| EN. 601.454/654 Augmented Reality |
|-----------------------------------|
| |
| Assignment 3 |
| J |
| Name: Yuliang Liao |
| JHED: Yxiao39 |
| Date: 09/29/2022 |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

1. Camera Distortion

1.1 What is the goal of undistortion? Why should we undistort an image before processing it? (1 point)

The goal of undistortion is to achieve an overal one-to-one mapping (linear image) Because the image processing is a linear transformation and a distorted image will have errors when applying image processing without undistortion

1.2 Given $f(r) = 1 + 0.057r^2 + 0.00014r^4$, compute and sketch the undistorted image of Fig. 1. (2 points)

According to Fig. 1, the distation center $C = \begin{bmatrix} c_x \\ c_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

For point \$ = [-0.913, 0.9129] T

~= |(-0.9129, 0.9129)) | = 1.29/

$$f(r) = 1 + 0.057 r^{2} + 0.00019 r^{4} = 1.095$$

$$\vec{p}_{1} cound = f(r) \vec{p}_{1} = 1.095 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -0.9129 \\ 0.9129 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.9196 \\ 0.9196 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For point 12= [0,0.9509]T

$$f(r) = 1 + 0.057 r^2 + 0.000147^4 = 1.052$$

$$\vec{p}_{cound} = f(r) \vec{p}_{2} = 1.052 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.9509 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For point 13 = [0.917, 0.9129]

$$f(r) = 1 + 0.057 r^2 + 0.00019 r^2 = 1.095$$

$$\vec{\beta}_{content} = f(r) \vec{\beta}_{3} = 1.095 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0.9129 \\ 0.9129 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.9996 \\ 0.9996 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0.9996 \end{bmatrix}$$

For point
$$\vec{R}_1 = [-0.9509]$$
, 0] $\vec{r} = [-0.950]$

$$f(r) = [+0.05]^{r} + 0.00019r^{r} = [-0.52]$$

$$\vec{R}_{cound} = f(r) \vec{R}_{1} = [-0.952] - 0.950]$$

For point $\vec{R}_{2} = [-0.959]$, 0] $\vec{r} = 0.950$

$$f(r) = [+0.05]^{r} + 0.00019r^{r} = [-0.052]$$

$$\vec{R}_{cound} = f(r) \vec{R}_{2} = [-0.9137.0.912]^{T}$$

$$r = [(-0.9137.0.912]^{T}]$$

$$r = [(-0.9137.0.912]^{T}]$$

$$\vec{R}_{cound} = f(r) \vec{R}_{3} = [-0.915] = [-0.915]$$

$$\vec{R}_{cound} = f(r) \vec{R}_{3} = [-0.915] = [-0.915]$$
For point $\vec{R}_{1} = [-0.93509]^{T}$

$$r = [(-0.93509]^{T}]$$

$$r = [(-0.93509]^{T}]$$

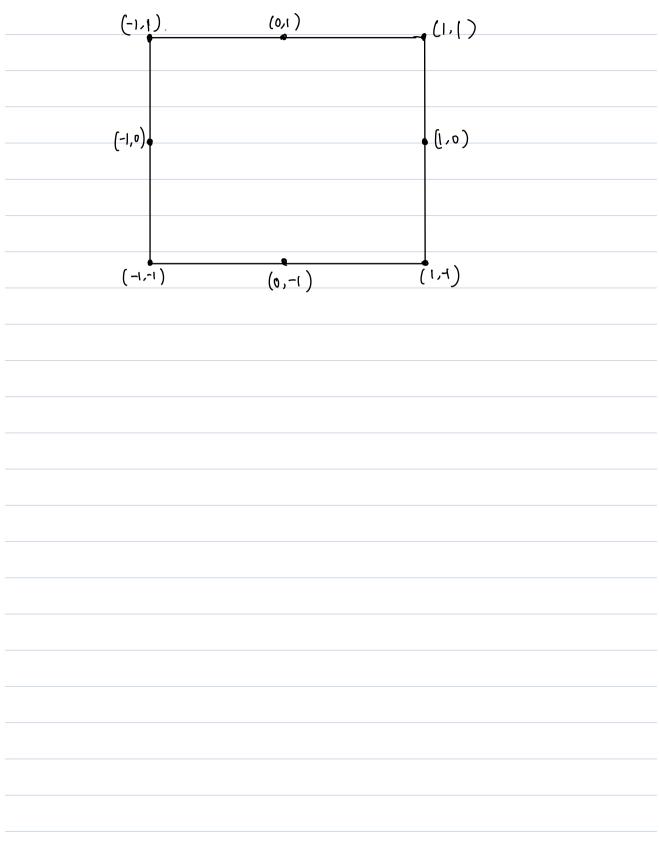
$$r = [(-0.93509]^{T}]$$

$$r = [(-0.93509]^{T}]$$
For point $\vec{R}_{1} = [-0.93509]^{T}$

$$r = [(-0.93509]^{T}]$$

$$r = [-0.93509]^{T}$$

$$r =$$



| | distortion? Why or why not? (2 points) |
|--------|---|
| | equation I doesn't work for modeling the distortion. Because in the |
| isheye | . comera, there's existing tangential distortion. But in Eq.(, it doe |
| ontaiv | the expression for correcting tangential distortion |
| 1 / | (UG Optional) Typically, we use $f(r) = 1 + k_1 r^2 + k_2 r^4 + k_3 r^6$ to model the radial |
| 1.4 | distortion. Note that only even power terms are used in the polynomial. Why do we not use the odd order terms? (1 point) |
| | |
| | A. C. 70 Wishing and A. C. 70 Wishing |
| | As for as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, max) and |
| | As far as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, vimax) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term |
| | As for as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, vmax) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term |
| | As for as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, max) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term |
| | As for as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, max) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term. |
| | As for as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, max) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term. |
| | As four as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, vmax) and is always positive, there's no need to use add term |
| | As far as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, vmax) and is always positive, there's no need to use add term |
| | As far as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, vmax) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term |
| | As for as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, vinax] and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term |
| | As far as I'm thinking, because the function domain v is [0, vmax) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term. |
| | As four as I'm thinking, because the fametion domain v is [0, vmax) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term |
| | As far as I'm thinking, because the faution domain r is [0, rmax) and is always positive, there's no need to use odd term |