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ФАКУЛЬТЕТ	Информатика и системы управления
КАФЕДРА	Системы обработки информации и управления

Лабораторная работа №3 По курсу «Методы машинного обучения в АСОИУ» «Обработка признаков (часть 2).»

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Проверил:

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Лаборатораня работа №3: Обработка признаков (часть 2).

```
In [3]: #Датасет содержит данные о кредитах на покупку электроники, которые были
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        #from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV, Rand
        #from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
        from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectFromModel
        from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression, Lasso
        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler, RobustSca
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        #from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_scor
        from warnings import simplefilter
        simplefilter('ignore')
In [4]: # записываем CSV-файл в объект DataFrame
        data = pd.read_csv('credit_train.csv', encoding='cp1251', sep=';')
In [5]: # смотрим на первые пять строк
        data.head()
Out[5]:
           client_id gender
                                marital_status job_position credit_sum credit_month
                             age
        0
                  1
                            NaN
                                          NaN
                                                      UMN
                                                              59998,00
                                                                                 10
                                                              10889,00
                                                                                  6
         1
                            NaN
                                          MAR
                                                      UMN
        2
                            32.0
                                          MAR
                                                       SPC
                                                              10728,00
                                                                                 12
                            27.0
                                          NaN
                                                       SPC
                                                              12009,09
                                                                                 12
        3
        4
                  5
                         M 45.0
                                          NaN
                                                       SPC
                                                                  NaN
                                                                                 10
```

1) Обработка пропусков в данных

```
In [6]: #проверяем типы данных и заполненность столбцов data.info()
```

```
RangeIndex: 82356 entries, 0 to 82355
        Data columns (total 15 columns):
                                   Non-Null Count Dtype
         # Column
                             82356 non-null int64
82356 non-null object
            client_id
         0
           gender
         1
                                   82353 non-null float64
         2 age
                                  82353 non-null object
82356 non-null object
82354 non-null object
         3 marital_status
4 job_position
5 credit_sum
         5 credit_sum
         6 credit_sum 82354 non-null object 12 credit_count 77021 non-null float64
         13 overdue credit count 77921 non-null float64
         14 open_account_flg 82355 non-null float64
        dtypes: float64(6), int64(2), object(7)
        memory usage: 9.4+ MB
 In [7]: #удаляем столбец с номером клиента (так как он незначимый)
         # и с регионом проживания (так как он нуждается в серьезной предобработке
         data.drop(['client_id', 'living_region'], axis=1, inplace=True)
 In [8]: # анализируем столбец marital status, смотрим, какое значение в нем являе
         data['marital_status'].describe()
 Out[8]: count
                    82353
          unique
                       5
          top
                      MAR
                    45350
          freq
          Name: marital_status, dtype: object
 In [9]: # анализируем столбец education, смотрим, какое в нем самое частое значен
         data['education'].describe()
 Out[9]: count
                    82350
          unique
                        5
                      SCH
          top
          freq
                    42228
          Name: education, dtype: object
In [10]: # дозаполняем нечисловые столбцы с пропусками самыми часто встречающимися
         data['marital_status'].fillna('MAR', inplace=True)
         data['education'].fillna('SCH', inplace=True)
In [11]: # дозаполняем числовые столбцы с пропусками медианными значениями
         data['age'].fillna(data['age'].median(), inplace=True)
         data['credit_count'].fillna(data['credit_count'].median(), inplace=True)
         data['overdue_credit_count'].fillna(data['overdue_credit_count'].median()
In [12]: #меняем в столбцах 'credit_sum', 'score_shk' запятые на точки и преобра
         for i in ['credit_sum', 'score_shk']:
             data[i] = data[i].str.replace(',', '.').astype('float')
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

```
In [13]: # дозаполняем ставшие теперь числовыми столбцы 'credit sum', 'score shk'
           data['score_shk'].fillna(data['score_shk'].median(), inplace=True)
           data['monthly_income'].fillna(data['monthly_income'].median(), inplace=Tr
           data['credit_sum'].fillna(data['credit_sum'].median(), inplace=True)
In [14]: # смотрим, что получилось
           data.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 82356 entries, 0 to 82355
         Data columns (total 13 columns):
             Column
                                         Non-Null Count Dtype
          0 gender
                                        82356 non-null object
          1 age
                                        82356 non-null float64
          2 marital_status 82356 non-null object 82356 non-null object
                                       82356 non-null float64
          4 credit_sum
          5 credit_month 82356 non-null int64
6 tariff_id 82356 non-null float64
7 score_shk 82356 non-null float64
8 education 82356 non-null object
9 monthly_income 82356 non-null float64
10 credit_count 82356 non-null float64
          11 overdue_credit_count 82356 non-null float64
          12 open_account_flg 82355 non-null float64
         dtypes: float64(8), int64(1), object(4)
         memory usage: 8.2+ MB
```

2) Кодирование категориальных признаков

```
In [15]: category_cols = ['gender', 'job_position', 'education', 'marital_status']
In [16]: print("Количество уникальных значений\n")
         for col in category_cols:
             print(f'{col}: {data[col].unique().size}')
        Количество уникальных значений
        gender: 2
        job_position: 17
        education: 5
        marital_status: 5
In [17]: # кодируем нечисловые столбцы методом дамми-кодирования
         data = pd.concat([data,
                               pd.get_dummies(data['gender'], prefix="gender"),
                               pd.get_dummies(data['job_position'], prefix="job_po
                               pd.get_dummies(data['education'], prefix="education
                               pd.get_dummies(data['marital_status'], prefix="mari
                              axis=1)
In [18]: #удаляем старые нечисловые столбцы, вместо них уже появились новые числов
         data.drop(['gender','job_position','education','marital_status'], axis=1,
In [19]: data.head()
```

:		age	credit_sum	credit_month	tariff_id	score_shk	monthly_income	credit_c
	0	34.0	59998.00	10	1.6	0.461639	30000.0	
	1	34.0	10889.00	6	1.1	0.461639	35000.0	
	2	32.0	10728.00	12	1.1	0.461639	35000.0	
	3	27.0	12009.09	12	1.1	0.461639	35000.0	
	4	45.0	21197.50	10	1.1	0.421385	35000.0	

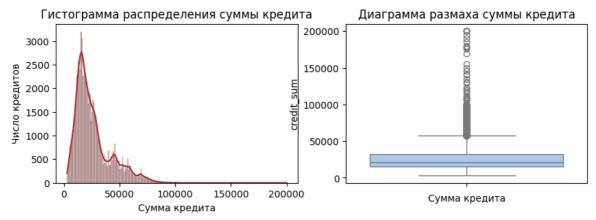
5 rows × 38 columns

Out[19]

3) Обработка выбросов для числовых признаков

Замена выбросов

```
In [20]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 3))
    axes = fig.subplots(1, 2)
    sns.histplot(data['credit_sum'], kde=True, color='brown', alpha=0.3, ax=a
    axes[0].title.set_text(f"Гистограмма распределения суммы кредита")
    axes[0].set_xlabel('Сумма кредита')
    axes[0].set_ylabel('Число кредитов')
    sns.boxplot(data['credit_sum'], palette='pastel', ax=axes[1])
    axes[1].title.set_text(f"Диаграмма размаха суммы кредита")
    axes[1].set_xlabel('Сумма кредита')
    plt.show();
```

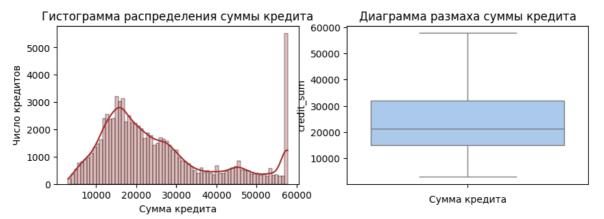


```
In [21]: K = 1.5
    col = 'credit_sum'
    IQR = data[col].quantile(0.75) - data[col].quantile(0.25)
    lower_boundary = data[col].quantile(0.25) - (K * IQR)
    upper_boundary = data[col].quantile(0.75) + (K * IQR)
    round(lower_boundary, 2), round(upper_boundary, 2)
```

```
Out[21]: (-10718.88, 57758.12)
```

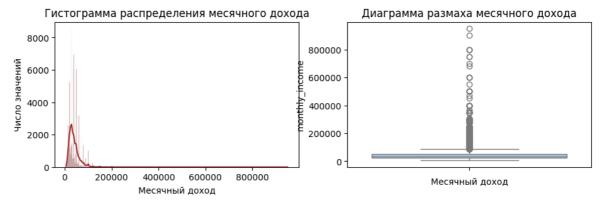
```
In [22]: data[col] = np.where(data[col] > upper_boundary, upper_boundary, np.where
In [23]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 3))
    axes = fig.subplots(1, 2)
```

```
sns.histplot(data['credit_sum'], kde=True, color='brown', alpha=0.3, ax=a axes[0].title.set_text(f"Гистограмма распределения суммы кредита") axes[0].set_xlabel('Сумма кредита') axes[0].set_ylabel('Число кредитов') sns.boxplot(data['credit_sum'], palette='pastel', ax=axes[1]) axes[1].title.set_text(f"Диаграмма размаха суммы кредита") axes[1].set_xlabel('Сумма кредита') plt.show();
```



Удаление выбросов

```
In [24]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(11, 3))
    axes = fig.subplots(1, 2)
    sns.histplot(data['monthly_income'], kde=True, color='brown', alpha=0.3,
    axes[0].title.set_text(f"Гистограмма распределения месячного дохода")
    axes[0].set_xlabel('Месячный доход')
    axes[0].set_ylabel('Число значений')
    sns.boxplot(data['monthly_income'], palette='pastel', ax=axes[1])
    axes[1].title.set_text(f"Диаграмма размаха месячного дохода")
    axes[1].set_xlabel('Месячный доход')
    plt.show();
```

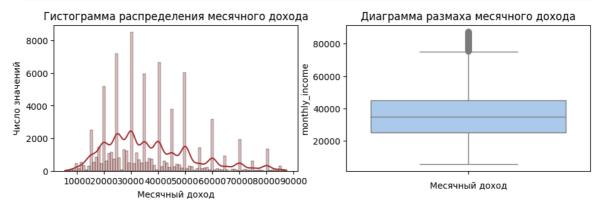


```
In [25]: K = 1.5
    col = 'monthly_income'
    IQR = data[col].quantile(0.75) - data[col].quantile(0.25)
    lower_boundary = data[col].quantile(0.25) - (K * IQR)
    upper_boundary = data[col].quantile(0.75) + (K * IQR)
    round(lower_boundary, 2), round(upper_boundary, 2)
```

Out[25]: (-12500.0, 87500.0)

```
In [26]: data = data[data['monthly_income'] < 87500.0]</pre>
```

```
In [27]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(11, 3))
    axes = fig.subplots(1, 2)
    sns.histplot(data['monthly_income'], kde=True, color='brown', alpha=0.3,
    axes[0].title.set_text(f"Гистограмма распределения месячного дохода")
    axes[0].set_xlabel('Месячный доход')
    axes[0].set_ylabel('Число значений')
    sns.boxplot(data['monthly_income'], palette='pastel', ax=axes[1])
    axes[1].title.set_text(f"Диаграмма размаха месячного дохода")
    axes[1].set_xlabel('Месячный доход')
    plt.show();
```



4) Масштабирование данных

```
In [28]: numeric_columns = [column for column in data.columns if data.dtypes[colum
In [29]: numeric_columns
```

```
Out[29]:
          ['age',
            'credit_sum',
            'credit month',
            'tariff_id',
            'score shk',
            'monthly_income',
            'credit_count',
            'overdue_credit_count',
            'open_account_flg',
            'gender_F',
            'gender_M',
            'job_position_ATP',
            'job_position_BIS',
            'job_position_BIU',
            'job_position_DIR',
            'job position HSK',
            'job_position_INP'
            'job_position_INV'
            'job_position_NOR',
            'job_position_PNA',
            'job_position_PNI'
            'job_position_PNS'
            'job_position_PNV'
            'job_position_SPC',
            'job_position_UMN',
            'job_position_WOI',
            'job position WRK',
            'job_position_WRP',
            'education ACD',
            'education_GRD',
            'education_PGR',
            'education_SCH',
            'education_UGR',
            'marital_status_CIV',
            'marital_status_DIV',
            'marital_status_MAR',
            'marital_status_UNM',
            'marital_status_WID']
In [30]:
          data1 = pd.DataFrame(StandardScaler().fit_transform(data[numeric_columns]
          data1.head()
Out[30]:
                   age credit_sum credit_month
                                                   tariff_id score_shk monthly_income c
            -0.231430
                          2.318766
                                                             -0.079149
                                       -0.278885
                                                   1.167152
                                                                             -0.423702
          1 -0.231430
                         -0.992644
                                                 -0.950709
                                                             -0.079149
                                                                              -0.113102
                                       -1.413550
            -0.419776
                         -1.004019
                                        0.288447 -0.950709
                                                             -0.079149
                                                                              -0.113102
            -0.890641
                         -0.913507
                                        0.288447 -0.950709
                                                             -0.079149
                                                                              -0.113102
             0.804473
                                       -0.278885 -0.950709
                         -0.264325
                                                             -0.403861
                                                                              -0.113102
```

5 rows × 38 columns

```
In [31]: data1.describe()
```

	age	credit_sum	credit_month	tariff_id	score_sh
count	7.903400e+04	7.903400e+04	7.903400e+04	7.903400e+04	7.903400e+0
mean	8.055347e-17	-6.715786e-16	3.955751e-18	-6.535080e- 16	2.672829e-10
std	1.000006e+00	1.000006e+00	1.000006e+00	1.000006e+00	1.000006e+0
min	-1.738198e+00	-1.550020e+00	-2.264549e+00	-1.374281e+00	-3.802993e+0
25%	-7.964679e-01	-7.178068e-01	-2.788854e-01	-9.507088e- 01	-7.262172e-0
50%	-2.314300e-01	-2.885943e-01	-2.788854e-01	-1.884996e- 02	-6.432267e-0
75%	6.161268e-01	4.294978e-01	2.884469e-01	1.167152e+00	6.655166e-0
max	3.252970e+00	2.318766e+00	7.096435e+00	2.692012e+00	5.298447e+0

8 rows × 38 columns

Out[31]:

Out[32]:		age	credit_sum	credit_month	tariff_id	score_shk	monthly_income	cre
	0	0.301887	1.000000	0.212121	0.625000	0.409149	0.298289	
	1	0.301887	0.144070	0.090909	0.104167	0.409149	0.359413	
	2	0.264151	0.141130	0.272727	0.104167	0.409149	0.359413	
	3	0.169811	0.164525	0.272727	0.104167	0.409149	0.359413	
	4	0.509434	0.332325	0.212121	0.104167	0.373472	0.359413	

5 rows × 38 columns

In [33]:	<pre>data2.describe()</pre>
----------	-----------------------------

Out[33]:		age	credit_sum	credit_month	tariff_id	score_shk
	count	79034.000000	79034.000000	79034.000000	79034.000000	79034.000000
	mean	0.348255	0.400648	0.241914	0.337969	0.417845
	std	0.200355	0.258481	0.106827	0.245926	0.109873
	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	25%	0.188679	0.215110	0.212121	0.104167	0.338054
	50%	0.301887	0.326052	0.212121	0.333333	0.410778
	75 %	0.471698	0.511664	0.272727	0.625000	0.490967
	max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000

8 rows × 38 columns

In [34]: data3 = pd.DataFrame(RobustScaler().fit_transform(data[numeric_columns]),
 data3.head()

Out[34]:		age	credit_sum	credit_month	tariff_id	score_shk	monthly_income	cre
	0	0.000000	2.272596	0.0	0.56	-0.010653	-0.25	
	1	0.000000	-0.613656	-2.0	-0.44	-0.010653	0.00	
	2	-0.133333	-0.623570	1.0	-0.44	-0.010653	0.00	
	3	-0.466667	-0.544679	1.0	-0.44	-0.010653	0.00	

0.0

-0.44 -0.243968

0.00

5 rows × 38 columns

0.733333

0.021153

In [35]:	data3.describe()
----------	------------------

0 1		
Out	1 351	
o u c	レンシュ	

	age	credit_sum	credit_month	tariff_id	score_shk
count	79034.000000	79034.000000	79034.000000	79034.000000	79034.000000
mean	0.163833	0.251541	0.491573	0.008900	0.046218
std	0.707922	0.871614	1.762646	0.472178	0.718533
min	-1.066667	-1.099469	-3.500000	-0.640000	-2.686340
25%	-0.400000	-0.374105	0.000000	-0.440000	-0.475590
50%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.600000	0.625895	1.000000	0.560000	0.524410
max	2.466667	2.272596	13.000000	1.280000	3.853302

8 rows × 38 columns

5) Отбор признаков

Метод фильтрации

```
In [36]: print(f'Bcero записей: {data.shape[0]}')
print('----')
for column in data.columns:
    print(f'{column}: {data[column].value_counts().count()} уникальных зн
```

Всего записей: 79034

age: 54 уникальных значений

credit_sum: 25589 уникальных значений

credit_month: 27 уникальных значений

tariff_id: 30 уникальных значений

score_shk: 14365 уникальных значений

monthly_income: 941 уникальных значений

credit_count: 19 уникальных значений

overdue_credit_count: 4 уникальных значений

open_account_flg: 2 уникальных значений

gender_F: 2 уникальных значений

gender_M: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_ATP: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_BIS: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_BIU: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_DIR: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_HSK: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_INP: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_INV: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_NOR: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_PNA: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_PNI: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_PNS: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_PNV: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_SPC: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_UMN: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_WOI: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_WRK: 2 уникальных значений

job_position_WRP: 2 уникальных значений

education_ACD: 2 уникальных значений

```
education_GRD: 2 уникальных значений education_PGR: 2 уникальных значений education_SCH: 2 уникальных значений education_UGR: 2 уникальных значений marital_status_CIV: 2 уникальных значений marital_status_DIV: 2 уникальных значений marital_status_MAR: 2 уникальных значений marital_status_UNM: 2 уникальных значений marital_status_WID: 2 уникальных значений
```

In [37]: data.corr()

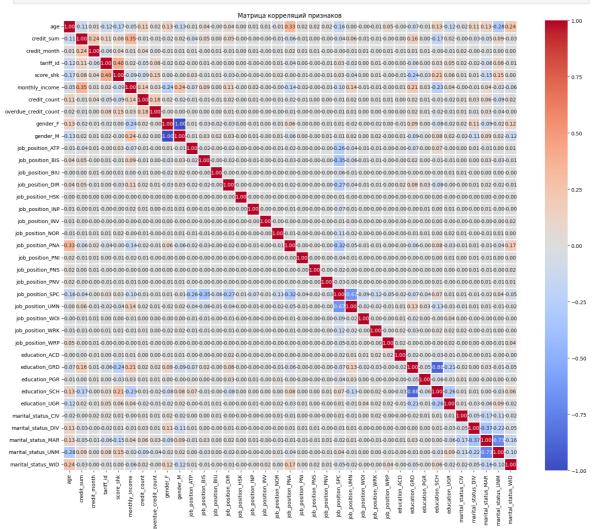
Out[37]:

	age	credit_sum	credit_month	tariff_id	score_shk
age	1.000000	-0.112618	0.011200	-0.116458	-0.167398
credit_sum	-0.112618	1.000000	0.239466	0.106084	0.079267
credit_month	0.011200	0.239466	1.000000	-0.056082	0.039668
tariff_id	-0.116458	0.106084	-0.056082	1.000000	0.401538
score_shk	-0.167398	0.079267	0.039668	0.401538	1.000000
monthly_income	-0.048194	0.346088	0.006920	0.020132	-0.087018
credit_count	0.112318	-0.006833	0.044137	-0.054323	-0.086355
overdue_credit_count	0.017269	-0.011576	0.002195	0.081571	0.153771
open_account_flg	-0.033687	-0.073936	0.028312	-0.070104	0.053183
gender_F	0.129520	-0.015916	-0.005237	-0.015206	0.004258
gender_M	-0.129520	0.015916	0.005237	0.015206	-0.004258
job_position_ATP	-0.005078	-0.043034	0.008983	-0.001685	0.033050
job_position_BIS	0.043827	0.049635	-0.001930	0.005126	-0.006734
job_position_BIU	-0.004995	0.004297	0.013466	-0.002117	0.005011
job_position_DIR	0.039958	0.054784	-0.012414	0.003820	-0.028895
job_position_HSK	0.000182	-0.001393	0.001026	0.001138	-0.000624
job_position_INP	0.006148	-0.001274	0.012969	-0.002989	-0.003902
job_position_INV	0.005876	-0.000289	-0.000992	-0.000067	-0.002574
job_position_NOR	-0.014000	-0.012277	0.007582	0.011938	0.016941
job_position_PNA	0.331209	-0.061549	0.021457	-0.041930	-0.000418
job_position_PNI	0.015394	-0.008852	0.014596	0.000655	-0.005162
job_position_PNS	0.018833	0.002159	0.005904	-0.000824	-0.000149
job_position_PNV	0.023257	-0.003685	-0.001193	-0.006183	-0.005385
job_position_SPC	-0.160989	-0.039569	-0.004370	0.029063	0.031066
job_position_UMN	0.001233	0.058358	-0.008549	-0.024391	-0.044078
job_position_WOI	-0.003148	-0.007868	0.006021	0.003982	0.000687
job_position_WRK	-0.010322	-0.014556	-0.003054	0.008473	0.013920
job_position_WRP	0.048280	-0.004955	0.007184	-0.001783	-0.001845
education_ACD	-0.002077	0.002727	-0.005603	0.003796	-0.009754
education_GRD	-0.068802	0.163202	0.005776	-0.056521	-0.240199
education_PGR	-0.006519	0.004471	0.008601	0.002316	-0.032425
education_SCH	0.126504	-0.172471	-0.003522	0.032755	0.214188
education_UGR	-0.123728	0.023435	-0.006069	0.048180	0.056879
marital_status_CIV	-0.021917	-0.003650	0.015562	0.017026	0.008971

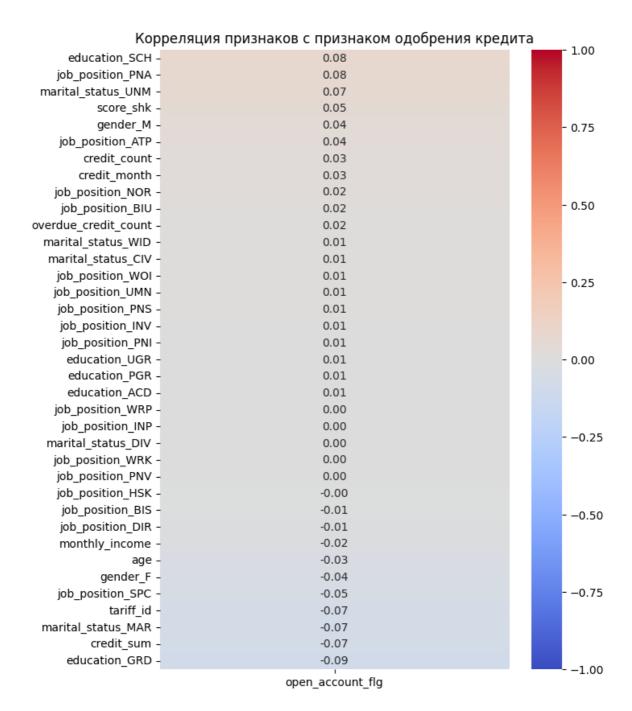
	age	credit_sum	credit_month	tariff_id	score_shk
marital_status_DIV	0.111030	-0.032855	-0.003432	-0.017804	0.006348
marital_status_MAR	0.128837	-0.049328	-0.006206	-0.063324	-0.146677
marital_status_UNM	-0.278682	0.085035	0.002828	0.078418	0.149492
marital_status_WID	0.240181	-0.029645	0.002721	-0.013794	0.004779

38 rows x 38 columns

```
In [38]: plt.figure(figsize=(20, 16))
    sns.heatmap(data1.drop('open_account_flg', axis=1).corr(), vmin=-1, vmax=
    plt.title('Матрица корреляций признаков');
```



In [39]: plt.figure(figsize=(7, 10))
 sns.heatmap(pd.DataFrame(data.corr()['open_account_flg'].sort_values(asce
 plt.title('Корреляция признаков с признаком одобрения кредита');



Метод обертывания

```
In [50]: !pip install gmdh
    from gmdh import Multi
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca tionWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatical ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument an d any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tupl e` in IPython 7.17 and above.

and should_run_async(code)

Requirement already satisfied: gmdh in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack ages (1.0.3)

Requirement already satisfied: docstring—inheritance in /usr/local/lib/pyt hon3.10/dist—packages (from gmdh) (2.1.2)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac kages (from gmdh) (1.25.2)

```
In [46]: data = data[data['open_account_flg'].notna()]
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca tionWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatical ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument and any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.

and should_run_async(code)

In [47]: data.isna().sum()

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca tionWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatical ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument and any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.

and should_run_async(code)

Out [47]: age credit_sum 0 credit_month 0 tariff_id 0 score shk 0 monthly_income 0 credit count overdue_credit_count 0 open_account_flg gender_F 0 gender M 0 job_position_ATP 0 job_position_BIS 0 job_position_BIU 0 job_position_DIR 0 job_position_HSK 0 job_position_INP 0 job position INV 0 job_position_NOR 0 job_position_PNA 0 job_position_PNI 0 job_position_PNS job_position_PNV 0 job_position_SPC 0 job_position_UMN 0 job_position_WOI 0 job_position_WRK 0 job_position_WRP 0 education ACD education_GRD 0 education_PGR 0 education_SCH 0 education_UGR marital_status_CIV 0 marital_status_DIV 0 marital_status_MAR 0 marital_status_UNM 0 marital_status_WID 0

dtype: int64

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca
       tionWarning: `should run async` will not call `transform cell` automatical
       ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument an
       d any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tupl
       e` in IPython 7.17 and above.
         and should run async(code)
       /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/cast.py:1641: D
       eprecationWarning: np.find_common_type is deprecated. Please use `np.resu
       lt_type` or `np.promote_types`.
       See https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.25.0-notes.html and the docs for m
       ore information. (Deprecated NumPy 1.25)
         return np.find_common_type(types, [])
       LEVEL 1 [=============] 100% [00m:00s] (37 combinations) erro
       r=5733.556645
       LEVEL 2 [============] 100% [00m:00s] (36 combinations) erro
       r=5703.75954
       LEVEL 3 [============= ] 100% [00m:00s] (35 combinations) erro
       r=5673.079493
       LEVEL 4 [============== ] 100% [00m:00s] (34 combinations) erro
       r=5644.188026
       LEVEL 5 [==========] 100% [00m:00s] (33 combinations) erro
       r=5621.783416
       LEVEL 6 [==========] 100% [00m:00s] (32 combinations) erro
       r=5602.845014
       LEVEL 7 [============] 100% [00m:00s] (31 combinations) erro
       r=5585.934086
       LEVEL 8 [=========] 100% [00m:00s] (30 combinations) erro
       r=5574.048604
       LEVEL 9 [==========] 100% [00m:00s] (29 combinations) erro
       r=5562,467126
       LEVEL 10 [============] 100% [00m:00s] (28 combinations) erro
       r=5555.536065
Out[55]: y = -0.0023*x1 - 1.83876e - 06*x2 - 0.1648*x4 + 0.198*x5 + 0.0092*x7 +
         0.1834*x19 - 0.0395*x23 - 0.0525*x29 + 0.0477*x36 + 0.4452
In [56]: columns2 = [numeric_columns[i-1] for i in [1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 19, 23, 29, 36]
        columns2
       /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca
       tionWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatical
       ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument an
       d any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tupl
       e` in IPython 7.17 and above.
        and should_run_async(code)
Out[56]: ['age',
          'credit_sum',
          'tariff_id',
          'score_shk',
          'credit_count',
          'job_position_NOR',
          'job_position_PNV',
          'education_ACD',
          'marital_status_MAR']
         Метод вложений
In [58]: numeric_columns.remove('open_account_flg')
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca tionWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatical ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument an d any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tupl e` in IPython 7.17 and above.

and should run async(code)

In [59]: e_ls1 = Lasso(random_state=1)
 e_ls1.fit(data[numeric_columns], data['open_account_flg'])
 list(zip(numeric_columns, e_ls1.coef_))

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca tionWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatical ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument and any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tuple` in IPython 7.17 and above.

and should_run_async(code)

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/cast.py:1641: D eprecationWarning: np.find_common_type is deprecated. Please use `np.resu lt_type` or `np.promote_types`.

See https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.25.0-notes.html and the docs for m ore information. (Deprecated NumPy 1.25)

return np.find_common_type(types, [])

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/cast.py:1641: D eprecationWarning: np.find_common_type is deprecated. Please use `np.resu lt_type` or `np.promote_types`.

See https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.25.0-notes.html and the docs for m ore information. (Deprecated NumPy 1.25)

return np.find_common_type(types, [])

```
Out[59]: [('age', -0.0),
           ('credit_sum', -2.008029186524592e-06),
           ('credit_month', 0.0),
           ('tariff_id', -0.0),
           ('score shk', 0.0),
           ('monthly_income', 5.255957933062646e-08),
           ('credit_count', 0.0),
           ('overdue_credit_count', 0.0),
           ('gender_F', -0.0),
           ('gender_M', 0.0),
           ('job_position_ATP', 0.0),
           ('job_position_BIS', -0.0),
           ('job_position_BIU', 0.0),
           ('job_position_DIR', -0.0),
           ('job_position_HSK', -0.0),
           ('job_position_INP', 0.0),
           ('job_position_INV', 0.0),
            'job_position_NOR', 0.0),
           ('job_position_PNA', 0.0),
           ('job_position_PNI', 0.0),
           ('job_position_PNS', 0.0),
           ('job_position_PNV', 0.0),
           ('job_position_SPC', -0.0),
           ('job_position_UMN', 0.0),
           ('job_position_WOI', 0.0),
           ('job_position_WRK', 0.0),
           ('job position WRP', 0.0),
           ('education_ACD', 0.0),
           ('education_GRD', -0.0),
           ('education_PGR', 0.0),
           ('education_SCH', 0.0),
           ('education_UGR', 0.0),
           ('marital_status_CIV', 0.0),
           ('marital_status_DIV', 0.0),
           ('marital_status_MAR', -0.0),
           ('marital_status_UNM', 0.0),
           ('marital_status_WID', 0.0)]
In [60]: sel_e_ls1 = SelectFromModel(e_ls1)
         sel_e_ls1.fit(data[numeric_columns], data['open_account_flg'])
         list(zip(numeric_columns, sel_e_ls1.get_support()))
        /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca
        tionWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatical
        ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument an
        d any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tupl
        e` in IPython 7.17 and above.
          and should_run_async(code)
        /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/cast.py:1641: D
        eprecationWarning: np.find_common_type is deprecated. Please use `np.resu
        lt_type` or `np.promote_types`.
        See https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.25.0-notes.html and the docs for m
        ore information. (Deprecated NumPy 1.25)
          return np.find_common_type(types, [])
        /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/core/dtypes/cast.py:1641: D
        eprecationWarning: np.find_common_type is deprecated. Please use `np.resu
        lt_type` or `np.promote_types`.
        See https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.25.0-notes.html and the docs for m
        ore information. (Deprecated NumPy 1.25)
          return np.find_common_type(types, [])
```

```
Out[60]: [('age', False),
           ('credit_sum', False),
           ('credit_month', False),
           ('tariff_id', False),
           ('score shk', False),
           ('monthly_income', False),
           ('credit_count', False),
           ('overdue_credit_count', False),
           ('gender F', False),
           ('gender_M', False),
           ('job_position_ATP', False),
           ('job_position_BIS', False),
           ('job_position_BIU', False),
           ('job_position_DIR', False),
           ('job_position_HSK', False),
           ('job_position_INP', False),
           ('job_position_INV', False),
           ('job_position_NOR', False),
           ('job_position_PNA', False),
           ('job_position_PNI', False),
           ('job_position_PNS', False),
           ('job_position_PNV', False),
           ('job_position_SPC', False),
           ('job_position_UMN', False),
           ('job_position_WOI', False),
           ('job_position_WRK', False),
           ('job position WRP', False),
           ('education_ACD', False),
           ('education_GRD', False),
           ('education_PGR', False),
           ('education_SCH', False),
           ('education_UGR', False),
           ('marital_status_CIV', False),
           ('marital_status_DIV', False),
           ('marital_status_MAR', False),
           ('marital_status_UNM', False),
           ('marital_status_WID', False)]
In [61]: columns3 = numeric_columns
         columns3
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/ipykernel/ipkernel.py:283: Depreca tionWarning: `should_run_async` will not call `transform_cell` automatical ly in the future. Please pass the result to `transformed_cell` argument an d any exception that happen during thetransform in `preprocessing_exc_tupl e` in IPython 7.17 and above.

and should_run_async(code)

```
Out[61]:
          ['age',
           'credit_sum',
           'credit_month',
           'tariff_id',
           'score_shk',
           'monthly_income',
           'credit_count',
           'overdue_credit_count',
           'gender_F',
           'gender_M',
           'job_position_ATP',
           'job_position_BIS',
           'job_position_BIU',
           'job_position_DIR',
           'job_position_HSK',
           'job_position_INP',
           'job_position_INV',
           'job_position_NOR',
           'job_position_PNA',
           'job_position_PNI',
           'job_position_PNS',
           'job_position_PNV',
           'job_position_SPC',
           'job_position_UMN',
           'job_position_WOI',
           'job_position_WRK',
           'job_position_WRP',
           'education_ACD',
           'education_GRD',
           'education_PGR',
           'education_SCH',
           'education_UGR',
           'marital_status_CIV',
           'marital_status_DIV',
           'marital_status_MAR',
           'marital_status_UNM',
           'marital_status_WID']
```