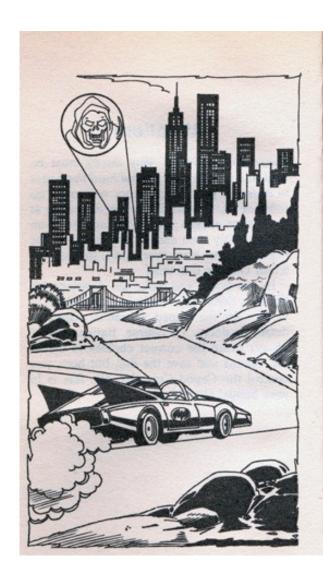
Twine Workshop



Interactive Fiction



"What?!" cries Batman, nearly crashing the Batmobile. He has been speeding toward the dark streets of Gotham on his way to Police Headquarters, when the familiar Bat-Signal suddenly changed into a grinning skull! Someone has tampered with the searchlight, thinks Batman. But why turn the bat silhouette into a DEATH'S HEAD?! It must be a warning . . . or a trap.

Batman's next move could be critical. A wrong decision might mean his DOOM!

If Batman drives straight to Police Headquarters, turn to page 17.

If he radios Commissioner Gordon from the Batmobile, turn to page 26.

If he plays it safe and uses a public phone, turn to page 3.

For more information on the Bat-Signal, turn to page 119.

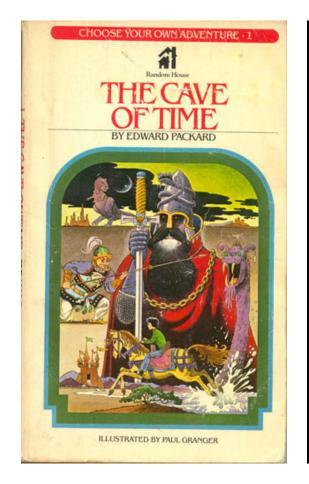


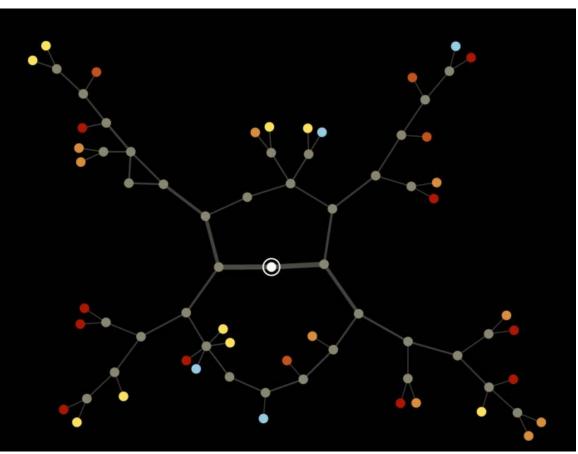
As you sit in the warm sunshine deciding about going to Morocco, you catch sight of a small girl—actually a midget—leading a dog. The midget walks up to you, hands you the leash, and before you realize that the dog is a mechanical dog, not a real one, it explodes into a thousand brilliant shards of metal. The explosion finishes you off.

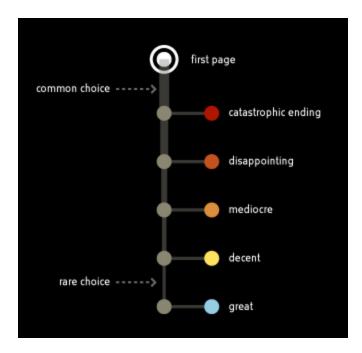
UGH! What a horrible way to go.

The End











Twine

- Open-source tool for building interactive stories
- Outputs to HTML
- Built upon HTML, CSS and JS



Twine is good at:

- Stories
- Poetry
- Text-based RPG
- Hypermedia art
- Prototyping

Twine Examples

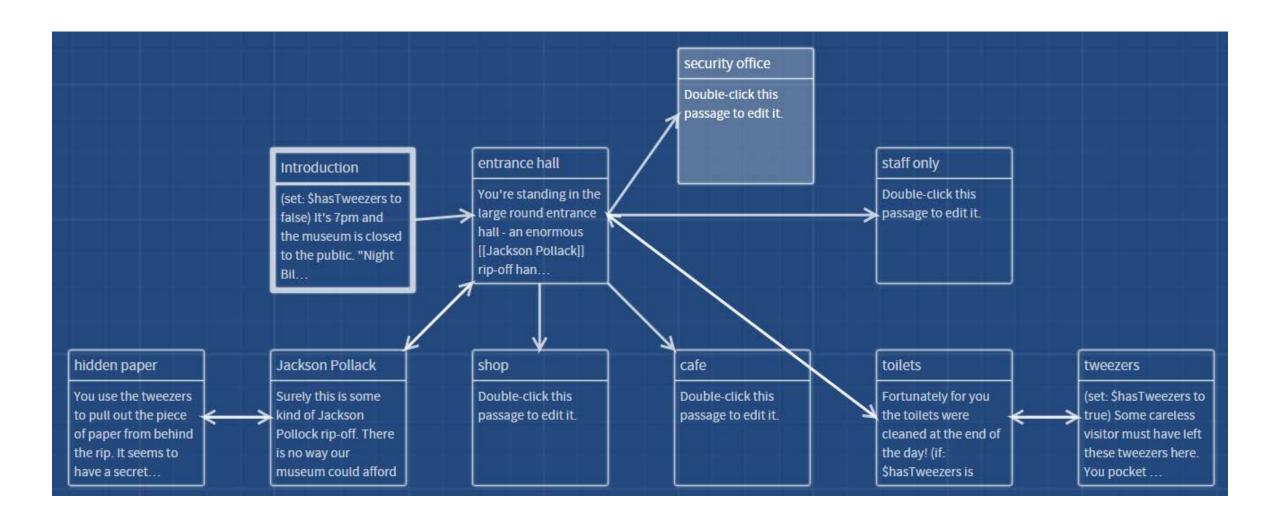
- Story
 - <u>Lifeline</u> (mobile app based on twine)
 - Player 2
 - Queers in Love at the End of the World
 - Even Cowgirls Bleed
 - The Uncle Who Works for Nintendo
- RPG/Puzzle
 - Candy Quest 3: Edge of Sweetness
 - Live, Run, Die Shop
- Empathy Games
 - Cis Gaze
- Poetry
 - A Kiss
 - Burnt Matches
- Other
 - <u>Twineplat</u>
 - <u>HHH.exe</u>

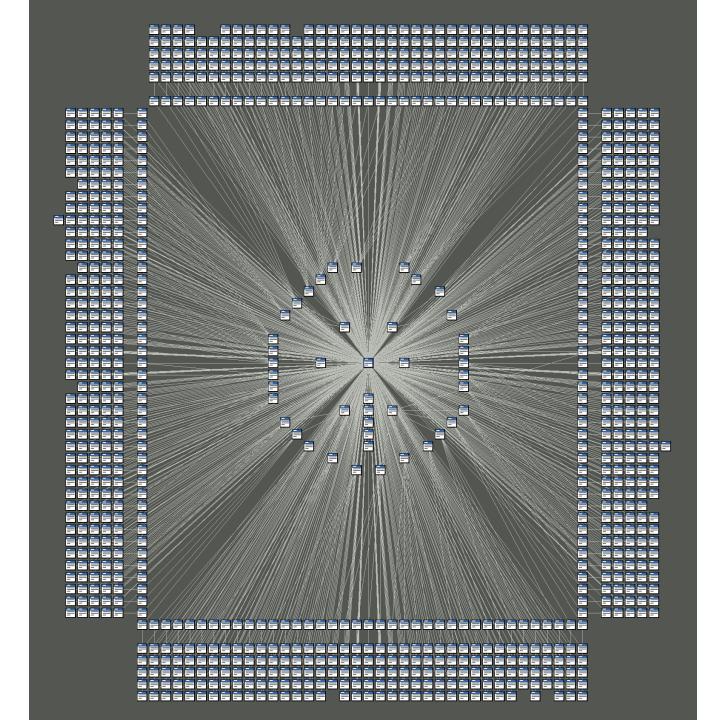


Non-Twine Examples

- My boyfriend came back from the war
- Sleep is Death
- Digital: A Love Story
- Hatoful Boyfriend









Twine is not so good at:

- 2D/3D graphics-based games
- Platormers, first-person shooters, etc.
- For those, check out: <u>Phaser</u>, <u>Three.js</u>, <u>Unity</u>





Installing Twine

- Options:
 - Twine 1.4.2 the old standalone application
 - Browser-based the latest version of twine (2.01), running in the browser
 - Twine 2.01 the new standalone application
- Download 2.01 from here: <u>twinery.org</u>

Twine UI Demo

Story Formats

- SugarCube
 - Easy to pick up
 - Flexible, includes save system, widely used
- Harlowe
 - Default in Twine 2
 - A little more restrictive than SugarCube
- Snowman
 - Advanced
 - Allows you to write raw HTML/CSS/JS easily



SugarCube Installation

- 1. Download the current local version of <u>SugarCube 2.x for Twine 2</u>.
- Extract the archive to a safe location on your computer and take note of the path to it. I recommend some place like: Documents/Twine/Formats.
- 3. Click on the Formats link in the Twine 2 sidebar.
- 4. In the dialog that opens, click on the Add a New Format tab.
- 5. Finally, paste a <u>file URL</u> to the format.js file, based on the path from step #2, into the textbox and click the +Add button.
- 6. Set SugarCube as the default under "Story Formats"





SugarCube Documentation

- Documentation: <u>motoslave.net/sugarcube/2/</u>
- Important sections to start with:
 - Markup info on formatting
 - TwineScript info on variables
 - Macros info on SugarCube's built-in functionality

Headings

An exclamation point which begins a line defines the heading markup. It consists of one to six exclamation points, each additional one beyond the first signifying a lesser heading.

Туре	Syntax	Example	Rendered As	
Level 1	!Level 1 Heading	Level 1 Heading	<h1>Level 1 Heading</h1>	
Level 2	!!Level 2 Heading	Level 2 Heading	<h2>Level 2 Heading</h2>	
Level 3	!!!Level 3 Heading	Level 3 Heading	<h3>Level 3 Heading</h3>	
Level 4	!!!!Level 4 Heading	Level 4 Heading	<h4>Level 4 Heading</h4>	
Level 5	!!!!!Level 5 Heading	Level 5 Heading	<h5>Level 5 Heading</h5>	
Level 6	!!!!!Level 6 Heading	Level 6 Heading	<h6>Level 6 Heading</h6>	

Basic Formatting

Туре	Syntax	Example	Rendered As				
Emphasis	//Emphasis//	Emphasis	Emphasis				
Strong	''Strong Emphasis''	Strong Emphasis	Strong Emphasis				
Underline	Underline	<u>Underline</u>	<u>Underline</u>				
Strikethrough	==Strikethrough==	Strikethrough	<s>Strikethrough</s>				
Superscript	Super^^script^^	Super ^{script}	Super ^{script}				
Subscript	Sub~~script~~	Sub _{script}	Sub _{script}				
Code, Inline	{{{Code}}}	Code	<code>Code</code>				
Code, Block	{{{ Code }}}	Code	<pre>Code</pre>				
Em-dash	EmDash	Em—Dash	Em-Dash				
Avoiding formatting (all markup inside is not transformed and rendered as-is)							
	"""Non-formatted""" No ''//formatting//' No ''//formatting//'		No ''//formatting//''				
	<nowiki>Non-formatted</nowiki>	No ''//formatting//''	No ''//formatting//''				

Images

SugarCube's wiki image syntax consists of a required Image component and optional Title, Link, and Setter components. The Image, Title, and Link components may be either plain text or any valid TwineScript expression, which will be evaluated early (i.e. when the link is initially processed). The Setter component (which only works with passage links, not external links) must be a valid TwineScript expression, of the <<set>>> macro variety, which will be evaluated late (i.e. when the link is clicked on).

The Image component value may be any valid URL to an image resource (local or remote) or the title of an embedded image passage (pre-Twine 2 only). The Link component value may be the title of a passage or any valid URL to a resource (local or remote).

Also, in addition to the standard pipe separator (1) used to separate the Image and Title components (as seen below), SugarCube also supports the arrow separators (-> & <-). Particular to the arrow separators, the arrows' direction determines the order of the components, with the arrow always pointing at the Image component (i.e. the right arrow works like the pipe separator, Title->Image, while the left arrow is reversed, Image<-Title).

For the following examples assume: \$src is home.png, \$go is Home, and \$show is Go home

Туре	Syntax	Example		Result	
Image	[img[Image]]	<pre>[img[home.png]] [img[\$src]]</pre>]] Image: home.png		
Imago w/ Link	[img[Image][Link]]	<pre>[img[home.png][Home]] [img[\$src][\$go]]</pre>	Image:	home.png	
Image w/ Link			Link:	Home	
	[img[Image][Link][Setter]]	<pre>[img[home.png][Home][\$done to true]] [img[\$src][\$go][\$done to true]]</pre>	Image:	home.png	
Image w/ Link & Setter			Link:	Home	
Lim a consi			Setter:	\$done to true	
Image w/ Title	[img[Title Image]]	<pre>[img[Go home home.png]] [img[\$show \$src]]</pre>	Title:	Go home	
Image w/ Title			Image:	home.png	
	[img[Title Image][Link]]	<pre>[img[Go home home.png][Home]] [img[\$show \$src][\$go]]</pre>	Title:	Go home	
Image w/ Title & Link			Image:	home.png	
			Link:	Home	
	[img[Title Image][Link][Setter]]	<pre>[img[Go home home.png][Home][\$done to true]] [img[\$show \$src][\$go][\$done to true]]</pre>	Title:	Go home	
Image w/ Title,			Image:	home.png	
Link, & Setter			Link:	Home	
			Setter:	\$done to true	