

OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide for PEARC24

Sharon Colson Jim Moroney Mike Renfro

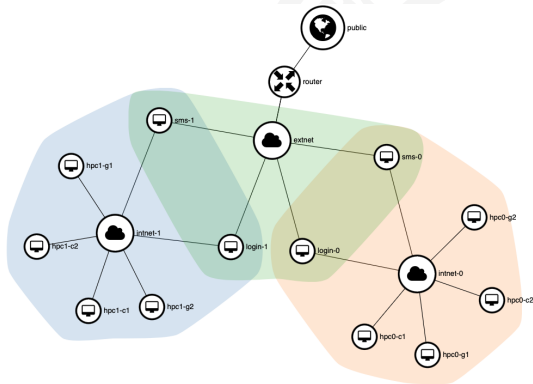
Tennessee Tech University

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Acknowledgments and shameless plugs

- OpenHPC** especially Tim Middelkoop (Internet2) and Chris Simmons (Massachusetts Green High Performance Computing Center). They have a BOF at 1:30 Wednesday. You should go to it.
- Jetstream2** especially Jeremy Fischer, Mike Lowe, and Julian Pistorius. Jetstream2 has a tutorial at the same time as this one. Please stay here.
- NSF CC*** for the equipment that led to some of the lessons we're sharing today (award #2127188).
- ACCESS** current maintainers of the project formerly known as the XSEDE Compatible Basic Cluster.

Where we're starting from



31 HPC clusters (2 shown) with:

1. Rocky Linux 9
2. OpenHPC 3
3. Warewulf 3
4. Slurm
5. 2 non-GPU nodes
6. 2 GPU nodes (currently without GPU drivers, so: expensive non-GPU nodes)
7. 1 management node (SMS)
8. 1 unprovisioned login node

Figure 1: Two example HPC networks

Where we're starting from

We used the OpenHPC automatic installation script from Appendix A with a few variations:

1. Installed s-nail to have a valid MailProg for `slurm.conf`.
2. Created `user1` and `user2` accounts with password-less `sudo` privileges.
3. Changed `CHROOT` from `/opt/ohpc/admin/images/rocky9.3` to `/opt/ohpc/admin/images/rocky9.4`.
4. Enabled `slurmd` and `munge` in `CHROOT`.
5. Added `nano` and `yum` to `CHROOT`.
6. Removed a redundant `ReturnToService` line from `/etc/slurm/slurm.conf`.
7. Stored all nodes' SSH host keys in `/etc/ssh/ssh_known_hosts`.

Where we're going

1. A slightly more secured SMS
2. A login node that's practically identical to a compute node (except for where it needs to be different)
3. GPU drivers on the GPU nodes
4. Using node-local storage for the OS and/or scratch
5. De-coupling the SMS and the compute nodes (e.g., independent kernel versions)
6. Easier management of node differences (GPU or not, diskless/single-disk/multi-disk, Infiniband or not, etc.)
7. Slurm configuration to match some common policy goals (fair share, resource limits, etc.)

Assumptions

1. We have a VM named `login`, with no operating system installed.
2. The `eth0` network interface for `login` is attached to the internal network, and `eth1` is attached to the external network.
3. The `eth0` MAC address for `login` is known—check the **Login server** section of your handout for that. It's of the format `aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff`.
4. We're logged into the SMS as `user1` or `user2` that has `sudo` privileges.

Creating a new login node

Working from section 3.9.3 of the install guide:

```
[user1@sms-0 ~]$ sudo wwsh -y node new login --ipaddr=172.16.0.2 \  
--hwaddr=__:__:__:__:__ -D eth0  
[user1@sms-0 ~]$ sudo wwsh -y provision set login --vnfs=rocky9.4 \  
--bootstrap=`uname -r` \  
--files=dynamic_hosts,passwd,group,shadow,munge.key,network
```

Make sure to replace the __ with the characters from your login node's MAC address!

Sample slide

Left column

This slide has two columns. They don't always have to have columns. It also has a titled block of content in the left column. Make sure you've always got a `::: notes` block after the slide content, even if it has no content.

Use `#` and `##` headers in the Markdown file to make level-1 and level-2 headings, `###` headers to make slide titles, and `####` to make block titles.