

Operating System

PORTFOLIO  
with

Lab Manual

NAME: Muhammad Iftikhar Uddin Khan Sami

ID: 022-16-113275

SECTION: IU- Gulshan Campus

DEGREE: BS - CS

This document and all submission including codes are also available on

<https://github.com/miks98/OperatingSystems>

**IQRA UNIVERSITY**

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**Operating System**

# List of Labs

***Lab #1\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

* Introduction to OS and Fedora.
* Creation of Virtual Machine.

***Lab #2\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Introduction to UNIX/LINUX Shell

***Lab # 3\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

UNIX/LINUX Shell programming

* Variable
* Basic Variable

***Lab # 4\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

UNIX/LINUX Shell programming

* Using Array
* Basic Operator

***Lab # 5\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

UNIX/LINUX Shell programming

* Decision Making
* Shell Loop
* Loop Control
* Shell Function

***Lab # 6\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

UNIX/LINUX Shell programming

* Shell Substitution
* Quoting Mechanisms
* I/O Redirection
* Man\_page Help

***Lab # 7\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Linux File Management.

***Lab # 8\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Linux Directory Management

***Lab # 9\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Linux File Permission / Access Mode

***Lab # 10\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

CPU Scheduling Algorithms

***Lab # 11\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

File Allocation Strategies

***Lab # 12\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Memory Management Techniques

***Lab # 13\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Memory Management Techniques using Paging.

***Lab # 14\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Deadlock Management Techniques

***Lab # 15\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Page Replacement Algorithms

***Lab # 16\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

Process Synchronization

# Lab Task:

## LAB # 01

### Task 01

Look for difference between VHD, VMDK and VDI

### Task 02

Create a Fedora Virtual machine also create a text file using fedora terminal

**Already completed**

## LAB # 02

Write Linux bash Shell Script, which will ask and display all information required to Student admission in Engineering and Sciences University

## LAB # 03

Use following variables to write your CV in Linux bash script.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Variable | Script | Output |
| $0 |  |  |
| $n |  |  |
| $# |  |  |
| $\* |  |  |
| $@ |  |  |
| $? |  |  |
| $$ |  |  |
| $! |  |  |

## LAB # 04

Write bash scrip to test all Athematic and logical operators in Linux

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Operator: Task | Script | Output |
| + : add two number |  |  |
| - : make decrement operator |  |  |
| \* : Mutiply negative and positive number |  |  |
| /: divide any number by zero |  |  |
| Less than: Compare two value |  |  |
| Greater than: Compare two value |  |  |
| EquUniversityty: Compare two value |  |  |
| Not equal: Compare two value |  |  |
| And: make two simple and gate |  |  |
| Or: make two input or gate |  |  |
| Not: make 1 input not |  |  |

## LAB # 05

Sort integer Array in ascending order.

### Code:

arr=(10 8 20 100 12)

echo "Array in original order"

echo "${arr[\*]}"

for ((i = 0; i<5; i++))

do

for((j = 0; j<5-i-1; j++))

do

if [ ${arr[j]} -gt ${arr[$((j+1))]} ]

then

# swap

temp=${arr[j]}

arr[$j]=${arr[$((j+1))]}

arr[$((j+1))]=$temp

fi

done

done

echo "Array in sorted order :"

echo "${arr[\*]}"

### Output:



Find shortest value in integer array.

### Code:

### Output:

Make shell function which can find out that input number is prime or not

### Code:

#!/bin/sh

Check\_prime () {

num=29

for((i=2; i<=num/2; i++))

do

if [ $((num%i)) -eq 0 ]

then

echo "$num is not a prime number."

exit

fi

done

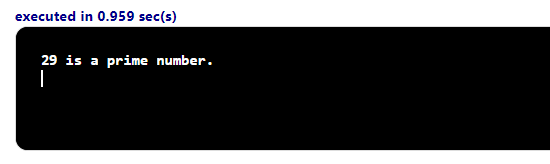
echo "$num is a prime number."

}

#function calling

Check\_prime

### Output:



Make shell function which can eliminate all odd numbers from integer array.

### Code:

### Output:

Make shell function which can find the last three prime number lesser than 100.

### Code:

### Output:

## LAB # 06 No Tasks

## LAB # 07 No Tasks

## LAB # 08 No Tasks

## LAB # 09 No Tasks

## LAB # 10 No Tasks

## LAB # 11 – Memory Management

* You are required to make changes in the above programs and introduce the use of compaction where required.
* Write code to simulate Worst-Fit Algorithm

### Code:

Also available on Github link

#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

#define max 25

void main()

{

int frag[max],b[max],f[max],i,j,nb,nf,temp;

static int bf[max],ff[max];

printf("\n\tMemory Management Scheme - First Fit");

printf("\nEnter the number of blocks:");

scanf("%d",&nb);

printf("Enter the number of files:");

scanf("%d",&nf);

printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:-\n");

for(i=1;i<=nb;i++)

{

printf("Block %d:",i);

scanf("%d",&b[i]);

}

printf("Enter the size of the files :-\n");

for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)

{

printf("File %d:",i);

scanf("%d",&f[i]);

}

for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)

{

for(j=1;j<=nb;j++)

{

if(bf[j]!=1)

{

temp=b[j]-f[i];

if(temp>=0)

{

ff[i]=j;

break;

}

}

}

frag[i]=temp;

bf[ff[i]]=1;

}

printf("\nFile\_no:\tFile\_size :\tBlock\_no:\tBlock\_size:\tFragement");

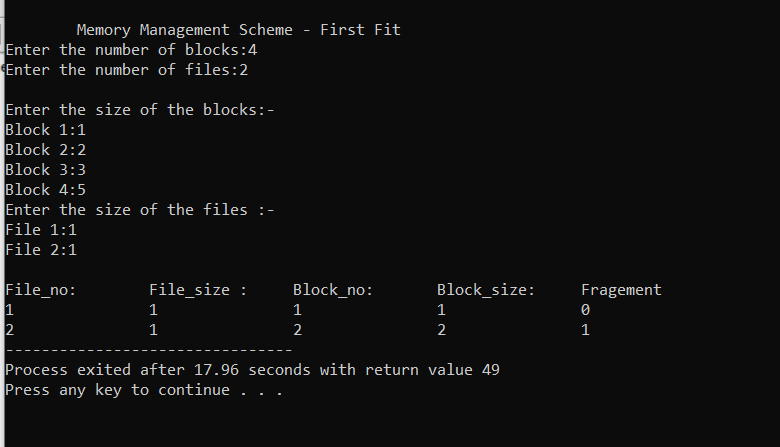
for(i=1;i<=nf;i++)

printf("\n%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d",i,f[i],ff[i],b[ff[i]],frag[i]);

getch();

}

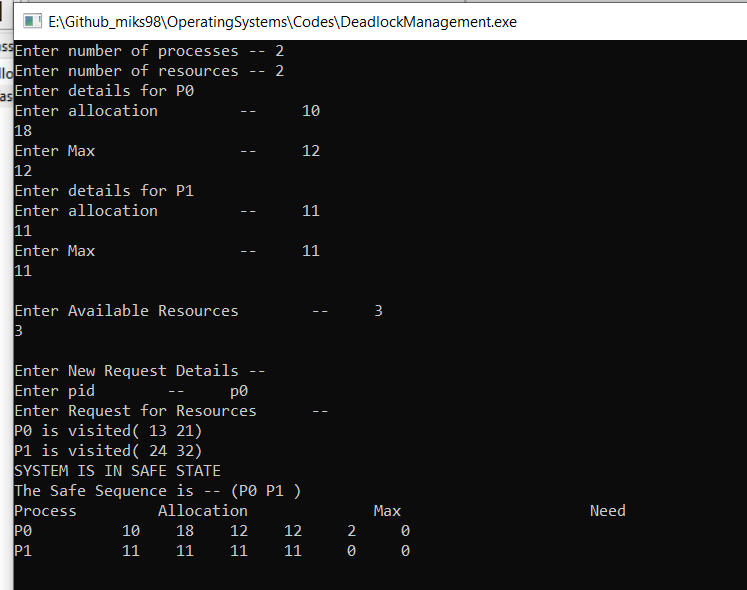
### Output:



## LAB # 12 No Tasks

## LAB # 13

### Output 1:



# Activities

Already Submitted & can be accessed at

<https://github.com/miks98/OperatingSystems/tree/master/Submitted%20Activities>

# Quiz

## Answer 01:

Code:

#!/bin/bash

echo "Input the string without space"

read str

for i in $(seq 0 ${#str}) ; do

revstr=${str:$i:1}$revstr

done

echo "The given string is " $str

if [ "$str" = "$revstr" ]; then

echo "It is a palindrome."

else

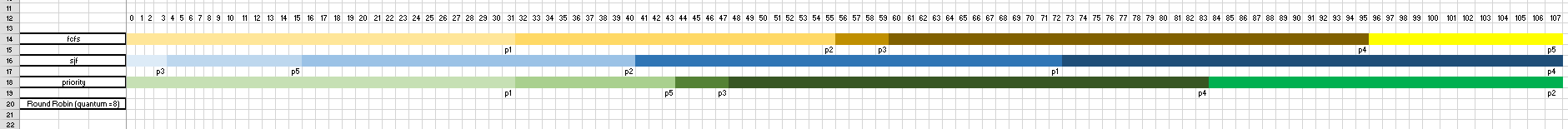
echo "It is not a palindrome."

fi

## Answer 02:

Gantt Charts:





Codes

FCFS

// Java program for implementation of FCFS scheduling

import java.text.ParseException;

class GFG {

// Function to find the waiting time for all processes

static void findWaitingTime(int processes[], int n,

int bt[], int wt[]) {

// waiting time for first process is 0

wt[0] = 0;

// calculating waiting time

for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {

wt[i] = bt[i - 1] + wt[i - 1];

}

}

// Function to calculate turn around time

static void findTurnAroundTime(int processes[], int n,

int bt[], int wt[], int tat[]) {

// calculating turnaround time by adding

// bt[i] + wt[i]

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];

}

}

//Function to calculate average time

static void findavgTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[]) {

int wt[] = new int[n], tat[] = new int[n];

int total\_wt = 0, total\_tat = 0;

//Function to find waiting time of all processes

findWaitingTime(processes, n, bt, wt);

//Function to find turn around time for all processes

findTurnAroundTime(processes, n, bt, wt, tat);

//Display processes along with all details

System.out.printf("Processes Burst time Waiting"

+" time Turn around time\n");

// Calculate total waiting time and total turn around time

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

total\_wt = total\_wt + wt[i];

total\_tat = total\_tat + tat[i];

System.out.printf(" %d ", (i + 1));

System.out.printf(" %d ", bt[i]);

System.out.printf(" %d", wt[i]);

System.out.printf(" %d\n", tat[i]);

}

float s = (float)total\_wt /(float) n;

int t = total\_tat / n;

System.out.printf("Average waiting time = %f", s);

System.out.printf("\n");

System.out.printf("Average turn around time = %d ", t);

}

// Driver code

public static void main(String[] args) throws ParseException {

//process id's

int processes[] = {1, 2, 3};

int n = processes.length;

//Burst time of all processes

int burst\_time[] = {10, 5, 8};

findavgTime(processes, n, burst\_time);

}

}

SJF

// Java program to implement Shortest Job first with Arrival Time

import java.util.\*;

class GFG {

static int[][] mat = new int[10][6];

static void arrangeArrival(int num, int[][] mat) {

for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {

for (int j = 0; j < num - i - 1; j++) {

if (mat[j][1] > mat[j + 1][1]) {

for (int k = 0; k < 5; k++) {

int temp = mat[j][k];

mat[j][k] = mat[j + 1][k];

mat[j + 1][k] = temp;

}

}

}

}

}

static void completionTime(int num, int[][] mat) {

int temp, val = -1;

mat[0][3] = mat[0][1] + mat[0][2];

mat[0][5] = mat[0][3] - mat[0][1];

mat[0][4] = mat[0][5] - mat[0][2];

for (int i = 1; i < num; i++) {

temp = mat[i - 1][3];

int low = mat[i][2];

for (int j = i; j < num; j++) {

if (temp >= mat[j][1] && low >= mat[j][2]) {

low = mat[j][2];

val = j;

}

}

mat[val][3] = temp + mat[val][2];

mat[val][5] = mat[val][3] - mat[val][1];

mat[val][4] = mat[val][5] - mat[val][2];

for (int k = 0; k < 6; k++) {

int tem = mat[val][k];

mat[val][k] = mat[i][k];

mat[i][k] = tem;

}

}

}

// Driver Code

public static void main(String[] args) {

int num;

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("Enter number of Process: ");

num = sc.nextInt();

System.out.println("...Enter the process ID...");

for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {

System.out.println("...Process " + (i + 1) + "...");

System.out.println("Enter Process Id: ");

mat[i][0] = sc.nextInt();

System.out.println("Enter Arrival Time: ");

mat[i][1] = sc.nextInt();

System.out.println("Enter Burst Time: ");

mat[i][2] = sc.nextInt();

}

System.out.println("Before Arrange...");

System.out.println("Process ID\tArrival Time\tBurst Time");

for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {

System.out.printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n",

mat[i][0], mat[i][1], mat[i][2]);

}

arrangeArrival(num, mat);

completionTime(num, mat);

System.out.println("Final Result...");

System.out.println("Process ID\tArrival Time\tBurst" +

" Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time");

for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {

System.out.printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n",

mat[i][0], mat[i][1], mat[i][2], mat[i][4], mat[i][5]);

}

sc.close();

}

}

Priority

import java.util.\*;

// Data Structure

class Process {

int at, bt, pri, pno;

Process(int pno, int at, int bt, int pri)

{

this.pno = pno;

this.pri = pri;

this.at = at;

this.bt = bt;

}

}

/// Gantt chart structure

class GChart {

// process number, start time, complete time, turn around time, waiting time

int pno, stime, ctime, wtime, ttime;

}

// user define comparative method (first arrival first serve,

// if arrival time same then heigh priority first)

class MyComparator implements Comparator {

public int compare(Object o1, Object o2)

{

Process p1 = (Process)o1;

Process p2 = (Process)o2;

if (p1.at < p2.at)

return (-1);

else if (p1.at == p2.at && p1.pri > p2.pri)

return (-1);

else

return (1);

}

}

// class to find Gantt chart

class FindGantChart {

void findGc(LinkedList queue)

{

// initial time = 0

int time = 0;

// priority Queue sort data according

// to arrival time or priority (ready queue)

TreeSet prique = new TreeSet(new MyComparator());

// link list for store processes data

LinkedList result = new LinkedList();

// process in ready queue from new state queue

while (queue.size() > 0)

prique.add((Process)queue.removeFirst());

Iterator it = prique.iterator();

// time set to according to first process

time = ((Process)prique.first()).at;

// scheduling process

while (it.hasNext()) {

// dispatcher dispatch the

// process ready to running state

Process obj = (Process)it.next();

GChart gc1 = new GChart();

gc1.pno = obj.pno;

gc1.stime = time;

time += obj.bt;

gc1.ctime = time;

gc1.ttime = gc1.ctime - obj.at;

gc1.wtime = gc1.ttime - obj.bt;

/// store the exxtreted process

result.add(gc1);

}

// create object of output class and call method

new ResultOutput(result);

}

}

Round Robin

// Java program for implementation of RR scheduling

public class GFG

{

// Method to find the waiting time for all

// processes

static void findWaitingTime(int processes[], int n,

int bt[], int wt[], int quantum)

{

// Make a copy of burst times bt[] to store remaining

// burst times.

int rem\_bt[] = new int[n];

for (int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++)

rem\_bt[i] = bt[i];

int t = 0; // Current time

// Keep traversing processes in round robin manner

// until all of them are not done.

while(true)

{

boolean done = true;

// Traverse all processes one by one repeatedly

for (int i = 0 ; i < n; i++)

{

// If burst time of a process is greater than 0

// then only need to process further

if (rem\_bt[i] > 0)

{

done = false; // There is a pending process

if (rem\_bt[i] > quantum)

{

// Increase the value of t i.e. shows

// how much time a process has been processed

t += quantum;

// Decrease the burst\_time of current process

// by quantum

rem\_bt[i] -= quantum;

}

// If burst time is smaller than or equal to

// quantum. Last cycle for this process

else

{

// Increase the value of t i.e. shows

// how much time a process has been processed

t = t + rem\_bt[i];

// Waiting time is current time minus time

// used by this process

wt[i] = t - bt[i];

// As the process gets fully executed

// make its remaining burst time = 0

rem\_bt[i] = 0;

}

}

}

// If all processes are done

if (done == true)

break;

}

}

// Method to calculate turn around time

static void findTurnAroundTime(int processes[], int n,

int bt[], int wt[], int tat[])

{

// calculating turnaround time by adding

// bt[i] + wt[i]

for (int i = 0; i < n ; i++)

tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];

}

// Method to calculate average time

static void findavgTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[],

int quantum)

{

int wt[] = new int[n], tat[] = new int[n];

int total\_wt = 0, total\_tat = 0;

// Function to find waiting time of all processes

findWaitingTime(processes, n, bt, wt, quantum);

// Function to find turn around time for all processes

findTurnAroundTime(processes, n, bt, wt, tat);

// Display processes along with all details

System.out.println("Processes " + " Burst time " +

" Waiting time " + " Turn around time");

// Calculate total waiting time and total turn around time

for (int i=0; i<n; i++)

{

total\_wt = total\_wt + wt[i];

total\_tat = total\_tat + tat[i];

System.out.println(" " + (i+1) + "\t\t" + bt[i] +"\t " +

wt[i] +"\t\t " + tat[i]);

}

System.out.println("Average waiting time = " +

(float)total\_wt / (float)n);

System.out.println("Average turn around time = " +

(float)total\_tat / (float)n);

}

// Driver Method

public static void main(String[] args)

{

// process id's

int processes[] = { 1, 2, 3};

int n = processes.length;

// Burst time of all processes

int burst\_time[] = {10, 5, 8};

// Time quantum

int quantum = 2;

findavgTime(processes, n, burst\_time, quantum);

}

}

# Extra Links

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Serial | Link |
|  | [Program for Worst Fit algorithm in Memory Management - GeeksforGeeks](https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/program-worst-fit-algorithm-memory-management/) |
|  | [Part 6.5 Fixed size partitioning | FIRST | BEST | WORST | Memory management | OS | Operating System - YouTube](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YcX-awpW9yc) |
|  | [Test Bash Script Online - Online Bash Script Tester - Shell Scripting online](https://www.jdoodle.com/test-bash-shell-script-online/) |
|  | [ShellCheck – shell script analysis tool](https://www.shellcheck.net/) |
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