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# Mihi Assistant

**GENAI** Chatbot

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#### **OVERVIEW**

The Personal Data Assistant or Chatbot called the Mihi Assistant is an intelligent conversational agent designed to answer questions based on personal data uploaded by users. This includes various file formats such as PDFs, Word documents, Excel spreadsheets, images, audio, and video files. Apart from this, the chatbot can also be used to generate images by providing a suitable description of the image required.

The project utilises a robust technical stack to achieve its functionality:

- **Python**: The core programming language used for developing the chatbot and implementing NLP and ML algorithms.
- LangChain: A framework for developing applications powered by language models.
  - o Modules used for embedding:
    - PyPDFLoader: Used to load PDFs.
    - UnstructuredWordDocumentLoader: Used to load word documents.
    - UnstructuredExcelLoader: Used to load excel documents.
    - GenericLoader: Used to handle a variety of document formats.
    - OpenAIWhisperParser: Used to transcribe and parse audio data.
    - YoutubeAudioLoader: Used to load audio data from YouTube videos.
    - AssemblyAITranscriptLoader: Used to load and process transcripts from AssemblyAI.

- Model used for question answering: GPT-4
- o Model used for image generation: DALLE-3
- OpenAI: Utilised for its state-of-the-art language models to comprehend and generate human-like text.
- Pytesseract: Utilised for recognising and extracting text from images
- Flask: A lightweight web framework for deploying the chatbot as a web service.
- HTML, CSS, JavaScript: Technologies used for creating the user interface, ensuring a seamless and interactive user experience.

#### **INSTALLATION**

1. Clone the GitHub repository

```
< code for that >
```

2. Navigate to the < directory name >

```
< code for that >
```

3. Run the following shell scripts in the same order as mentioned:

```
bash prepared.sh
```

#### **USAGE**

1. Run the following command in your terminal to start the chatbot:

```
bash run.sh
```

- 2. Once the server starts, you will see a link in the console:
  - \* Running on <a href="http://127.0.0.1:8000">http://127.0.0.1:8000</a>
- 3. Click on this link to open the chat interface in your default web browser.
- 4. In the chat interface, click on the "Upload File(s)" button located at the bottom right corner to upload your desired files (PDFs, Word documents, Excel spreadsheets, images and audio files).
- 5. After uploading the files, you can:
  - Ask questions about the content of the uploaded documents.
  - Request the chatbot to display extracted text from an uploaded image.
  - Generate a transcript from an uploaded audio file.

- 6. For video files, provide the chatbot with a YouTube link to any video and have the bot summarise or answer questions based on the video content.
- 7. To generate images, simply provide a description of the image desired in the chat interface. The bot responds back with a link for the image generated. Open this link in a new browser window or tab.
- 8. You can upload new documents at any point while the program is running by clicking the "Upload File(s)" button again.

#### LIBRARIES AND DEPENDENCIES

### **Main Libraries Imported**

# 1. logging

**Description**: Part of Python's standard library, logging is used for tracking events that happen when the software runs. It is helpful for debugging and running diagnostics.

**Usage**: To log messages that can be used to understand the flow of the program and diagnose issues.

#### 2. os

**Description**: Another standard library in Python, os provides a way of using operating system-dependent functionality like reading or writing to the file system.

**Usage**: To interact with the operating system, such as accessing environment variables and file handling.

#### 3. flask

**Description**: A lightweight WSGI web application framework in Python. Flask is designed with simplicity and flexibility in mind.

**Usage**: To create and run the web server that hosts the chatbot interface.

### 4. flask\_cors

**Description**: An extension for Flask that allows you to handle Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS), making it possible to access resources on a web page from different domains.

**Usage**: To enable CORSt\_chain in the Flask application, allowing the chatbot to interact with web clients hosted on different domains.

### 5. flask\_socketio

**Description**: An extension for Flask that provides WebSocket support, allowing for real-time communication between the client and server.

**Usage**: To handle real-time messaging in the chatbot interface.

# 6. langchain.chains

**Description**: A module in the LangChain framework for creating and managing chains of language model invocations. It helps in structuring complex workflows involving multiple language model calls.

**Usage**: To build and manage different chains of processing steps for the chatbot, including conversational retrieval and multi-prompt handling.

### 7. langchain.memory

**Description**: A module in LangChain that deals with memory management, allowing the chatbot to remember previous interactions within a session.

**Usage**: To store and retrieve conversation history, enabling context-aware responses in ongoing conversations.

# 8. langchain\_core.callbacks

**Description**: This module provides callback handlers that can be used to execute custom logic at various stages of the chain execution process.

**Usage**: To implement custom callback functions for logging, monitoring, or modifying the chain execution process in the chatbot.

# 9. langchain\_core.prompts

**Description**: A module that provides tools for managing and formatting prompts used in language model interactions.

**Usage**: To create and manage the different prompts that guide the chatbot's responses, ensuring they are structured and informative.

### 10.langchain.chains.router

**Description**: This module includes tools for routing tasks to different chains based on the type of query or context.

**Usage**: To direct different types of user queries to the appropriate processing chains, enhancing the chatbot's ability to handle diverse tasks.

# 11. langchain\_openai

**Description**: An integration module that connects LangChain with OpenAI's language models, facilitating the use of OpenAI's powerful NLP capabilities.

**Usage**: To leverage OpenAI's language models for generating responses and performing NLP tasks within the LangChain framework.

### 12.langchain\_community.vectorstores

**Description**: A module for managing vector stores, which are used to store and query embeddings efficiently.

**Usage**: To handle storage and retrieval of vector embeddings, supporting similarity searches and other embedding-based operations in the chatbot.

# 13.langchain.text\_splitter.RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter

**Description**: A text splitter that recursively splits text based on character count, ensuring that the text segments are manageable for processing by language models.

**Usage**: To divide large documents into smaller, more manageable chunks for easier processing by the chatbot.

# 14.langchain.text\_splitter.CharacterTextSplitter

**Description**: A text splitter that divides text based on character count.

**Usage**: To split documents into smaller, manageable chunks for processing by the chatbot.

### 15.langchain\_community.vectorstores.utils.filter\_complex\_metadata

**Description**: A utility function for filtering metadata in complex data structures, often used in conjunction with vector stores.

**Usage**: To filter and manage metadata associated with embeddings and vector searches, ensuring relevant data is retained.

#### 16. langchain\_community.document\_loaders.AssemblyAlAudioTranscriptLoader

**Description**: A document loader that uses AssemblyAI to transcribe audio files into text.

**Usage**: To convert audio files into text transcripts, enabling the chatbot to process and understand audio content.

### 17. langchain\_community.document\_loaders.PyPDFLoader

**Description**: A document loader specifically designed for extracting text from PDF files.

**Usage**: To load and process PDF documents, allowing the chatbot to read and extract information from them.

### 18. langchain\_community.document\_loaders.UnstructuredWordDocumentLoader

**Description**: A document loader for extracting text from unstructured Word documents.

**Usage**: To load and process Word documents, enabling the chatbot to extract and use the text content.

# 19.langchain\_community.document\_loaders.UnstructuredExcelLoader

**Description**: A document loader for extracting data from unstructured Excel spreadsheets.

**Usage**: To load and process Excel files, allowing the chatbot to read and extract information from spreadsheet data.

# 20. langchain\_community.document\_loaders.generic.GenericLoader

**Description**: A generic document loader that can be customised for various document types.

**Usage**: To load documents of various formats, providing a flexible tool for handling different kinds of data.

#### 21. langchain\_community.document\_loaders.parsers.audio.OpenAlWhisperParser

**Description**: A parser that uses OpenAI's Whisper model to transcribe audio files into text.

**Usage**: To convert audio content into text transcripts, enabling the chatbot to process spoken language.

### 22. langchain\_community.document\_loaders.YoutubeAudioLoader

**Description**: A document loader that downloads and processes audio from YouTube videos.

**Usage**: To extract and process audio from YouTube videos, allowing the chatbot to analyse and summarise video content.

# 23. langchain.schema.document.Document

**Description**: A schema definition for documents within the LangChain framework, encapsulating document metadata and content.

**Usage**: To represent and manage documents, ensuring they are processed consistently within the chatbot.

#### 24. re

**Description**: Python's regular expression library, used for string matching and manipulation.

**Usage**: To perform pattern matching and text processing, such as extracting specific information from text.

#### 25. cv2

**Description**: OpenCV (cv2) is an open-source computer vision and machine learning software library.

**Usage**: To perform image processing tasks, such as reading images and preparing them for text extraction.

# 26. pytesseract

**Description**: A Python wrapper for Google's Tesseract-OCR Engine, which can be used to recognize text in images.

**Usage**: To extract text from images, enabling the chatbot to process and understand visual content.

### 27. openai

**Description**: OpenAI's Python client library for accessing OpenAI's language models and other AI services.

**Usage**: To integrate OpenAI's language models for processing and generating responses in the chatbot.

#### 28. dotenv

**Description**: A library for loading environment variables from a .env file, making it easy to manage configuration settings.

**Usage**: To load configuration variables (e.g., API keys) from a .env file.

#### 29. chromadb

**Description**: A database designed for managing embeddings and vector search, often used in conjunction with machine learning applications.

**Usage**: To store and query vector embeddings for efficient similarity searches.

#### 30. chroma

**Description**: Part of the LangChain community, this library deals with vector stores, providing tools for working with embeddings and vector searches.

**Usage**: To handle vector storage and retrieval operations, supporting the chatbot's functionality in managing and searching embeddings.

#### 31.time

**Description**: The sleep function suspends execution of the current thread for a specified number of seconds.

**Usage**: To pause for a stipulated number of seconds.

### **Custom Libraries Imported**

### 1. prompt\_definition

**Description**: This is a python file imported which mainly deals with setting up a prompt template, LLM Chain and running the same.

**Usage**: This file directly invokes the LLM chain made to get the bot to answer user questions.

#### 2. service

**Description**: This is a folder which contains the various services provided by the chatbot like image embedding, document embedding, image generation, audio embedding and video embedding.

**Usage**: This folder is used to access the various services provided by the chatbot.

#### 3. constants

**Description**: This is a folder containing a python file 'app\_constants.py'.

**Usage**: This python file is used to import constants used throughout the code.

# 4. embeddings

**Description**: This is a python file that creates various objects of the classes present in the service folder and calls methods using these objects. It also has functions to initiate llm embeddings and chroma\_db

**Usage**: This python file is used to initiate the llm embeddings and chroma\_db needed to embed various documents along with calling the methods required to embed documents.

#### **CLASSES AND FUNCTIONS**

#### **CLASSES**

### 1. TranscriptProcessor

**Description**: This class exists in the services subfolder, 'audio\_embedding.py' python file. It processes audio transcripts using AssemblyAI and manages them in a Chroma database.

```
class TranscriptProcessor:
    def __init__(self, chroma_db):
        ...
    def load_transcripts(self, audio_files):
        ...
    def get_transcripts(self):
        ...
```

#### 2. DocumentProcessor

**Description**: This class exists in the services subfolder, 'document\_embedding.py' python file. It processes various document types (PDF, DOCX, XLSX) and manages them in a Chroma database.

```
class DocumentProcessor:
    def __init__(self, chroma_db):
        ...
    def process_documents(self, document_paths):
        ...
```

### 3. ImageProcessor

**Description**: This class exists in the services subfolder, 'image\_embedding.py' python file. It processes images using OpenCV and extracts text using pytesseract, storing results in a Chroma database.

```
class ImageProcessor:
    def __init__(self, chroma_db):
        ...
    def add_images(self, collection_name, image_paths):
        ...
```

#### 4. VideoProcessor

**Description**: This class exists in the services subfolder, 'video\_embedding.py' python file. It embeds and processes videos from YouTube links using document loaders and stores them in a Chroma database.

```
class VideoProcessor:
    def __init__(self, chroma_db):
        ...
    def load_videos(self, user_prompt):
        ...
```

# 5. ImageGenerator

**Description**: This class exists in the services subfolder, 'image\_generation.py' python file. It generates images based on prompts using the OpenAI DALL-E-3 model.

```
class ImageGenerator:
    def __init__(self, api_key):
```

def generate\_image(self, prompt):
...

## 6. Streaming

**Description**: This class exists in the 'prompt\_definition' python file. It handles streaming responses from the language model during interaction.

```
class Streaming(BaseCallbackHandler):
    def on_llm_new_token(self, token: str, **kwargs) ->
None:
```

#### **FUNCTIONS**

# 7. get\_answer\_from\_chain

**Description**: Retrieves answers from a conversational chain based on user input.

```
def get_answer_from_chain(question):
    ...
    return result
```

# 8. init\_llm

**Description**: Initialises the language model (LLM) and its embeddings using the OpenAI API key.

```
def init_llm():
    ...
```

# 9. init\_chroma\_db

**Description**: Initialises the Chroma database using existing documents or creates a new one.

```
def init_chroma_db():
```

# 10.process\_message\_route

**Description**: Processes user messages, handling text extraction, transcript generation, image generation, and interaction with the conversational chain.

```
def process_message_route():
```

### 11. process\_document\_route

**Description**: Processes uploaded documents, extracting text from PDFs, DOCX, XLSX, and storing them in the Chroma database.

```
def process_document_route():
```

# 12.handle\_start\_stream

**Description**: Handles WebSocket connections and streams responses based on user messages (transcript generation, video embedding, image generation, conversational responses).

```
@socketio.on('start_stream')
def handle_start_stream(data):
```

# **CODE EXPLANATION**

# prompt\_definition.py

from langchain.chains import LLMChain	Adding all the necessary imports
from langchain.memory import ConversationBufferMemory	
<pre>from langchain_core.callbacks import BaseCallbackHandler</pre>	
<pre>from langchain_core.prompts import PromptTemplate</pre>	
import embeddings	
from flask_socketio import emit	
import time	
from constants import app_constants	
<pre>chat_history = []</pre>	Initialising global variables
<pre>class Streaming(BaseCallbackHandler):</pre>	Class defined to permit streaming of
<pre>def on_llm_new_token(self, token: str, **kwargs) -&gt; None:</pre>	data on the frontend
<pre>emit('stream_response', {'data': token})</pre>	
<pre>time.sleep(app_constants.TIME)</pre>	
template = """You are a friendly AI assistant and your name is `Mihi Assistant`. Your responsibility is to answer questions based on documents knowledge base. If you did not find the answer from the documents say 'I'm sorry I'm not able to find a relevant answer as per your question'.	Defining the template used

If the user asks you your name, you only respond with: "Hi, I'm Mihi Assistant. How can I assist you today?".  Always respond with short but complete answers unless the user specifically asks to elaborate on something.  If the user says "tell me more about this" or something similar, look at the chat history and refer to the provided documents to give more details about the previously asked question.  Here is a question about the document: {input}  Answer:  """	
<pre>prompt = PromptTemplate(input_variables=['input'], template=template)</pre>	Defining the prompt
<pre>memory = ConversationBufferMemory(memory_key='chat_history', return_messages=True, output_key='text')</pre>	Adding conversation memory
<pre>retriever = embeddings.chroma_db.as_retriever(search_type="similarity", search_kwargs={"k": app_constants.K})</pre>	Creating a retriever interface from the vector store
<pre>chain = LLMChain(llm=embeddings.llm, prompt=prompt,</pre>	Creating an LLM chain
<pre>def get_answer_from_chain(question):         global chat_history         context_str = " ".join(</pre>	Function used to get answers by invoking the chain. This first retrieves relevant documents from the chroma_db based

on user questions.
A context string is defined which combines chat history, user question and relevant documents. This context string is passed as input to the chain. Finally the result is returned.

### server.py

```
import logging
import os

from flask import Flask, render_template, request, jsonify

from flask_cors import CORS

import prompt_definition

import embeddings

from flask_socketio import SocketIO, emit
```

```
app = Flask(__name__)
                                                                   Initialise Flask app
                                                                      and CORS
socketio = SocketIO(app, cors_allowed_origins="*")
cors = CORS(app, resources={r"/*": {"origins": "*"}})
app.logger.setLevel(logging.ERROR)
                                                                  Define the route for
@app.route('/', methods=['GET'])
                                                                     index page
def index():
   return render_template('index.html')
                                                                  Define the route for
@app.route('/process-message', methods=['POST'])
                                                                     processing
                                                                      messages
def process_message_route():
# Extract the user's message from the request
  user_message = request.json['userMessage']
                                                                  Explained each loop
# Check if the user is requesting transcript generation from
                                                                   using comments
the uploaded audio
elif "transcript" in user_message.lower():
# Get the generated transcript from the embeddings module
    generated_transcript = embeddings.get_transcripts()
# Return the generated transcript as the bot's response
return jsonify({
   "botResponse": generated_transcript[0],
   "generatedTranscript": generated_transcript[0]
}), 200
# Check if the user is requesting image generation
```

```
elif "generate an image of" in user_message.lower():
# Generate the image using the prompt_definition module
    image_url =
prompt_definition.generate_image(user_message)
# Return the image URL as the bot's response
return jsonify({
   "botResponse": f"Here is the image you requested: ",
   "imageUrl": image_url
}), 200
# Process the user's message using the prompt_definition
module
bot_response =
prompt_definition.get_answer_from_chain(user_message)
# Return the bot's response along with the extracted text as
JSON
return jsonify({
   "botResponse": bot_response
}), 200
                                                                  Define the route to
@app.route('/process-document', methods=['POST'])
                                                                  process documents
                                                                   uploaded by user
def process_document_route():
                                                                  Check if files were
     if 'files' not in request.files:
                                                                      uploaded
          return jsonify({
```

```
"botResponse": "No files uploaded. Please upload
a PDF, DOCX, XLSX, or image file."
    }), 400
                                                              Extract the uploaded
                                                                 files from the
files = request.files.getlist('files')
                                                                    request
file_paths = []
file_extensions = []
for file in files:
                                                                Define the path
                                                                where the file is
   file_path = os.path.join("uploads", file.filename)
                                                                    saved
   file.save(file_path)
                                                                  Save the file
   file_paths.append(file_path)
   _, file_extension = os.path.splitext(file_path)
                                                                 Extract the file
                                                                  extension of
   file_extension = file_extension.lower()
                                                                 uploaded file
   file_extensions.append(file_extension)
 doc_files = [file_paths[i] for i in
                                                               Extract all docx files
range(len(file_paths)) if file_extensions[i] in
{'.pdf', '.docx', '.xlsx'}]
 image_files = [file_paths[i] for i in
                                                                Extract all image
range(len(file_paths)) if file_extensions[i] in
                                                                     files
{'.png', '.jpg', '.jpeg'}]
 audio_files = [file_paths[i] for i in
                                                              Extract all audio files
range(len(file_paths)) if file_extensions[i] in
{'.mp3'}]
```

```
Process the
      if doc_files:
                                                                      documents using
                                                                     embeddings module
          embeddings.doc.process_documents(doc_files)
      if image_files:
                                                                      Process images
                                                                     using embeddings
          embeddings.image.add_images(image_files)
                                                                          module
      if audio files:
                                                                     Process audio using
          embeddings.audio.load_transcripts(audio_files)
                                                                     embeddings module
       return jsonify({
                                                                      Return a success
          "botResponse": "Thank you for providing your files.
                                                                     message as JSON
     They have been analysed, and you can now ask any
     questions regarding them!"
      }), 200
                                                                      Define a route to
@socketio.on('start_stream')
                                                                     handle Websocket
                                                                      connections and
def handle_start_stream(data):
                                                                      stream responses
      user_message = data.get('userMessage')
                                                                       Check if user
      if "transcript" in user_message.lower():
                                                                     requires a transcript
         transcripts = embeddings.audio.get_transcripts()
         for transcript in transcripts:
             for token in transcript.split():
                                                                    Stream the transcript
                                                                         generated
                stream.on_llm_new_token(token)
              emit('stream_response', {'data': '\n'})
                                                                      Check if the user
      if "http" in user_message.lower():
                                                                       has provided a
                                                                     youtube link. If yes,
         embeddings.video.load_videos(user_message)
                                                                       load the video
```

```
str = ""
                                                                    Check if user has
                                                                    asked to generate
      if "generate an image of" in user_message.lower():
                                                                       an image
         str =
     embeddings.generate_img.generate_image(user_message)
      else:
                                                                    If none of the cases
         str =
                                                                    match, simply get
                                                                    response from bot
     prompt_definition.get_answer_from_chain(user_message)
      stream = prompt_definition.Streaming()
      for token in str.split():
                                                                   Stream the response
         stream.on_llm_new_token(token=token)
      emit('stream_response', {'data': '\n'})
                                                                    Run the flask app
if __name__ == "__main__":
# Ensure the upload directory exists
   os.makedirs("uploads", exist_ok=True)
   socketio.run(app, debug=True, port=8000, host='0.0.0.0')
```

# embeddings.py

import os	Adding all the necessary imports
from langchain_openai import OpenAIEmbeddings, ChatOpenAI	
from langchain_community.vectorstores import Chroma	
from dotenv import load_dotenv	
<pre>from service import audio_embedding, document_embedding, generate_image, image_embedding, video_embedding</pre>	

```
OPENAI_API_KEY = "sk-proj-..."
                                                                    Load environment
load_dotenv()
                                                                       variables
                                                                     Initialise global
11m = None
                                                                       variables
11m_embeddings = None
chroma_db = None
                                                                   Function to initialise
def init_chroma_db():
                                                                     chroma db from
                                                                   existing documents
   global chroma_db
   # Check if Chroma DB already exists
  persist_directory = "./data"
   if os.path.exists(persist_directory):
     # Load existing Chroma DB
     chroma_db = Chroma(persist_directory=persist_directory,
     embedding_function=llm_embeddings)
   else:
     # Create a new Chroma DB if it does not exist
     chroma_db = Chroma(embedding_function=llm_embeddings)
                                                                   Function to initialise
def init_llm():
                                                                   language model and
                                                                     its embeddings
     global 11m, 11m_embeddings
     # Initialise the language model with the OpenAI API key
     OPENAI_API_KEY = os.getenv("OPENAI_API_KEY")
     11m = ChatOpenAI(streaming=True, model_name="gpt-4",
     openai_api_key=OPENAI_API_KEY)
     # Initialise the embeddings for the language model
```

<pre>1lm_embeddings =    OpenAIEmbeddings(openai_api_key=OPENAI_API_KEY)</pre>	
<pre>init_llm() init_chroma_db()</pre>	Initialising chroma db, Ilm and its embeddings
<pre>audio = audio_embedding.TranscriptProcessor(chroma_db)</pre>	Creating objects
<pre>video = video_embedding.VideoProcessor(chroma_db)</pre>	
<pre>doc = document_embedding.DocumentProcessor(chroma_db)</pre>	
<pre>image = image_embedding.ImageProcessor(chroma_db)</pre>	
<pre>generate_img = generate_image.ImageGenerator(OPENAI_API_KEY)</pre>	

# service module

# audio\_embedding.py

<pre>from langchain.text_splitter import RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter</pre>	Adding all the necessary imports
<pre>from langchain_community.vectorstores.utils import filter_complex_metadata</pre>	
<pre>from langchain_community.document_loaders import AssemblyAIAudioTranscriptLoader</pre>	
transcripts = []	Initialising global variable
class TranscriptProcessor:	Defining class TranscriptProcessor
<pre>definit(self, chroma_db):</pre>	Defining constructor

```
self.chroma_db = chroma_db
   self.transcripts = []
                                                               Defining method to
def load_transcripts(self, audio_files):
                                                                embed text from
                                                                    audio
   global transcripts
   self.transcripts = []
   for audio_file in audio_files:
      try:
         transcript_loader =
AssemblyAIAudioTranscriptLoader(file_path=audio_file)
                                                               Loads the transcript
                                                                from an audio file
         docs = transcript_loader.load()
                                                                 Filters complex
         docs = filter_complex_metadata(docs)
                                                                   metadata
         texts =
                                                                 Splits text into
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter(chunk_size=app_constants
                                                                    chunks
.CHUNK_SIZE, chunk_overlap=app_constants.CHUNK_OVERLAP).
split_documents(docs)
         for text_segment in texts:
                                                               Adds to chroma db
self.chroma_db.add_documents([text_segment])
                                                                  and saves it
         self.chroma_db.persist()
         for text_segment in texts:
                                                               Appending the text
self.transcripts.append(text_segment.page_content.strip
                                                                into transcript list
())
```

# document\_embedding.py

import os	Adding all the necessary imports
<pre>from langchain_community.document_loaders import PyPDFLoader, UnstructuredWordDocumentLoader, UnstructuredExcelLoader</pre>	
<pre>from langchain.text_splitter import CharacterTextSplitter</pre>	
from constants import app_constants	
class DocumentProcessor:	Defining class DocumentProcessor
<pre>definit(self, chroma_db):</pre>	Defining constructor

```
self.chroma_db = chroma_db
                                                            Defining method to
                                                             embed text from
   def process_documents(self, document_paths):
                                                                documents
       for document_path in document_paths:
           try:
                                                            Extract file extension
           _, file_extension =
os.path.splitext(document_path)
           file_extension = file_extension.lower()
           if file_extension == '.pdf':
               loader = PyPDFLoader(document_path)
           elif file_extension == '.docx':
               loader =
UnstructuredWordDocumentLoader(document_path)
           elif file_extension == '.xlsx':
               loader =
UnstructuredExcelLoader(document_path)
           else:
               print(f"Unsupported file type:
{file_extension}")
               continue
           if file_extension in {'.pdf', '.docx',
'.xlsx'}:
```

```
Load the document
               documents = loader.load()
               print(f"document: {documents}")
                                                              Splits text into
                                                                 chunks
               text_splitter = CharacterTextSplitter(
                   chunk_size=app_constants.CHUNK_SIZE,
chunk_overlap=app_constants.CHUNK_OVERLAP)
               texts =
text_splitter.split_documents(documents)
               print(f"text: {texts}")
                                                            Adds to chroma db
               self.chroma_db.add_documents(texts)
                                                               and saves it
               self.chroma_db.persist()
               print(f"Processed and added document:
{document_path}")
           except Exception as e:
                print(f"Error processing document
{document_path}: {e}")
       print("----")
```

# image\_embedding.py

import cv2	Adding all the necessary imports
import pytesseract	
import chromadb	

```
from langchain.text_splitter import CharacterTextSplitter
from langchain.schema.document import Document
from constants import app_constants
                                                                      Defining class
class ImageProcessor:
                                                                     ImageProcessor
   def __init__(self, chroma_db):
                                                                    Defining constructor
      self.chroma_db = chroma_db
   def add_images(self, image_paths):
                                                                    Defining method to
                                                                     embed text from
      for image_path in image_paths:
                                                                         images
          try:
                                                                     Extract text from
              text = pytesseract.image_to_string(img)
                                                                       image using
                                                                       pytesseract
              text_splitter =
     CharacterTextSplitter(chunk_size=app_constants.CHUNK_SI
     ZE, chunk_overlap=app_constants.CHUNK_OVERLAP)
                                                                   Split text into chunks
              texts = [Document(page_content=x) for x in
     text_splitter.split_text(text)]
              # Add new documents to the Chroma DB
                                                                    Creating Document
                                                                         object
              self.chroma_db.add_documents(texts)
              self.chroma_db.persist()
                                                                   Adding to chroma db
              print(f"Processed and added image:
      {image_path}")
          except Exception as e:
              print(f"Error processing image {image_path}:
     {e}")
```

# video\_embedding.py

```
Adding all the
import re
                                                                     necessary imports
from langchain_community.document_loaders.generic import
GenericLoader
from langchain_community.document_loaders.parsers.audio
import OpenAIWhisperParser
from langchain_community.document_loaders import
YoutubeAudioLoader
                                                                       Defining class
class VideoProcessor:
                                                                      VideoProcessor
    def __init__(self, chroma_db):
                                                                    Defining constructor
        self.chroma_db = chroma_db
    def load_videos(self, user_prompt):
                                                                     Defining method to
                                                                      embed text from
        try:
                                                                          video
             video_link = re.search(r'https?://\S+',
                                                                      Extract video link
user_prompt).group()
                                                                     from user message
             save_dir="uploads"
             loader = GenericLoader(YoutubeAudioLoader(
                                     [video_link], save_dir),
                                     OpenAIWhisperParser()
             docs = loader.load()
                                                                       Loading video
```

```
for doc in docs:
    self.chroma_db.add_documents([doc])
    self.chroma_db.persist()

    print("Video embedded successfully")

except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error embedding video: {e}")
```

# generate\_image.py

from openai import OpenAI	Adding all the necessary imports
from constants import app_constants	
class ImageGenerator:	Defining class ImageGenerator
<pre>definit(self, api_key):</pre>	Defining constructor
self.api_key = api_key	
<pre>self.client = OpenAI(api_key=api_key)</pre>	
<pre>def generate_image(self, prompt):</pre>	Defining method to
try:	generate image
response = self.client.images.generate(	
model="dall-e-3",	
<pre>prompt=prompt,</pre>	
n=app_constants.N,	

```
size="1024x1024")

image_url = response.data[0].url

return image_url

except Exception as e:

print(f"Error generating image: {e}")

return None
Returning image url
generated
```

#### **FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS**

### 1. Error Handling

Enhance error handling across modules to provide more informative messages and handle edge cases gracefully.

### 2. Security

Implement security best practices such as input validation, sanitization of user inputs, and secure handling of API keys.

# 3. Processing Efficiency

Improve text processing and image/video handling algorithms for better performance.

# 4. Scalability

- Evaluate and enhance the scalability of the application architecture, especially concerning the Chroma database and handling of large datasets.
- Consider using containerization (e.g., Docker) and orchestration tools (e.g., Kubernetes) for easier deployment and scaling.

#### 5. Documentation

 Expand and improve inline comments and docstrings to enhance code readability and maintainability.  Create comprehensive developer documentation and API references for easy onboarding of new contributors.

# 6. Testing

- Develop unit tests and integration tests to verify the functionality of each module and ensure robustness across different scenarios.
- Implement continuous integration (CI) pipelines to automate testing and deployment processes.

#### 7. Feature Enhancements

- Introduce additional features such as multi-language support, sentiment analysis, or integration with more AI models for richer interactions.
- Extend capabilities for handling different file formats and media types beyond the current scope.

#### **CONTRIBUTING GUIDELINES**

If you're interested in contributing to this project, consider the following guidelines:

#### 1. Familiarise Yourself

Understand the existing codebase, its architecture, and how different modules interact.

# 2. Identify Areas

Look for areas where improvements or new features can be added based on the project's roadmap or existing issues.

# 3. Follow Coding Standards

Adhere to the coding style and guidelines used in the project. Maintain consistency with existing code.

# 4. Discuss Changes

Before making significant changes, discuss them with the project maintainers to ensure alignment with project goals and avoid duplication of efforts.

#### 5. Write Tests

When adding new features or modifying existing ones, include appropriate tests to validate the functionality and prevent regressions.

### 6. Document Your Code

Ensure that your contributions are well-documented, including inline comments, docstrings, and updates to the project's documentation if necessary.

# 7. Submit Pull Requests

Fork the repository, make your changes in a separate branch, and submit a pull request. Provide a clear description of your changes and reference any related issues.

### 8. Participate in Discussions

Engage in discussions on issues and pull requests, offer constructive feedback, and collaborate with other contributors.