



Miking Workshop, 2023

digital futures

Digital Futures Hub
Stockholm, November 23, 2023

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WASP |
WALLENBERG AI,
AUTONOMOUS SYSTEMS
AND SOFTWARE PROGRAM

TECOSA

**Vetenskapsrådet
(VR)**



Financially supported by the
Swedish Foundation for
Strategic Research.

Miking Contributors (Alphabetic Order)

- | | |
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| Elias Castegren | Theo Puranen Åhfeldt |
| Gizem Çaylak | William Rågstad |
| Oscar Eriksson | Viktor Senderov |
| Mattias Grenfeldt | Linnea Stjerna |
| Lars Hummelgren | John Wikman |
| Jan Kudlicka | Anders Ågren Thuné |
| Daniel Lundén | Joey Öhman |
| Asta Olofsson | |



Part I

Research Group



Part II

Workshop Overview



Part III

Overview of the Miking Framework



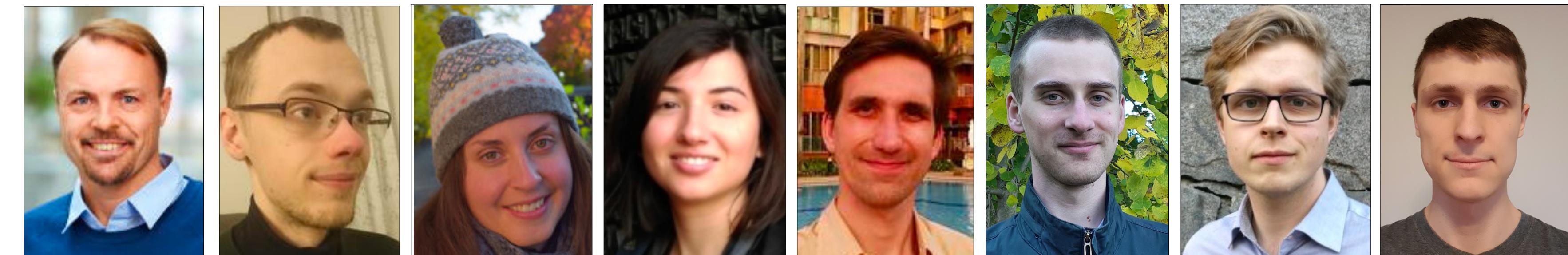
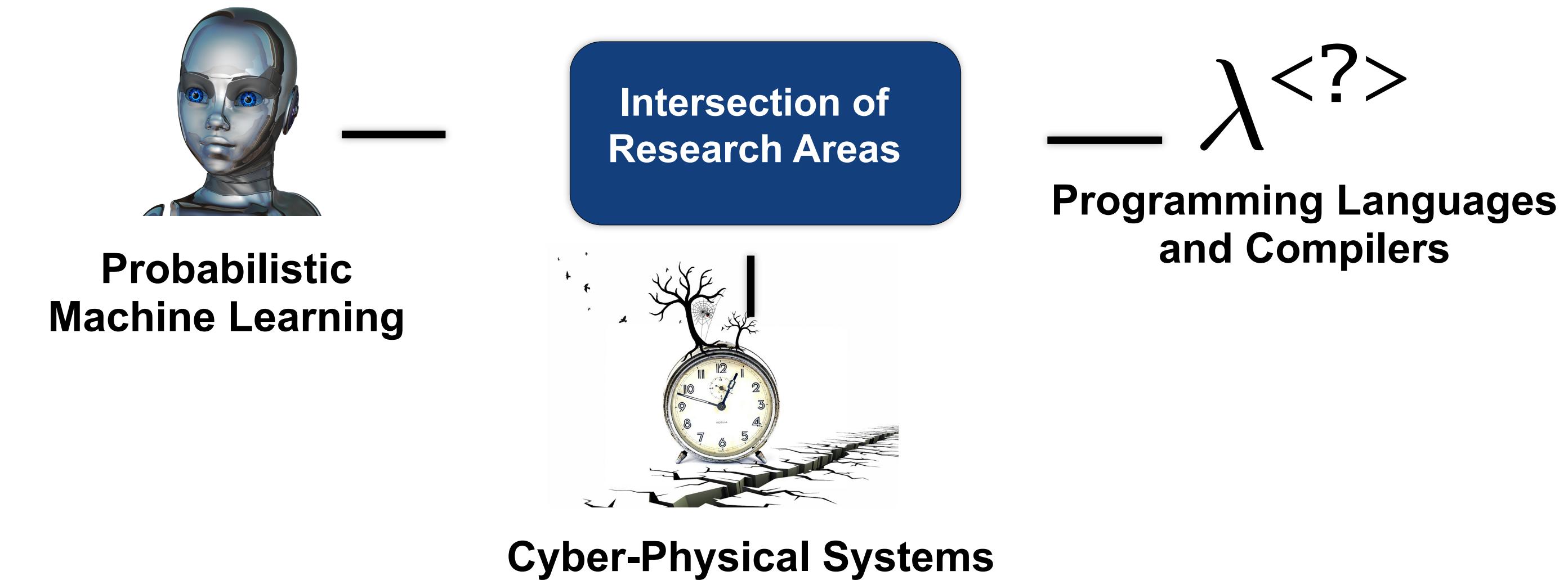


Part I Research Group





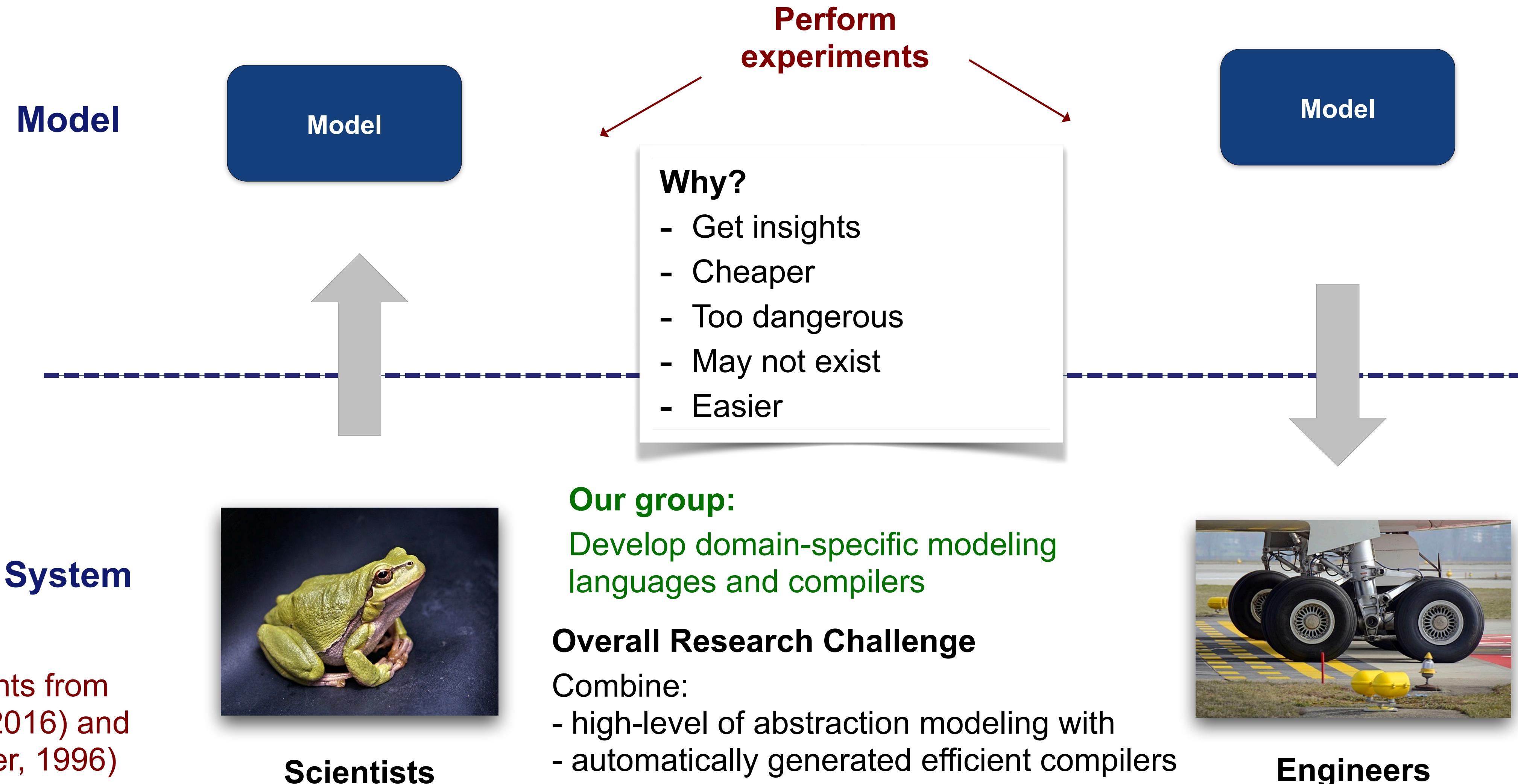
Programming and Modeling Languages Group



Framework



Why models?



Insights from
(Lee, 2016) and
(Cellier, 1996)

Model

Model

Scientists

Model

Engineers

Perform experiments

Why?

- Get insights
- Cheaper
- Too dangerous
- May not exist
- Easier

System

Model

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Part II

Workshop Overview





Agenda

Miking Workshop 2023



10.00 Registration

10.15 Welcome and introduction to Miking. Speaker: David Broman

11.00 Coffee break

11:15 Session 1: Types and Parsing in Miking

- Title: *Universal Collection Types*. Speaker: Viktor Palmkvist
- Title: *Towards LR parsing in Miking - key ideas and challenges*. Speaker: John Wikman
- Title: *A new polymorphic type system for Miking*. Speaker: Anders Ågren Thuné

12.00 Lunch

13.00 Hacking session 1: Getting started and playing around Organizers: The Miking core team

14:30 Session 2: Tuning and Code Generation

- Title: *Programming with Context-Sensitive Holes using Dependency-Aware Tuning*. Speaker: Linnea Stjerna
- Title: *Functional programming on the JVM*. Speaker: Asta Olofsson

15.00 Coffee break

15:30 Session 3: Domain-Specific Languages (DSLs) in Miking

- Title: *TreePPL - a new DSL in Miking for Phylogenetics*. Speaker: Viktor Senderov
- Title: *Real-time Probabilistic Programming, a DSL in Miking*. Speaker: Lars Hummelgren
- Title: *Equation-based modeling and efficient simulation in Miking*. Speaker: Oscar Eriksson

16.15 Hacking session 2: Try out your favorite DSL or hack on the compiler Organizers: The Miking core team

17.00 Conclusions and more happy hacking!



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Part II

Overview of the Miking Framework





Miking (the Meta vIKING)



Objectives:

- Platform for constructing heterogeneous domain-specific modeling languages (DSLs)
- Polymorphic static type system (based on FreezeML).
- Bootstrapping compiler
- Target constrained real-time systems as well as offline distributed computations
- Efficient compiler - different target platforms
- Research platform
- Open source (MIT license)



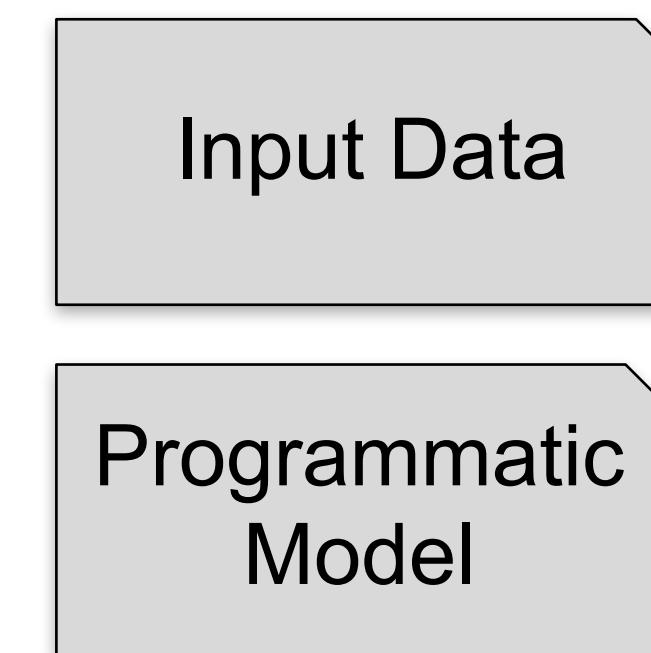
The Vision of Miking



David Broman. **A Vision of Miking: Interactive Programmatic Modeling, Sound Language Composition, and Self-Learning Compilation.** In Proceedings of the 12th ACM SIGPLAN International Conference on Software Language Engineering (SLE 2019), Athens, Greece, ACM, 2019.



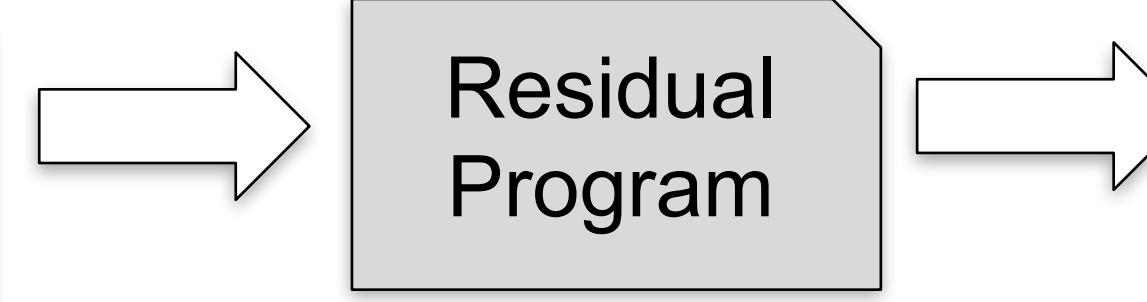
Interactive Programmatic Modeling (Part I)



Interactive Views

Efficient Compilation (Part III)

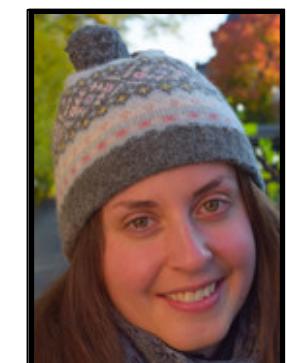
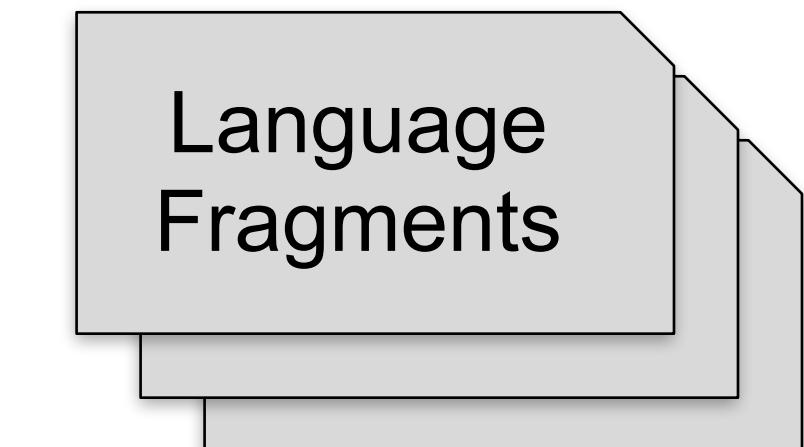
Partial Evaluation



Online learning feedback

Offline learning feedback

Sound Language Composition (Part II)





Related Work

Compiler construction

- Standard Lex, Yacc (external DSL)
- JastAdd (Ekman & Hedin, 2007)

Preprocessing and template metaprogramming

- C++ Templates (Veldhuizen, 1995)
- Template Haskell (Sheard & Peyton Jones, 2002)
- Stratego/XP (Bravenboer et al., 2008)

Embedded DSLs

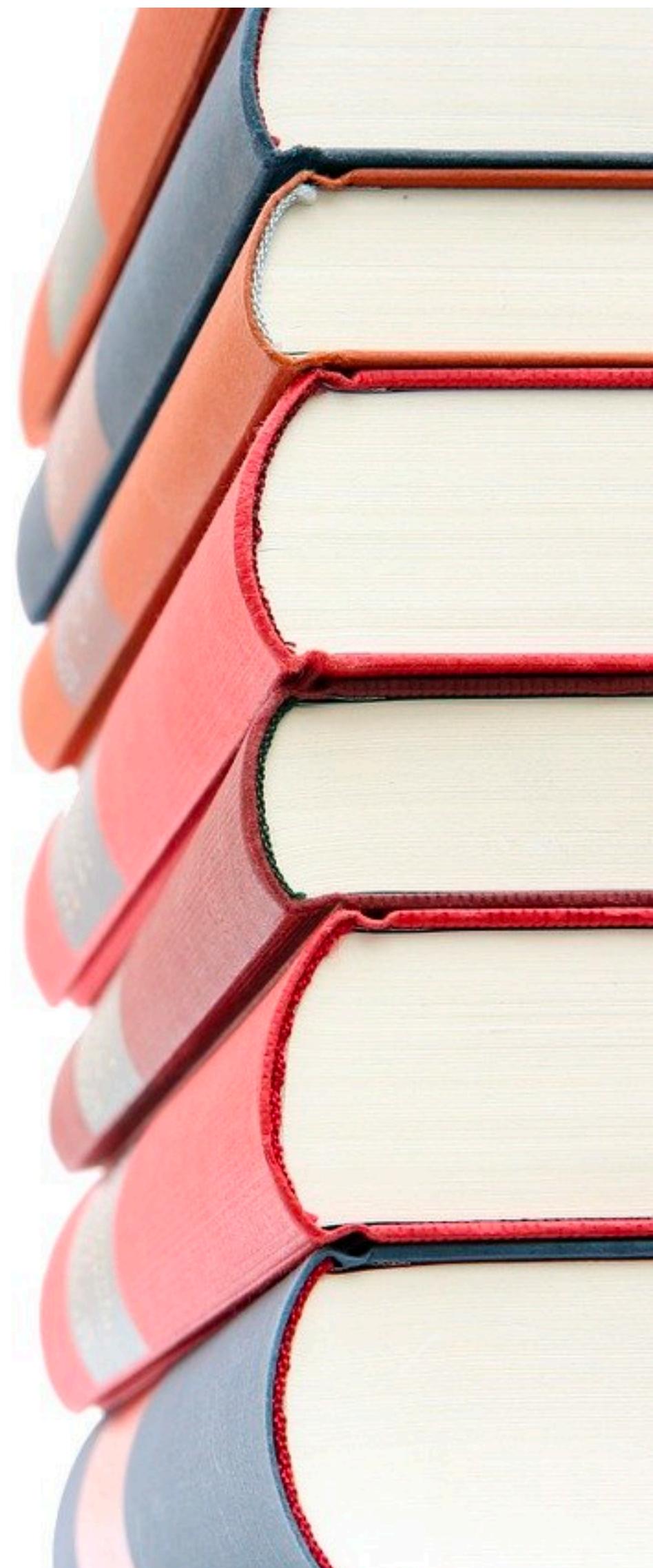
- Haskell DSELs, e.g., Fran (Ellito & Hudak, 1997), Lava (Bjesse et al. 1998, FHM (Nilsson et al., 2003))
- Scala, e.g. Lightweight modular staging (Rompf and Odersky, 2010)
- Shallow embedding and PE (Leißa et al., 2015)

Language Workbenches and Languages for creating languages

- SugarJ, MPS, Spoofax, RASCAL, MetaEdit+, Enso⁻, Racket etc.



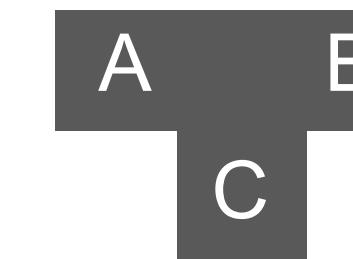
Miking





Bootstrapping the Miking Compiler

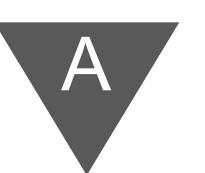
 New
 Generated
 Existing



Compiling language A to B, written in language C



Interpreter written in B, interpreting language A

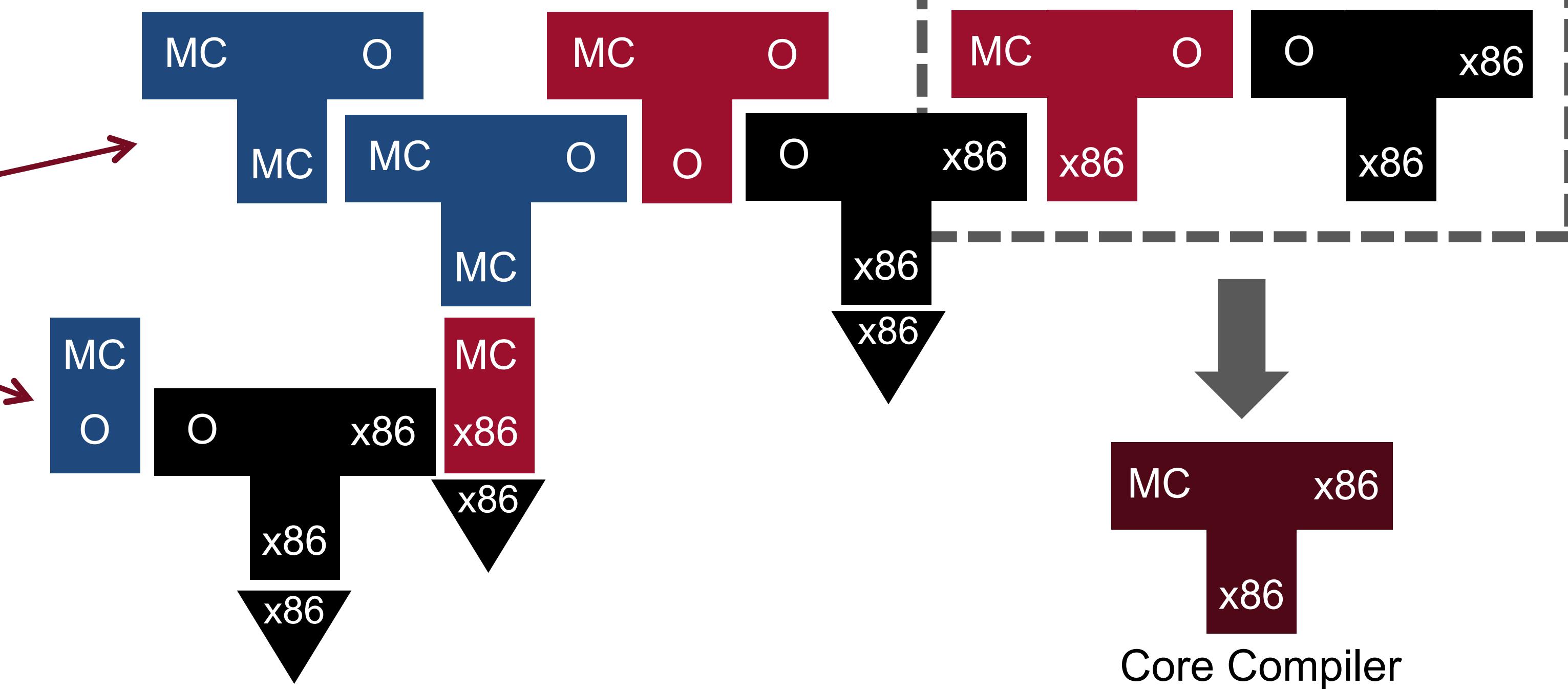


Machine executing language A

$MC = MCore$
 $O = OCaml$

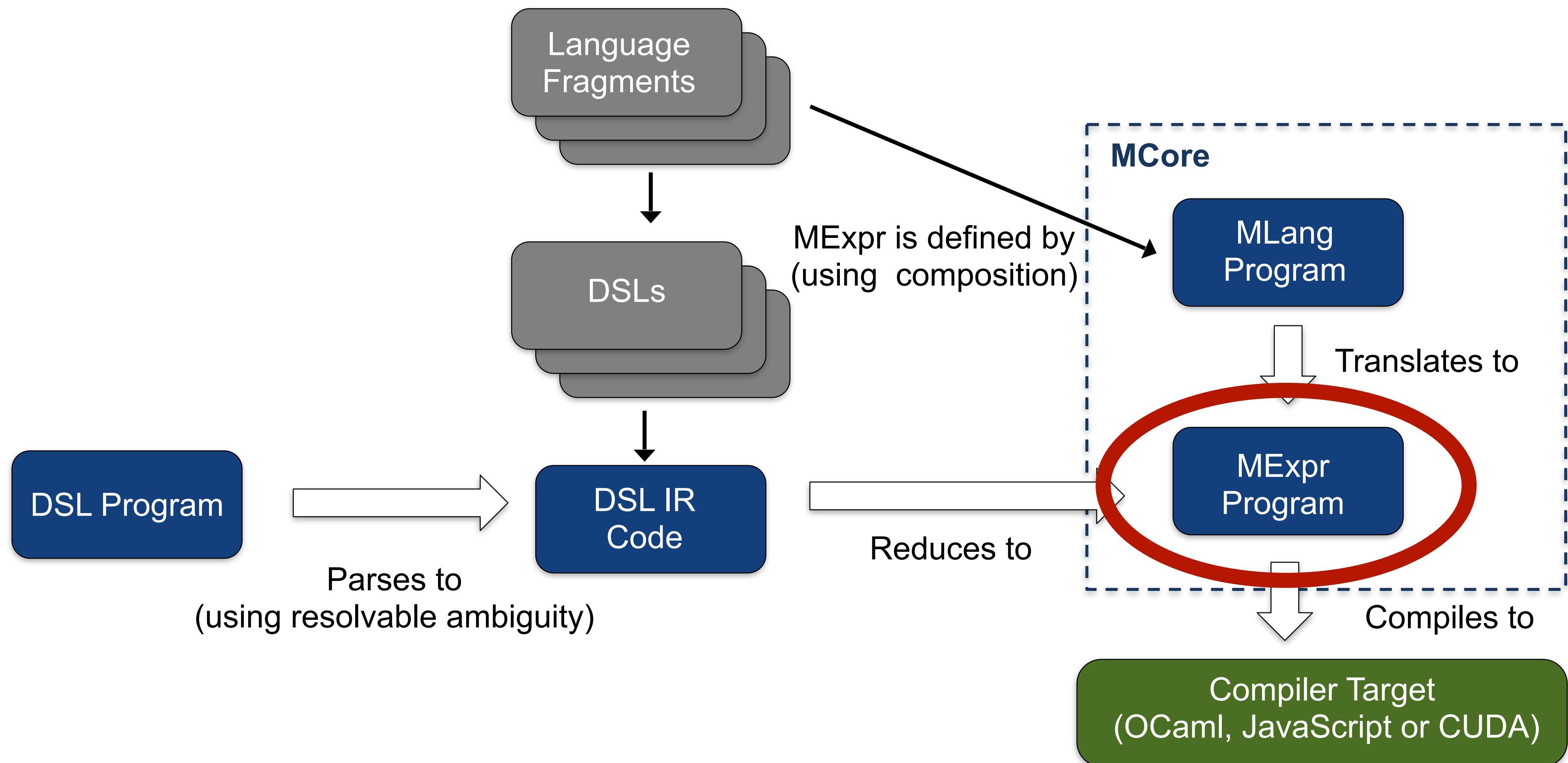
Miking Compiler

Bootstrap interpreter





Overview of the Toolchain





MExpr - the Miking IR

```

type Tree in
con Node : (Tree,Tree) -> Tree in
con Leaf : (Int) -> Tree in

recursive
  let count = lam tree.
    match tree with Node (left,right) then
      addi (count left) (count right)
    else match tree with Leaf v then
      v
    else error "Unknown node"
in

```

```

let tree3 = Node(Node(Leaf(3),Node(Leaf(2),Leaf(6))),Leaf(12)) in
utest count tree3 with 23 in
()

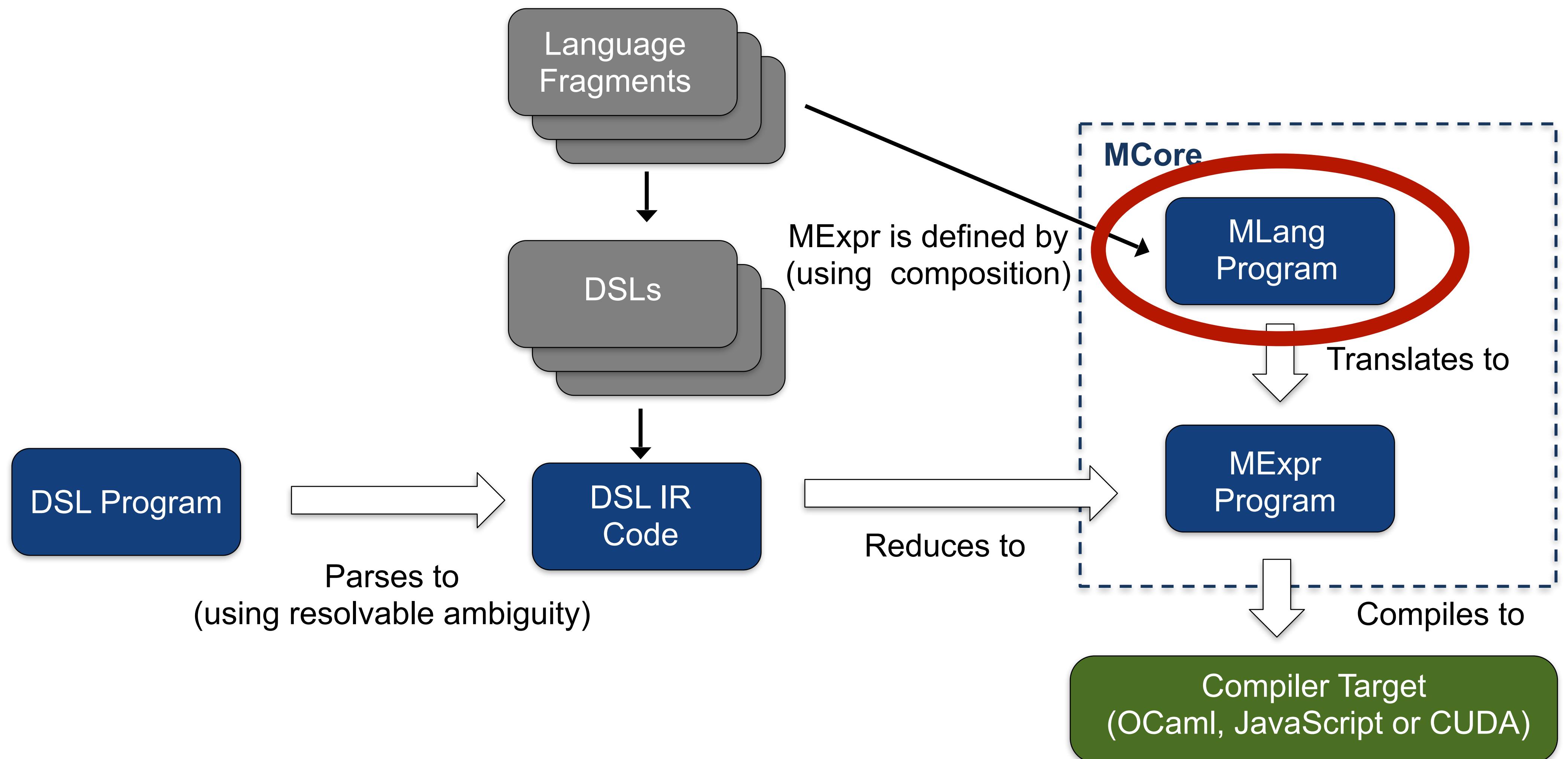
```

Features

- Functional Intermediate language
- Polymorphic Type System - statically typed with type inference
- Intermediate representation - concrete syntax very close to abstract syntax
- Small but complete. Eager, includes references, arrays, sequences, algebraic data types, pattern matching, etc.



Overview of the Toolchain





MLang: Language Fragments and Composition

syn: defines extensible constructors

```
lang Arith
syn Expr =
| Num Int
| Add (Expr, Expr)
```

sem: define extensible functions

```
sem eval =
| Num n -> Num n
| Add (e1,e2) ->
  match eval e1 with Num n1 then
    match eval e2 with Num n2 then
      Num (addi n1 n2)
    else error "Not a number"
  else error "Not a number"
end
```

use: using a language fragment in an expression

```
mexpr
use Arith in
utest eval (Add (Num 2, Num 3)) with Num 5 in
()
```

Independent language fragment, using the same syn and sem names

```
lang MyBool
syn Expr =
| True()
| False()
| If (Expr, Expr, Expr)
```

```
sem eval =
| True() -> True()
| False() -> False()
| If(cnd, thn, els) ->
  let cndVal = eval cnd in
  match cndVal with True() then eval thn
  else match cndVal with False() then eval els
  else error "Not a boolean"
end
```

Composing together language fragments

```
lang ArithBool = Arith + MyBool
mexpr
use ArithBool in
utest eval (Add (If (False(), Num 0, Num 5), Num 2))
  with Num 7 in
()
```

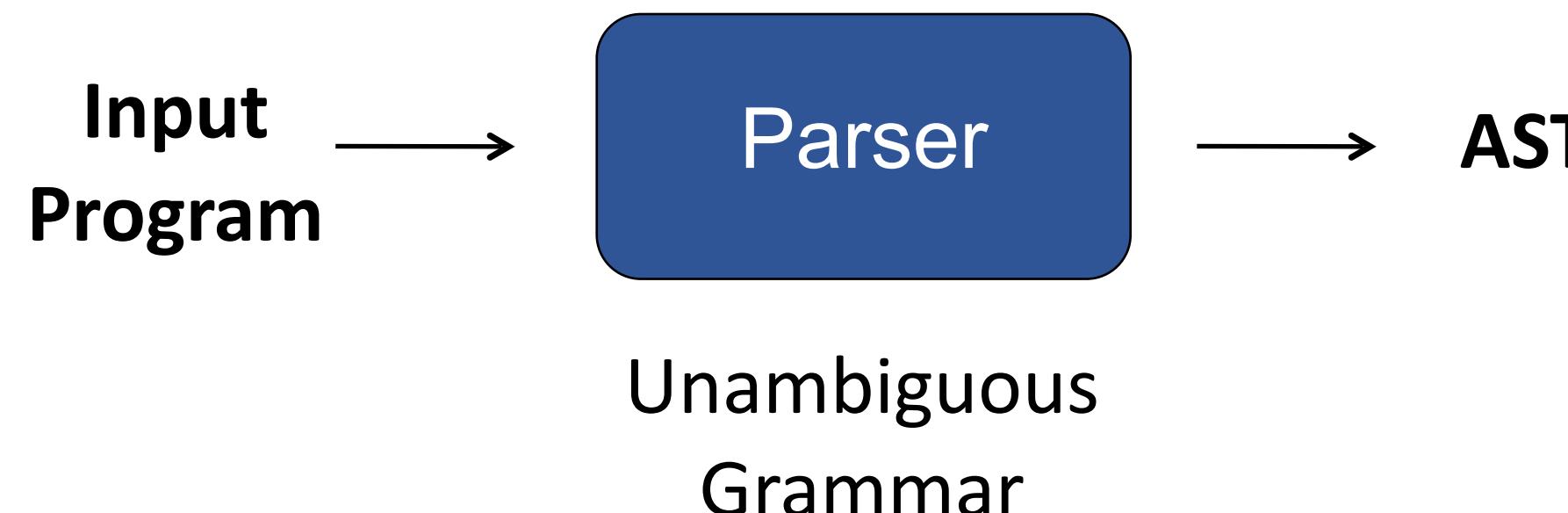
Features

- Order-independent pattern matching composition
- Many semantic functions, e.g. ANF transformation, CPS transformation, lambda lifting, symbolizer, etc.



Statically Resolvable Ambiguity

Traditional Approach

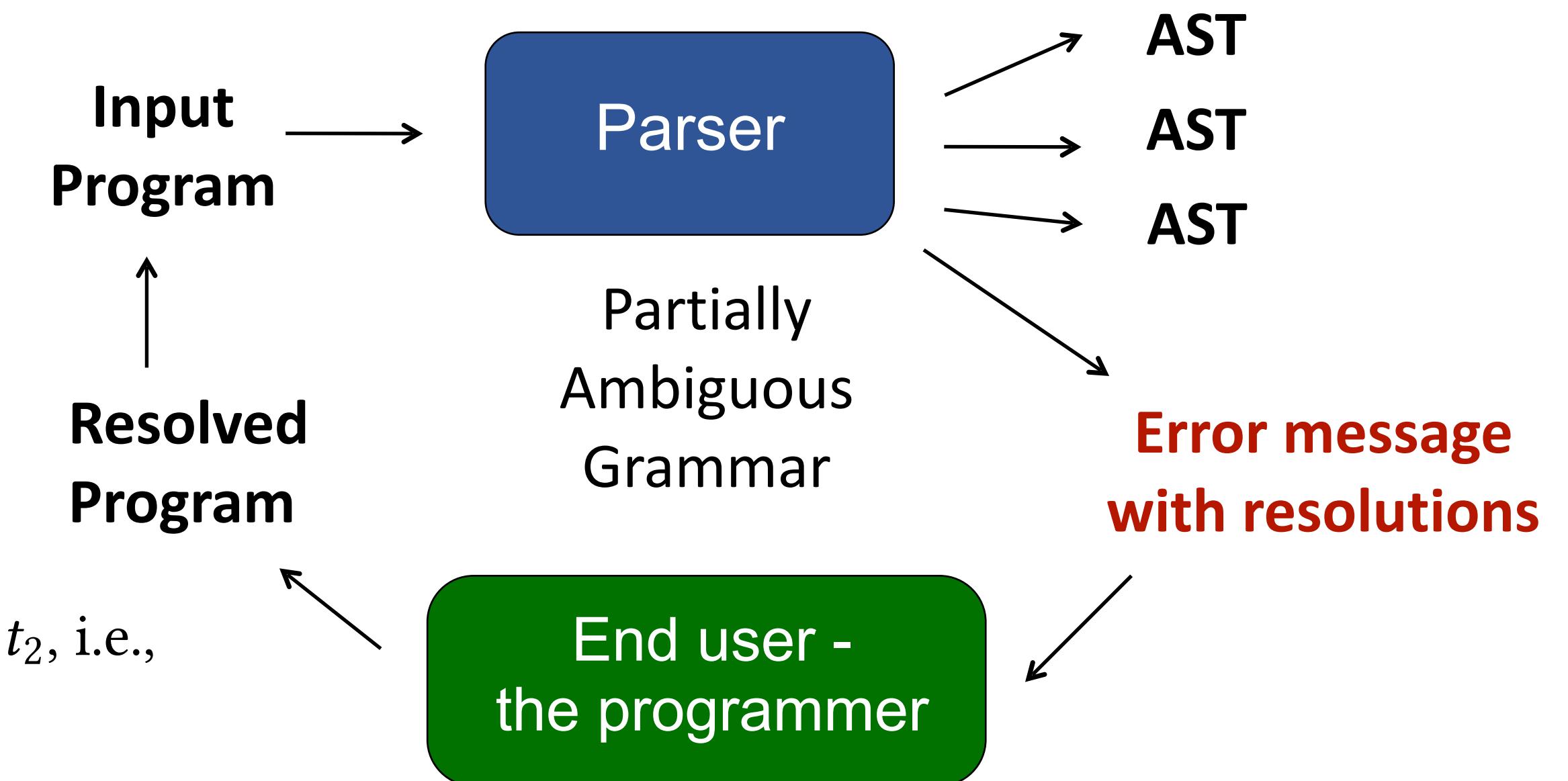


Definition 2.1. A program p is *ambiguous* if $\exists t_1, t_2 \in \text{parse}(p). t_1 \neq t_2$, i.e., it can parse as at least two distinct ASTs.

Definition 2.2. A program p is *resolvable* if $\forall t \in \text{parse}(p). \exists p'. \text{parse}(p') = \{t\}$.

The Static Resolvable Ambiguity Problem:
Statically guarantee that the end user can resolve all accepted programs.

Resolvable Ambiguity



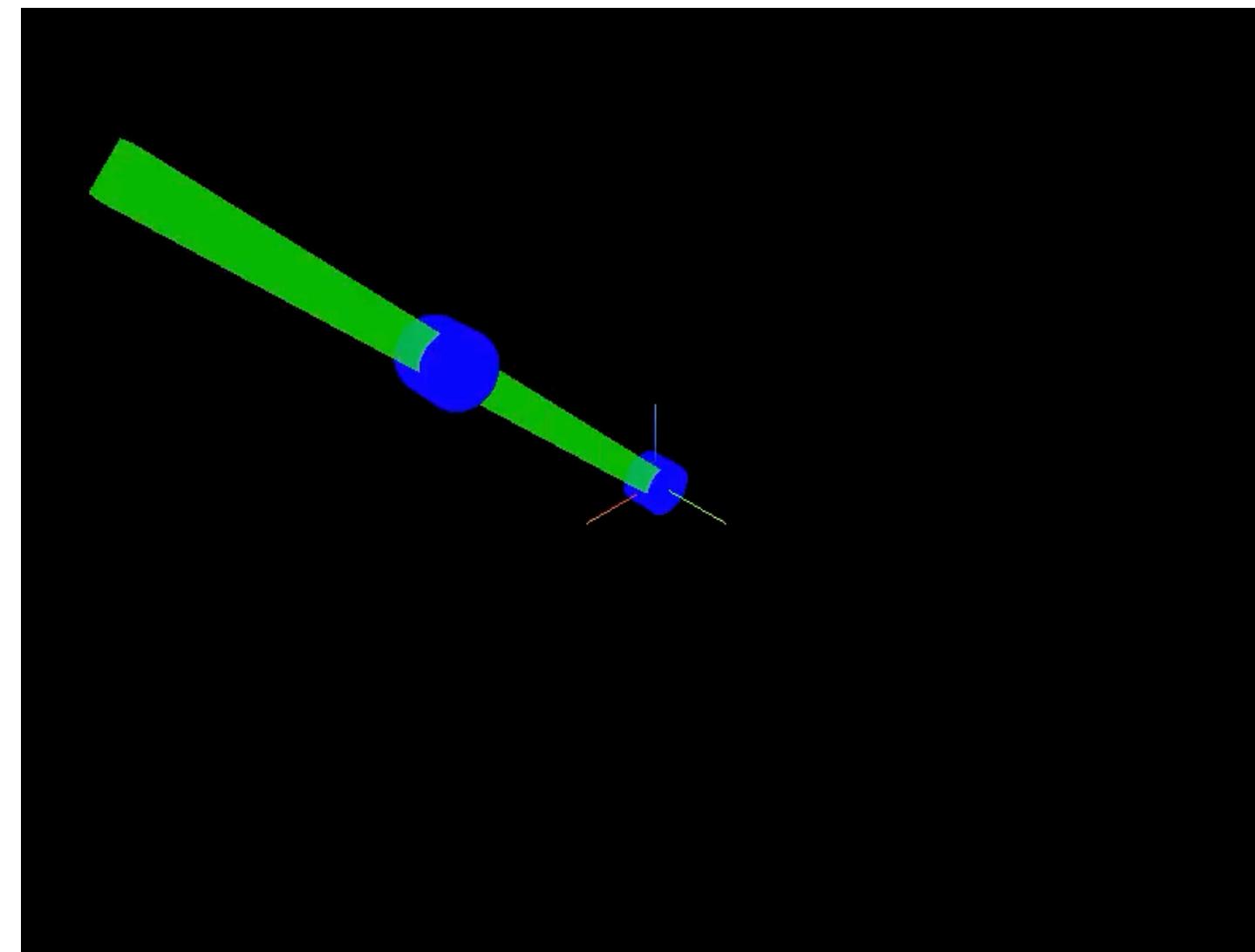
Viktor Palmkvist, Elias Castegren, Philipp Haller, and David Broman. **Resolvable Ambiguity: Principled Resolution of Syntactically Ambiguous Programs**. In Proceedings of International Conference on Compiler Construction (CC), ACM 2021.

Viktor Palmkvist, Elias Castegren, Philipp Haller, and David Broman. **Statically Resolvable Ambiguity**. In Proceedings of the ACM on Programming Languages, Issue POPL, ACM 2023.

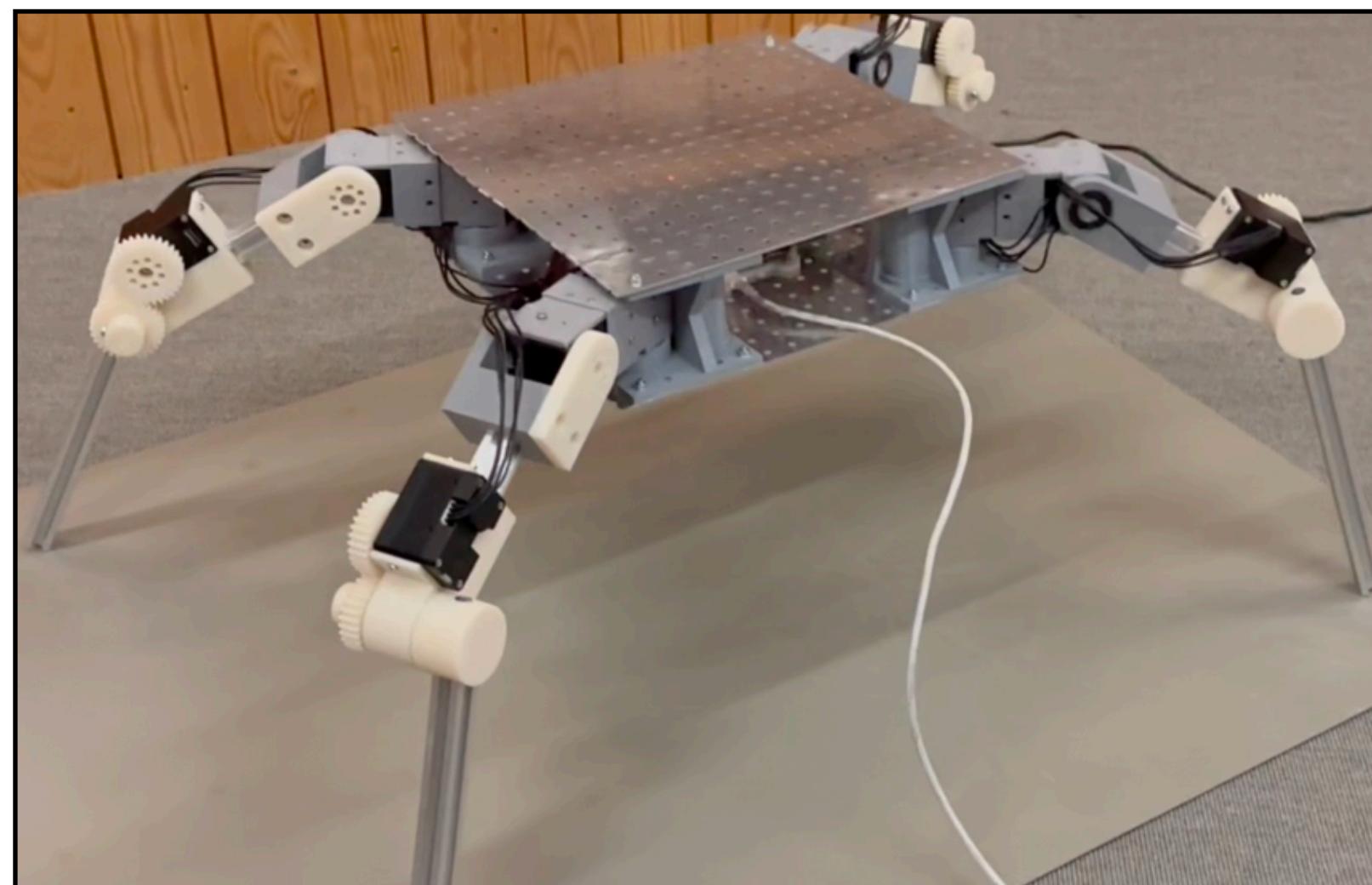


Ongoing Application Areas

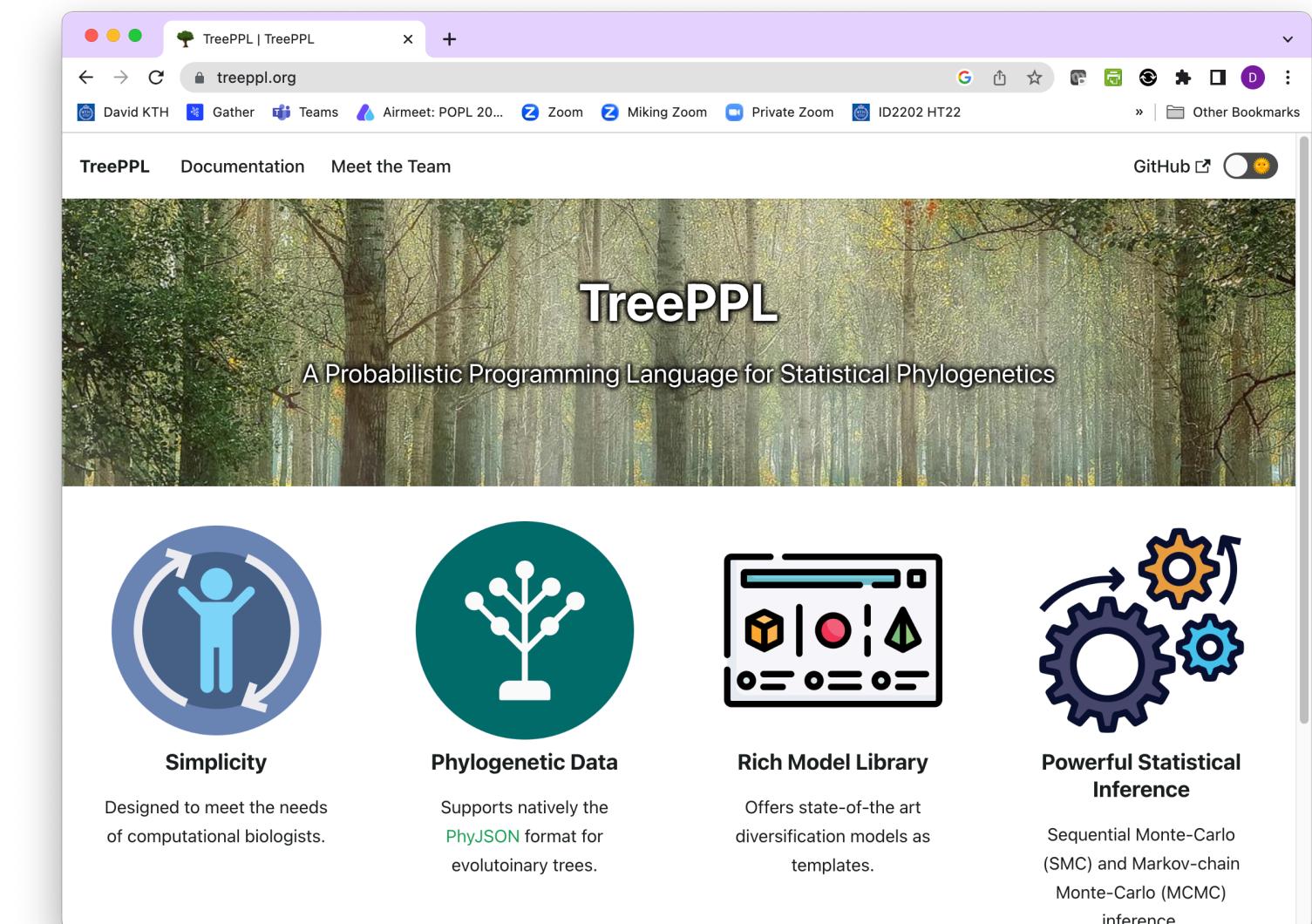
Equation-Based Modeling and Physical Simulation



Robotics and CPS



TreePPL - a DSL for phylogenetics



```
def model2 =
    world -- RevoluteJoint(yhat, q0_1) --
    Bar(1.5 * 1, q0_1) --
    RevoluteJoint(yhat, q0_1) -- Bar(1, q0_2) -- f1
```



Open Source - MIT license

The screenshot shows the Miking website homepage. The header features the KTH logo and the text "Miking | Miking". Below the header is a large banner with a black and white wood-grain texture background. The word "Miking" is prominently displayed in white. Below the banner are three circular icons: "Development" (a person working on a computer), "Vision" (a landscape with clouds), and "Documentation" (a stack of books). Each icon has a corresponding section below it with descriptive text.

Miking

A framework for constructing efficient domain-specific languages

Development

The Miking framework is an open-source effort that is currently in Beta status. Please visit the Github pages if you would like to contribute to the development.

Vision

Our vision is that Miking will become the leading environment for rapid and efficient development of domain-specific languages. Please see the Miking vision paper for an overview.

Documentation

To learn more, please check out the online documentation for both the Miking core environment, and the domain-specific language for differentiable probabilistic programming, Miking DPPL.

www.miking.org

Part I
Research Group

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for "miking-lang". The repository name is "Miking". The page includes sections for Overview, Repositories, Projects, Packages, Teams, People, and Settings. It displays two pinned repositories: "miking" (Public) and "miking-dppl" (Public). The "miking" repository has 38 stars and 22 forks. The "miking-dppl" repository has 12 stars and 10 forks. The "Repositories" section lists the main "miking" repository, "miking-benchmarks", and "miking-dppl". The "People" section shows a grid of user profiles. The "Top languages" section indicates OCaml and JavaScript.

Miking

Overview

Pinned

- miking (Public)
- miking-dppl (Public)

Repositories

- miking (Public)
- miking-benchmarks (Public)
- miking-dppl (Public)

People

Top languages

<https://github.com/miking-lang>

Part II
Workshop Overview

Part III
Overview of the Miking Framework



Getting involved

- Thesis research project
- Extending standard library
- Examples and documentation
- Fixing issues

Thanks for listening!

