource
- Using the QueryExtender



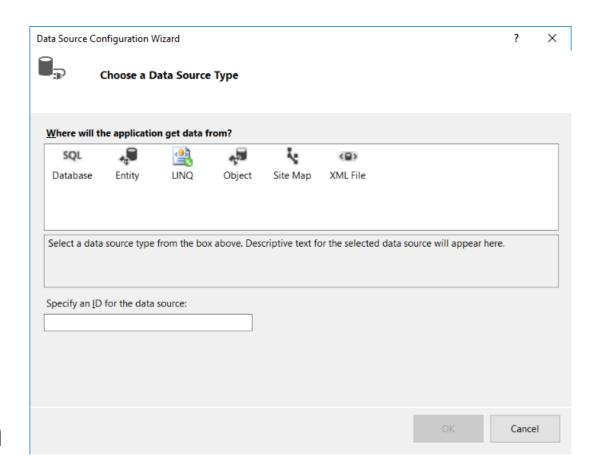
Data Binding and Data Source Controls

- Data Binding support is built into ASP .NET
 - Allows us to take data from different sources and bind them in out web controls.
- Data Source controls allow data to be accessed from data sources and bound to controls
 - Relational data
 - Hierarchical data
 - Custom Objects and Collections
- Data aware controls have a DataSourceID property that is used to bind a control to a Data Source control



Types of Data Source Controls

- SQL Database: Can be used with multipole types of DBs (Not only SQL Server)
- Entity: Entity Framework models.
- LINQ: LINQ to SQL diagrams.
- Object: N-tier or N-layer architecture - reusability
- **SiteMap**: used for navigational purposes. (Hierarchical)
- XML File: used for XML feeds such as RSS feeds. (Hierarchical)





Data Binding Expressions

- Data binding expressions provide a compact and simple way to bind specific data to controls
- ASP.NET data binding expressions:

```
<%# Eval (...) %>
<%# Bind (...) %>
<%# XPath (...) %>
```

Data binding expression example:

```
<%# Eval("FieldName") %>
```



Using Data Binding: Example



Using SqlDataSource Control

- Provides a lot with a little effort,
- Makes it easy to query various types of DBs.
- SqlDataSource provides declarative data binding between a database and controls:
 - Supports four managed providers (SQL, OleDb, ODBC, Oracle)
 - Loads data into memory (DataSet mode) or stream data (DataReader mode) (can be changed using DataSourceMode property)
 - Supports filtering and sorting
 - Supports select, insert, update and delete commands
 - Provides built-in caching support



SqlDataSource Code Example

```
<asp:DataList id="dlCusts" DataSourceID="sqlCustomers"</pre>
  runat="server">
  <!temTemplate>
  <%# Eval("ContactName") %>
     </ItemTemplate>
</asp:DataList>
                                                  Access connection
                                                     string key in
<asp:SqlDataSource</pre>
                                                     web.config.
   id="sqlCustomers"
   runat="server"
   ConnectionString="<%$ ConnectionStrings:ConnStr %>"
   SelectCommand="GetCustomers"
   SelectCommandType="StoredProcedure" />
```



Data Source Parameter

Parameter Type	Description
Parameter	Represents a parameter in a parameterized SQL query, a filtering expression, or a business object method call.
ControlParameter	Binds the value of a Control property to a parameter used by a data source control.
CookieParameter	Binds the value of a client-side HTTP cookie to a parameter used by a data source control.
FormParameter	Binds the value of a form variable in the Form collection to a parameter used by a data source control.
ProfileParameter	Binds the value of an ASP.NET Profile property to a parameter used by a data source control.
QueryStringParameter	Binds the value of a QueryString parameter to a parameter used by a data source control.
SessionParameter	Binds the value of a session variable to a parameter used by a data source control.



Using ControlParamter Example

```
<asp:SqlDataSource ID="sdsCustomersByCountry" runat="server"</pre>
  SelectCommand="GetCustomersByCountry"
  SelectCommandType="StoredProcedure">
    <SelectParameters>
        <asp:ControlParameter ControlID=""dCountries"</pre>
          Name="Country" PropertyName="SelectedValue"
          Type="String"
                                      Assign parameter data
    </SelectParameters>
                                       from DropDownList
</asp:SqlDataSource>
                                             value
```



Using QueryStringParamter Example

```
<asp:SqlDataSource ID="sdsCustomersByCountry" runat="server"</pre>
  SelectCommand="GetCustomersByCountry"
  SelectCommandType="StoredProcedure">
    <SelectParameters>
        <asp:QueryStringParameter</pre>
          Name="Country" QueryStringField="CountryName"
           Type="String"
    </SelectParameters>
                                             Assign parameter data
</asp:SqlDataSource>
                                               from QueryString
                                                    value.
```

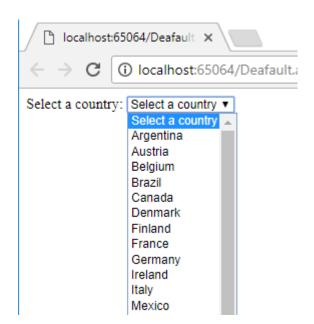


Demo: SQLDataSourceDEMO

- Build a simple page using multiple controls all loading data from SQL Server database.
- Task:
 - Use database: Northwind
 - Load all countries in the Customers table in the DB into a drop down list.
 - Upon selection of country, load all customers from that country into a GridView
 - Finally, select a customer from the grid and view all details in a DetailsView.



Demo: Snapshots



Select a country: Canada ▼

	Customer ID	<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>
Select	BOTTM	Accounting Manager	Elizabeth Lincoln
Select	JAC	Teacher	John Abbott
Select	LAUGB	Marketing Assistant	Yoshi Tannamuri
<u>Select</u>	MEREP	Marketing Assistant	Jean Fresnière

Load countries in a drop down list

Load all customers from that country in Grid View

Select a country: Canada ▼

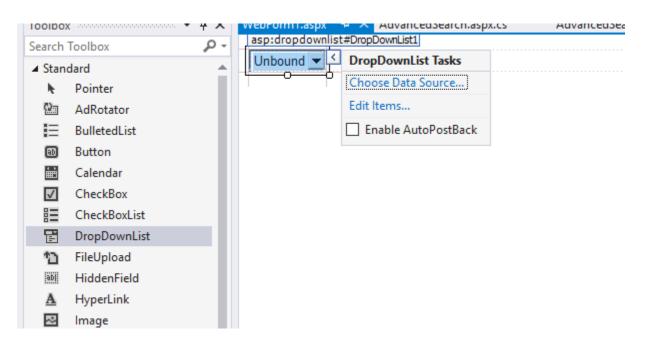
	Customer ID	<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>
<u>Select</u>	BOTTM	Accounting Manager	Elizabeth Lincoln
Select	JAC	Teacher	John Abbott
<u>Select</u>	LAUGB	Marketing Assistant	Yoshi Tannamuri
<u>Select</u>	MEREP	Marketing Assistant	Jean Fresnière

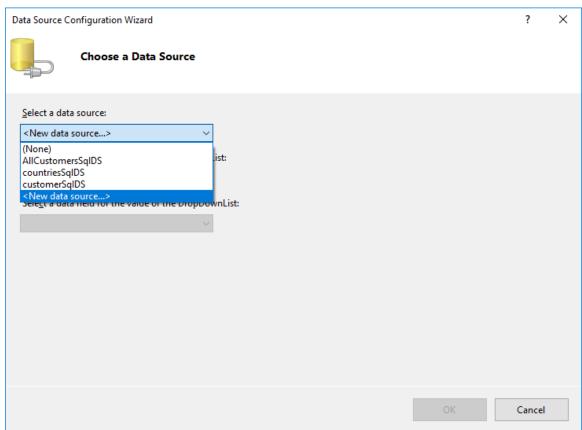
Customer ID	JAC		
Name	John Abbott		
Title	Teacher		
Company	John Abbott		
Phone	(509) 123-4567		
Fax	514 5556677		
Address	3550 Boul XYZ		
City	Montreal		
Postal-Code	h67 h6t		
Region	Montreal		
Country	Canada		
Edit			

Load a specific customer information in a details view



Demo: Adding a data source for a control

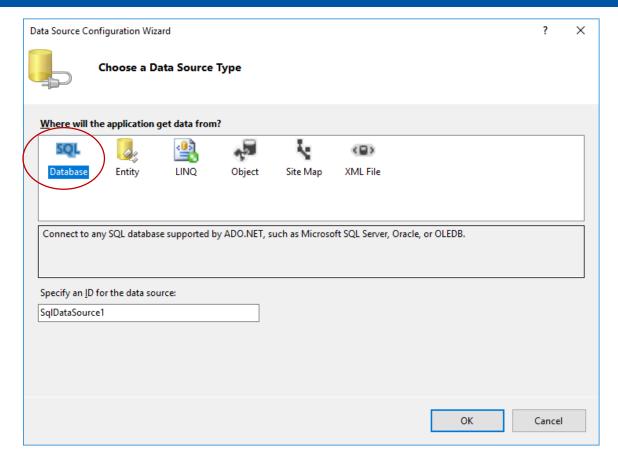


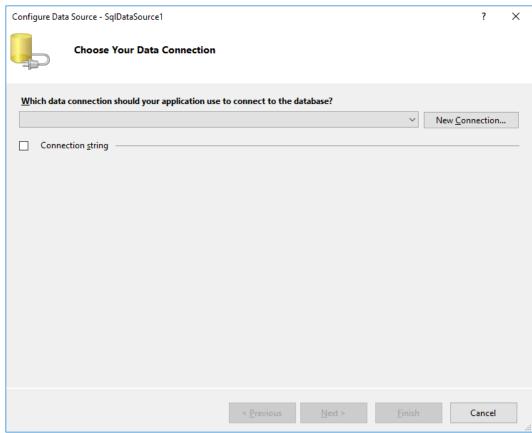


Choose Data Source → New Data Source



Demo: SQL Data Source





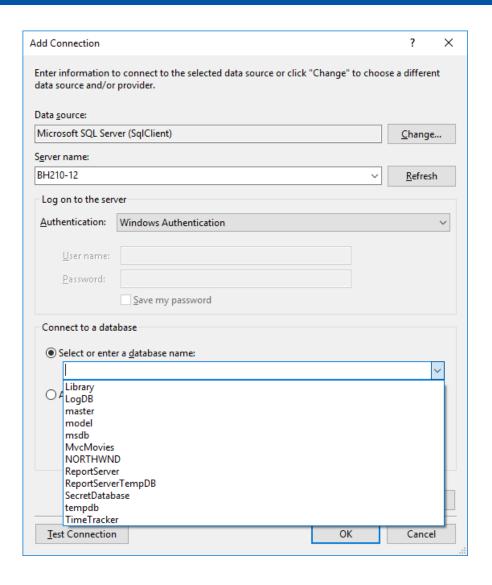
SQL Database

New Connection: When connecting to a new database Or choose from the drop down list



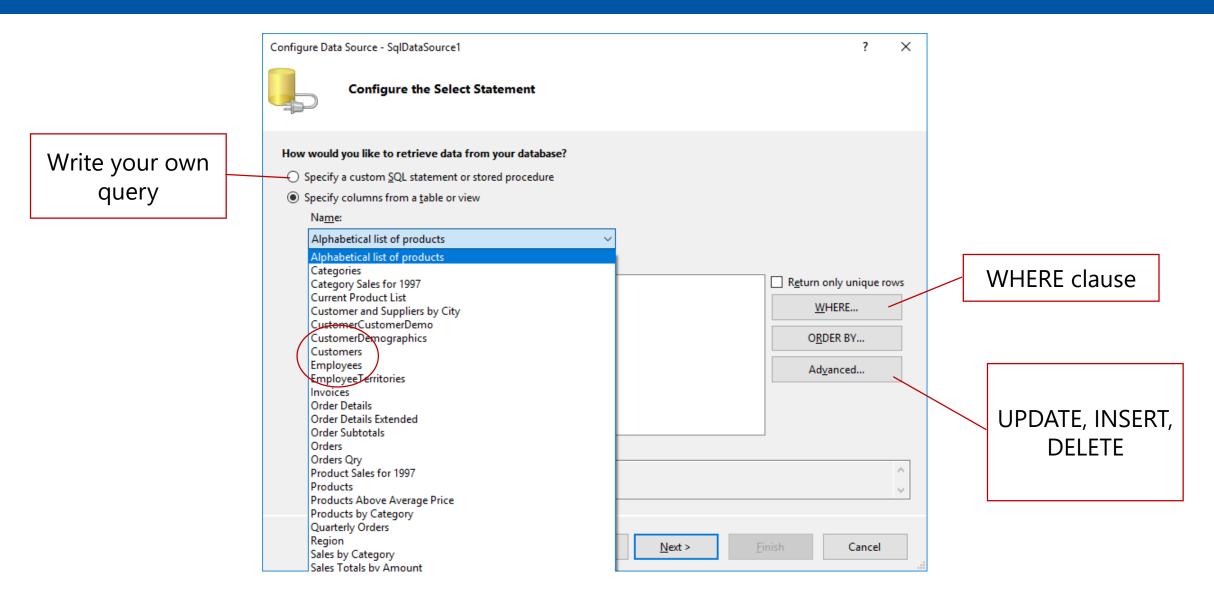
Demo: Adding a new connection

- Data Source: add you own server name.
- Select the database from the drop down.



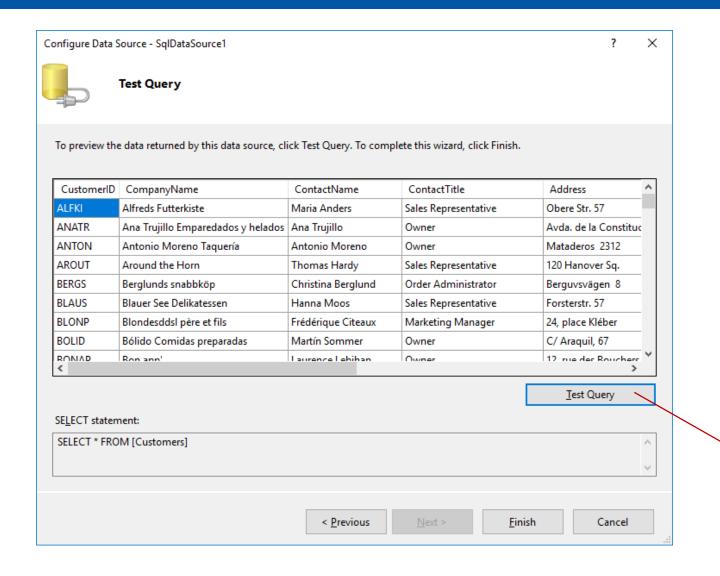


Demo: SQLDataSource Options (1)





Demo: SQLDataSource Options (2)



You test your query before finishing

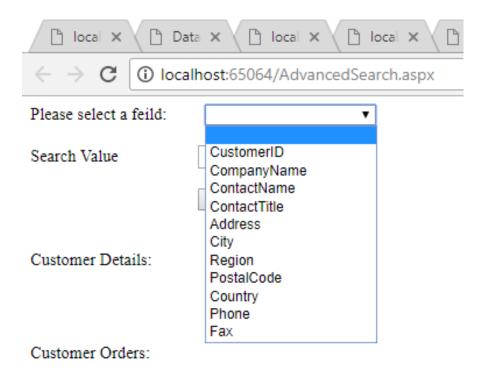


Exercise: AdancedSearch Page

- Add an advanced search page that will load the fields of the customer table into a drop down list.
- A text box to take user search input and a search button.
- Then query the database based on the selected field and return results in a grid view.
- Upon selection of a specific customer load all the orders for that customer in another grid view



Exercise: AdancedSearch Page (snapshots)





Exercise: AdancedSearch Page (snapshots)

← → C ① localhost:65064/AdvancedSearch.aspx						
Please select a feild:	ContactTitle ▼					
Search Value	Sales Manager					
	Search					

Customer Details:

CustomerID	CompanyName	ContactName	ContactTitle	Address	City	Region	PostalCode	Country	Phone	Fax
Select ERNSH	Ernst Handel	Roland Mendel	Sales Manager	Kirchgasse 6	Graz		8010	Austria	7675-3425	7675-3426
Select FURIB	Furia Bacalhau e Frutos do Mar	Lino Rodriguez	Sales Manager	Jardim das rosas n. 32	Lisboa		1675	Portugal	(1) 354-2534	(1) 354-2535
Select GODOS	Godos Cocina Típica	José Pedro Freyre	Sales Manager	C/ Romero, 33	Sevilla		41101	Spain	(95) 555 82 82	
Select LAMAI	La maison d'Asie	Annette Roulet	Sales Manager	1 rue Alsace-Lorraine	Toulouse		31000	France	61.77.61.10	61.77.61.11
Select LONEP	Lonesome Pine Restaurant	Fran Wilson	Sales Manager	89 Chiaroscuro Rd.	Portland	OR	97219	USA	(503) 555-9573	(503) 555-9646
Select PICCO	Piccolo und mehr	Georg Pipps	Sales Manager	Geislweg 14	Salzburg		5020	Austria	6562-9722	6562-9723
Select RICSU	Richter Supermarkt	Michael Holz	Sales Manager	Grenzacherweg 237	Genève		1203	Switzerland	0897-034214	
Select SEVES	Seven Seas Imports	Hari Kumar	Sales Manager	90 Wadhurst Rd.	London		OX15 4NB	UK	(171) 555-1717	(171) 555-5646
Select SPLIR	Split Rail Beer & Ale	Art Braunschweiger	Sales Manager	P.O. Box 555	Lander	WY	82520	USA	(307) 555-4680	(307) 555-6525
Select VAFFE	Vaffeljernet	Palle Ibsen	Sales Manager	Smagsloget 45	Århus		8200	Denmark	86 21 32 43	86 22 33 44
Select WELLI	Wellington Importadora	Paula Parente	Sales Manager	Rua do Mercado, 12	Resende	SP	08737-363	Brazil	(14) 555-8122	



Exercise: AdancedSearch Page (snapshots)





Exercise: AdancedSearch Page

User SQLDataSource

- Hint on loading data fields
 - User a custom query

```
SELECT COLUMN_NAME

FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.columns
WHERE table_name='Customers'
```



The ObjectDataSource Control

- The ObjectDataSource control provides declarative data binding between objects and controls:
 - Supports binding to custom objects such as business objects
 - Allows for N-Tier/N-Layer architectures that separate presentation, business and data layers
 - Supports paging and sorting
 - Supports select, insert, update and delete operations
 - Provides built-in caching support



Using ObjectDataSource Control

 The ObjectDataSource control allows custom data objects to be bound to ASP .NET controls:

```
<asp:GridView ID="gvCusts" runat="server"</pre>
    DataSourceID="odsCustomers">
    <Columns>
        <asp:BoundField DataField="ContactName"</pre>
              HeaderText="ContactName" />
    </Columns>
</asp:GridView>
<asp:ObjectDataSource ID="odsCustomers" runat="server"</pre>
   SelectMethod="GetCustomers"
   TypeName="DAL"
```



Defining Operations

• Different select, insert, update and delete methods can be defined in business object:

```
public class DAL {
  public List<Customer> GetCustomers();
  public List<Customer> GetCustomersByState(String state);
  public Customer GetCustomerByID(int custID);

  public int UpdateCustomer(int custID, String custData);
  public int DeleteRecord(int custID);
  public int InsertRecord(int custID, String custData);
}
```



Demo: ObjectDS

- Build a simple page using multiple controls all loading data from SQL Server database.
- Task:
 - Used database: Northwind
 - Add a LINQ to SQL object
 - Create a class to represent the queries needed.
 - Load all countries in the Customers table in the DB into a drop down list.
 - Upon selection of country, load all customers from that country into a GridView
 - Final, select a customer from the grid and view all details in a Details View.



Add LINQ to SQL to Visual Studio (1)

Go to Control Panel

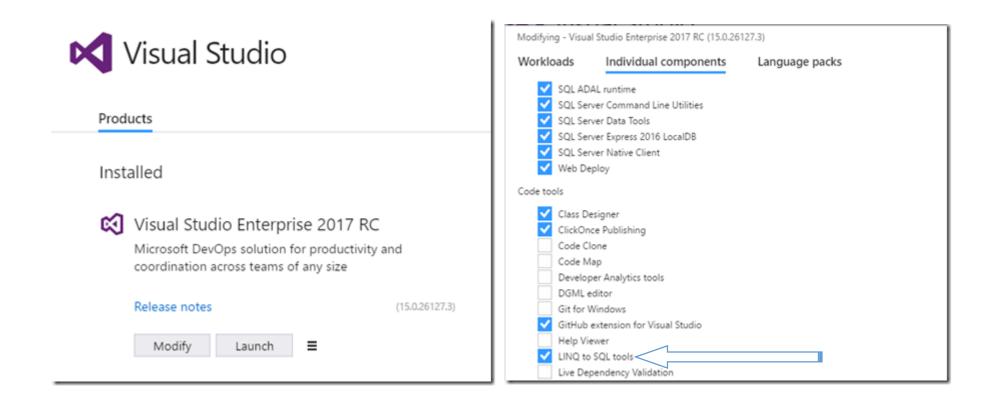
Programs → Programs and Feature

Choose: Visual Studio, right click and Modify (change)

 One the main setup page loads click on Modify (might be under more)

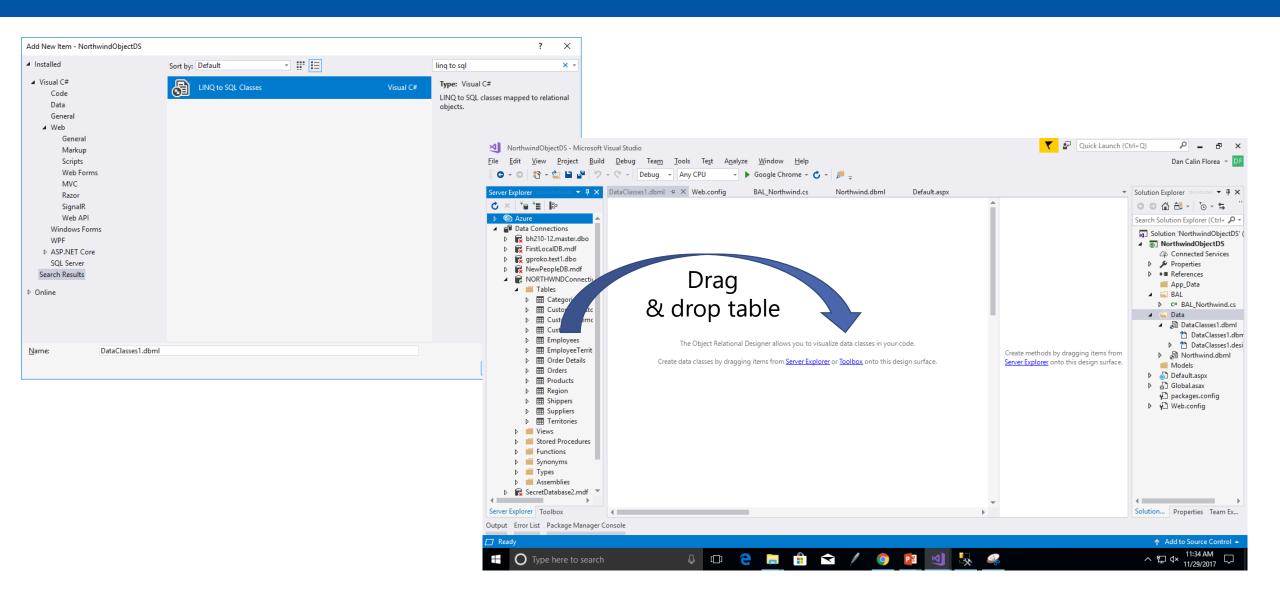


Add LINQ to SQL to Visual Studio (2)





Demo: Add new item [LINQ to SQL]



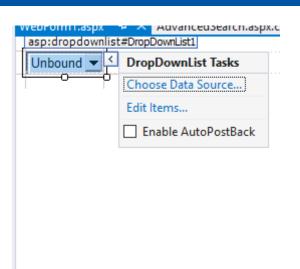


Demo: Add a business access layer class

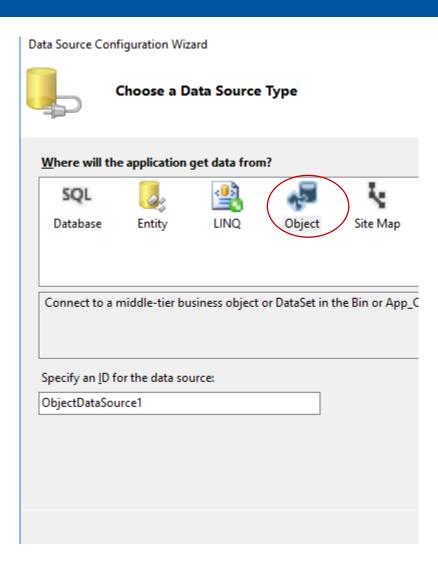




Demo: Add an Object Data Source



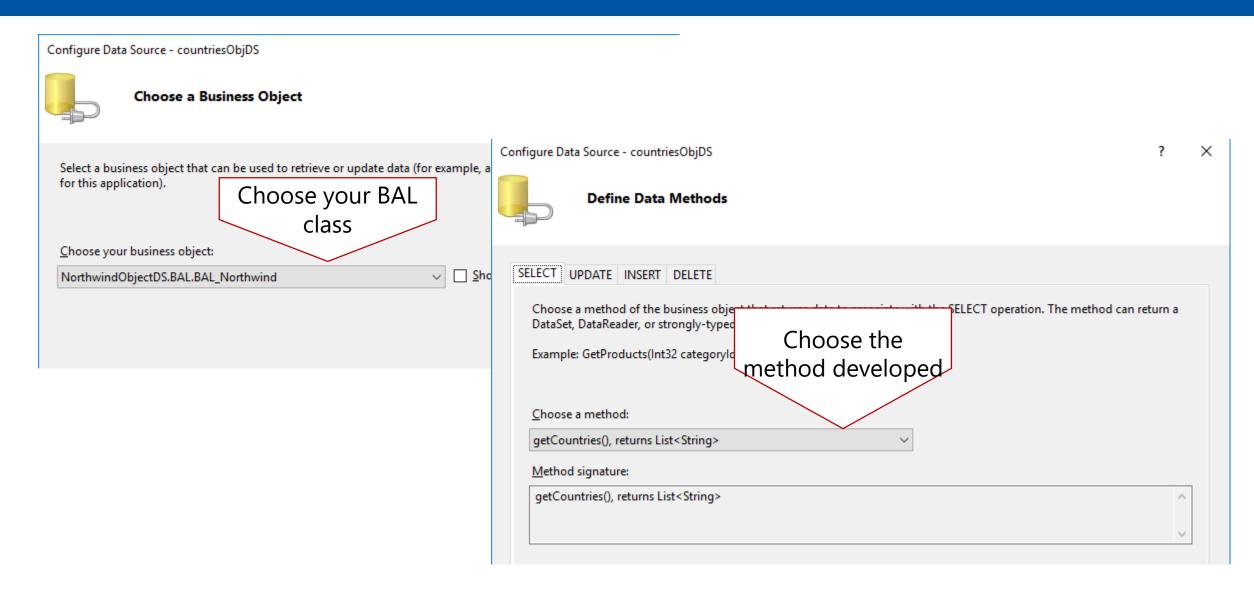




Choose Data Source → New Data Source



Demo: Load BAL Class



Q & A

