Semantics and Types - Assignment 1

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1 Task 1

We extend the IMP language with

$$c ::= \ldots | \mathbf{repeat} \ c_0 \ \mathbf{until} \ b$$

The big-step rules for defining the formal semantics of **repeat**-loops are:

EC-REPEATT
$$\frac{\langle c_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma' \quad \langle b, \sigma' \rangle \downarrow \mathbf{true}}{\langle \mathbf{repeat} \ c_0 \ \mathbf{until} \ b, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

$$\frac{\text{EC-RepeatF}}{\langle \mathbf{c}_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'' \quad \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \mathbf{false} \quad \langle \mathbf{repeat} \ c_0 \ \mathbf{until} \ b, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}{\langle \mathbf{repeat} \ c_0 \ \mathbf{until} \ b, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

We now prove the semantic equivalence:

$$\underbrace{\text{repeat } c_0 \text{ until } b}_{c} \sim \underbrace{c_0; \text{ if } b \text{ then skip else repeat } c_0 \text{ until } b}_{c'}$$

We assume that we have a derivation \mathcal{E} of $\langle c, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'$ and we must construct an \mathcal{E}' of $\langle c', \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'$. Looking at the rules we just made, we see that \mathcal{E} must have one of the two following shapes:

Case
$$\mathcal{E} = \text{EC-RepeatT} : \frac{\langle c_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma' \quad \langle b, \sigma' \rangle \downarrow \mathbf{true}}{\langle \mathbf{repeat} \ c_0 \ \mathbf{until} \ b, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

Here we can build \mathcal{E}' as follows:

$$\mathcal{E}' = \text{EC-Seq} \frac{\langle c_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma' \quad \text{EC-IfT}}{\langle c_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'} \frac{\langle b, \sigma' \rangle \downarrow \mathbf{true} \quad \text{EC-Skip}}{\langle \mathbf{if} \ b \ \mathbf{then} \ \mathbf{skip} \ \mathbf{else} \ c, \sigma' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}}{\langle c_0; \ \mathbf{if} \ b \ \mathbf{then} \ \mathbf{skip} \ \mathbf{else} \ c, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}}$$

Case
$$\mathcal{E} = \text{EC-Repeatf} \frac{\langle c_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'' \quad \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \text{false} \quad \langle c, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}{\langle c, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

Here we can build \mathcal{E}' as follows:

$$\mathcal{E}' = \text{EC-SeQ} \frac{\langle c_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'' \quad \text{EC-I}_{\text{F}} \text{F}}{\langle c_0, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \text{false} \quad \langle c, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}{\langle \text{if } b \text{ then skip else } c, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}}{\langle c_0; \text{ if } b \text{ then skip else } c, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

We now assume that we have a derivation \mathcal{E}' of $\langle c', \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'$ and we must construct an \mathcal{E} of $\langle c, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'$. Looking at the rules for **sequence**-commands, we see we only have one case:

$$\mathcal{E}' = \text{EC-SeQ} \frac{\langle c_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'' \quad \langle \text{if } b \text{ then skip else } c, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}{\langle c_0; \text{ if } b \text{ then skip else } c, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

Then, since there are two execution rules for if-commands, \mathcal{E}'_1 must have one of the two following shapes:

$$\text{Case } \mathcal{E}_1' = \text{EC-IfT} \frac{\langle b, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \mathbf{true} \quad \text{EC-Skip}}{\langle \mathbf{if} \ b \ \mathbf{then} \ \mathbf{skip} \ \mathbf{else} \ c, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}{\langle \mathbf{if} \ b \ \mathbf{then} \ \mathbf{skip} \ \mathbf{else} \ c, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

Since the execution rule for skip does not change σ , so we have that $\sigma'' = \sigma'$ and we can build \mathcal{E} as follows:

$$\mathcal{E} = ext{EC-Repeat} ag{egin{array}{c} \mathcal{E}_0' & \mathcal{E}_1' \ \langle c_0, \sigma
angle \downarrow \sigma' & \langle b, \sigma'
angle \downarrow ext{true} \ \hline \langle ext{repeat} & c_0 ext{ until } b, \sigma
angle \downarrow \sigma' \end{array}$$

Case
$$\mathcal{E}'_1 = \text{EC-IFF} \frac{\langle b, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \text{false}}{\langle \text{if } b \text{ then skip else } c, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

Here we can build \mathcal{E} as follows:

$$\mathcal{E} = \text{EC-Repeatf} \frac{\langle c_0, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'' \quad \langle b, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \text{false} \quad \langle c, \sigma'' \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}{\langle c, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

2 Task 2

We show the left-to-right direction of the following semantic equivalence:

$$\underbrace{\mathbf{x} := \bar{\mathbf{0}}; \ \mathbf{if} \ y = \bar{\mathbf{2}} \ \mathbf{then} \ x := x + \bar{\mathbf{1}} \ \mathbf{else} \ \mathbf{skip}}_{c} \sim \underbrace{\mathbf{if} \ \bar{\mathbf{2}} = y \ \mathbf{then} \ x := \bar{\mathbf{1}} \ \mathbf{else} \ x := \bar{\mathbf{0}}}_{c'}$$

We assume that we have a derivation \mathcal{E} of $\langle c, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'$ and we must construct an \mathcal{E}' of $\langle c', \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma'$. Looking at the execution rule for the **sequence**-command we can see \mathcal{E} only have one case:

$$\mathcal{E} = \text{EC-Assign} \frac{\text{EA-Num} \frac{\mathcal{E}_0}{\langle \bar{0}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow 0}}{\langle x := \bar{0}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma[x \mapsto 0]} \quad \langle \text{if } y = \bar{2} \text{ then } x := x + \bar{1} \text{ else skip}, \sigma[x \mapsto 0] \rangle \downarrow \sigma' \\ \langle x := \bar{0}; \text{ if } y = \bar{2} \text{ then } x := x + \bar{1} \text{ else skip } \rangle \downarrow \sigma'$$

Now, since there are two execution rules for **if**-commands, \mathcal{E}_1 must have one of the two following shapes: (note $\sigma_i = \sigma[x \mapsto 0]$)

$$\operatorname{Case} \ \mathcal{E}_{1} = \operatorname{EC-Iff} \frac{\operatorname{EA-Loc} \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1,0}}{\langle y, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow \sigma_{i}(y)} \quad \operatorname{EA-Num} \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1,1}}{\langle \overline{2}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow 2}}{\langle y = \overline{2}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow \operatorname{false}} \quad \operatorname{EC-Skip} \frac{\langle \operatorname{\mathbf{skip}}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow \sigma_{i}}{\langle \operatorname{\mathbf{skip}}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow \sigma_{i}}}{\langle \operatorname{\mathbf{if}} \ y = \overline{2} \ \operatorname{\mathbf{then}} \ x := x + \overline{1} \ \operatorname{\mathbf{else}} \ \operatorname{\mathbf{skip}}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

We see that $\sigma' = \sigma_i$ and we can build \mathcal{E}' as follows:

$$\mathcal{E}' = \text{EC-Iff} \frac{\frac{\mathcal{E}_{1,1}}{\langle \overline{2}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow 2} \quad \text{EA-Loc} \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1,0}}{\langle \overline{y}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma(y)}}{\langle \overline{2} = y, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \text{false}} \quad \frac{\text{EC-Assign} \frac{\mathcal{E}_{0}}{\langle \overline{0}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow 0}}{\langle \overline{x} := \overline{0}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma[x \mapsto 0]}}{\langle \text{if } \overline{2} = y \text{ then } x := \overline{1} \text{ else } x := \overline{0}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma[x \mapsto 0]}$$

$$\text{Case } \mathcal{E}_{1} = \text{EC-IfT} \frac{\text{EA-Loc} \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1,0}}{\langle y, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow \sigma_{i}(y)} \quad \text{EA-Num} \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1,1}}{\langle \overline{2}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow 2}}{\langle y = \overline{2}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow \mathbf{true}} \quad \langle x + 1, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma[x \mapsto 1]}{\langle \mathbf{if} \ y = \overline{2} \ \mathbf{then} \ x := x + \overline{1} \ \mathbf{else} \ \mathbf{skip}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow \sigma'}$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{2} = \text{EC-Assign} \frac{\text{EA-Loc}}{\langle x, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow 0} \frac{\text{EA-Num}}{\langle \overline{1}, \sigma_{i} \rangle \downarrow 1} \frac{\langle x := x + 1, \sigma \rangle \downarrow 1}{\langle x + 1, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma[x \mapsto 1]}$$

We see that $\sigma' = \sigma[x \mapsto 1]$ and we can build \mathcal{E}' as follows:

$$\mathcal{E}' = \text{EC-IfT} \frac{\frac{\mathcal{E}_{1,1}}{\langle \bar{2}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow 2} \quad \text{EA-Loc} \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1,0}}{\langle y, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma(y)}}{\langle \bar{2} = y, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \mathbf{true}} \quad \frac{\text{EA-Num}}{\langle \bar{1}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow 1}}{\langle \mathbf{if} \ \bar{2} = y \ \mathbf{then} \ x := \bar{1} \ \mathbf{else} \ x := \bar{0}, \sigma \rangle \downarrow \sigma[x \mapsto 1]}$$