# Incorporating experimental designs

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# Where are we so far?

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So far, we've imported and transformed our measures data into R. Now we're going to address how to incorporate our experimental design.

If you haven't already, load the necessary packages.

```
library(gcplyr)
```

# Including design elements

We often want to combine information about the experimental design with our data. gcplyr enables incorporation of design elements in two ways:

- 1. Designs can be imported from files
- 2. Designs can be generated in R using make\_design

# Reading design elements from files

Users can read block-shaped or tidy-shaped design files:

- If design files are block-shaped, they can be read with import blockdesigns
- If design files are tidy-shaped, they can simply be read with read tidys

#### Importing block-shaped design files

To import block-shaped design files, use import\_blockdesigns, which will return a tidy-shaped designs data frame (or list of data frames).

import\_blockdesigns only requires a list of filenames (or relative file paths) and will return a data.frame (or list of data frames) in a **tidy format** that you can save in R.

#### A basic example

Let's look at an example. First, we need to create an example file for the sake of this tutorial (normally you'd create this file in Excel)

```
make_example(vignette = 3, example = 1, dir = ".")
#> Files have been written
#> [1] "./mydesign.csv"
```

Now let's take a look at what the file looks like:

```
print_df(read.csv("mydesign.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character"))
           2
               3
                       5
                           6
                                   8
                                       9
                                         10 11
       1
                   4
#> A Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> B Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> C Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> D Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> E Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> F Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> G Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> H Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
```

Here we can see that our design has Treatment 1 on the left-hand side of the plate (wells in columns 1 through 6), and Treatment 2 on the right-hand side of the plate (wells in columns 7 through 12). Let's import this design using import\_blockdesigns, saving it with the column name Treatment\_numbers.

```
my_design <- import_blockdesigns(files = "mydesign.csv",</pre>
                                    block_names = "Treatment_numbers")
head(my_design, 20)
#>
      Well Treatment numbers
#> 1
        A1
                           Tr1
#> 2
        A2
                            Tr1
#> 3
        A3
                            Tr1
#> 4
        A4
                            Tr1
#> 5
        A5
                            Tr1
#> 6
        A6
                           Tr1
#> 7
                            Tr2
        A7
#> 8
        A8
                           Tr2
#> 9
        A9
                            Tr2
#> 10
      A10
                           Tr2
#> 11
       A11
                            Tr2
#> 12
       A12
                            Tr2
#> 13
        B1
                            Tr1
#> 14
        B2
                            Tr1
#> 15
                            Tr1
        B3
#> 16
        B4
                            Tr1
#> 17
        B5
                            Tr1
#> 18
                            Tr1
        B6
#> 19
        B7
                            Tr2
#> 20
        B8
                            Tr2
```

### Importing multiple block-shaped design elements

What do you do if you have multiple designs? For instance, what if you have several strains each in several treatments? In that case, simply save each design component as a separate file, and import them all in one go with import\_blockdesigns.

First, let's create another example designs file. Again, just imagine that you've created this file in Excel.

```
make_example(vignette = 3, example = 2, dir = ".")
#> Files have been written
#> [1] "./mydesign2.csv"
```

Now let's take a look at what the file looks like:

```
print_df(read.csv("mydesign2.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character"))
  2
   4
    5
     7
      8
        10
        11
```

Here we can see that our design has Strain A in the first two rows, Strain B in the next two rows, and so on.

Let's now import both designs using import\_blockdesigns, saving them to columns named Treatment\_numbers and Strain\_letters.

```
my design <-
  import_blockdesigns(files = c("mydesign.csv", "mydesign2.csv"),
                       block_names = c("Treatment_numbers", "Strain_letters"))
head(my_design, 20)
#>
      Well Treatment_numbers Strain_letters
#> 1
        A1
                           Tr1
#> 2
        A2
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
#> 3
        A3
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
#> 4
                           Tr1
        A4
                                          StrA
#> 5
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
        A5
#> 6
        A6
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
#> 7
        A7
                           Tr2
                                          StrA
#> 8
        A8
                           Tr2
                                          StrA
#> 9
        A9
                           Tr2
                                          StrA
#> 10
       A10
                           Tr2
                                          StrA
#> 11 A11
                           Tr2
                                          StrA
#> 12 A12
                           Tr2
                                          StrA
#> 13
        B1
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
#> 14
        B2
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
#> 15
        B3
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
#> 16
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
        B4
#> 17
        B5
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
#> 18
        B6
                           Tr1
                                          StrA
#> 19
        B7
                           Tr2
                                          StrA
#> 20
        B8
                           Tr2
                                          StrA
```

### Importing tidy-shaped design files

You can import tidy-shaped designs with read\_tidys.

read\_tidys only requires a filename (or vector of filenames, or relative file paths) and will return a data.frame (or list of data.frames) that you can save in R.

Once these design elements have been read into the R environment, you won't need to transform them. So you can skip down to learning how to merge them with your data in the [Merging spectrophotometric and design data] section.

# Generating designs in R

If you'd rather make your design data.frames in R, make design can create:

- block-shaped data.frames with your design information (for saving to files)
- tidy-shaped data.frames with your design information (for saving to files and merging with tidy-shaped data)

### An example with a single design

Let's start with a simple design.

Imagine you have a 96 well plate (12 columns and 8 rows) with a different bacterial strain in each row, leaving the first and last rows and columns empty.

Row names	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	 Column 11	Column 12
Row A Row B Row B	Blank Blank Blank	Blank Strain #1 Strain #2	Blank Strain #1 Strain #2	 Blank Strain #1 Strain #2	Blank Blank Blank
Row G Row G Row H	 Blank Blank Blank	Strain #5 Strain #6 Blank	Strain #5 Strain #6 Blank	  Strain #5 Strain #6 Blank	 Blank Blank Blank

Typing a design like this manually into a spreadsheet can be tedious. But generating it with make\_design is easier.

make\_design first needs some general information, like the nrows and ncols in the plate, and the output\_format you'd like (typically blocks or tidy).

Then, for each different design component, make design needs five different pieces of information:

- a vector containing the possible values
- a vector specifying which rows these values should be applied to
- a vector specifying which columns these values should be applied to
- a string or vector of the pattern of these values
- a Boolean for whether this pattern should be filled byrow (defaults to TRUE)

So for our example above, we can see:

• the possible values are c("Strain 1", "Strain 2", "Strain 3", "Strain 4", "Strain 5", "Strain 6")

- the rows these values should be applied to are 2:7
- the columns these values should be applied to are 2:11
- the pattern these values should be filled in by is "123456"
- and these values should not be filled by row (they should be filled by column)

```
my_design_blk
#> [[1]]
#> [[1]]$data
     1 2
               3
                      4
                              5
                                     6
                                            7
                                                    8
                                                           9
                                                                  10
                                                                         11
                                                                                 12
               NA
                      NA
                              NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                   NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                         NA
#> B NA "Str1" NA
#> C NA "Str2" NA
#> D NA "Str3" "NA
#> E NA "Str4" "NA
#> F NA "Str5" NA
#> G NA "Str6" NA
#> H NA NA
                      NA
                              NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                   NA
                                                           NA
#>
#> [[1]]$metadata
#> block_name
#> "Bacteria"
```

This produces a data.frame with Bacteria as the block\_name in the metadata. If we save this design to a file or transform it to tidy-shaped, this block\_name metadata will come in handy.

### A few notes on the pattern

The pattern in make\_design is flexible to make it easy to input designs.

The "0" character is reserved for NA values, and can be put into your pattern anywhere you'd like to have the value be NA

```
my_design_blk <- make_design(</pre>
 output_format = "blocks",
  nrows = 8, ncols = 12,
  Bacteria = list(c("Str1", "Str2", "Str3",
                    "Str4", "Str5", "Str6"),
                  2:7,
                  2:11,
                  "123056",
                  FALSE)
)
my_design_blk
#> [[1]]
#> [[1]]$data
                                             7
   1 2
               3
                              5
                                     6
                                                    8
                                                           9
                                                                   10
                                                                                 12
                       4
                                                                          11
#> A NA NA
               NA
                       NA
                              NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                    NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                          NA
                                                                                 NA
        "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1"
#> C NA "Str2" NA
#> D NA "Str3" "NA
#> E NA NA
               NA
                      NA
                              NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                    NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
#> F NA "Str5" NA
#> G NA "Str6" NA
```

In the previous examples, I used the numbers 1 through 6 to correspond to our values. If you have more than 9 values, you can use letters too. By default, the order is numbers first, then uppercase letters, then lowercase letters (so "A" is the 10th index). However, if you'd like to only use letters, you can simply specify a different lookup\_tbl\_start so that make\_design knows what letter you're using as the 1 index.

```
my_design_blk <- make_design(
  output_format = "blocks",
  nrows = 8, ncols = 12, lookup_tbl_start = "A",
  Bacteria = list(
    c("Str1", "Str2", "Str3", "Str4", "Str5", "Str6"),
    2:7,
    2:11,
    "ABCDEF",
    FALSE)
)</pre>
```

You can also specify the pattern as a vector rather than a string.

```
my_design_blk <- make_design(
  output_format = "blocks",
  nrows = 8, ncols = 12,
  Bacteria = list(
    c("Str1", "Str2", "Str3", "Str4", "Str5", "Str6"),
    2:7,
    2:11,
    c(1,2,3,4,5,6),
    FALSE)
)</pre>
```

### Continuing with the example: multiple designs

Now let's return to our example growth curve experiment. In addition to having a different bacterial strain in each row, we now also have a different media in each column of the plate.

Row names	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	 Column 11	Column 12
Row A Row B	Blank Blank	Blank Media #1	Blank Media #2	 Blank Media #10	Blank Blank
Row G Row H	 Blank Blank	 Media #1 Blank	 Media #2 Blank	  Media #10 Blank	 Blank Blank

We can generate both designs with make\_design:

```
my_design_blk <- make_design(</pre>
  output_format = "blocks",
  nrows = 8, ncols = 12, lookup_tbl_start = "a",
  Bacteria = list(c("Str1", "Str2", "Str3",
                    "Str4", "Str5", "Str6"),
                  2:7,
                  2:11,
                  "abcdef",
                  FALSE),
  Media = list(c("Med1", "Med2", "Med3",
                 "Med4", "Med5", "Med6",
                 "Med7", "Med8", "Med9",
                 "Med10", "Med11", "Med12"),
               2:7,
               2:11,
               "abcdefghij")
  )
my_design_blk
#> [[1]]
#> [[1]]$data
#>
   1 2
               3
                              5
                                     6
                                            7
                                                    8
                                                           9
                                                                  10
                                                                         11
                                                                                 12
                                                           NA
                                                                         NA
               NA
                      NA
                              NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                   NA
                                                                  NA
#> B NA "Str1" NA
#> C NA "Str2" NA
#> D NA "Str3" "NA
#> E NA "Str4" "NA
#> F NA "Str5" NA
#> G NA "Str6" NA
#> H NA NA
               NA
                      NA
                              NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                    NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
#>
#> [[1]]$metadata
#> block_name
#> "Bacteria"
#>
#>
#> [[2]]
#> [[2]]$data
   1 2
               3
                              5
                                     6
                                            7
                                                                  10
                                                                         11
                                                                                  12
#> A NA NA
               NA
                      NA
                             NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                   NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
#> B NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" "Med6" "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> C NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" "Med6" "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> D NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" "Med6" "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> E NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" "Med6" "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> F NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" "Med6" "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> G NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" "Med6" "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> H NA NA
               NA
                      NA
                              NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                   NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                                 NA
#> [[2]]$metadata
#> block_name
   "Media"
```

However, the real strength of make\_design is that it is not limited to simple alternating patterns. make\_design can use irregular patterns too, replicating them as needed to fill all the wells.

```
my_design_blk <- make_design(</pre>
  output_format = "blocks",
  nrows = 8, ncols = 12, lookup_tbl_start = "a",
  Bacteria = list(c("Str1", "Str2"),
                  2:7,
                  2:11,
                  "abaaabbbab",
                  FALSE),
 Media = list(c("Med1", "Med2", "Med3"),
               2:7,
               2:11,
               "aabbbc000abc"))
my_design_blk
#> [[1]]
#> [[1]]$data
                                            7
   1 2
               3
                              5
                                     6
                                                                  10
                                                                         11
                                                                                 12
                      4
#> A NA NA
               NA
                             NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                         NA
                                                                                 NA
                      NA
                                                   NA
#> B NA "Str1" "Str2" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str2" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" NA
#> C NA "Str2" "Str2" "Str1" "Str2" "Str2" "Str2" "Str2" "Str1" "Str2" "Str2" NA
#> D NA "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str2" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str2" NA
#> E NA "Str1" "Str2" "Str2" "Str2" "Str1" "Str2" "Str2" "Str2" "Str2" NA
#> F NA "Str1" "Str1" "Str2" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str1" "Str2" "Str1" "Str1" NA
#> G NA "Str2" "Str2" "Str2" "Str1" "Str2" "Str2" "Str2" "Str2" "Str1" "Str2" NA
#> H NA NA
               NA
                      NA
                             NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                   NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
#>
#> [[1]]$metadata
#> block name
#> "Bacteria"
#>
#>
#> [[2]]
#> [[2]]$data
                                            7
   1 2
               3
                                     6
                                                    8
                                                           9
                                                                  10
                                                                         11
                                                                                 12
#> A NA NA
                             NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                    NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                         NA
                                                                                 NA
               NA
                      NA
#> B NA "Med1" "Med1" "Med2" "Med2" "Med2" "Med3" NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                          "Med1" NA
#> C NA "Med2" "Med3" "Med1" "Med1" "Med2" "Med2" "Med2" "Med3" NA
                                                                                 NA
#> D NA NA
               "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med1" "Med1" "Med2" "Med2" "Med2" "Med3" NA
                              "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med1" "Med1" "Med2" "Med2" NA
#> E NA NA
               NA
                      NA
#> F NA "Med2" "Med3" NA
                                            "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med1" "Med1" NA
                                     NA
#> G NA "Med2" "Med2" "Med2" "Med3" NA
                                                           "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" NA
                                            NA
                                                   NA
#> H NA NA
               NA
                      NA
                              NA
                                     NA
                                            NA
                                                   NA
                                                           NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                         NA
#>
#> [[2]]$metadata
#> block_name
#> "Media"
```

There is also an optional helper function called make\_designpattern, or mdp for short. make\_designpattern just reminds us what arguments are necessary for each design. For example:

```
my_design_blk <- make_design(
  output_format = "blocks",
  nrows = 8, ncols = 12, lookup_tbl_start = "a",</pre>
```

```
Bacteria = mdp(
   values = c("Str1", "Str2", "Str3",
              "Str4", "Str5", "Str6"),
   rows = 2:7, cols = 2:11, pattern = "abc0ef",
   byrow = FALSE),
 Media = mdp(
   values = c("Med1", "Med2", "Med3",
              "Med4", "Med5", "Med6",
              "Med7", "Med8", "Med9",
              "Med10", "Med11", "Med12"),
   rows = 2:7, cols = 2:11, pattern = "abcde0ghij"))
my design blk
#> [[1]]
#> [[1]]$data
#> 1 2
              3
                           5
                                   6
                                          7
                                               8
                                                              10
                                                                     11
                                                                            12
#> A NA NA
              NA
                           NA
                                   NA
                                         NA
                                                       NA
                     NA
                                                NA
#> B NA "Str1" "NA
#> C NA "Str2" NA
#> D NA "Str3" "NA
#> E NA NA
                         NA
                                  NA NA
                                             NA NA
              NA
                   NA
                                                              NA
                                                                  NA
#> F NA "Str5" "Str5" "Str5" "Str5" "Str5" "Str5" "Str5" "Str5" "Str5" "NA
#> G NA "Str6" NA
#> H NA NA
             NA
                     NA
                            NA
                                   NA
                                          NA
                                                NA
                                                       NA
                                                              NA
#> [[1]]$metadata
#> block name
#> "Bacteria"
#>
#>
#> [[2]]
#> [[2]]$data
#> 1 2
              3
                            5
                                   6
                                          7 8
                                                   9
                                                          10
                                                                 11
                                                                         12
#> A NA NA
             NA
                     NA
                           NA
                                   NA
                                          NA NA
                                                   NA
#> B NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" NA "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> C NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" NA "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> D NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" NA "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> E NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" NA "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> F NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" NA "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> G NA "Med1" "Med2" "Med3" "Med4" "Med5" NA "Med7" "Med8" "Med9" "Med10" NA
#> H NA NA
                                          NA NA
              NA
                     NA
                            NA
                                   NA
                                                   NA
                                                          NA
                                                                 NA
#>
#> [[2]]$metadata
#> block name
#> "Media"
```

For merging our designs with plate reader data, we need it tidy-shaped, so we just need to change the output\_format to tidy.

```
my_design_tdy <- make_design(
  output_format = "tidy",
  nrows = 8, ncols = 12, lookup_tbl_start = "a",
  Bacteria = mdp(</pre>
```

```
values = c("Str1", "Str2", "Str3",
             "Str4", "Str5", "Str6"),
   rows = 2:7, cols = 2:11, pattern = "abc0ef",
   byrow = FALSE),
 Media = mdp(
   values = c("Med1", "Med2", "Med3",
              "Med4", "Med5", "Med6",
              "Med7", "Med8", "Med9",
              "Med10", "Med11", "Med12"),
   rows = 2:7, cols = 2:11, pattern = "abcdeOghij"))
head(my_design_tdy, 20)
     Well Bacteria Media
#>
#> 1
       A1
              <NA> <NA>
#> 2
       A2
              <NA> <NA>
#> 3
       A3
              <NA> <NA>
#> 4
       A4
              <NA> <NA>
#> 5
       A5
              <NA> <NA>
#> 6
       A6
              <NA> <NA>
       A7
              <NA> <NA>
#> 7
#> 8
       A8
              <NA> <NA>
#> 9
       A9
              <NA> <NA>
#> 10 A10
              <NA> <NA>
#> 11 A11
              <NA> <NA>
#> 12 A12
              <NA> <NA>
#> 13
       B1
              <NA> <NA>
#> 14
       B2
              Str1 Med1
#> 15
       ВЗ
              Str1 Med2
#> 16
       B4
              Str1 Med3
#> 17
       B5
              Str1 Med4
#> 18
       B6
              Str1 Med5
#> 19
       B7
              Str1 <NA>
#> 20
       B8
              Str1 Med7
```

#### Saving designs to files

If you'd like to save the designs you've created with make\_design to files, you just need to decide if you'd like them tidy-shaped or block-shaped. Both formats can easily be read back into R by gcplyr.

#### Saving tidy-shaped designs

These design files will be less human-readable, but easier to import and merge. Additionally, tidy-shaped files are often better for data repositories, like Dryad. To save tidy-shaped designs, simply use the built-in write.csv function.

#### Saving block-shaped designs

These design files will be more human-readable but slightly more computationally involved to import and merge. For these, use the gcplyr function write\_blocks. Typically, you'll use write\_blocks to save files in one of two formats:

- multiple each block will be saved to its own .csv file
- single all the blocks will be saved to a single .csv file, with an empty row in between them

Saving block-shaped designs to multiple files The default setting for write\_blocks is output\_format = 'multiple'. This creates one csv file for each block. If we set file = NULL, the default is to name the files according to the block names in the metadata.

```
# See the previous section where we created my_design_blk
write_blocks(my_design_blk, file = NULL)
# Let's see what the files look like
print_df(read.csv("Bacteria.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character"))
  1
          3
              4
                5
                     6
                         7
                            8
                                9
                                  10
                                       11 12
#> A
#> B
    #> C
     #> D
     #> E
#> F
     #> G
     #> H
print_df(read.csv("Media.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character"))
                     6 7
       2
          3
              4
                 5
                          8
                              9
                                10
#> A
#> B
    Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                        Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
#> C
    Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                       Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
#> D
    Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                        Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
#> E
    Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                        Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
#> F
    Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                        Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
#> G
    Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                        Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
#> H
```

Saving block-shaped designs to a single file The other setting for write\_blocks is output\_format = 'single'. This creates a single csv file that contains all the blocks, putting metadata like block\_names in rows that precede each block.

Let's take a look what the single output format looks like:

```
# See the previous section where we created my_design_blk
write_blocks(my_design_blk, file = "Design.csv", output_format = "single")

# Let's see what the file looks like
print_df(read.csv("Design.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character"))
#> block_name Bacteria
#> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
#> A
```

```
#>
               #>
       C
               Str2
       D
               #>
       E
#>
       F
               #>
#>
       G
               #>
       H
#>
#>
 block_name
           Media
                 2
                    3
#>
             1
                          5
                                          10
                                              11 12
#>
       Α
#>
       В
               Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                                  Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
       C
#>
               Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                                  Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
       D
               Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                                  Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
       E
               Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                                  Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
#>
#>
       F
               Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                                  Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
#>
       G
               Med1 Med2 Med3 Med4 Med5
                                  Med7 Med8 Med9 Med10
```

Here we can see all our design information has been saved to a single file, and the metadata has been added in rows before each block.

# Merging growth curve data with designs

Once we have both our design and data in R and tidy-shaped, we can merge them using merge\_dfs.

For this, we'll use the data in the example\_widedata\_noiseless dataset that is included with gcplyr, and which was the source for our previous examples with import\_blockmeasures and read\_wides.

In the example\_widedata\_noiseless dataset, we have 48 different bacterial strains. The left side of the plate has all 48 strains in a single well each, and the right side of the plate also has all 48 strains in a single well each:

Row names	Column 1	 Column 6	Column 7	 Column 12
Row A Row B	Strain #1 Strain #7	 Strain #6 Strain #12	Strain #1 Strain #7	 Strain #6 Strain #12
Row G Row H	Strain #37 Strain #43	 Strain #42 Strain #48	Strain #37 Strain #43	 Strain #42 Strain #48

Then, on the right hand side of the plate a phage was also inoculated (while the left hand side remained bacteria-only):

Row names	Column 1	 Column 6	Column 7	 Column 12
Row A Row B	No Phage No Phage	 No Phage No Phage	Phage Added Phage Added	 Phage Added Phage Added
Row G Row H	No Phage No Phage	 No Phage No Phage	Phage Added Phage Added	 Phage Added Phage Added

Let's transform the example\_widedata\_noiseless to tidy-shaped.

Now let's generate our design:

```
example_design <- make_design(</pre>
  nrows = 8, ncols = 12,
  "Bacteria_strain" = make_designpattern(
   values = paste("Strain", 1:48),
    rows = 1:8, cols = 1:6,
    pattern = 1:48,
    byrow = TRUE),
  "Bacteria_strain" = make_designpattern(
    values = paste("Strain", 1:48),
    rows = 1:8, cols = 7:12,
    pattern = 1:48,
   byrow = TRUE),
  "Phage" = make_designpattern(
    values = c("No Phage"),
    rows = 1:8, cols = 1:6,
   pattern = "1"),
  "Phage" = make_designpattern(
    values = c("Phage Added"),
    rows = 1:8, cols = 7:12,
    pattern = "1"))
```

Here's what the resulting data.frame looks like:

```
head(example_design, 20)
#>
    Well Bacteria strain
                           Phage
                       No Phage
#> 1
      A1 Strain 1
#> 2
      A2
             Strain 2 No Phage
#> 3 A3
              Strain 3 No Phage
#> 4
     A4
              Strain 4
                       No Phage
#> 5
              Strain 5
      A5
                        No Phage
    A6
             Strain 6 No Phage
#> 6
             Strain 1 Phage Added
#> 7
     A7
             Strain 2 Phage Added
#> 8
      A8
#> 9
      A9
             Strain 3 Phage Added
#> 10 A10
             Strain 4 Phage Added
#> 11 A11
              Strain 5 Phage Added
#> 12 A12
              Strain 6 Phage Added
#> 13
     B1
              Strain 7 No Phage
#> 14 B2
              Strain 8 No Phage
              Strain 9 No Phage
#> 15
     B3
                       No Phage
#> 16
      B4
              Strain 10
              Strain 11 No Phage
#> 17 B5
#> 18 B6
              Strain 12 No Phage
#> 19
      B7
               Strain 7 Phage Added
#> 20
      B8
               Strain 8 Phage Added
```

And finally, we merge the two using merge\_dfs, saving the result to ex\_dat\_mrg, short for example\_data\_merged. merge\_dfs merges using columns with the same name between the two data.frames.

```
ex_dat_mrg <- merge_dfs(example_tidydata, example_design)</pre>
#> Joining, by = "Well"
head(ex_dat_mrg)
    {\it Time Well Measurements Bacteria\_strain}
                                            Phage
      0 A1 0.002 Strain 1 No Phage
#> 2
       0 B1
                   0.002
                               Strain 7 No Phage
#> 3
     0 C1
                   0.002
                              Strain 13 No Phage
     0 D1
                   0.002 Strain 19 No Phage
0.002 Strain 25 No Phage
#> 4
#> 5
     0 E1
#> 6 0 F1
                    0.002
                               Strain 31 No Phage
```

## What's next?

Now that you've merged your data and designs, you can pre-process and plot your data

- 1. Introduction: vignette("gc01\_gcplyr")
- 2. Importing and transforming data: vignette("gc02\_import\_reshape")
- 3. Incorporating experimental designs: vignette("gc03\_incorporate\_designs")
- 4. Pre-processing and plotting your data: vignette("gc04\_preprocess\_plot")
- 5. Processing your data: vignette("gc05\_process")
- 6. Analyzing your data: vignette("gc06\_analyze")
- 7. Dealing with noise: vignette("gc07\_noise")
- 8. Statistics, merging other data, and other resources: vignette("gc08\_conclusion")
- 9. Working with multiple plates: vignette("gc09\_multiple\_plates")