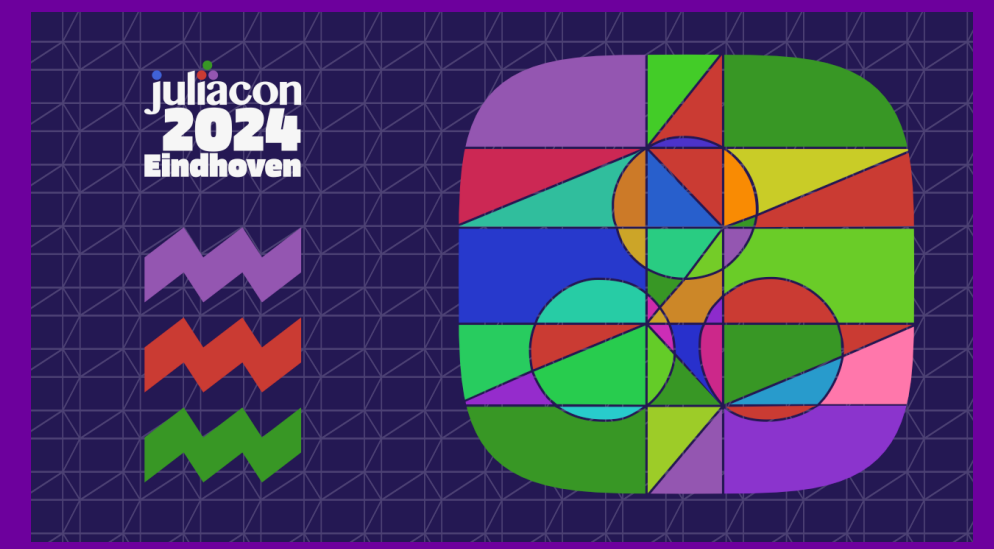


Few-body integrator with time-reversible adaptivity in Julia

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Purpose

- **Simulation:** long-time numerical integration of few-body gravitational problem involving close encounters:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dq_i}{dt} &= v_i, \\ \frac{dv_i}{dt} &= \sum_{j \neq i} \frac{Gm_j}{\|q_j - q_i\|^3} (q_j - q_i).\end{aligned}$$

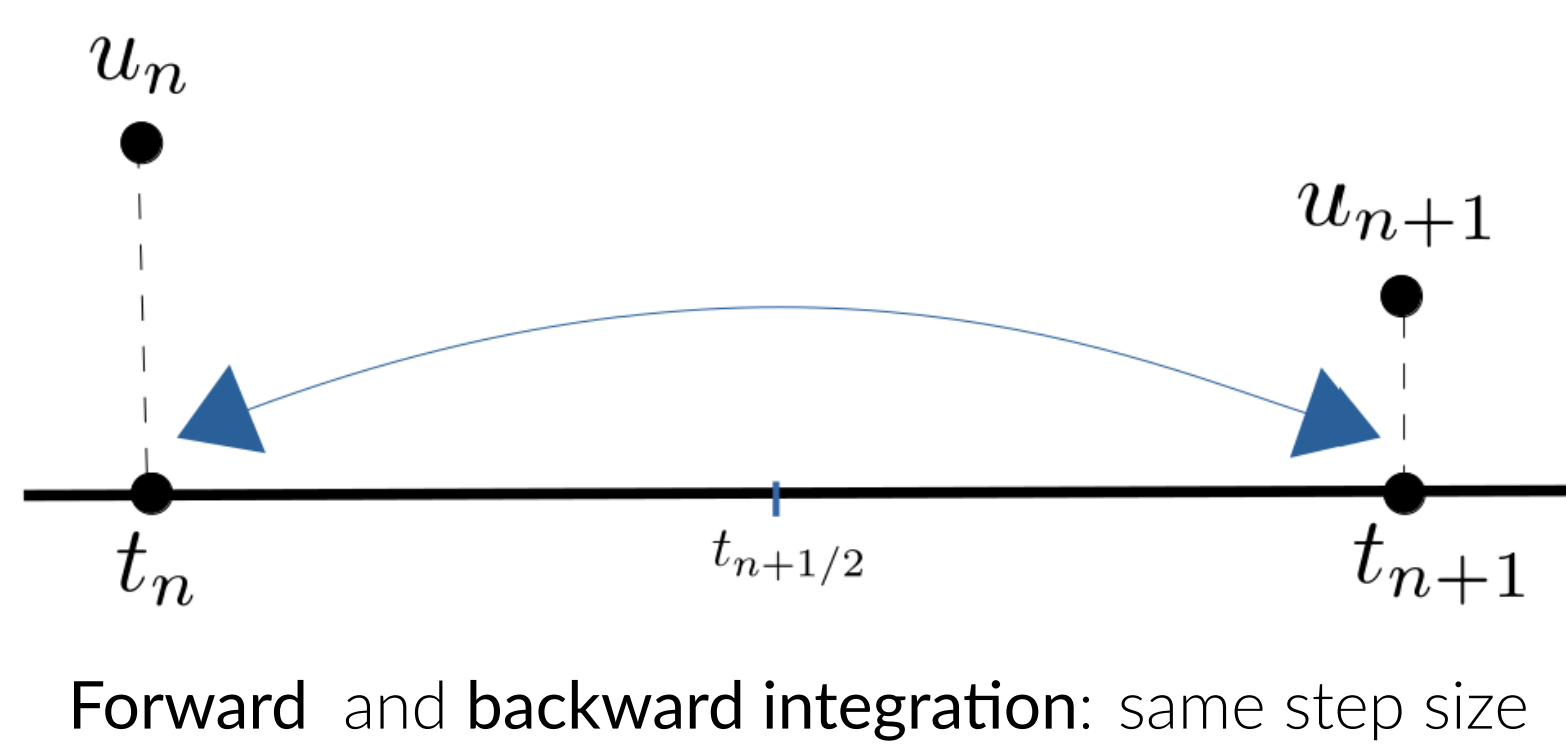
- **Integrator:** based on IRKGL16 symmetric and symplectic Implicit Runge-Kutta method of order 16
- **Automatic Step Size Control:**
 - Standard: good long-time behaviour is lost
 - Time-reversible adaptivity better long-time behaviour

Time-reversible adaptivity

- Consider the initial value problem

$$\frac{du}{dt} = f(u), \quad u_0 = u(t_0)$$

where approximations are denoted as $u_n \approx u(t_n)$.



Approach

- **Motivation:** constant step size in fictitious time τ

$$\frac{d\tau}{dt} = K(u(t))$$

with $K(u)$ proposed for n-body problems in [1, 2]

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta\tau &= \tau_{n+1} - \tau_n = \int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} K(u(t)) dt, \\ &\approx (t_{n+1} - t_n) \sum_{i=1}^s b_i K(U_{n,i}).\end{aligned}$$

- **Time-reversible adaptive NBIRKGL16 algorithm:**

- for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$u_{n+1} = u_n + h_n \sum_{i=1}^s b_i f(U_{n,i})$$

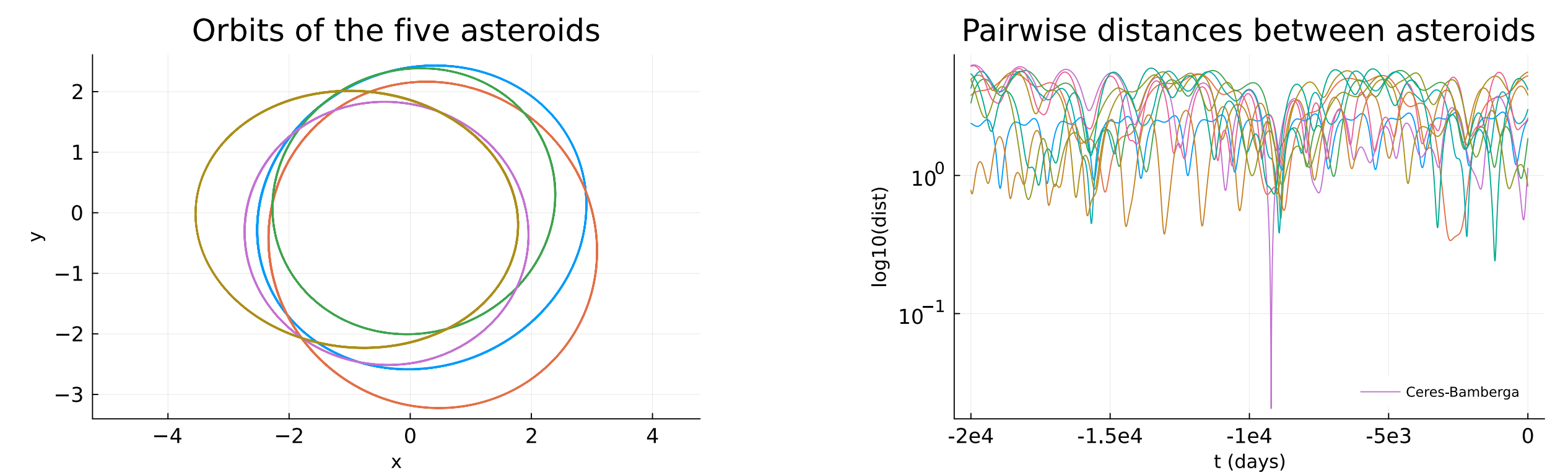
where $U_{n,i}$ and h_n are implicitly defined by

$$\begin{aligned}U_{n,i} &= u_n + h_n \sum_{j=1}^s a_{ij} f(U_{n,j}), \\ h_n &= \frac{\Delta\tau}{\sum_{i=1}^s b_i K(U_{n,i})}.\end{aligned}$$

Test problem

- **15-body model of the Solar System**

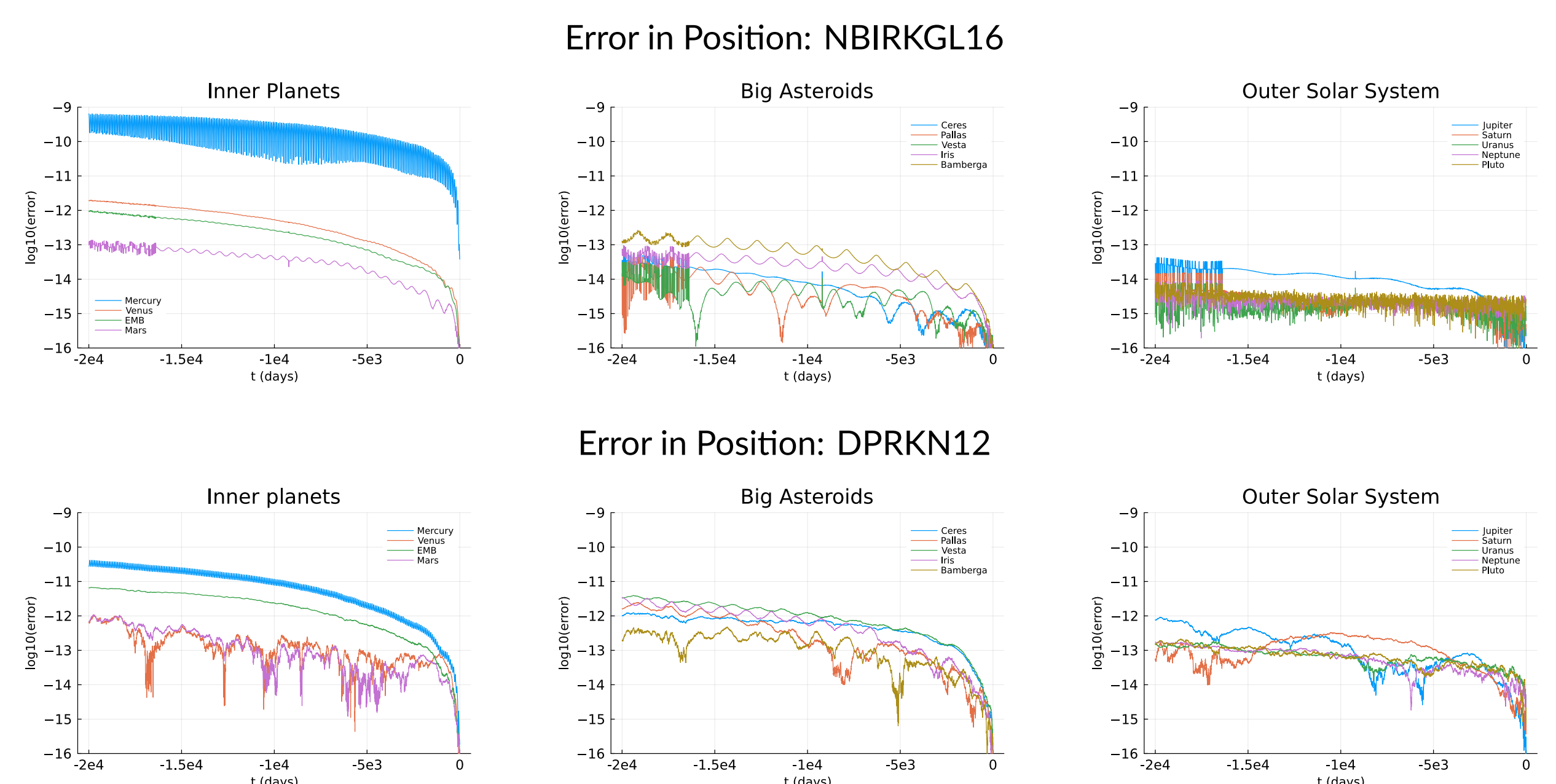
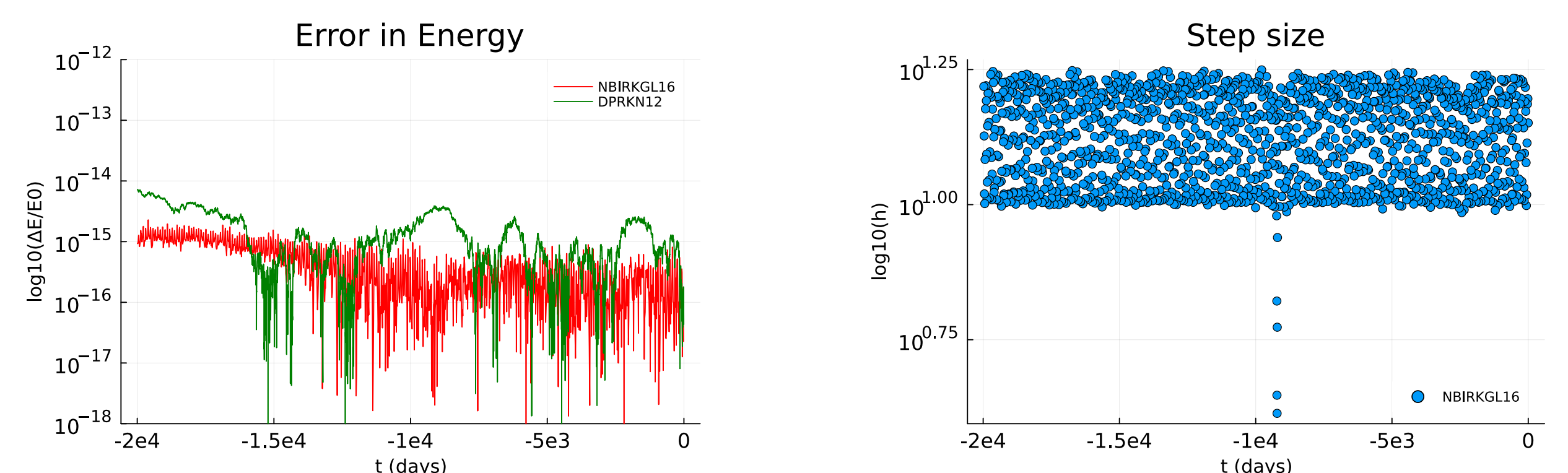
- The Sun, all eight planets of the Solar System, Pluto and the five main bodies of the asteroid belt
- Close encounters between some of the asteroids during backward integration in time for $2e4$ days



Results

- **Numerical experiment**

package	method	implementation	tolerance	@btime	steps
NbodyIRKGL16.jl	NBIRKGL16	generic	$\Delta\tau = 2.1$	215ms	1,487
NbodyIRKGL16.jl	NBIRKGL16	simd	$\Delta\tau = 2.1$	46ms	1,487
OrdinaryDiffEq.jl	DPRKN12		atol=rtol=1e-14	46ms	5,250



Our contribution

- Few-body integrator with time-reversible adaptivity that outperforms state-of-the-art high order explicit RKN schemes thanks to SIMD vectorization
- **Is there still room for improvement?**

References

- [1] M. Antoñana, P. Chartier, J. Makazaga, and A. Murua. Global time-renormalization of the gravitational n-body problem (2020).
- [2] M. Antoñana, P. Chartier, and A. Murua. Majorant series for the n-body problem (2022).

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Github repository

- <https://github.com/mikelehu/NbodyIRKGL16.jl>
- Jupyter notebooks for reproducibility of the experiments