

Constructor Problems!!!

06 June 2018 15:03

1. Constructor is used with "**new**" and there is no old/existing keyword
 - There is a difference between needing an object and needing a new object
 - No object reuse
 - every time you call a constructor it's a new object

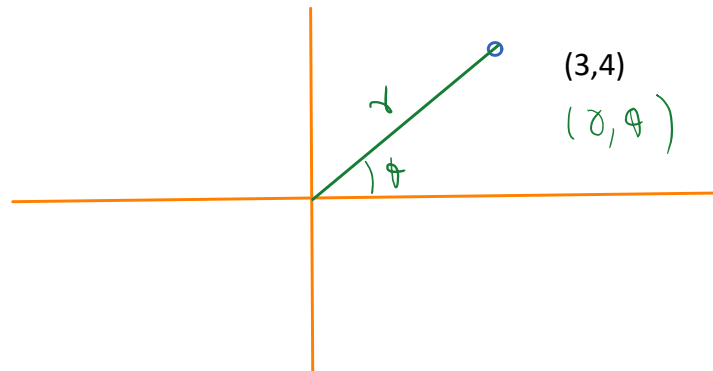
Example:

```
BankAccount x=new BankAccount(1); //new object
```

```
BankAccount y=new BankAccount(2); //new object
```

```
BankAccount z= new BankAccount(1); //is this a new object??
```

2. Constructor has a completely meaningless name.
 - Class Name represents the Object
 - Constructor is the creator of the Object not a part of the object
 - A name valid for the object may not be valid for the creator of the object
 - Programmer **can't choose** the name to ensure it is meaningful.



3. Constructor is one of the few **non-polymorphic** methods that exist in OO design
 - polymorphism works if a base reference refers to a derived object
 - when constructor is called there is no object
 - constructors can't be virtual
 - constructors can't be overridden
 - each class constructor varies in its name
 - constructors can't be replaced
 - They violate
 - OCP
 - LSP
 - constructors can't be specified in an interface
 - No dependency inversion
 - interface defines a contract which implementor must implement
 - Interface makes an object responsible to implement the standard
 - constructor is not a part of the interface
 - No standard can be forced on constructor
 - Not responsible.

4. Constructor has same name as that of the concrete class

- To create object you need to know constructor
- knowing constructor is knowing concrete class
- knowing concrete class is breaking Dependency Inversion Principle.

5. constructors are not optional.

- constructors can't be removed.
- constructors, however, can be hidden

Static Vs Non Static Members

06 June 2018

15:11

Feature	Static	Non-Static
owner	class level	object level
scope	compile time	runtime
memory	data segment	heap/stack
keyword	static	n/a
this pointer	n/a	refers to the object
how to access them	ClassName as reference	object reference

UserManagementSystem

06 June 2018 15:06

```
class UserUI{
```

```
    public onRegistrationClick(){
        //A new user in the system
        User user=new
        InactiveUser( name,email,phone,password);
    }

    public onLoginClick(){
        //Is this also a new user in the system???
        User user=null;//new User(email, password);

        ResultSet set=query("select * from user...");
        if(set.Read()){
            switch(set["usertype"]){
                case "ADMIN": user=new Admin(...);
                break;
                case "CUSTOMER" : user=new Customer(...);
                ...
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
//Business Layer
abstract class User{
```

```
    class Employee: User{}
    class Admin:User{}
    class Customer:User{}
```

```
    class InactiveUser:User{
```

```
        public InactiveUser(String name, String email, String phone,String password){
```

```
            //insert into users ...
```

```
        public User(String email, String password){
            //select from users ...
        }
    }
```

A data access code is written in presentation tier bypassing business layer

UserManagementSystem V2

06 June 2018 15:06

```
class UserUI{
```

```
    public onRegistrationClick(){
        //A new user in the system
        User user= UserManager
            .RegisterUser( name,email,phone,password);
    }
```

```
    public onLoginClick(){
        //Is this also a new user in the system???
        User user= UserManager
            .GetAuthetnicatedUser(email,password);
    }
```

```
}
```

//Business Layer
abstract class User{

class Employee: User{}
class Admin:User{}
class Customer:User{}

```
class UserManager{
    public User RegisterUser(String name, String email, String phone,String password){
```

```
        //insert into users ...
```

```
        return new InactiveUser(...);
    }
```

```
    public User GetAuthenticatedUser(String email, String password){
```

```
        User user=null;
        //select from users ...
        ResultSet set=query("select * from user...");
        if(set.Read()){
            switch(set["usertype"]){
                case "ADMIN": user=new Admin(...);
                break;
                case "CUSTOMER" : user=new Customer(...);
                ...
            }
        }
```

```
        return user
    }
```

```
}
```

No change

No change

Static Factory vs Constructor

07 June 2018 10:58

```
void main()  
{
```

```
RBI rbi = Government.GetRBI(); // new RBI();
```

A handwritten blue checkmark is drawn over the code line. Two blue arrows originate from the checkmark: one points to the `Government` class name, and the other points to the `new RBI();` comment.

```
Bank icici = rbi.GetBank("ICICI");  
Branch iciciECBranch= icici.GetBranch("EC");  
BankAccount a1= iciciECBranch.OpenAccount(...);
```

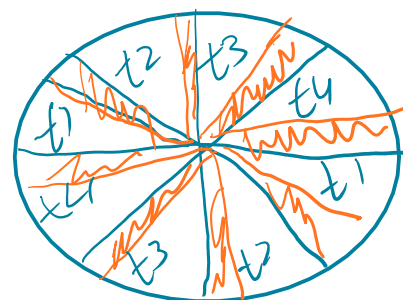
```
}
```

How many RBI???

Thread

07 June 2018 11:23

$t_4 - t_3 - t_2 - t_1$



C++ UIFactory Provider

07 June 2018 14:13

//steel.dll

```
class SteelForm : public UIForm {}
class SteelButton: public UIButton{}
class SteelTextBox : public UITextBox{}

class SteelFactory : public UIFactory{
    public UIForm * CreateForm() { return new SteelForm(); }
    public UIButton * CreateButton() { return new SteelButton(); }
    public UITextBox * CreateTextBox() { return new SteelTextBox(); }
}

UIFactory * GetFactory(){
    return new SteelFactory();
}
```

//Rubber.dll

```
class RubberForm : public UIForm {}
class RubberButton: public UIButton{}
class RubberTextBox : public UITextBox{}

class RubberFactory : public UIFactory{
    public UIForm * CreateForm() { return new RubberForm(); }
    public UIButton * CreateButton() { return new RubberButton(); }
    public UITextBox * CreateTextBox() { return new RubberTextBox(); }
}

UIFactory * GetFactory(){
    return new RubberFactory();
}
```

//core.dll

```
typedef UIFactory (*factory) ();

class FactoryProvider
{
    public:
        UIFactory * GetFactory( char * themePath )
```



```
{  
  
    HANDLE dll = LoadLibrary(themePath) ; //linux --> dlLoad()  
    if(dll==NULL)  
        return new DefaultFactory();  
  
    UIFactory factory=(UIFactory) GetProcAddress("GetFactory"); //linux --> dlSym()  
  
    return factory();  
  
}  
  
}
```

Encapsulation vs Inheritance Proxy

08 June 2018 08:54

//encapsulation version

```
class AuthenticatedSearchEngine : ISearchEngine
{
    ISearchEngine target;
    public AuthenticatedSearchEngine(ISearchEngine e){
        target=e;
    }

    public IResult Search(IQuery q){

        ...
        target.Search(q);
    }
}
```

//usage

```
var engine= new AuthenticatedSearchEngine(new BookSearchEngine());
```

//Inheritance version

```
class AuthenticatedSearchEngine : BookSearchEngine
{
    public IResult Search(IQuery q){

        ...
        base.Search(q);
    }
}
```

//usage

```
var engine= new AuthenticatedSearchEngine();
```

Electricity System

08 June 2018 11:12

