

How Microsoft manages Microsoft 365 Groups for its employees

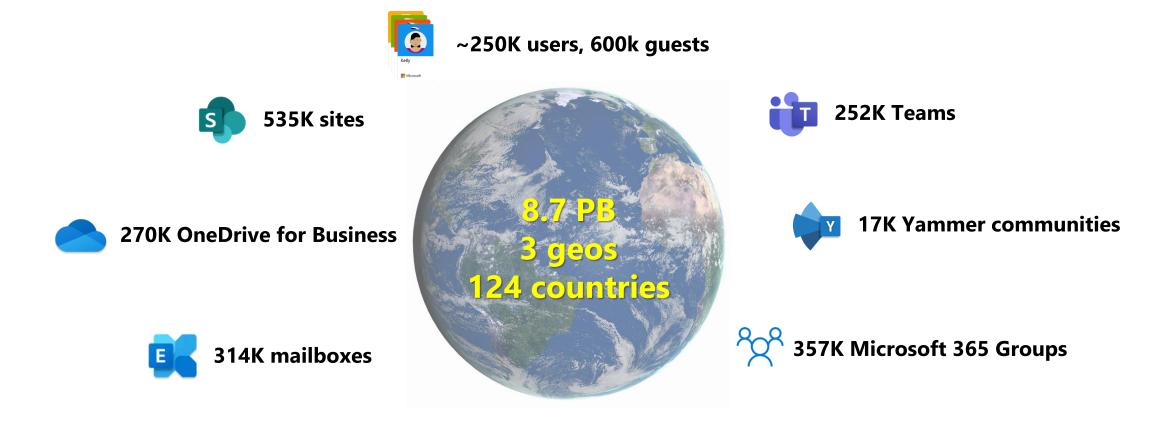


David Johnson
Principal Program Manager
Microsoft Core Services Engineering

Agenda



Microsoft employee collaboration landscape



Seamless teamwork

The fears IT orgs often have:

- Perceived chaos
- Reactive protection & compliance
- Content overexposure internally or externally
- Employees bypassing IT

Microsoft's Core Services Engineering org (our internal IT org) gets a lot of customer questions, including:

- Can anyone create a Team?
- Do we have custom forms or group provisioning?
- How do we prevent sprawl?
- How do we protect if anyone can create a group?
- How do we deal with membership rules?



Enabling collaboration

The unique workstyle of every Group



Outlook

Email and calendar



SharePoint

Intranet and content management



Yammer

Connect across the organization



Microsoft Teams

Hub for teamwork

Microsoft 365 Groups

Single team membership across apps and services

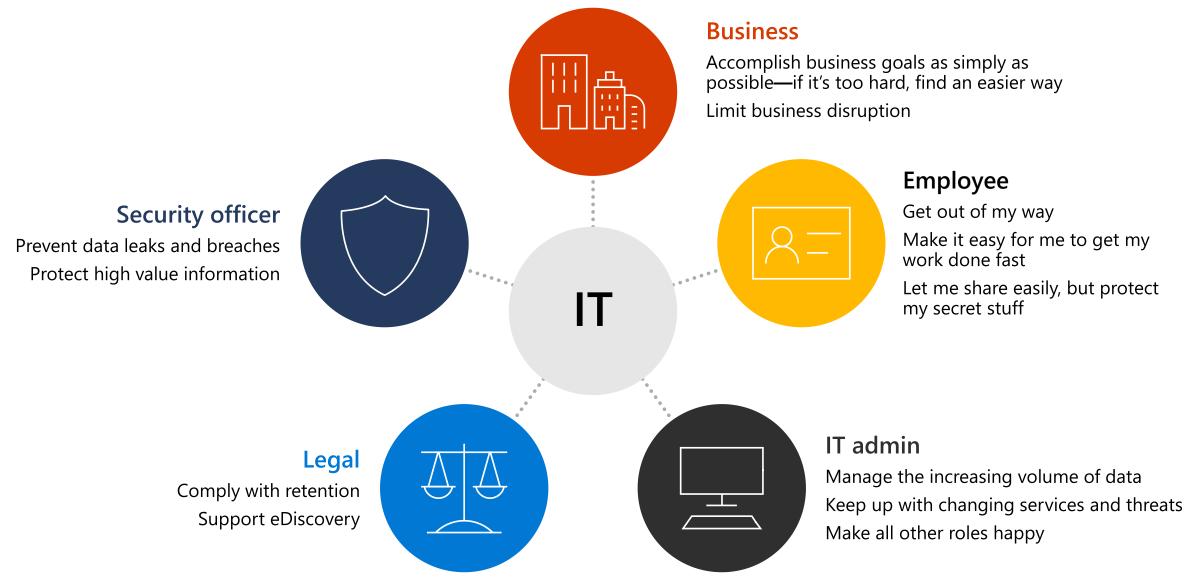
Security and compliance

Centralized policy management





Roles and their needs



Within Microsoft, we have come a long way...

- Safe self-service creation
- Group ownership
- Container classification / sensitivity
- Reduced oversharing
- Keep collaboration on the tenant



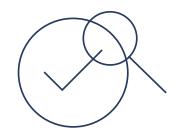
Principles of container and content governance



Empower employees

Support self-service creation

Use life-cycle management



Identify valuable content

Require classification for containers

Scan with data loss prevention (DLP)



Protect assets

Limit reach

Enforce policy

Use conditional access

Use Information Rights Management (IRM)



Ensure accountability

Manage group/site ownership

Review external membership

Use IT services

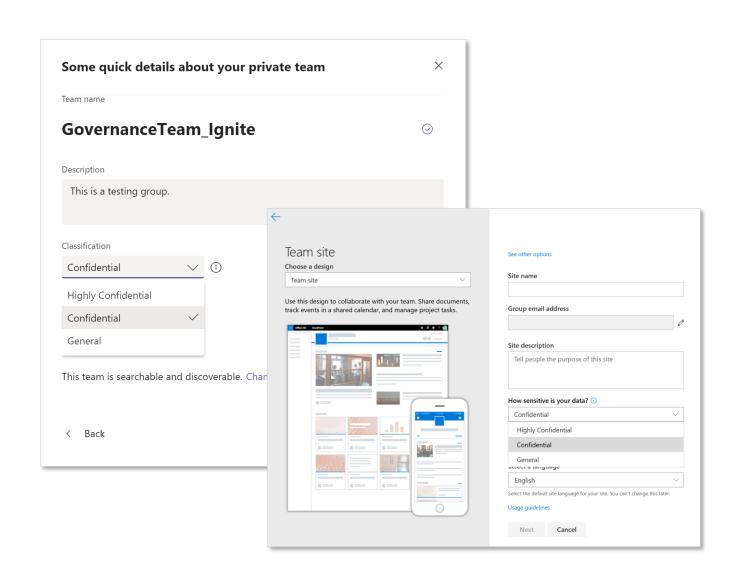


Enable self-service

Any Microsoft Full-time employee can create groups

Dynamic group consisting of all AAD users with extension attribute showing employment status

Employees use the in-product UI for containers creation



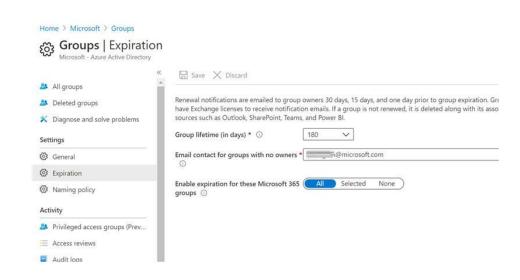


Enable in-product Lifecycle management

Microsoft enforces 180 days Lifecyle A phased approach was adopted to deploy this policy; we started with cycles of 360 days and progressively reduced the window

What you can define when setting Expiration Policies

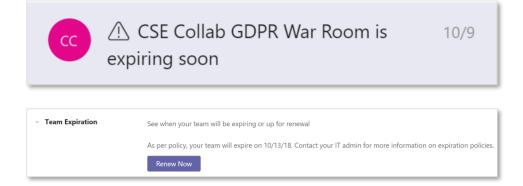
- Set expiration timeline
- Notification intervals are set automatically
- Set fallback email address for ownerless groups
- Apply policy to selected groups
- Groups are auto-renewed based on membership activity



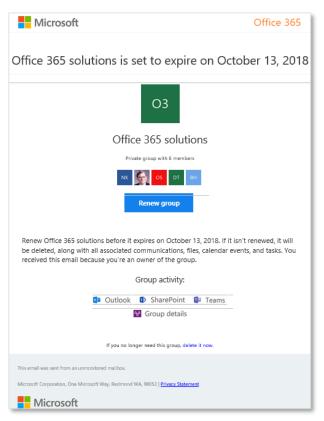
Lifecycle management

Group owner experience of expiration policy

Teams renewal notice



Outlook renewal notice



Outlook restore notice

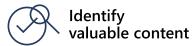
Empower

employees



External collaboration

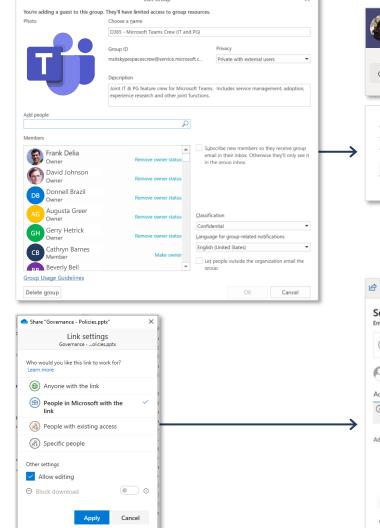


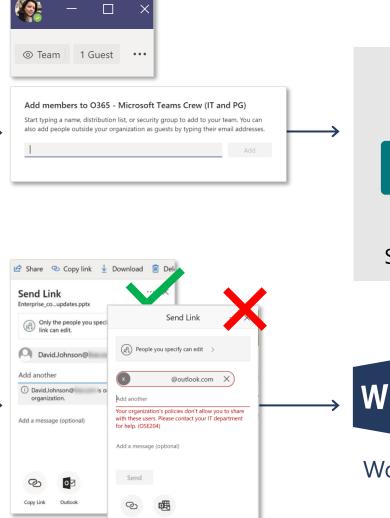




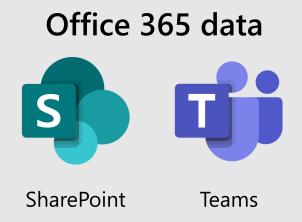
Targeted

guest





Copy Link Outlook





Word

Container and file classification





Highly confidential

The most critical data for Microsoft. Share it only with named recipients.



Confidential

Crucial to achieving our goals. Limited distribution—on a need-to-know basis.



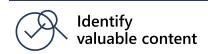
General

Daily work product used and shared throughout Microsoft, like personal settings and postal codes. Share it throughout Microsoft internally.



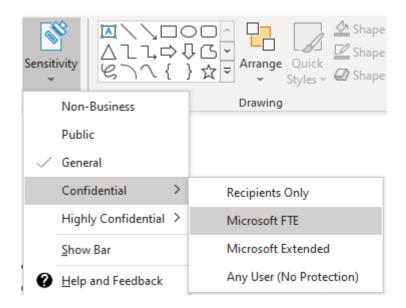
Public

Public data is unrestricted data meant for public consumption, like publicly released source code and announced financials. Share it freely.



Content classification

- Enable Sensitivity label in the file level
- Scan file with data loss prevention (DLP)
- · Warn employees when classification should be different
- · Employees can overwrite DLP suggestion with proper justification
- General is the default classification for items

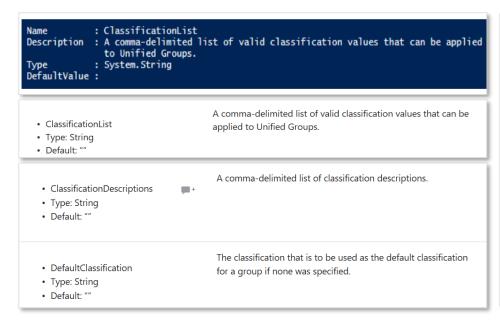


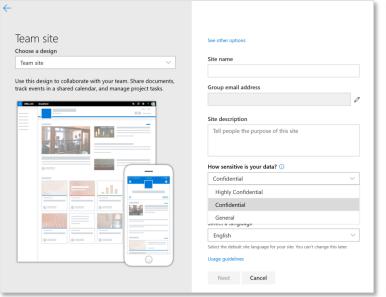


Container classification

- Microsoft internally implemented AAD Classification scheme
- · Consistent across all workloads
- Confidential is the default classification in the container level
- · Custom policies are enforced based on classification

SharePoint





Teams

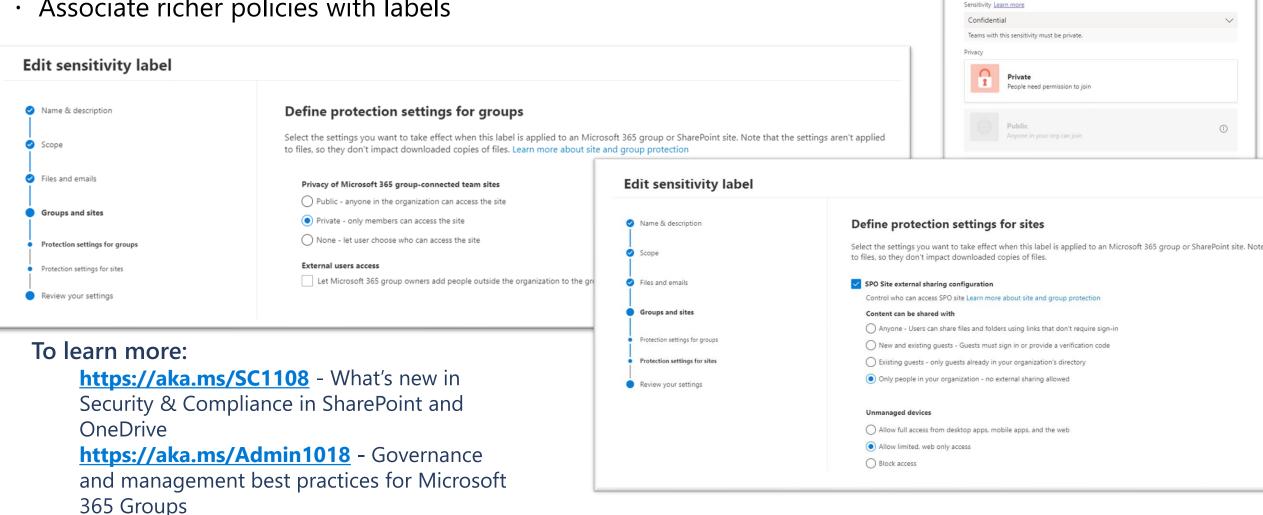
Team name		
Governance	Team_lgnite	\odot
Description		
This is a testing gro	ир.	
Classification Confidential	√ ①	
Highly Confidential		
Confidential	✓	
General		
This team is searchabl	e and discoverable. Change setting (i)	

New sensitivity labels



What kind of team will this be?

- Unified labels across Microsoft 365
- · Consistent and simple experience for users across Files, Sites, Groups, Teams
- Associate richer policies with labels



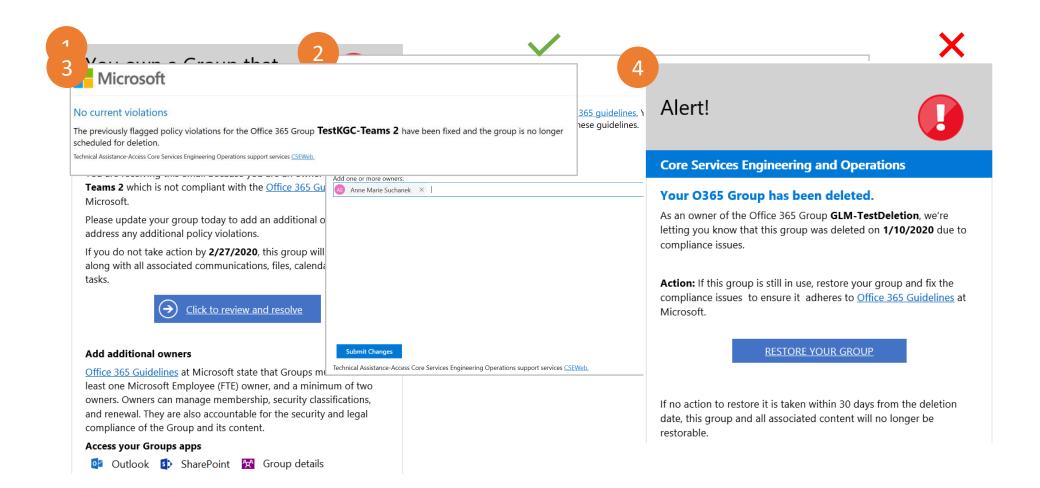
How will we structure container & item labels?

Parent Label	Child Label	Container/Item Label or Both	Scoped	External Guest Policy	Privacy Policy
General		Both	No	Allowed	Private & Public
Confidential					
	MS FTE	ltem			
	Microsoft Extended and External	Container	No	Allowed	Private
	MS Extended	Both	No	Not Allowed	Private
Highly Confidential					
	MS Extended	Both	No	Not Allowed	Private
	MS FTE	Item			
	Microsoft Extended and External	Container	Yes	Allowed	Private

IT Custom Solutions

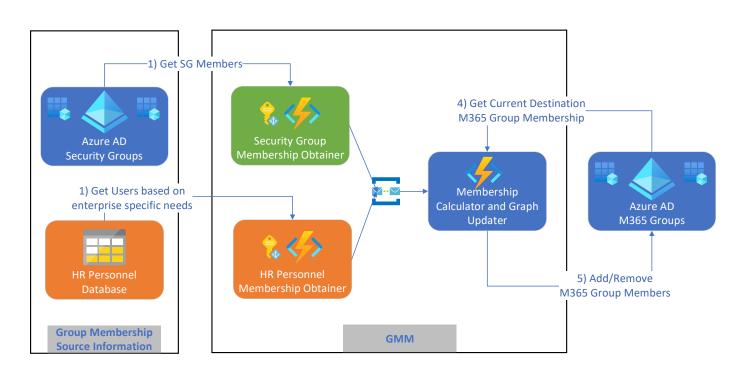
Within Microsoft, we require that a Group has a Full Time Employee is an owner and we have 2 owners 2 owners lowers risk of non-action or Groups becoming orphaned.

We scan the tenant to evaluate all Groups using Microsoft Graph APIs



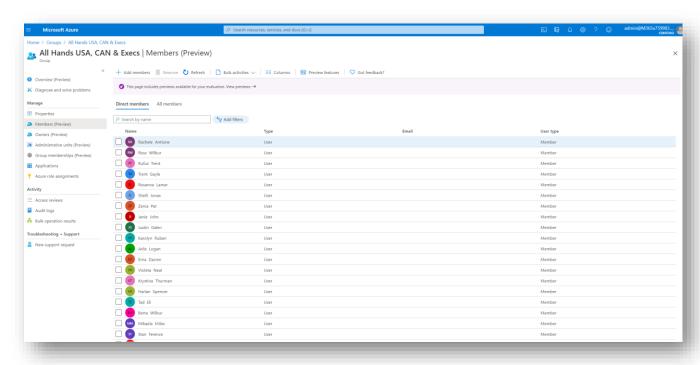
Group Membership Management

- · Needed solution to Manage the Memberships of Microsoft 365 Groups
- · AAD Dynamic Groups can handle some dynamic groups BUT...
- Need to create organizational groups
 - · All Full Time Employees under a leader
- · Need to create groups based on HR attributes
 - · People with a given profession
 - · People in Retail
- Security Groups (managed on prem) don't serve as membership for Microsoft Group



Group Driven Management

- Built on Microsoft Graph APIs
- Based on .Net, Azure Functions and Azure Table Storage
- Supports Azure AD based Security Groups (SGs) as members of Microsoft 365 Groups
- Membership shown as direct members in parent group
- Membership synchronized with source groups at set frequency



To learn more:

https://aka.ms/Admin1011

Making IT more efficient with improvements to Microsoft 365 Groups

https://aka.ms/Admin1013

Microsoft 365 Groups roadmap updates

Take aways

Enforce policy

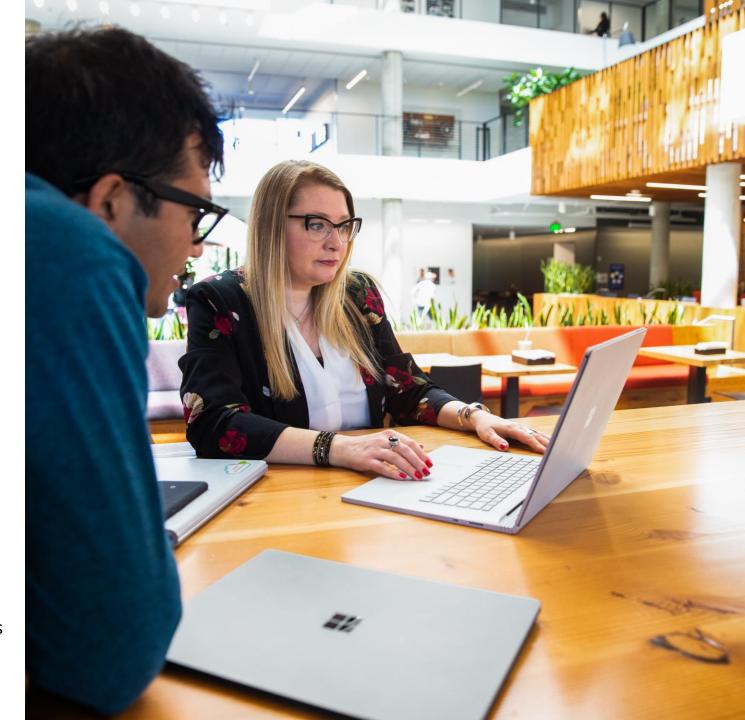
Groups governance reduces customization

In product (Microsoft 365/Azure AD)

- Enable self-service site collection or group creation
- Collect classification for all containers
- User awareness: display classification
- Enforce naming rules
- Usage guideline visibility
- Life cycle: 6-month expiry
- Multi-Geo; provision based on user's region
- Membership life cycle: enforce external renewals
- Set public vs. private based on classification
- External sharing limited based on classification (HC)
- Guest membership disallowed with classification (HC)

CSEO customizations

- Ownership accountability: one full-time, two people, re-attestation
- Limit reach based on classification
- Set and validate policies and divisional policies on groups and SharePoint
- Membership management (organization-based; user attribute-based) for large or managed groups





Hear from Microsoft Core
Services Engineering (CSE)
experts who power the systems
and services that run Microsoft

IT Showcase
How Microsoft does IT
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	Aggregated views of Service Health and Message Center for admins that manage multiple tenants	https://aka.ms/Admin1006					
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