# Bash is your friend.

(hopefully not the only one)

#### **Environment Variables**

\$ env

\$ echo \$PATH

\$ export \$PATH=\$PATH:/my/path

\$ unset \$SOME\_VARIABLE

### Aliases

```
$ alias my_alias='echo "focus!"'
```

```
$ my alias
```

\$ unalias my alias

### Useful aliases

```
alias jupiter='ssh -X s0786143@jupiter1'
alias ls='ls -al'
alias rm='rm -i'
alias df='df -h'
alias psx='ps aux | grep '
alias ..='cd ..'
```

## Saving customizations

.profile - read by non-iteractive shells (like your Window Manager)

.bashrc - read by bash

.bash\_profile - read by both

## Special variable \$PS1

Bash prompt helps you quickly learn about your environment:

- Username
- Host
- Current working directory
- Time

The variable defining prompt is called \$PS1

## Saving customizations

.profile - put all your variables here (like \$PATH etc.)

.bashrc - put your bash customization here (like aliases, \$PS1 etc.)

.bash\_profile - read .bashrc and
.profile inside

## History

- Ctrl+R starts the search
- Enter executes the command
- Ctrl+J gets back to command line
- history lists previously executed commands
- !22 executes command number 22

## Outputs

- Useful for logging
- Standard output (stdout) 1> my.log
- Standard error (stderr) 2> my.log
- Both &> my.log
- Append >> my.log

## Pipes and redirecting

Run two command in a sequence:

```
cmd1 && cmd2 && cmd3 cmd1 || cmd2 || cmd3
```

 Sending output of one command as an input to another:

```
history | grep "my_simulation"
```

## Superpowers!

How to execute one command as a root:

```
sudo cmd
```

How to become a root:

```
su -
```

What if root does not have a password?

```
sudo su-
```

### Find files

```
find <where> <what> -exec '{}'\;
find . -name foo -print
```

#### **Arguments:**

- -perm
- -user
- -type

#### Find in file

grep "query" file.txt

#### Recursive:

grep "query" file.txt -r -H

## Loops

```
for subject in "s01" "s02" "s03" do echo $subject done
```

#### Oneliner

```
for subject in "s01" "s02" "s03"; do echo $subject; done
```

## Conditionals

```
if $subject_no > 2
do

echo $subject_no

done
```

# Script variables

```
!#/bin/bash
```

```
MY VAR = "whatever"
```

```
echo $MY VAR
```

## Script arguments

```
!#/bin/bash
# all arguments
echo $@
#selected arguments
echo $1 $2 $3
```

## More...

www.tldp.org/LDP/abs/html