**EE2410 Data Structure Coding HW #1 (Chapter 1~2 of textbook)**

**due date 4/2/2024 23:59**

You should submit:

(a) All your source codes (C++ file).

(b) Show the execution trace of your program, i.e., write a client main() to demonstrate all functions you designed using example data.

Submit your homework before the deadline (midnight of 4/2). Fail to comply (**late** homework) will have ZERO score. **Copy** homework will have SERIOUS consequences.

Arrays: **due date: 23:59, 4/2/2024 (Tue.)**

1. (30%)

Write a C++ program to implement the **ADT2.3 Polynomial** below using Representation 3 (dynamic array of (coef, exp) tuples).

**class** Polynomial;

**class** Term{

**friend Polynomial;**

**private:**

**float coef;**

**int exp;**

**};**

**class** Polynomial {

// p(x) = a0 x^e0 + … + an x^en

// where ai is nonzero float and ei is non-negative int

**public**:

Polynomial( );

//construct the polynomial p(x) = 0

~Polynomial();

//destructor

Polynomial Add(Polynomial poly);

//return the sum of \***this** and poly

Polynomial Subt(Polynomial poly);

//return the difference of \***this** and poly

Polynomial Mult(Polynomial poly);

//return the product of \***this** and poly

**void** NewTerm(const float theCoeff, const int theExp);

**float** Eval(**float** f );

//Evaluate the polynomial \***this** at f and return the results

**int** operator!();

// if \*this is the zero polynomial, return 1; else return 0;

**float** Coef(**int** e);

// return the coefficient of e in \***this**

**int** LeadExp();

// return the largest exponent in \***this**

**friend** ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, Polynomial& p);

**friend** istream& operator>>(istream& is, Polynomial& p);

**private**:

Term\* termArray;

int capacity;

int terms;

};

Show the results of one runs of your program (execution trace) to **demonstrate** all the operations (Add, Subt, Mult, Eval, !, Coef, and LeadExp) as well as input, output functions as follows:

int main(){

construct polynomial objects a, b

use >> to build polynomial object a = 2x3 + 3x2 + 4x + 5, b = x3 – x2 + x – 1

demo <<

demo << results of Add, Subt, Mul

demo results of a.Exal(1), b.Eval(2), a.Coef(5), b.LeadExp

}

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自動產生的描述

The program is designed to take in input polynomials in descending order.

1. (35%)

Write a C++ program to implement the **ADT2.4 SparseMatrix** in textbook shown below.

**class** SparseMatrix

{//三元組，<列，行，值>，的集合，其中列與行為非負整數，

//並且它的組合是唯一的；值也是個整數。

**public**:

SparseMatrix(**int** r, **int** c, **int** t);

//constructor.

//r is #row, c is #col, t is #non-zero terms

SparseMatrix Transpose( );

SparseMatrix FastTranspose( );

//回傳將 \***this**中每個三元組的行與列交換後的*SparseMatrix*

SparseMatrix Add(SparseMatrix b);

// 如果 \***this**和*b*的維度一樣，那麼就把相對應的項給相加，

// 亦即，具有相同列和行的值會被回傳；否則的話丟出例外。

SparseMatrix Multiply(SparseMatrix b);

// 如果\***this**中的行數和*b*中的列數一樣多的話，那麼回傳的矩陣*d=* \***this**和*b*

//（依據*d*[*i*][*j*]=Σ(*a*[*i*][*k*]．*b*[*k*][*j*]，其中*d*[*i*][*j*]是第 (*i*,*j*) 個元素）相乘的結果。

// *k*的範圍從0到\***this**的行數減1；如果不一樣多的話，那麼就丟出例外。

//other needed functions

};

You should build you program based on the example codes in the book and implement the **Add** function and functions to **input**, **output** a sparse matrix by **overloading** the **>>** and **<<** **operators**.

You should try out at least one runs of your program to demonstrate the Add, Mult, FastTranspose, and input, output functions.

int main(){

use >> to build sm object a(4x3, 4 terms), b(4x3, 5 terms), c(3x3, 4 terms)

demo <<

demo << results of Transpose, Fast Transpose, Add, Mul

}

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The program will throw exception when encountering incompatible matrix operations.

Terms in a sparse matrix are arranged in row-ascending order.

1. (35%)

Write a C++ program to implement the **ADT2.5 String**.

**class** String

{

**public**:

String(**char** \***init**, **int** m);

// constructor using input string *init* of length m

**bool** **operator ==** (String t);//equality test

**bool** **operator!**( ); // empty test, true or false

**int** **Length**( );//get the number of characters of \*this

String **Concat**(String t);

// concatenation with another string t

String **Substr**(**int** i, **int** j); // generate a substring i~i+j-1

**int Find(String pat);**

**int FastFind(String pat);**

// Return an index *i* such that pat matches the substring

// of the object begins at position *i*. Return -1 if pat

// is empty or not a substring of the object

String **Delete**(**int** start, **int** length); //remove length characters beginning

// at start

String **CharDelete**(**char** c); //returns the string with all occurrence of c

//removed.

**int** **Compare**(String y); //compare two strings of letters of alphabet.

//return -1 if <y, 0 if =y, and 1 if >y.

//If two strings of letter of alphabet, x = (x0,…,xm-1) and y=(y0,…,yn-1) //where xi, yj are letters, then the Compare member function will decide //whether x<y, x=y, or x>y, where x < y means if xi=yi for 0≤i<j and xj<yj //or if xi=yi for 0≤i≤m and m<n. x=y means m=n and xi=yi for 0≤i<n. x>y //means if xi=yi for 0≤i<j and xj>yj or if xi=yi for 0≤i≤n and m>n.

}

You should try out at least two example runs of your program to demonstrate all those functions.

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