```
import numpy as np
import argparse
    Here we define some variables to determine the board size
DISPLAY SIZE = 560
GRID SIZE = 40
WALL_SIZE = 40
    Here we define some variables for the snake size with respect to the board
SNAKE\_UNIT\_SIZE = 40
BOARD_LIMIT_MIN = 40
BOARD_LIMIT_MAX = 480
IN_WALL_COORD = 520
   Here we define some variables to help draw the board
WHITE = (255, 255, 255)
RED = (255, 0, 0)
BLUE = (0, 0, 255)
BLACK = (0, 0, 0)
GREEN = (0, 255, 0)
    Here we define more variables to help the snake with walls, food, and actions
NUM_ADJOINING_WALL_X_STATES=3
NUM_ADJOINING_WALL_Y_STATES=3
NUM_FOOD_DIR_X=3
NUM_FOOD_DIR_Y=3
NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_TOP_STATES=2
NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_BOTTOM_STATES=2
NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_LEFT_STATES=2
NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_RIGHT_STATES=2
NUM\_ACTIONS = 4
    Here we define a bunch of variables that will determine training, testing and
displaying the result
NUM_TRAIN_ITER = 600
NUM_TEST_ITER = 100
NUM_DISP_ITER = 1
NUM_TO_STAT = 100
snake_head_x = 200
snake_head_y = 200
food_x = 120
food_y = 120
NE_CONSTANT_K = 0.3
    Here we define a varibale to save the trained state.
MODEL_SAVE_FILE = 'model.npy'
    Here we define a function that checks if the Q array we created is in the
proper format
   It doesn't check the values in the array, rather it only checks if the array
has the
    correct internal parts based on which it returns true or false
    This function is useful to make sure the Q array isn't curropted when saving
and loading
def np_error_checker(arr):
```

```
if (type(arr) is np.ndarray and
           NUM_FOOD_DIR_X, NUM_FOOD_DIR_Y,
                              NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_TOP_STATES,
NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_BOTTOM_STATES, NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_LEFT_STATES,
                             NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_RIGHT_STATES, NUM_ACTIONS)):
           return True
     else:
           return False
   This function defines all the values to zero
   We use numpy arrays to store all this information
   We use the zeros function from numpy to initialize the values
def initialize_q_as_zeros():
      return np.zeros((NUM_ADJOINING_WALL_X_STATES, NUM_ADJOINING_WALL_Y_STATES,
NUM_FOOD_DIR_X, NUM_FOOD_DIR_Y,
                             NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_TOP_STATES,
NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_BOTTOM_STATES, NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_LEFT_STATES,
                             NUM_ADJOINING_BODY_RIGHT_STATES, NUM_ACTIONS))
   Here we define a function to save the Q array that is passed to it. We run a
quick check
   to verify the format before saving
def save(arr):
     if np_error_checker(arr):
           np.save(MODEL_SAVE_FILE, arr)
           return True
     else:
           print("\t********UNABLE TO SAVE MODEL AS FILE******")
           return False
    Here we define a function to load Q array. We again run a quick formt check
after loading
def load():
     try:
           arr = np.load(MODEL_SAVE_FILE)
           if np_error_checker(arr):
                 print("\t******MODEL IN " + MODEL_SAVE_FILE + " LOADED")
                 return arr
           return None
     except:
           print("\t******MODEL FILE NAMED " + MODEL_SAVE_FILE + "NOT FOUND")
           return None
   This function lets us create a bunch of arguements to pass so we can change
initial game state
def make_args():
       Name for program
    parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='CSE 140 Summer 21 Assignment 5')
       Number of training steps
    parser.add_argument('--NTRI', dest="NUM_TRAIN_ITER", type=int,
default=NUM_TRAIN_ITER,
                       help='Number of iterations run when training; set by
default as NUM_TRAIN_ITER=5000')
```

```
Number of testing steps
    parser.add_argument('--NTEI', dest="NUM_TEST_ITER", type=int,
default=NUM_TEST_ITER,
                        help='Number of iterations run when training; set by
default as NUM_TEST_ITER=100')
       Number of games to display
    parser.add_argument('--DISP', dest="NUM_DISP_ITER", type=int, default=1,
                        help='Number of runs displayed; set by default as
NUM_DISP_ITER=1')
       Number of games to average statistics over
    parser.add_argument('--STAT', dest="NUM_TO_STAT", type=int,
default=NUM_TO_STAT,
                        help='Number of runs to take average statistics over; set
by default as NUM_TO_STAT=100')
       Exploration parameter
    parser.add_argument('--Ne', dest="Ne", type=int, default=NE_CONSTANT_K,
                        help='Parameter to help with next state exploration; set by
default as Ne=40')
       Parameter to calculate learning ragte
    parser.add_argument('--LPC', dest="LPC", type=int, default=0.5,
                        help='Parameter to determine learning parameter during
reinforcement learning; by default LPC=40')
       Parameter to calculate learning rage
    parser.add_argument('--gamma', dest="gamma", type=float, default=0.8,
                        help='Parameter used in reinforcement learning; by default
gamma=0.7')
       Starting X position of snake
    parser.add_argument('--INIT_HEAD_X', dest="snake_head_x", type=int,
default=200,
                        help='Initial X coordinate position of the snake head; by
default snake_head_x=200')
       Starting Y position of snake
    parser.add_argument('--INIT_HEAD_Y', dest="snake_head_y", type=int,
default=200,
                        help='Initial Y coordinate position of the snake head; by
default snake head y=200')
        Starting X position of food
    parser.add_argument('--INIT_FOOD_X', dest="food_x", type=int, default=120,
                        help='Initial X coordinate position of the food; by default
food_x=120')
    # starting Y position of food
    parser.add_argument('--INIT_FOOD_Y', dest="food_y", type=int, default=120,
                        help='Initial Y coordinate position of the food; by default
food_y=120')
   # Parse everything mentnoned above into args
    args = parser.parse_args()
       return args
    return args
```