libsound.so Documentation

Michail Andreas Michalopoulos m.a.michalopoulos@student.tue.nl

May 28, 2024

Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Library Compilation 2.1 Generating Object Files	1 1 2
3	Library Linking	2
4	Library Usage	2
5	Example	3

1 Introduction

This document provides a concise guide on how to compile and link the lib-sound so Sound library in a C++ program. The Sound library is a custom library that provides audio functionality. It is a simple script that passes terminal commands using the ALSA library, which is built into most Linux distributions.

2 Library Compilation

2.1 Generating Object Files

First, we need to compile the Sound library source files into object files. This is done using the g++ compiler with the -c option. The -fPIC option is used to generate position-independent code, which is necessary for dynamic libraries. For example, to compile 'Sound.cpp' into an object file, use the following command:

```
g++ -c -fPIC Sound.cpp -o Sound.o
```

2.2 Creating the Dynamic Library

Next, we create a dynamic library from the object files. This is done using the g++ compiler with the -shared option. The -o option is used to specify the output file name. For example, to create a dynamic library named 'libsound.so' from 'Sound.o', use the following command:

```
g++ -shared -o libsound.so Sound.o
```

3 Library Linking

To link the Sound library to your C++ program, use the g++ compiler with the -L option followed by the directory where the library is located and the -1 option followed by the library name (without the 'lib' prefix and the '.so' extension). The -o option is used to specify the output file name. For example, to compile a program in a file named 'main.cpp' and link the Sound library, use the following command:

```
g++ filename.cpp path\libsound.so -o filename
```

4 Library Usage

To use the Sound library in your C++ program, include the 'Sound.h' header file at the top of your source file:

```
#include "Sound.h"
```

The library provides the following functions:

- 'playSound(soundfile)': Plays the sound file specified by 'soundfile', which is a string containing the path to the sound file.
- 'alsahelp()': Displays help information for the ALSA sound system.
- 'showsounddevice()': Displays information about the sound device.
- 'showdocumentation()': Displays this documentation.

You can then call the functions from the Sound library in your program. For example, if the Sound library has a function named 'playSound', you can call it like this:

```
playSound("example.wav");
```

Sound file selection should be handled in the main code since the library is just for playing the sound. The recommended method would be to make a configuration file with the paths to the different sound files and just call the 'playSound' function with the path to the sound file.

5 Example

Here's a simple example of how you can use the library:

```
#include "Sound.h"

int main() {
    playSound("/path/to/soundfile.wav");
    return 0;
}
```