OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide

OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide for PEARC24

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OpenHPC especially Tim Middelkoop (Internet2) and Chris Simmons (Massachusetts Green High Performance Computing Center). They have a BOF at 1:30 Wednesday. You should go to it. OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide
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ACCESS current maintainers of the project formerly known as the XSEDE Compatible Basic Cluster.

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Grand State Control of the Sta

Where we're starting from

have installed OpenHPC before
 have been issued a (basically)
out-of-the-box OpenHPC cluster for
this tutorial
Cluster details:
 Rocky Linux 9 (x86 64)

 Rocky Linux 9 (x86\_64)
 OpenHPC 3.1, Warewulf 3, Slurm 23.11.6

2 non-GPU nodes
 2 GPU nodes (currently without GPU

 2 GPU nodes (currently without GPU drivers, so: expensive non-GPU nodes)
 1 management node (SMS)

► 1 management node (SMS) ► 1 unprovisioned login node OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide Introduction Where we're starting from Where we're starting from

Where we're starting from

We used the OpenHPC automatic installation script from Appendix A with a few 1. Installed s-mail to have a valid MailProg for slurm.comf.

2 Created years and years accounts with nacoword loss muto privileges

3. Changed CHROOT from /opt/obpc/admin/images/rocky9.3 to /ont/ohnc/admin/images/rocky9.4.

4 Enabled at send and some in CHROTT 5. Added nano and yun to CHROOT.

6. Removed a redundant neturnToService line from /etc/elurn/elurn conf.

7. Stored all compute/GPU nodes' SSH host keys in /etc/auth/auth known houts. 8. Globally set an environment variable CHROCT to

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Where we're going

Where we're going

 A login node that's practically identical to a compute node (except for where it needs to be different)

A slightly more secured SMS and login node

GPU drivers on the GPU nodes
 Hising node.local storage for the OS and/or scratch

De-coupling the SMS and the compute nodes (e.g., independent kernel versions)
 Faciar management of node differences (CPI) or not diskless (single-disk /multi-disk

Infiniband or not, etc.)

7. Slurm configuration to match some common policy analy (fair share resource limits

 Slurm configuration to match some common policy goals (fair share, resource limit etc.)

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Assumptions

Assumptions

We have a VM named login, with no operating system installed.
 The etb0 network interface for login is attached to the internal network, and etb1 is attached to the external network.

 The ethb MAC address for login is known—check the Login server section of your handout for that. It's of the format an bb:cc:dd:ee:ff.

We're logged into the SMS as user1 or user2 that has sudo privileges.

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Make sure to replace the \_\_ with the characters from your login node's MAC

Create a new login node

What'd we just do? by broadcasting its MAC address.

Ever since Lorsa was powered on, it's been stuck in a loop trying to PXE boot. What's the usual PXE boot process for a client in an OpenHPC environment? 1. The client network card tries to get an IP address from a DHCP server (the SMS)

Ever since logto was powered on, it's been stuck in a loop trying to PXE boot. What's the usual PXE boot ercoss for a client in an OsinHPC environment?

- The client network card tries to get an IP address from a DHCP server (the SMS) by broadcasting its MAC address.
- The SMS responds with the client's IP and network info, a next-zerver IP (the SMS again), and a filename option (a bootloader from the iPXE project).

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What'd we just do?

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- The client network card tries to get an IP address from a DHCP server (the SMS) by broadcasting its MAC address.
- by prosecuting its MAC approx.
  2. The SMS responds with the client's IP and network info, a next-server IP (the SMS arain), and a filename option (a bootloader from the iPXE project).
- The network card gets the bootloader over TFTP and executes it.

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- SMS again), and a filename option (a bootloader from the iPXE project).

  3. The network card gets the bootloader over TFTP and executes it.
- iPXE makes a second DHCP request and this time, it gets a URL (by default, http://SMS\_IP/W/ipxe/cfg/\$(client\_mac)) for an iPXE config file.

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OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide Making better infrastructure nodes -A dedicated login node └─What'd we just do?

What'd we just do?

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- SMS again), and a filename option (a bootloader from the iPXE project). The network card gets the bootloader over TFTP and executes it.
- 4. iPXE makes a second DHCP request and this time, it gets a URL (by default,
- http://SNS\_IP/WV/ipxe/cfg/\$(client\_mac)) for an iPXE config file.
- 5. The confix file contains the URL of a Linux kernel and initial ramdisk, plus multiple kernel parameters available after initial bootup for setting the node's full operating system contents.

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What'd we just do?

What'd we just do?

1. The node name, "howder, and "ipader parameters go into the SMS DHCP server settings.

 The node name, —brader, and —speder parameters go into the SMS DHCP server settings.
 The —beatrast parameter defines the kernel and ramdisk for the IPXE configuration.

- 1. The node name, --tweddr, and --spaddr parameters go into the SMS DHCP
- The "bootstrap parameter defines the kernel and ramdisk for the iPXE configuration.
- The node name, --setder, --spaddr, --braddr parameters all go into kernel parameters accessible from the provisioning software.

1. The node name, --braddr, and --spaddr parameters go into the SMS DHCP

The --bootstrap parameter defines the kernel and ramdisk for the iPXE configuration.

 The node name, --netder, --spaddr, --basddr parameters all go into kernel parameters accessible from the provisioning software.

parameters accessible from the provisioning software.

4. During the initial bootup, the --twaddr parameter is passed to a CGI script on the

SMS to identify the correct VNFS for the provisioning software to download (set by the --vafa parameter).

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What'd we just do?

What'd we just do?

- 1. The node name, --breadtr, and --speddr parameters go into the SMS DHCP
- server settings.

  2. The ---bootstrap parameter defines the kernel and ramdisk for the iPXE
- configuration.

  3. The node name, --raetder, --spaddr, --basaddr parameters all go into kernel parameters accessible from the provisioning software.
- parameters accessible from the provisioning software.

  4. During the initial bootup, the ">hundst parameter is passed to a CGI script on the SMS to identify the correct VMPS for the provisioning software to download (set by
- the --vxfx parameter).

  5. After downloading the VNFS, the provisioning software will also download files from
- After downloading the VNFS, the provisioning software will also download files from the SMS set by the --filex parameter.

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Did it work? Not entirely.

Did it work? Not entirely.

[rostDiggs -]# misso misso: error resolve\_tis\_from\_dus\_arv: res\_memarch error: Daknown host misso: error: fetch\_config: DSS SNV lookup failed misso: error: \_establish\_config\_source: failed to fetch config misso: faile: Could not weakblish a configyration source

systemct1 status slurnd is more helpful, with fatal: Unable to determine this slurnd's NodeName. So how do we fix this one?

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Option 1: take the error message literally

Option 1: take the error message literally

So there's no entry for login in the SMS slurm.conf. To fix that:

1. Run slurmd "C on the login node to capture its correct CPU specifications. Copy that line to your laptop's clipboard.

Option 1: take the error message literally

So there's no entry for login in the SMS sturm.conf. To fix that:

- Run ziurad -C on the login node to capture its correct CPU specifications. Copy that line to your laptop's clipboard.
- On the SMS, run namo /etc/slurm/slurm/slurm.conf and make a new line of all the slurmd =C output from the previous step (pasted from your laptop dipboard).

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A dedicated login node
Option 1: take the error message literally

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So there's no entry for login in the SMS slurm.conf. To fix that:

Run alumd -C on the login node to capture its correct CPU specifications. Copy
that line to your laston's cloboard.

 On the SMS, run namo /etc/sturm/sturm.conf and make a new line of all the sturmd =C output from the previous step (pasted from your laptop clipboard).

the slurmd -C output from the previous step (pasted from your laptop dipboard 3. Save and exit name by pressing Ctrl-X and then Enter.

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OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide Making better infrastructure nodes -A dedicated login node Option 1: take the error message literally

Ontion 1: take the error message literally

So there's no entry for login in the SMS sturm.conf. To fix that:

1 Run alread of on the logic node to centure its correct CPU specifications. Conv. that line to your laptop's clipboard.

2. On the SMS, run nano, /etc/elurn/elurn/elurn cont and make a new line of all the slured -C output from the previous step (pasted from your laptop clipboard).

3. Save and exit nano by pressing Ctr1-X and then Enter.

4. Reload the new Slurm configuration everywhere (well, everywhere functional) with made accentral reconfigure on the SMS

OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide Making better infrastructure nodes -A dedicated login node Option 1: take the error message literally

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- that line to your laptop's clipboard. 2. On the SMS, run nano, /etc/elurn/elurn/elurn cont and make a new line of all the slured -C output from the previous step (pasted from your laptop clipboard).
- 3. Save and exit nano by pressing Ctr1-X and then Enter.
- 4. Reload the new Slurm configuration everywhere (well, everywhere functional) with
- made accepted reconfigure on the SMS 5. ssh back to the login node and restart slurmd, since it wasn't able to respond to the
- scontrol reconfigure from the previous step (sudo ssh login systemctl restart slurnd on the SMS).

OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide Making better infrastructure nodes -A dedicated login node Option 1: take the error message literally Ontion 1: take the error message literally Now an usnfo should work on the login node partition avail timeLimit nodes STATE NODELIST normal\* up 1-00:00:00 1 idle cl OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide

Making better infrastructure nodes

A dedicated login node

Option 2: why are we running slurmd anyway?

Option 2: why are we running stand anyway?

The atend service is really only needed on systems that will be running computational pide, and the login node is not in that category.

Raining stand like the other node mass the login node can get all its information from the SMS, the use of the bases will say with a very short continued states, cost materials are continued as the continued of the c

Interactive test

1. On the light work at year, inexpositly duty the chart septions of t

OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide Making better infrastructure nodes -A dedicated login node -Make permanent changes from the SMS

Make permanent changes from the SMS

Let's reproduce the changes we made interactively on the login node in the Warewulf settings on the SMS. For the customized sturn, conf file, we can keep a copy of it on the SMS and add it to

the Warewulf file store. We've done that previously for files like the shared manne, key for all cluster nodes (see

section 3.8.5 of the OpenHPC install guide). We also need to make sure that file is part of the login node's provisioning settings.

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Make permanent changes from the SMS

Make permanent changes from the SMS

On the SMS:

[marridges of sude agp legis:/etc/slars/slurs.comf \
/\*tc/slurs/slurs.comf legis 1001 40 57.722/s 00:00
slurs.comf 1001 40 57.722/s 00:00
//stc/slurs/slurs.comf.legis --mass=slurs.comf.legis \
--path/etc/slurs/slurs.comf.legis --mass=slurs.comf.legis \

Now the file is available, but we need to ensure the login node gets it. That's handled with weak provision.

A quick look at yest provinted What are the provisioning settings for node logsn? fuseridens alk west provision print losin login: MASTER login: BOOTSTRAP - 6.1.96-1.e19.elrepo.x86\_64 login: VEES login: VALIDATE - FALSE login: FILES - dynamic\_hosts,group,munge.key,metwork, passed , shadow login: KARGS - "net.ifnames=0 biosdevname=0 quiet" login: BOOTLOCAL - FALSE

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Making better infrastructure nodes

A dedicated login node

A quick look at wwsh provision

A quick look at west provision

The provisioning settings for c1 and lagra are identical, but there's a lot to read in there to be certain about it.

We could run the two comparts through extfr, but every line contains the node name, so no lines are literally identical.

Let's simplify and filter the week previous comparts to make it easier to compare. OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide

Making better infrastructure nodes

A dedicated login node
Filter the wwsh provision output

Filter the west presents Output

1 only case about the lines containing - signs, so

Seek presents are pract of 1 gray 
is a start.

Filter the wash provision output

- ► I only care about the lines containing = signs, so wush provision print cl | grep =
  - is a start.

## is a start.

Now all the lines are prefixed with c1:, and I want to keep everything after that, so weak provision print c1 | grep = | cut =d: =f2=

will take care of that.

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Make a function for this

aver the outputs

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A dedicated login node

Add the custom slurm.conf to the login node

Add the custom storm rates not be login node

Add a fit to login's FILES property with

General Research St. England work, by present and login \

Color to storm 3 fit in its digital for proton examples of --fitness).

Check for provisioning differences [user18ens | ] \$ diff on ((proprint cl) ((proprint login)) \*\*\* /dev/fd/62 2024-07-06 11-11-07 683989681 -0400 88 -2 7 +2 7 88 BOOTSTRAP - 6.1.96-1.e19.elrepo.x86 64 YNES WALTDATE. - PAIRE FILES - dynamic\_hosts,group,munge.key,metwork, namend shadow FILES passwd.shadov.slurm.conf.login PRESHELL - PAISE POSTSHELL POSTNETDOWN

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A dedicated login node
Ensure slurmd doesn't run on the login node

Ensure assemble doesn't run on the login node

To dishe the same service on just the login node, we can take advocatage of
conditions in the system service (in like like the login node as exect
logical regions of the same can be seen
logical regions which the common the lone of est anything between here... and
est thinks below that common the lone of est anything between here... and
est thinks below that common the lone of est anything between here... and
est thinks below that common the lone of est anything between here... and
est thinks below that common the logical regions of the lo

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A dedicated login node
Ensure slurmd doesn't run on the login node

Ensure storms doesn't run on the login node

Once that file is sended, by to start the claimst service with systematic start claimst and check its states with systematic starts claimed.

\*\*Claimst service\*\*\* Ellers hand service with systematic starts.

\*\*Claimst service\*\*\* Ellers hand service starts.

\*\*Claimst service\*\*\* Ellers hand service starts.

\*\*Claimst service\*\*\* Ellers hand service starts.

\*\*Line 12 and 12 an

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Making better infrastructure nodes

A dedicated login node

Make the changes permanent

Make the changes permanent

The systemct1 edit command resulted in a file /etc/systemd/system/slurnd.service.d/override.comf. Let's:

make a place for it in the chroot on the SMS, and

copy the file over from the login node.

login:/stc/systemd/system/slurnd.service.d/override.comf \
\$(CHROOT)/stc/systemd/system/slurnd.service.d/
override.comf 100% 23 36.7KB/s 00:00

(Note: we slobally one-set the CHROOT environment for any account that loss into the

(Note: we globally pre-set the CBBOOT environment for any account that logs into the SMS so that you didn't have to.)

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Make the changes permanent

Make the changes permanent

Finally, will.

\* related the MSS, and

\* related the MSS, and

\* related the MSS, and

\* related the MSS and

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Verify the changes on the login node

Verify the changes on the login node

Verify that the login node desert later alones, but can still not make without any error memory.

Generalized of the logic page against another allowed control without any error memory and the logic page against a state allowed control without any error and the logic page against a state and the logic page against a logic page

PARTITION AVAIL TIMELIMIT NODES STATE NODELIST

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A dedicated login node

Verify the changes on a compute node

Verify the changes on a compute mode

Verify the changes on a compute mode off cor who non mann)

FaceFiden = [1 does not at deposited attacks sizeed

\* sized, service = Times not december at the size of the compute of the compute

(Yes, c1 is marked down—we'll fix that shortly.)

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Making better infrastructure nodes

A dedicated login node

Problem: the login node doesn't let users log in

Problem: the login node doesn't let users log in

What I was to the login node as summon other than most?

[Base 18 and login node as summon other than most place as 18 and login node as summon other than most place as 18 and login node for normal users. Let's in that.

Summarisan institute in 173.846.3 page 222

which makes this the next opposite of a login node for normal users. Let's in that.

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Make the login node function as a login node

Make the login node function as a login node

- ➤ The Access desired is caused by the pam\_slurm.so entry at the end of /etc/pam.d/sabd, which is invaluable on a normal compute node, but not on a low in node.
- On the SMS, you can also do a
- diff "u /etc/pam.d/sshd \$(CHRNOT)/etc/pam.d/sshd

  > You'll see that the pam\_slurm.so line is the only difference between the two files

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OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide Making better infrastructure nodes -A dedicated login node Test a PAM change to the login node

Test a PAM change to the login node

- ► Temporarily comment out the last line of the login node's /etc/pan.d/ash and see if you can ssh into the login node as a normal user (i.e., ssh user161ogin).
- Your user should be able to log in now.
- In case the PAM configuration won't let root log in, don't panic! Instructors can rehord your login node from its console to put it back to its original state

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Make the change permanent

Make the change permanent

(refer to section 3.9.3 of the install guide for previous examples of -fileadd).

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Making better infrastructure nodes

A bit more security for the login node

A bit more security for the login node

A bit more security for the login node

- ► narrative about brute-force SSH activity

  ► verify what ports are listening on login (should really just be SSH)

  ► enabling finewalld
- enabling fail2ban
- realizing that the default webootstrap kernel is lacking, and rebuilding it

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A bit more security for the login node

A bit more security for the login node

A bit more security for the login node

There's a lot of things that can be done to secure things, including:

1. Placing the SMS and login node external interfaces on protected network segment.

2. Allowing only administrative users to SSH into the SMS.

Allowing only administrative users to SSH into the SMS.
 Replacing password-based authentication with key-based authentication.

Though #3 will eliminate brute-force password guessing attacks, it's usually not practical for a login node. So let's mitigate that differently with fail2bas.

How restreen works

 Monitor /var/log/secure and other logs for indicators of brute-force attacks (invalid users, failed passwords, etc.)
 If indicators from a specific IP address happen often enough over a period of time,

block all access from that address for a period of time.

3. Once that period has expired, remove the IP address from the block list.

This reduces the effectiveness of brute-force password guessing by orders of magnitude (-10 guesses per hour versus -100 or -1000 guesses per hour).

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A bit more security for the login node

Test installing fail2ban on the login node

Test installing salines on the login mode
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services of Services was the saline state of the saline

enabled - true

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A bit more security for the login node

Test installing fail2ban on the login node

Test installing nations on the logist node. But Notice is the Sign and an off the compute nodes. The Notice is the Sign and an off the compute nodes. The Notice is the Sign and an off the compute nodes. The Notice is not support to mode in the Notice is not support to mode. The Notice is not investigate and analy has post point node from a compute node of any law post point node from a compute node of the Notice is not investigate and analy has post point node from a compute node by SOTing to it investigate and support node in the national point node in the Notice is not investigate and the Notice is not invest

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A bit more security for the login node

Test installing fail2ban on the login node

Test installing fail2bas on the login node

Before we go further, check if there's anything in /var/log/secure on the login mode:

[user10sms -]\$ sudo ssh login is -1 /var/log/secure
-ru------ 1 root root 0 Jul 7 03:14 /var/log/secure

Nope. Let's fix that, too.

- Looking in /etc/rayalog.conf, we see a bunch of things commented out, including the line weathering a /ear/log/recurse.
- Rather than drop in an entirely new rsyslog conf file that we'd have to maintain,
- rsyslog will automatically include any \*.conf files in /etc/rsyslog.d.

  Let's make one of those for the chroot.

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Making better infrastructure nodes

A bit more security for the login

-A bit more security for the login node └─Make an rsyslog.d file, rebuild the VNFS, reboot the login node [usrifes .] scb "authpriv-/vsr/ng/secre" |\
scb us f(CMDDT)/str/ngslng.d/authpriv-local.comf
[usrifess -] t cst \
f(CMDDT)/str/ngslng.d/authpriv-local.comf
subpriv-/vsr/ng/secre
[usrifess -] t cst \
sch usrifess -| t cst usrifes

Post-reboot, how's failthan and firstalls on the login node?

[userless -] s rudo sah login systemit status firstall [rostlingin -] systemit status firstall association -] systemit status firstall - systemit -

cade: lander (/us/ill/pysted/syste/fireualid.service;
cabled; prest)
Active: failed (healt: est-code) since The 2004-07-11
10-00-170; dealt
2d: 11 (6-00-67 logis system)[1]: firevalid.service: Main
presses using, cade-sited, status-5/001700[ERRITE]

Not great.

with result 'exit-code'.

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Diagnosing synettrescounts

• So many Google results amount to "reboot to get your new kernal", but we've just booted a new kernal.

► So many Gondle resides amount to "reboot to eat your new learnel" but we've lost

 Red Hat has an article telling you to verify that you haven't disabled module loading by checking sysctl. "a | gree modules disabled but that's not disabled either.

Diagnosing sources person

booted a new kernel.

Diagnosing sources person

- ► So many Goodle results amount to "rehoot to get your new kernel", but we've inst
- Red Hat has an article telling you to verify that you haven't disabled module loading by checking gyactl -a | gree modules disabled but that's not disabled either.

The Red Hat article does tell you that nacket filtering canabilities have to be enabled in the kernel, and that gets us closer.

Diagnosing 3/10TDPLD9DTED

- So many Google results amount to "reboot to get your new kernel", but we've just booted a new kernel.
- Red Hat has an article telling you to verify that you haven't disabled module loading by checking sysct1 = a | grep modules\_disabled, but that's not disabled either.
- by checking synctl = n | grep nodsles\_disabled, but that's not disabled either.
  The Red Hat article does tell you that packet filtering capabilities have to be enabled in the kernel, and that sets us closer.
- It is possible to install and start freewalld on the SMS (you don't have to verify this right now), and that's using the same kernel as the login node.

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Diagnosing sources person

- ► So many Goodle results amount to "rehoot to get your new kernel" but we've just booted a new kernel. Red Hat has an article telline you to verify that you haven't disabled module loading
- by checking gyactl -a | gree modules disabled but that's not disabled either.
- The Red Hat article does tell you that nacket filtering canabilities have to be enabled in the kernel, and that gets us closer.
- b. It is notified to install and start finawalld on the SMS (you don't have to verify this right now), and that's using the same kernel as the login node. ► Or is it?

Diagnosing 3/NOTINGLEGENTED

► How did we get the kernel that the login node is using?

Diagnosing 3/10713912083780

► How did we get the kernel that the login node is using?

F Via wwbootstrap \$(uname =r) (section 3.9.1)

Diagnosing 3/10TDPLD9DTED

- ► How did we get the kernel that the login node is using?
- ► Via wsbootstrap \$(uname -r) (section 3.9.1)
- \* That section also had a command that most of us don't pay close attension to:
  echo "drivers \*= updates/kezzel/" >> /etc/warevulf/bootstrap.conf

X

Diagnosing 3/107309120037ED

- ► How did we get the kernel that the login node is using?
  - ► Vià vabootstrap \$(uname -r) (section 3.9.1)
  - ➤ That section also had a command that most of us don't pay close attension to: echo "drivers += udates/kersel/" >> /etc/warevulf/bootstrap.conf
  - So though the login node is running the same kernel version as the SMS, it may not have all the drivers included.

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OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide

Making better infrastructure nodes

A bit more security for the login node
Diagnosing 3/NOTIMPLEMENTED

Diagnosing 3/107309120037ED

- ► How did we get the kernel that the login node is using? ► Via webootstrap \$(usage -r) (section 3.9.1)
- That section also had a command that most of us don't pay close attension to:
- etho "drivers := upiates/kernel/" >> /etc/warevulf/bootstrap.conf
  > So though the login node is running the same kernel version as the SMS, it may
- So though the login node is running the same kernel version as the SMS, it may not have all the drivers included.
  When see the drivers we care should have the SMS shows a lot of nf-named
- modules for the Netfilter kernel framework.

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Diagnosing sources person

- ► How did we get the kernel that the login node is using? ► Via suboptatrap \$(uname -r) (section 3.9.1)
- That section also had a command that most of us don't pay close attension to: echo "drivers += updates/kernel/" >> /etc/warevulf/bootstrap.conf
- So though the login node is running the same kernel version as the SMS, it may not have all the drivers included. b. Where are the drivers we care about? 1 most on the SMS shows a lot of nr.named
- modules for the Netfilter kernel framework. b find /1th/modular/\$(mame =r) -mame 'enfe' shows these modules are largely
- located in the kernel/net folder (specifically kernel/net/spy4/netfslter. kernel/net/ipv6/netfilter, and kernel/net/netfilter).

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Diagnosing sources person

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Diagnosing 3/NOTIMPLEMENTED

Let's re-run the veceratrap command and reboot the legin node:

[serificar -] If and or velociting I (case or)

Solitatrap lange "C.1.37-1.415 sleeps.a50,64' is ready

Base and the language of the language

Diagnosing sources person

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Making better infrastructure nodes

A bit more security for the login node

Did 3/NOTIMPLEMENTED go away?

[cording old role and legal systemati status formulal of formulal status of the status

Did sommer merme go away?

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Does fail2ban actually work now?

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Making better infrastructure nodes

A bit more security for the login node

What does it look like from evilmike's side?

austinsia is thwarted at least for now

Χ

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Making better compute nodes

More seamless reboots of compute nodes

Why was c1 marked as down?

Why was ca marked as own?

You can estum c to an admission by unning, on the SMS

Securities of the final contents, update including the SMS

Securities of the content content in the SMS

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we rehoot them

OpenHPC: Beyond the Install Guide Making better compute nodes -More seamless reboots of compute nodes -More seamless reboots of compute nodes

More seamless rehoots of compute nodes

- Slurm doesn't like it when a node gets rebooted without its knowledge. There's an accepted trabout ontion that's handy to have nodes rehoot when system updates occur, but it requires a valid setting for RebootProgram in
- ▶ By default. Slurm and OpenHPC don't ship with a default RebootProgram, so let's make one.

Х

Adding a valid percentage

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Making better compute nodes

More seamless reboots of compute nodes

Informing all nodes of the changes and testing it out

Informing all nodes of the changes and testing it out

[userl@sms -]\$ sudo scontrol reconfigure [userl@sms -]\$ sudo scontrol reboot ASAP nextstate=RESUME cl

- accentrol reboot will wait for all jobs on a group of nodes to finish before rebooting the nodes
- repooting the nodes.

  It is nodes in a DRAIN state, routing all
- pending jobs to other nodes until the rebooted nodes are returned to service.

  In control reboot ASAP martatate=RESPRE will set the nodes to accept jobs after the reboot. maxtatate=RESPRE will lave the nodes in a DEWE state if you need to do more work on them before returning them to service.

X

TODOs welly what a successful "return to del" looks his here, including an uptime of Todos with the second of the

Did it work?

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Making better compute nodes

Decoupling kernels from the SMS
Decoupling kernels from the SMS

Decoupling kernels from the SMS

Semi-stateful node provisioning

(talking about the garted and fillerystem-related pieces here.)

(installing GPU drivers - mostly rsync'ing a least-common-denominator chroot into a GPU-named chroot, copying the NVIDIA installer into the chroot, mounting /proc and

/sys, running the installer, umounting /proc and /sys, and building a second VNFS)

Management of GPU drivers

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Managing system complexity
Configuration settings for different node types
Configuration settings for different node types

Configuration settings for different node types

(have been leading into this a bit with the wosh file entries, systemd conditions, etc. But here we can also talk about nodes with two drives instead of one, nodes with and without Infiniband, nodes with different provisioning interfaces, etc.)

(here we can show some samele Python scripts where we can store node attributes and

Automation for Warewulf3 provisioning

logic for managing the different VNESes)

Sample slide

 $\sqsubseteq$ Sample slide

This is my note.

- It can contain Markdown
- like this list