# RWorksheet.Sanceda#1.Rmd.

2024-09-17

#### 1.Set up a vector named age.

```
age <- c(34, 28, 22, 36, 27, 18, 52, 39, 42, 29,35, 31, 27, 22, 37, 34, 19, 20, 57, 49, 50, 3 age # a.How many data points.
```

nbrpts <- length(age)
nbrpts</pre>

#### 2. Find the Reciprocal of the values of age.

```
reciprocal_age <- 1 / age
reciprocal_age</pre>
```

## 3. Assign also new\_age <- c(age, 0, age).

```
new_age <- c(age, 0, age)
new_age</pre>
```

#### 4. Sort the values for age.

sort(age)

# 5. Find the minimum and maximum value for age.

min(age)
max(age)

## 6. Set up a vector named data.

```
data <- c(2.4, 2.8, 2.1, 2.5, 2.4, 2.2, 2.5, 2.3, 2.5, 2.3, 2.4, 2.7)
nmbrofdtps <- length(data)
nmbrofdtps</pre>
```

# 7. Generate a new vector for data where you double every value of the data.

```
newData <- 2 * data
newData</pre>
```

#### 8. Generate a sequence for the following scenario.

```
\# 8.1 Integers from 1 to 100.
Int <- seq(1:100)
\# 8.2 Numbers from 20 to 60.
Num \leftarrow seq(from=20, to=60)
\# 8.3 Mean of numbers from 20 to 60.
Num \leftarrow seq(from=20, to=60)
xNum <- mean(Num)
xNum
\# 8.4 Sum of numbers from 51 to 91.
sNum <- sum(51:91)
sNum
\# 8.5 Integers from 1 to 1000.
sInt <- seq(1:1000)
sInt
# a. How many data points from 8.1 to 8.4?
dtpts <- length(c(Int, Num, xNum, sNum))</pre>
dtpts
# c. For 8.5, find only the maximum data points until 10.
mxdtpts <- Int[1:10]</pre>
mxdtpts
length(mxdtpts)
```

9. Print a vector with the integers between 1 and 100 that are not divisible by 3, 5 and 7 using filter option.

```
Filter(function(i) { all(i \% c(3,5,7) != 0) }, seq(100))
```

10. Generate a sequence backwards of the integers from 1 to 100.

```
reve <- rev(seq(1:100))
reve</pre>
```

11. List all the natural numbers below 25 that are multiples of 3 or 5.

```
x <- Filter(function(i) {any(i %% c(3,5) ==0)}, seq(24))
x
Sumofx <- sum(x)
Sumofx

# a. How many data points from 10 to 11?

dtpt <- length(c(reve, x, Sumofx))
dtpt</pre>
```

12.

```
x \leftarrow \{0 + x + 5 + \}
```

13.

```
score <- c(72, 86, 92, 63, 88, 89, 91, 92, 75, 75,77.)
s2 <- score[2]
s2
s3 <- score[3]
s3</pre>
```

14. \*Create a vector a = c(1,2,NA,4,NA,6,7).

```
a <- c(1, 2 ,NA, 4, NA, 6, 7)
print(a,na.print="-999")
print(a,na.print="-999")</pre>
```

```
#15
```

```
name = readline(prompt="Input your name: ")
age = readline(prompt="Input your age: ")
print(paste("My name is",name, "and I am",age ,"years old."))
(R.version.string)
```