



答题时间：01:46

When that happens, staff will help the person — **strung** (答案: **strung**) out and now a little stressed — fish their drugs out of the rubbish. On their way out, they might have a blood test, their first **dental** (答案: **dental**) check-up in years, or just a hot cup of Milo. 'We enable people to inject in the centre because that's what they do,' the medical director, Nico Clark, tells *Guardian Australia* during a recent visit to the North Richmond Community Health Centre. 'The majority are dependent on their **substances** (答案: **substances**) . The purpose is not to be a place that facilitates injection per se, the **purpose** (答案: **purpose**) is to keep people alive.' The center is a response to a coroner's report that noted the heroin-related deaths in the area in 2016.

academic matter slung view

1119

strung out

吸毒成瘾：长期吸毒导致身体虚弱的状态。

strung string 的过去式**slung sling 的过去式**

sling

10077

英

/ slɪŋ /

抛掷、吊起

答题时间：02:00

These fascinating questions and more will be revealed by University of Manchester scientists when they take to the road on their 'Brain Bus'. The bus is taking hands on **audiences** (答案: **activities**) to test the senses to the suburbs, to show young and old alike how the brain works and how science can answer some of life's most captivating questions. Organiser Dr Stuart Allan, lecturer at the Faculty of Life Sciences, explains: "Three-year-olds and upwards can understand the senses and it's an area that is **challenging** (答案: **intriguing**) to all ages. "It takes effort to get out of bed on a Saturday morning and go to the Museum. We are bringing science to your doorstep and going further afield this year in the hope of finding new and different **schemes** (答案: **audiences**) . "We want people to see that science is interesting as well as important in our lives, and to **encourage** (答案: **encourage**) people who may not consider it possible to go to University."

1106

captivating

adj.

迷人的；有魅力的

V.

使.....着迷 (capture 的 ing 形式)

答题时间：01:35

The theme of contrast evident in Blue Skies is typical of Ms Vu's work. She explores organic structures using the newest technologies. She is inspired by **definite** (答案: minute) detail but often works on a large scale. Her sculptures are **ambiguous** (答案: ambiguous) , yet familiar, blurring the boundaries between the real and the artificial. Organic structures and spirals are the starting point for my creative exploration. But my work extends these concepts to explore the **gap** (答案: overlap) between the real and the artificial, and how we often don't differentiate between the two,' Ms Vu said.

high **minute** **overlap**

1105

minute

[adj] 细小的；琐碎的；极少的；精密的

definite

[adj] 肯定；肯定的；确定的；不会改变的

答题时间：01:15

Since Austria sits at a high elevation and spends a quarter of the year under **snow** (答案: snow) , it should come as no surprise that heating is a matter of considerable importance in the **country** (答案: country) . What may be surprising, however, is that Vienna — a grand imperial city of music, art, and history — actually boasts a museum **containing** (答案: dedicated) specifically to heating systems.

shadow **extent** **dedicated** **summarized**

1103

dedicated to

致力于：

答题时间：00:57

The wrist watch works by **tracking** (答案: tracking) information such as a person's pulse or movement. When it **detects** (答案: detects) a change in a person's health, the watch sends information to a touchscreen hub **located** (答案: located) in the home. The hub then **alerts** (答案: alerts) pre-determined contacts and calls for help immediately.

1088

答题时间: 00:53

Mercury is not found in many common products that we buy because it can be very dangerous. The most common products that

contain (答案: contain) ? mercury are batteries, powerful outdoor lights, disinfectants and thermometers, which are used to measure our body's temperature. It can also be found in barometers, which are used to measure air pressure and show (答案: show) ? changes in weather, and thermostats, which regulate (答案: regulate) ? the temperature of buildings. Mercury can also be found in printer and photocopy toners.

1087

regulate

[v] 调节; 控制

[网络] 管理; 调整; 管制

mercury

[n] 汞; 水银

答题时间: 03:27

For lots of first-year students, the University may be their first experience living away from home for an

exciting (答案: extended) ? period. It is a natural (答案: definite) ? break from home. In my point of view, this is the best thing that you can do. I know you have to fend for yourself, cook and clean after yourself, basically look after yourself without your parents but the truth is some time in your life you are going to have to part with lovely Mummy and Daddy. But they are only just a phone call away, and it is really good to have some QUALITY TIME without them. The first few weeks can be a socially (答案: lonely) ? period. There may be concerns about forming the friendship. When new students look around, it may seem that everyone else is self-confident and extra (答案: socially) ? successful! The reality is that everyone has the same concerns. Increased personal freedom can feel both wonderful and

extended (答案: frightening) ? . Students can come and go as they choose with no one to hassle them. The strange

timely frightening easily definite lonely

1085

an extended period of time

长时间: 指一段较长的时间段, 通常超过正常或预期的时间。

definite 确定的, 无疑的**timely** 及时的

答题时间: 03:23

The rest of Taylor's restaurant is student-run. Students in quantity food production and service management

actually (答案: classes) ? make the articulate and detailed dishes. "We teach students to understand where a product comes from and to respect that product," Garmy said. Skeptics might doubt the quality (答案: quality) ? of a student-run restaurant, but one visit to Taylor's will immediately change their outlook. Dishes such as orecchiette and butternut squash, pappardelle with duck and bistro chicken will please any appetite while imparting the need to return (答案: return) ? for a second taste. Students are taught to use ratios and proportions rather than recipes when creating dishes. "Understanding ratios and proportions when creating dishes instead of recipes makes students think and separately (答案: actually) ? teaches them how to cook, rather than just reading a recipe and not learning from it," Garmy said. Garmy said he believes in using all aspects of a product, which Taylor's classes (答案: menu) ? reflects.

1084

答题时间: 00:39

Your body is nearly two-thirds water. And so it is really important that you consume (答案: consume) ? enough fluid to stay hydrated (答案: hydrated) ? and healthy. If you don't get enough fluid you may feel tired (答案: tired) ? , get headaches (答案: headaches) ? , and not perform at your best.

enlist varied humble hardness

223

答题时间: 02:04

A herbal is a book of plants, describing their appearance, their properties and how they may be used for preparing ointments and medicines. The medical use of plants is discovered (答案: recorded) ? on fragments of papyrus and clay tablets from ancient Egypt, Samaria and China that date back 5,000 years but document traditions far older still. Over 700 herbal remedies were detailed in the Papyrus Ebers, an Egyptian text written in 1500 BC. Around 65 BC, a Greek physician called Dioscorides wrote a herbal that was translated (答案: translated) ? into Latin and Arabic. Known as 'De materia medica', it became the most influential work on medicinal plants in both Christian and Islamic worlds until the late 17th century. An illustrated manuscript copy of the text made in Constantinople (modern-day Istanbul) initiated (答案: survives) ? from the sixth century. The first printed herbals date from the dawn of European printing in the 1480s. They provided valuable information for apothecaries, whose job was to make the pills and potions prescribed (答案: prescribed) ? by physicians. In the next century, landmark herbals were produced in England by William Turner, considered to be the father of British botany, and John Gerard, whose illustrations would inspire the floral fabric, wallpaper and tile designs of William Morris four centuries later.

recorded removed survives suffers

1079

答题时间: 01:43

The tomato is probably the most widely grown vegetable (答案: vegetable) ? by the home gardener because of its food (答案: food) ? value, many uses, and relative ease of cooking (答案: culture) ?. Originating in Central and South America, the tomato was domesticated in Mexico. There are many related wild (答案: wild) ? species in South America. "Tomati" was the name used (答案: used) ? by Native Americans.

fruit stuff culture took eating

1074

culture

[n] 文化; 栽培; 养殖; 培育

[v] 培养 (细胞或细菌)

food value

食物营养价值

答题时间: 00:16

The way we design our cities needs a serious rethink. After thousands of years of progress in urban development, we
✓ plateaued (答案: plateaued) ? some 60 years ago. Cities are not safer, healthier, more efficient, or more
✓ equitable (答案: equitable) ? . They are getting worse on these measures. The statistics on chronic disease, rising road tolls and congestion in our urban environments paint a ✗ broad (答案: bleak) ? future. The clues to why lie in how we think about and design our cities.

recovered bleak retarded

1077

#1077 City Design

plateau 8498/ /'plætəʊ / (英), / plæ'tou / (美) n. **高原**; (发展、增长后的) 稳定期, 停滞期; 高原印第安人; 托盘; v. (在一段时间的发展之后) **趋于平稳, 进入停滞期**

equitable 10149/ /'ekwɪtəb(ə)l / adj. 公平合理的, 公正的; 衡平法上有效的

bleak 7427/ bli:k / adj. 不乐观的, 无望的; 无遮掩的, 荒凉的; 阴冷的, 寒冷的

retard 17829/ rɪ'ta:d / (英), / rɪ'ta:rd / (美) v. <正式>**阻碍, 减缓; 减慢, 受到阻滞**; n. <非正式>**弱智, 笨蛋; 延迟, 阻止**

答题时间: 00:33

Coastal fish farms seem to do less harm to nearby plants and animals than previously believed, a new study

✓ reveals (答案: reveals) ? . And marine ecosystems can recover from this damage

✗ strongly (答案: surprisingly) ? fast. But the analysis of a single trout farm in a Faroe Islands fjord over nearly a year also shows that these facilities need to be ✓ placed (答案: placed) ? carefully, and that there's a limit to how many can ✓ operate (答案: operate) ? in a particular area before its biodiversity suffers lasting harm. In coastal farms, fish live in large cages hanging from pontoons on the surface. Fish feces and uneaten food sink to the seabed, affecting its ecosystem. Badly-managed farms can also have serious ✓ effects (答案: effects) ? on the surrounding water column. The team monitored the cages, ✓ initially (答案: initially) ? containing some 770,000 young trout. They measured the flow of the vital nutrients carbon and nitrogen through the system, also tracking the farmer's activities, changing water conditions and the quantity of waste deposited on the seabed below.

emphasized symbols surprisingly counts display

1002

#1002 Fish Farms

surprisingly 3398/ sə'praɪzɪŋli / (英), / sər'praɪzɪŋli / (美) adv. **惊人地, 出人意料地**

答题时间: 00:17

David Lynch is professor and head of education at Charles Darwin University. And prior to this he was sub dean in the Faculty of Education and Creative Arts at Central Queensland University and foundation head of the University's Noosa

department (答案: campus) ? . David's career in education began (答案: began) ? as a primary school teacher in Queensland in the early 1980's, progressing (答案: progressing) ? to four principal positions before entering (答案: entering) ? higher education. David's research interests predominate in teacher education with particular interest in building teacher capability to meet a changed world.

acted beginning campus

867

#867 David Lynch

campus 校区

答题时间: 00:15

Chemistry is a logical science. You can master the dwell (答案: essential) ? concepts in any

direction (答案: order) ?, but it's probably best to start from the top (答案: top) ? and work your way down, since many concepts essential (答案: build) ? on understanding units, conversion, and how atoms and molecules interact.

order margin roundabout set build

860

#860 Chemistry

dwell 7296/ dwel / v. 居住, 栖身

答题时间: 00:12

The Classic Era of Mayan civilization (答案: civilization) ? came to an end around 900 AD. Why this happened is unclear; the cities were probably over-farming the land, so that a period (答案: period) ? of drought led to famine. Recent geological research (答案: research) ? supports this, as there appears to have been a 200-year drought around this time.

range argument urbanization possibility

844

#844 Maya

argument 1189/ 'a:gjumənt / (英), / 'a:rgjumənt / (美) n. 争论, 争吵; 论据, 理由; 辩论, 讨论

答题时间: 00:17

While accounting focuses on the day-to-day management of financial X editorials (答案: reports) ? and records across the business world, finance uses this same information to ✓ project (答案: project) ? future growth and to analyze expenditure in order to strategize company finances. By studying this major you get to have a better insight on the market, with the right ✓ knowledge (答案: knowledge) ? and skills acquired you should be able then when you graduate to advise others in making strong investments. This major will help you gain responsibility of predicting and ✓ analyzing (答案: analyzing) ? the potential for profit and growth, assessing monetary resources, utilizing accounting statistics and reports, and also looking externally for future funding options.

announce using content reports

618

#618 Accounting and Finance

editorial 5068/ /'edɪtəriəl/ adj. 编辑的, 主编的; 社论的; n. 社论, 社评

project

/ 'prɒdʒekt / (英, 名词), / 'pra:dʒekt / (美, 名词)

/ prə'dʒekt / (英, 动词), / prə'dʒekt / (美, 动词)

n. 项目, 计划; (学校的) 课题, 研究项目; <美>廉租房区, 公共房屋区

v. 预计, 推算; 计划, 规划; 伸出, 突出; 投掷, 喷射; 投射, 投影

答题时间: 00:09

A Graphic Introduction was put together by northern artists, who have ✓ interpreted (答案: interpreted) ? discussions with scientists from the Supergen Bioenergy Hub in a ✓ series (答案: series) ? of striking images which imagine alternative futures and explain some of the technology ✓ involved (答案: involved) ? and how it might be put into practice.

dreamed discriminated forsook system

615

#615 Bioenergy

forsake 15036/ fə'seɪk / (英), / fər'seɪk / (美) v. 抛弃, 离开 (尤指不履行责任); 摆弃, 离开

forsook / fə'sʊk / (英), / fər'sʊk / (美) v. 抛弃; 放弃, 戒掉 (喜爱的食物) (forsake 的过去式)

答题时间: 00:18

The speed of sound (otherwise known as Mach 1) varies with temperature. At sea level on a 'standard day', the temperature is 59°F, and Mach 1 is approximately 761 mph. As the altitude increases, the temperature and speed of sound

both (答案: both) ? decrease until about 36,000 feet, after which the temperature

remains (答案: remains) ? steady until about 60,000 feet. Within that 36,000 – 60,000 foot range, Mach 1 is about

661 mph. Because of the variation (答案: variation) ?, it is possible for an airplane flying supersonic at high altitude to be slower than a subsonic flight at sea level. The transonic band (the 'sound barrier') extends

from (答案: from) ? around Mach 0.8 — when the first supersonic shock waves form on the wing — to Mach 1.2, when the entire wing has gone supersonic.

via towards differences either tends

592

#592 Sound Speed

supersonic / ,su:pə'sɔnɪk / (英), / ,su:pər'sa:nɪk / (美) adj. 超音速的; n. 超音速, 超声波; 超音速飞机

subsonic / ,sʌb'sɔnɪk / (英), / ,sʌb'sa:nɪk / (美) adj. 次音速的; 比音速稍慢的; n. 亚音速飞机

答题时间: 00:17

Many tests have shown that, in a very broad way, peoples in most parts of the world have similar color preferences. Blue is the most preferred and popular hue, followed in order by red, green, purple, yellow and orange. Overlaying this basic order of color preference

, however (答案: however) ?, are the responses of individuals, which of course vary

widely (答案: widely) ? and may also be very powerful. Children are likely to have strong preferences for some

colors and aversions to others, but sometimes will not admit to them, since outside factors (答案: factors) ? may be influential in determining both color preferences and the way that they are expressed or suppressed. Current fashions in clothes and accessories, gender-stereotyping and peer-group pressure may all play a significant part. Boys in particular may be reluctant to admit to any strong preferences for colors other than (答案: other than) ? those of favorite football teams, because color awareness may be regarded by their peer-group as feminine.

therefore thoroughly counters rather than

#552 Color Preference

答题时间: 00:19

What is a country, and how is a country defined? When people ask how many countries there are in the world, they expect a simple answer. After **all** (答案: all) ?, we've explored the whole planet, we have international travel, satellite navigation and plenty of global organizations like the United Nations, so we **should** (答案: should) ? really know how many countries there are! However, the answer to the question varies according to whom you ask. Most people say there are 192 countries, but others point out that there could be more like 260 of them. So why isn't there a straightforward answer? The problem **arises** (答案: arises) ? because there isn't a universally agreed definition of 'country' and because, for political reasons, some countries **find** (答案: find) ? it convenient to recognize or not recognize **other** (答案: other) ? countries.

fear **it** **never** **differ**

#474 Country Definition

答题时间: 00:12

Of the more than 1,000 bat species worldwide, 22 are **native** (答案: native) ? to North America. And while there are no pollinator bats in our area, gardeners should **champion** (答案: champion) ? those that do live here, because they're insectivorous. These bats **consume** (答案: consume) ? moths, beetles and mosquitoes, and can eat up to 500 mosquito-sized insects per hour. They also protect gardens and crops from such **pests** (答案: pests) ? as cucumber beetles, cutworms and leafhoppers.

preys **objective** **besiege**

#473 Native Species

besiege 15405/ bɪ'si:dʒ / v. 包围, 围困; 打扰, 纠缠**prey** 5574/ preɪ / n. 猎物, 捕获物; 受害者, 受骗者; <古>掠夺品; v. 捕食; 欺凌, 坑害 (尤指弱者); 不断困扰, 折磨

答题时间: 00:10

The ruins of the South Fremantle Power Station have stood empty since 1985, home only to urban explorers and street **collectors** (答案: artists) ?. Opened in 1951, the power station was once a pillar of progress for the expanding energy **demands** (答案: demands) ? of Perth. Here it stood proud and strong for 34 years, supplying energy to its surrounding metropolis until 1985 when it was deemed to no longer be worth the **money** (答案: money) ? .

ratings **status** **artists**

#429 Power Station

street artist n. 街头艺术家**pillar** 6619/ 'pɪlə(r) / (英), / 'pɪlər / (美) n. 柱子, 支柱; 主心骨, 栋梁

deem to 认为

答题时间: 00:16

Green spaces ✓ contribute (答案: contribute) ? significantly to a ✓ reduction (答案: reduction) ? of soil and aerial temperatures during spells of hot weather, so contributing to human wellbeing. In the garden
 ✗ background (答案: context) ?, there is, however, little information as to what extent various types of plants
 ✓ differ (答案: differ) ? in their cooling potential and how certain planting combinations may maximize cooling under a scenario of ✓ low (答案: low) ? rainfall and minimal water inputs.

addition focus context massive

#408 Green Spaces

aerial 7468/ /'eəriəl / (英), / 'erɪəl / (美)

n. 天线; (滑雪等运动的) 空中腾越

adj. 航空的, 从飞机上的; 空中的

答题时间: 00:19

Sleep ✓ deprivation (答案: deprivation) ? is a global issue in all the major cities around the world where the amount of sleep is ✓ decreasing (答案: decreasing) ? over decades. Now, the decrease is growing with the ✗ mounting (答案: onslaught) ? of the COVID-19 pandemic. Stress plays a major role in how we sleep. People are ✓ meant (答案: meant) ? to have some kind of routines, and many people lost them during the pandemic and especially during lockdowns. People woke up and went to sleep at ✓ odd (答案: odd) ? times, they ate at odd times, and all of that definitely affected their biological rhythms.

forced marvelous treatment abundance onslaught

#470 Sleep Issue

onslaught 11406/ /'ɒnslə:t / (英), / 'a:nslə:t / (美) n. 攻击, 猛攻; (常指难以应付的) 大批, 大量; 猛烈抨击

odd 2762/ /ɒd / (英), / a:d / (美) adj. 奇怪的, 反常的; 偶然出现的

答题时间: 00:15

Having tracked down research that is ✓ relevant (答案: relevant) ? to your area of interest, the next task is to actually ✗ have fun (答案: make sense) ? of that research. This section is intended to show you how to be critical of the research you ✗ acceptable (答案: are reviewing) ? and how to check that the ✗ statement (答案: evidence) ? is credible and represented appropriately. Unfortunately this means discussing the ways in which research findings may be misrepresented.

make sense are reviewing evidence

#452 Next Task

statement 924/ /'steɪtmənt / n. 声明, 报告; 说明, 说法

credible 6077/ /kredəb(ə)l / adj. 可信的, 可靠的

incredible 3054 / ɪn'kredəb(ə)l / adj. 不可思议的，难以置信的

misrepresent 16897 / ,mɪs,reprɪ'zent / vt. 歪曲，误传；不合适地代表；vi. 虚伪陈述；歪曲报道

marking

#451 William Shakespeare 解析 预测 机经题 中等

考过 (38)

答题时间：01:05

For all his fame and Arab celebration, William Shakespeare remains a(n) ✗ ubiquitous (答案: mysterious) ? figure with regards to personal history. There are just two primary ✓ sources (答案: sources) ? for information on the Bard: his works, and various legal and ✗ mysterious (答案: church) ? documents that have survived from Elizabethan times. Naturally, there are many ✗ entitlements (答案: gaps) ? in this body of information, which tells us little about Shakespeare the man.

church gaps

#451 William Shakespeare

ubiquitous / ju:'bɪkwɪtəs / adj. 普遍存在的，无所不在的

entitlement / ɪn'taɪtlmənt / n. 有权得到的东西，应得的数额；权利，资格

#440 Britain's Past 解析 预测 机经题 中等

考过 (189)

答题时间：01:47

The transitions which occurred in Britain around 100 BC, and after 43 AD (when the Roman Army

✓ invaded (答案: invaded) ? Britain represent the key points of socio-economic trend in Britain's past. During the first century BC, the traditional communal form of life ✓ shifted (答案: shifted) ? rapidly to a world where certain individuals became more important. During the first century AD, Britain ✓ became (答案: became) ? fully a part of the Roman Empire.

entailed enlarged change transferred

#440 Britain's Past

entail / ɪn'teɪl /

v. 使必要，需要；限定继承；使人承担

n. 限定继承，限嗣继承的财产

#401 Electric Eels 解析 预测 机经题 中等

考过 (129)

答题时间：01:16

Electric eels are born to shock. Thanks to cells called electrocytes which, stacked like batteries, make up 80% of their bodies, these cunning South American ✓ hunters (答案: hunters) ? can deliver debilitating blows of up to 600 volts to their prey.

But they've harnessed their electricity to pack even bigger punches. Last year, Vanderbilt University biologist Kenneth Catania revealed electric eels bring their positively charged head and negatively charged ✓ tail (答案: tail) ? closer together to generate a more powerful ✗ engine (答案: current) ? .

objects current limb

#401 Electric Eels

current / 'kʌrənt / (英), / 'kɜ:rənt / (美)

adj. 现行的，当前的；通用的，流行的；最近的

n. 水流，气流；电流；思潮，趋势

答题时间: 01:57

London's National Portrait Gallery is currently celebrating the fifty-year X birthday (答案: career) ? of photographer Sandra Lousada. The twenty-one portraits on display depict key X elements (答案: figures) ? in literature, film and fashion from the early 1960s. Subsequent to the acquisition of forty portraits by Lousada, the X pictures (答案: display) ? at The National Portrait Gallery highlights shots taken between 1960 and 1964, many of which feature in Lousada's book Public Faces Private Places (2008). Formal commissioned portraits are shown alongside behind-the-scenes photographs taken on film ✓ sets (答案: sets) ? and unguarded portraits of sitters captured at home.

career figures cinemas display

#385 Sandra Lousada

答题时间: 01:00

With the increase in women's ✓ participation (答案: participation) ? in the labor force, many mothers have less time ✓ available (答案: available) ? to undertake domestic activities. At the same time, there has been increasing ✓ recognition (答案: recognition) ? that the father's ✓ relationship (答案: relationship) ? with a child is important. A father can have many ✓ roles (答案: roles) ? in the family, ranging from income provider to teacher, carer, and playmate. Therefore, balancing paid work and family responsibilities can be an important issue for both fathers and mothers in families.

efficient separation shares

#377 Father in Family

答题时间: 02:43

Underground houses have many advantages over conventional housing. Unlike conventional homes, they can be built on X flat (答案: steep) ? surfaces and can maximize space in small areas by going below the surface. In addition, the materials excavated in construction can be used in the building process. Underground houses have less surface area so fewer building materials are used, and ✓ maintenance (答案: maintenance) ? costs are lower. They are also wind, fire, and earthquake resistant, providing a secure and safe environment in extreme weather. One of the greatest benefits of underground living is energy ✓ efficiency (答案: efficiency) ?. The earth's subsurface temperature remains stable, so underground dwellings benefit from geothermal mass and heat exchange, staying cool in the summer and warm in the winter. This saves around 80% in energy costs. By ✓ incorporating (答案: incorporating) ? solar design this energy bill can be ✓ reduced (答案: reduced) ? to zero, providing hot water and heat to the home all year round.

forced steep replacing transportation scarcity

#368 Underground Houses

incorporate / in'kɔ:pəreɪt / (英), / in'kɔ:r pərəreɪt / (美)

v. 包含, 合并; 组成公司; 掺和, 混合 (成分); 使具体化, 体现

adj. 合成一体的, 合并的; 具体化的; 组成公司 (或社团) 的

steep / sti:p /

adj. (路、山等) 陡峭的; (价格, 需求) 难以接受的, 过高的; (增加或减少) 急剧的, 大幅度的

v. 浸泡 (食物); 使沉浸, 使沉湎

scarcity / 'skeəsəti / (英), / 'skərsəti / (美) n. 不足, 缺乏

答题时间: 01:14

In the preceding hundred years, Paris had been center (答案: center) ? stage for political and social

movements (答案: movements) ? that had deeply affected all of Europe. The many ways in which tradition had already been challenged and overhead (答案: shaken) ? during those years helped make it easier for those to achieve a break with tradition art.

rehearsals concocted shaken

#360 Paris Stage

shake /ʃeɪk/

v. 摆动, 抖动; 削弱, 动摇; 发抖, 哆嗦; 握手; 使震惊, 使烦乱; 使改变 (态度、信念); 摆脱, 克服; 舞动 (拳头、棍子等); 抖掉, 抖出; 使劲甩动, 急剧晃动; 摆头 (以示否定); (声音) 颤抖
n. 摆动, 摆晃; 奶昔; (摇动容器后的) 撒出物; <非正式>哆嗦, 颤抖 (the shakes); <美>木制墙面板; <非正式>地震; (乐) 颤音

rehearsal /rɪ'hɛ:s(ə)l/ (英), /rɪ'hɜ:rs(ə)l/ (美) n. 排练, 排演; 预演, 演习; 复述, 重复

concoct /kən'kɒkt/ (英), /kən'ka:kɪt/ (美) vt. 编造; 调制 (食物或饮品)

overhead /,əʊvə'hed/ (英), /,oʊvə'rhed/ (美)

adv. 在头顶上方, 在空中

adj. 头顶上的, 在空中的, 高架的

答题时间: 02:06

Giant exoplanets, like the so-called 'hot Jupiters' that are similar in characteristics (答案: characteristics) ? to the solar

system's biggest planet (答案: planet) ? and orbit very close to their host stars, are excellent targets for

astronomers (答案: astronomers) ? in their search for their extrasolar worlds. The size and proximity of these planets is easy to detect (答案: detect) ? as they create a large decrease in brightness when passing in front of their parent stars.

imagine pilots weight

#357 Giant Exoplanets

答题时间: 04:20

The recipe for making any creature is written in its DNA. So last November when geneticists published the near-complete DNA sequence of the long-extinct woolly mammoth, there was much speculation (答案: speculation) ? about whether we could bring this behemoth back to life. Creating a living, breathing creature from a genome sequence that exists only in a computer's memory is not possible right now. But someone someday is sure to try it, singular (答案: predicts) ?

Stephan Schuster, a molecular biologist at Pennsylvania State University, University Park, and a

driving (答案: driving) ? force behind the mammoth genome project.

running predicts lament

#344 DNA

predicts sb = sb predicts

says sb = sb says

says who = who says

答题时间: 02:07

E-Learning is the new way forward. We believe chance (答案: passionately) ? in E-Learning. Our innovative approach opens up new course (答案: opportunities) ? for busy professionals that simply did not previously exist — the opportunities (答案: chance) ? to combine a prestigious Masters programme with a demanding professional and personal life (答案: life) ?. Our small virtual classrooms facilitate intensive investment (答案: interaction) ? and collaboration among professionals from all over the world.

interaction passionately proportionately

#342 E-Learning

proportionately / prə'po:ʃənətli / (英), / prə'po:rʃənətli / (美) adv. 相称地, 成比例地

passion / 'pæʃ(ə)n /

n. 爱恋, 情欲; 激情, 热情; 酷爱, 热衷的爱好

答题时间: 00:56

Eutrophication is a process when bodies of water reach (答案: accumulate) ? to a high nutrient level due to extensive fertilizer in the soil. The water becomes overly enriched with minerals and nutrients which induce excessive blooms (答案: blooms) ? of algae and other aquatic species which may maximize (答案: deplete) ? minerals in the water, and thus endanger other species.

fatigue deplete accumulate destroy oust

#332 Eutrophication

deplete / dr'pli:t / v. 大量减少, 耗尽

fatigue / fə'ti:g /

n. 疲乏, 厌倦; (金属部件的) 疲劳; (士兵穿的) 工作服; 士兵杂役 (尤指作为惩罚, 如做打扫、帮厨)

v. 使疲劳, 使劳累

oust / aʊst / vt. 罢免, 撤职; 淘汰; 驱逐; 取代; 撤销

algae / 'ældʒi:/ n. 水藻, 海藻

答题时间: 02:20

To invest, you need to | draw up (答案: draw up) ? a clear plan, do your own research,
 grow up (答案: build in) ? a margin of safety by always thinking about the
 valuation (答案: valuation) ? and, ultimately, be patient. By all means include some speculative picks if you
 wish (答案: wish) ?, but ensure they are only a small part of your portfolio. Looking for an oil explorer whose shares double, treble and double again is exciting but such firms are very rare (答案: rare) ?. There are a lot more which have a consistent record of paying out the dividends which really make the markets work for you, once they are reinvested.

#327 Clear Plan

build in 包含、构建**valuation** /'vælju'eiʃn/**n. 评价, 估价; 计算**

答题时间: 00:59

Houston is the fifth-largest metropolitan area in the United States and has an outsized impact (答案: impact) ? on the U.S. economy. More than 90 percent of U.S. offshore oil and gas impetus (答案: production) ? takes place in the Texas Gulf Coast area, and the Houston region contains the largest production (答案: concentration) ? of energy, petrochemical, and refining industries in the United States. Houston is home to 25 percent of the country's petroleum refining capability, 40 percent of the nation's capacity for downstream chemical production, and the fastest-growing liquefied natural gas industry in the nation.

#323 Houston

impetus /'ɪmpitəs/**n. 动力, 促进; 动量, 冲力****concentration** /kən'se(n)(ə)n'treɪʃ(ə)n/ (英), /ka:n'se(n)(ə)n'treɪʃ(ə)n/ (美)**n. 专心, 专注; 关注, 重视; 集中, 聚集; 含量, 浓度**

答题时间: 01:22

For two decades, leading up to the millennium, global demand for food increased (答案: increased) ? steadily, along with growth in the world's population, record harvests, improvements (答案: improvements) ? in incomes, and the diversification of diets. As a result, food prices continued to decline (答案: decline) ? through 2000. But beginning in 2004, prices for most grains began to rise. Rising production could not keep pace with the even fluctuate (答案: stronger) ? growth in demand.

#319 Food Prices

deterioration /dɪ'tɪərɪə'reɪʃ(ə)n/ (英), /dɪ'tɪriə'reɪʃn/ (美)**n. 恶化**

fluctuate / 'flʌktʃueɪt /

v. 波动，起伏不定

dip / dɪp /

v. 浸，蘸；下降，下沉；伸进，伸入

#317 Following Tips 解析 预测 机经题 困难

考过 (76)

答题时间：00:54

Researchers suggest the following tips as you begin to network, seek common ground, ✓ engage (答案: engage) ?
with your network regularly, and consistently ✗ direct (答案: apply) ? yourself to making your network work or it will
wither. It is a skill that you need to ✓ practice (答案: practice) ?, not a talent.

apply concentrate

#317 Following Tips

#316 Research 解析 预测 机经题 中等

考过 (93)

答题时间：02:07

Research is a process of investigation leading to new ✓ insights (答案: insights) ? effectively shared and is central to
the ✗ result (答案: purpose) ? of any university. Students have the right to be taught by acknowledged
✗ equivocal (答案: experts) ? in their field, which requires that staff members operate at the most advanced level
appropriate to their ✓ discipline (答案: discipline) ? and level. Research is, therefore, crucial to a
✗ novices (答案: positive) ? student experience from further education to doctoral development.

experts discretion positive purpose

#316 Research

equivocal / ɪ'kwɪvək(ə)l /

adj. 模棱两可的；可疑的

discipline / 'dɪsəplɪn /

n. 纪律，风纪；惩罚，处分；训导，管教；训练，锻炼；自制力，自律能力；（尤指大学的）科目，学科

discretion / drɪ'skredʒn / (英), / drɪ'skredʒ(ə)n / (美)

n. 自行决定权，判断力；谨慎，慎重

insight / 'ɪnsaɪt /

n. 洞悉，了解；洞察力

答题时间: 02:40

Dance has played an important role in many musicals. In some ✓ cases (答案: cases) ?, dance numbers are included as an excuse to add to the color and spectacle of the show, but dance is more effective when it forms an integral part of the ✓ plot (答案: plot) ?. An early example is Richard Rodgers On Your Toes(1936) in which the story about classical ballet meeting the world of jazz enabled dance to be introduced in a way that ✓ enhances (答案: enhances) ?, rather than interrupts the drama.

punctuates itineraries judgement

#309 Dance

plot / pt / (英), / pl:t / (美)

n. 阴谋, 密谋; 情节; (专用的) 小块地; (表现两个变量关系的) 图表; <美>图表, 地图; <美>底层平面图

punctuate / nktjurt /

vt. 不时打断; 强调; 加标点于

vi. 加标点

itinerary / tnrri / (英), / tnrri / (美)

n. 行程, 旅行路线; 游记, 旅行日记

adj. 旅程的

答题时间: 01:46

Talking is not just an activity of the vocal ✗ operations (答案: cords) ?, it is a way of connecting with ourselves and ✓ others (答案: others) ? that creates a culture of health and ✓ well-being (答案: well-being) ?. Specifically, speaking with healthcare ✗ tracts (答案: practitioners) ? about health worries, and more generally opening up to create more and stronger social ✗ practitioners (答案: ties) ?, can have many positive benefits.

foreigners ties bureaucrats medicine cords

#303 Talking

vocal cords 声带**practitioner** / præk'trienə(r) / (英), / præk'trienə(r) / (美)

n. (医学界或法律界的) 从业人员, 执业者; <正式>从业者, 实践者

tract / trækt /

n. (尤指宣扬宗教、伦理或政治的) 短文, 传单, 小册子; 大片土地, 地带; (身体的) 道, 束; <文>大量, 许多; 咏唱

答题时间: 02:48

Since the beginning of the financial crisis, there have been two principal ✓ explanations (答案: explanations) ? for why so many banks made such disastrous decisions. The first is structural. Regulators did not regulate. Institutions failed to ✗ prerequisites (答案: function) ? as they should. Rules and guidelines were either inadequate or ✓ ignored (答案: ignored) ? . The second explanation is that Wall Street was ✓ incompetent (答案: incompetent) ?, that the traders and investors didn't know enough, that they made extravagant bets without understanding the consequences.

function provision refused

#302 Financial Crisis

function 运行/起作用

prerequisite / ,pri:'rekwəzɪt /

n. 先决条件, 前提; 预备课程

adj. 先决的, 必备的

provision / prə'veɪʒ(ə)n /

n. 提供, 供应; 准备, 预备; (尤指为旅行准备的) 食物, 必需品 (provisions); 条款, 规定; 赡养, 供养

答题时间: 01:46

While accounting focuses on the day-to-day management of financial ✗ credits (答案: reports) ? and records across the business world, finance uses this same information to project future growth and to ✓ analyze (答案: analyze) ? expenditure in order to strategize company finances. So finance degree students will likely be more interested in financial ✗ indicate (答案: strategy) ? and control, while accounting degree students will be more focused on professional ✓ principles (答案: principles) ? and processes, used in order to manage numbers rather than ✓ influence (答案: influence) ? them.

exceptions allegation reports strategy

#300 Accounting

allegation / ,ælə'geɪʃn /

n. (无证据的) 说法, 指控

虽然会计专注于商业世界中日常的财务报告和记录管理，但金融则利用这些相同的信息来预测未来的增长并分析支出，以便制定公司财务策略。因此，金融专业的学生可能更关注财务战略和控制，而会计专业的学生则更专注于使用专业原则和流程来管理数字，而不是影响它们。

#299 Monitoring Animals 解析 预测 机经题 中等

考过 (9)

答题时间：01:11

Monitoring animals is hard work. Field biologists have to follow ✓ tracks (答案: tracks) ? made by the animals and

✗ stick (答案: look) ? out for fruit that they might like in order to find the animals, whether it be walking through

rivers, up and down slippery hillsides with ✗ whereabouts (答案: dense) ? vegetation or through thick mud and swamps.

dense look damp

#299 Monitoring Animals

whereabouts / 'weərəbaʊts / (英), / 'werəbaʊts / (美)

n. 下落, 去向, 所在之处

adv. 在何处, 靠近什么地方

vegetation / ,vedʒə'teɪʃn / (英), / ,vedʒə'teɪʃn / (美)

n. (总称) 植物, 植被; (植物的) 生长

监测动物是一项艰苦的工作。野外生物学家必须跟踪动物留下的踪迹，并留意它们可能喜欢的水果，以便找到这些动物。无论是在河流中行走，还是在植被茂密的滑坡上上下攀爬，或是穿越厚厚的泥泞沼泽地，都是他们需要面对的挑战。

#296 Radioactive Waste 解析 预测 机经题 中等

考过 (16)

答题时间：02:45

It is important to keep the quantities here in perspective. The ✓ volume (答案: volume) ? of radioactive waste is very

small - even smaller if the used ✓ material (答案: material) ? is chemically re-processed - but it has to be

✗ produced (答案: managed) ? carefully. Most countries ✓ accept (答案: accept) ? that they are

responsible for their own and a number including France, Sweden, Finland, Korea and the USA are now constructing facilities, which will eventually be deep geological repositories.

matter managed coverage receive

#296 Radioactive Waste

volume / 'vɔlju:m / (英), / 'va:ljəm / (美)

n. 体积, 容积; 总数, 总量; 音量, 响度

coverage / 'kʌvərɪdʒ /

n. 覆盖范围; 新闻报道; 保险范围; 课程内容; 防守, 盯守

答题时间: 00:57

The ✓ closing (答案: closing) ? decades of an artist' s life do not generally make the biographer' s heart beat faster, but Claude Monet is one of a handful of painters who bucks the pattern of an ✗ inspired (答案: irrelevant) ? old age. While it' s true that by the time he was 73 he had ✓ accumulated (答案: accumulated) ? all the usual dragging baggage – outhouses full of fancy cars, a taste for expensive wine and a sprawl of dependents – it was also now that he produced career-defining work.

early irrelevant missing

#292 An Artist's Life

irrelevant / ɪ'rɛləvənt /**adj. 不相关的，不相干的****outhouse** / 'aʊθaʊs /**n. 外屋；屋外厕所；附属建筑物****sprawl** / sprɔ:l /**v. 伸开四肢坐（或躺）；蔓延****n. （城市）杂乱无序拓展的地区；四肢摊开的姿势；随意扩展，蔓延物**

答题时间: 02:06

Like the sea turtles, we are ✓ drawn (答案: drawn) ? to the bright lights of our phones, tablets, laptops, and TVs, our minds and bodies becoming ✓ disoriented (答案: disoriented) ? as we lose focus and direction. Each day, we are ✗ juggling (答案: torn) ? between the value of tech and the cost to our health.

torn dislocated dawn disinterested

#288 Sea Turtles

disoriented /dɪs'ɔ:rɪəntɪd/ /dɪs'ɔ:rɪəntɪd/ adj. 分不清方向或目标的；无判断力的；v. 使.....迷惑**(disorient 的过去式和过去分词)****drawn** /drɔ:n/ /dro:n/ adj. (因身体不适、疲倦或忧虑) 憔悴的，苍白的；v. 画，绘制；拖，拉；拔出；排出（液体）**(draw 的过去分词)****dislocate** /'dɪsləkeɪt/ /'dɪsləʊkeɪt/ vt. 使脱臼；使混乱**juggle** /'dʒʌgl/ /'dʒægl/ v. 玩杂耍 (连续向空中抛接多个物体)；力图使平衡，尽力应付；歪曲，篡改；有效地组织，有效利用（信息、数字、开支等）；n. 手技杂耍；平衡；虚报，谎报**dawn** /do:n/ /da:n/ v. 变得明朗，开始清楚；破晓，开始；n. 拂晓，黎明；曙光，开端**disinterested** /dɪs'ɪntrəstɪd/ /dɪs'ɪntrəstɪd/ adj. 无私的；公正的；冷漠的；廉洁的；v. 使不再有利害关系；使无兴趣**torn** /tɔ:n/ /tɔ:rn/ adj. 犹豫的；v. 撕碎，撕裂；撕破，划破；撕掉，扯掉 **(tear 的过去分词)**

答题时间: 00:51

Trees, as ever, are or should be at the heart of all discussions (答案: discussions) ? on climate change. The changes in carbon dioxide, in temperature, and in patterns of rainfall will each affect them in many ways, and each parameter

- interacts (答案: interacts) ? with all the others, so between them, these three main
- variables (答案: variables) ? present a bewildering range of possibilities.

chat variations indicates

#277 Trees

variation /'veəri'eiʃ(ə)n/ /'veri'eiʃ(ə)n/ n. 变化, 变动; 变奏曲; 变异

答题时间: 01:51

The stock of Australia's dwellings is decreasing (答案: evolving) ? with current homes having more bedrooms on average than homes ten years ago. At the same time, households are getting smaller on average with decreasing

- proportions (答案: proportions) ? of couple families with children and increasing (答案: increasing) ? couple-only and lone-person households. This article (答案: article) ? examines the changes in household size and number of bedrooms from 1994_95 to 2003_04. It also looks at the types of households with spare bedrooms and the size of recently purchased new homes compared with existing stock.

stagnating evolving statistics incidents

#275 Australian Dwellings

evolve /'vɒlv/ /ɪ'vɔ:lv/ v. 进化, 演化; 逐步发展, 逐渐演变

stagnate /stæg'næt/ /'stægneɪt/ v. 停滞, 不发展, 不进步; 因不流动而变得污浊; 使淤塞, 使沉滞, 使萧条

stagnating /stæg'nætɪŋ/ /'stægneɪtɪŋ/ v. 停滞, 不发展; 因不流动而变得污浊 (stagnate 的现在分词形式)

答题时间: 01:13

One of the most popular forms of theater is the musical. Combining drama, dance and music, the musical has been around for over a century, and in that time has kept pace with changing technicians (答案: tastes) ? and social

- forms (答案: conditions) ?, as well as advances (答案: advances) ? in theater technology. Many modern musicals are known for their spectacular impressions (答案: sets) ?, lighting and other effects.

revenues tastes conditions sets resources

#273 Musical

technician /tek'nɪʃ(ə)n/ /tek'nɪʃ(ə)n/ n. 技师, 技术人员; (体育、艺术等方面) 技巧精湛者, 精于技巧者

答题时间: 02:29

Shakespeare produced most of his ✓ work (答案: work) ? between 1589 and 1613. His early plays were comedies and histories - ✓ genres (答案: genres) ? he raised to the peak of sophistication and artistry by the end of the 16th century. He then wrote tragedies until about 1608, including Hamlet, King Lear, Othello, and Macbeth, considered some of the finest ✓ examples (答案: examples) ? in the English language. In his last phase, he wrote tragicomedies, also known as romances, and ✓ collaborated (答案: collaborated) ? with other playwrights.

designed actors philosophy

#272 Shakespeare's Work

genre /'ʒɔ:nrə/ /'ʒɑ:nrə/ n. 类型, 体裁 (用于艺术、文学、音乐等领域)

答题时间: 00:58

My school in the city of London held a ✗ money (答案: charity) ? appeal. In the community, I was voted as the chairman. We ✓ raised (答案: raised) ? 48,000 pounds and I won the first place in the end. During this period, I learnt a lot and realized the importance of ✗ charity (答案: tenacity) ? and how to ✓ rouse (答案: rouse) ? other pupils' awareness.

tenacity skill recognize beg earned

#270 Pupil Charity

charity appeal 慈善募捐

tenacity /tə'næsəti/ /tə'næsəti/ n. 顽强, 执着, 坚持; 黏性

pupil /'pjju:p(ə)l/ /'pjju:p(ə)l/ n. 学生, (尤指) 小学生 注意音标

答题时间: 01:11

A fossilized trackway on public lands in Lake County, Oregon, may reveal ✓ clues (答案: clues) ? about the ancient family dynamics of Columbian mammoths. Recently excavated by a ✓ team (答案: team) ? from the University of Oregon Museum of Natural and Cultural History, the Bureau of Land Management and the University of Louisiana, the trackway includes 117 footprints thought to represent a number of ✓ adults (答案: adults) ? as well as juvenile and infant mammoths.

#266 Trackway

fossilized /'fɒsəlaɪzd/ /'fa:səlaɪzd/ adj. 石化的; 僵化的; 老化的 (fossilised 的美式拼写); v. 石化; 僵化 (fossilize 的过去式与过去分词)

mammoth /'mæməθ/ /'mæməθ/ n. 猛犸, 毛象; 庞然大物; adj. 巨大的, 庞大的

excavate /'ekskə'veɪt/ /'ekskə'veɪt/ v. 发掘, 挖掘 (古物); 挖 (洞), 开凿

juvenile /dʒu:vɪ,nɔɪl/ /dʒu:vənəl/; 'dʒu:vənɔɪl/ adj. 青少年的, 未成年的; 少年犯的; 幼稚的, 孩子气的; (鸟或动物) 幼年的; n. 青少年, 未成年人; 扮演青少年角色的演员; 幼鸟, 幼兽

答题时间: 00:48

Whether measured by greenhouse gas concentrations, deforestation rates or declining fish stocks, current consumption and production patterns threatened to exceed the capacity of global ecosystems and the world community must efforts to pursue environmentally economic growth and 'meet our commitments to future generations'.

unsustainable (答案: unsustainable) ? alleviate (答案: accelerate) ? accelerate (答案: sound) ?

smell sound unusual

#264 Global Ecosystems

alleviate /ə'lɪ:vɪət/ /ə'lɪ:vɪət/ v. 减轻, 缓和

sound 健全的

答题时间: 01:00

Timing is important for revision. Have you noticed that during the school day you get times when you just don't care any longer? I don't mean the lessons you don't like, but the ones you find usually OK, but on some occasions you just can't be bothered with it. You may (答案: may) ? have other things on your mind, be tired, restless, or looking forward to what comes next. Whatever the reason, that particular lesson doesn't get 100 percent effort (答案: effort) ? from you. The same is true of revision. Your mental and physical attitudes (答案: attitudes) ? are important. If you try to revise when you are tired or totally occupied with something else, your revision will be inefficient and just about worthless. If you approach it feeling fresh, alert and happy, it will be so much easier and you will learn more, faster. However, if you make no plans and just slip in a little bit of revision when you feel like it, you probably won't do much revision! You need a revision timetable so you don't keep putting it off (答案: putting it off) ? .

getting it wrong down can health

#261 Revision

答题时间: 02:14

Chimpanzee posture, gestures, and facial expressions communicate many messages and emotions (答案: emotions) ? between various individuals. When greeting (答案: greeting) ? a dominant individual following an absence or in response to an aggressive gesture, nervous behaviors (答案: subordinates) ? may approach with submissive signals — crouching, presenting the hindquarters, holding a hand out — accompanied by pant — grunts or squeaks. In response, the dominant individual may make gestures of attitudes (答案: reassurance) ?, such as touching, kissing, or embracing.

convincing reassurance leaving subordinates

#189 Chimpanzee Posture

subordinate /sə'bɔ:dɪnət/ /sə'bɔ:rdɪnət/ adj. 从属的, 下级的; 次要的; n. 部属, 下级; 从属, 次要; v. 使从属于, 使处于次要地位; 使隶属, 使服从

reassurance /ri:ə'ʃʊərəns; ,ri:ə'ʃɔ:rəns/ /ri:ə'ʃʊərəns/ n. 安慰, 慰藉; 能消除疑虑的说话 (或行动), 保证

dominant /'dɒmɪnənt/ /'da:mɪnənt/ adj. 占支配地位的, 占优势的; (基因) 显性的; n. 显性 (性

状），显性基因

submissive /səb'mɪsɪv/ /səb'mɪsɪv/ adj. 顺从的，服从的，卑躬屈膝的

黑猩猩的姿势、手势和面部表情在不同个体之间传递许多信息和情感。当在一段时间的缺席后向一个占主导地位的个体问候，或对一个攻击性的手势做出反应时，紧张的下属可能会以顺从的信号接近——如蹲伏、展示臀部、伸出一只手——并伴有喘息声或尖叫声。作为回应，占主导地位的个体可能会做出一些表示安抚的手势，比如触摸、亲吻或拥抱。

#253 Lake Turkana 解析 预测 机经题 简单 考过 (98)

答题时间：01:20

Lake Turkana is a large lake in Kenya, East Africa. This ✓ part (答案: part) ? of Africa was home to some of the first humans. Here, archaeologists have found piles of ✓ bones (答案: bones) ? (both human and animal) and collections of stones that humans used as ✗ weapons (答案: tools) ?. By carefully uncovering and ✓ examining (答案: examining) ? these remains, scientists have started to put together the story of our earliest ancestors. In 2001, a 4 million year-old skeleton was uncovered in the area. Although a link between it and modern-day humans has not been established, the skeleton shows the species was walking upright.

painting city tools notches

#253 Lake Turkana

notch /nɒtʃ/ /nɑ:tʃ/ n. (表面或边缘的) V形刻痕，圆形切口；等级，档次；<美>山峡，峡谷；皮带上(搭扣插入)的孔；vt. <非正式>赢得，获取；(在表面或边缘)刻V形痕，刻下切口

#252 Corn People

#252 Corn People 解析 预测 机经题 困难 考过 (130)

答题时间：01:55

Descendants of the Maya living in Mexico still sometimes refer to themselves as the corn people. The phrase is not intended as ✓ metaphor (答案: metaphor) ?. Rather, it's meant to ✓ acknowledge (答案: acknowledge) ? their abiding dependence on this miraculous grass, the ✗ manifestation (答案: staple) ? of their diet for almost nine thousand years. Forty percent of the calories a Mexican eats in a day comes directly from corn, most of it in the form of tortillas. So when a Mexican says I am maize or corn walking, it is simply a statement of fact: The very substance of the Mexican's body is to a considerable extent a ✗ declaration (答案: manifestation) ? of this plant.

stage staple implicit stable

metaphor /'metəfə(r)/ /'metəfər/ n. 隐喻，暗喻；象征，标志

manifestation /mænɪfə'steɪʃən/ /mænɪfə'steɪʃən/ n. 表现，显现；表现形式；(鬼魂或神灵)出现，显灵；示威运动

staple /'steɪp(ə)l/ /'steɪp(ə)l/

n. (某国的)主要产品，支柱产品；主食；主要内容；<史>(特定商品的)贸易中心；订书钉；U形钉；(棉花、羊毛的)纤维(就其长度和细度而言)

adj. 主要生产的，大量生产的；主要的，常用的

v. 用订书钉订住；把.....分级

答题时间: 02:13

An important corollary of this focus on language as the window to legal epistemology is the central role of
 implements (答案: discourse) ? to law and other sociocultural processes. In particular, the
 ideas (答案: ideas) ? that people hold about how language works combine with linguistic structuring to create powerful, often unconscious effects. In recent years, **linguistic** (答案: linguistic) ? anthropologists have made much progress in developing more precisely analytic **tools** (答案: tools) ? for tracking those effects.

disclosure **speech** **facts** **discourse**

#251 Linguistic Effects

corollary /kə'rɒləri/ /'kɔ:rələri/ n. 推论; 必然的结果

discourse /'dɪskɔ:s/ /'dɪsko:s/

n. 演讲, 论述; 谈话, 交流; 话语, 语篇

v. 高谈阔论, 论述; 交谈

答题时间: 00:53

Fingerprints can **maintain** (答案: prove) ? that a suspect was actually at the scene of a crime. As long as a human entered a crime scene, there will be traces of DNA. DNA can help the police to identify an individual to crack a case. An institute in London can help **reserve** (答案: maintain) ? a DNA database and be used to match with the **samples** (答案: samples) ? taken from the crime scenes.

prove **evidence** **embody**

#248 Fingerprint

embody /ɪm'bɒdi/ /ɪm'ba:dɪ/ v. 具体表现, 体现; 收录, 包括

答题时间: 01:16

Durkheim found humanistic studies uninteresting, **turning** (答案: turning) ? his attention from psychology and philosophy to ethics and eventually, sociology. He graduated with a degree in philosophy in 1882. Durkheim's views could not get him a major academic appointment in Paris, so from 1882 to 1887 he taught philosophy at several provincial schools. In 1885 he **left for** (答案: left for) ? Germany, where he studied sociology for two years. Durkheim's period in Germany **resulted in** (答案: resulted in) ? the publication of numerous articles on German social science and philosophy, which **gained** (答案: gained) ? recognition in France, earning him a teaching appointment at the University of Bordeaux in 1887.

hit **changing** **led off**

#245 Durkheim

lead off /'li:dɒf/

开始, 首先表演: 指首先开始或表演。

开始, 着手: 指开始做某事。

答题时间：02:09

Americans approached a record level of generosity last year. Of the \$260.28bn given to charity in 2005, 76.5% of it came from individual **indebtedness** (答案: donors) ? . These people gave across the range of non-profit bodies, from museums to religious **organizations** (答案: organizations) ?, with a heavy **donors** (答案: emphasis) ? on disaster relief after the Asian tsunami and US hurricanes. In total, Americans gave away 2.2% of their household income in 2005, slightly above 40-year **average** (答案: average) ? .

emphasis **all** **companies**

#244 Donors

generosity /dʒenə'rɒsəti/ /dʒenə'ra:səti/ n. 慷慨，大方

indebtedness /ɪn'detɪdnəs/ /ɪn'detɪdnəs/ n. 债务；受恩惠

indebtedness to 对.....的感激和欠缺：表示对某人或某事物的感激之情

donor /'dəʊnə(r)/ /'dou:nər/ n. 捐献者，捐赠者

去年，美国人的慷慨接近创纪录水平。2005年捐赠给慈善机构的2602.8亿美元中，76.5%来自个人捐赠者。这些人向各种非营利机构捐款，从博物馆到宗教组织，并在亚洲海啸和美国飓风后的灾难救援方面给予了重点支持。总体而言，2005年美国人捐赠了其家庭收入的2.2%，略高于40年来的平均水平。

答题时间：01:04

For many first-year students, the University may be their first **experience** (答案: experience) ? living away from home for an extended period of time. It is a **definite** (答案: definite) ? break from home. The individual's usual **retard** (答案: sources) ? of support are no longer present to **facilitate** (答案: facilitate) ? adjustment to the unfamiliar environment.

classification **bizarre** **ratios** **sources**

#238 Away from Home

retard /rɪ'ta:d/ /rɪ'ta:rd/

v. <正式>阻碍，减缓；减慢，受到阻滞

n. <非正式>弱智，笨蛋；延迟，阻止

bizarre /bɪ'za:(r)/ /bɪ'za:r/ adj. 奇异的，古怪的

classification /klæsɪfɪ'keɪʃ(ə)n/ /klæsɪfɪ'keɪʃ(ə)n/ n. 分类，分级；类别，级别；（动植物等的）分类学，分类法

答题时间: 01:59

The increasing darkness in the Northern Hemisphere this time of year indicates to the plant that

- autumn** (答案: autumn) ? is coming on. So it starts recouping materials from the
- leaves** (答案: leaves) ? before they drop off. Evergreens protect their needle-like foliage from freezing with
- waxy** (答案: waxy) ? coatings and natural "antifreeze." But broadleaf plants, like sugar maples, birches, and sumacs, have no such protections. As a result, they **salvage** (答案: shed) ? their leaves. But before they do, the plants first try to **reassess** (答案: salvage) ? important nutrients such as nitrogen and phosphorus.

summer **slimy** **roots** **shed**

#230 Darkness

shed /ʃed/ /ʃed/

v. 去除, 摆脱; (植物) 落 (叶), (动物) 脱 (皮), 脱 (毛); 脱掉

n. 棚屋, 小屋

salvage /'sælvɪdʒ/ /'sælvɪdʒ/

n. 抢救, 救援; 抢救出的物品

v. 打捞, 抢救; 挽救, 挽回

phosphorus /'fɒsfərəs/ /'fa:sfərəs/ n. 磷**waxy** /'wæksi/ /'wækṣi/ adj. 蜡制的; 像蜡的, 质地光滑的, 柔软的; 蜡色的, 苍白的**slimy** /'slaɪmi/ /'slai̯mi/ adj. 黏滑的; 泥泞的; 谄媚的, 虚伪的

答题时间: 00:40

Researchers already know that spending long periods of time in a zero-gravity **environment** (答案: environment) ? --- such as that inside the International Space Station (ISS) --- results in loss of bone density and

- damage** (答案: damage) ? to the body's **muscles** (答案: muscles) ?. That's partly why stays aboard the ISS are **restricted** (答案: restricted) ? at six months. And now, a number of NASA astronauts are reporting that their 20/20 vision **deteriorated** (答案: deteriorated) ? after spending time in space, with many needing glasses once they returned to Earth.

background **timed** **integrated** **mass** **ability** **devastate**

#226 Space

integrated /'ɪntɪgrɪteɪt/ /'ɪntɪgrɪteɪt/

adj. 各部分密切协调的, 综合的; (机构、团体等) 废止隔离 (尤指种族隔离) 的; (温度、面积等的) 平均值的, 总量的

v. (使) 合并; (使) 加入, 融入群体; (使) 取消种族隔离 (**integrate** 的过去式和过去分词)**deteriorate** /dɪ'tɪəriəreɪt/ /dɪ'tɪriəreɪt/ v. 恶化, 变坏

答题时间: 01:20

Mapping software works with your phone's GPS for the location and then the in-built compass (答案: compass) ? finds north, adjusting to the direction you're facing and pointing (答案: pointing) ? the way. But that's not easy because there are two 'norths'. There's pole (答案: true) ? north - which is the direction of the North Pole and which reliably stays put - and there's magnetic (答案: magnetic) ? north which, thanks to the flowing layer of molten iron in the Earth's outer core (答案: core) ?, has a habit of moving around.

#210 Two Norths

magnetic /mæg'netɪk/ /mæg'netɪk/ adj. 磁的, 磁性的; 磁化的; 有吸引力的, 有魅力的

gadget /'gædʒɪt/ /'gædʒɪt/ n. 小器具, 小玩意儿

spherical /'sfɪrɪkl/ /'sfɪrɪk(ə)l/ adj. 球形的, 球状的; (与) 球体 (有关) 的

sticking /'stɪkɪŋ/ /'stɪkɪŋ/ adj. 粘的; 有粘性的

v. 刺入; 伸出; (非正式) 使支付; 粘住; 坚持 (stick 的现在分词形式)

答题时间: 05:14

Low fertility is a concern for many OECD countries as they face the prospect of population aging. This article makes

comparisons (答案: comparisons) ? between Australia and seven other OECD countries in fertility rates between 1970 and 2004. Changing age associations (答案: patterns) ? of fertility are also compared and show that for most of the countries, women are postponing (答案: postponing) ? childbirth and having fewer babies. The gaps (答案: associations) ? of women's education levels and rates of employment with fertility are also delayed (答案: explored) ? |

#90 Low Fertility

低生育率是许多经合组织 (OECD) 国家面临人口老龄化前景时的一个重要问题。本文对澳大利亚与另外七个经合组织国家在1970年至2004年期间的生育率进行了比较。还对比了生育年龄模式的变化，结果显示，对于大多数国家来说，女性正在推迟生育并生育更少的孩子。女性教育水平和就业率与生育率之间的关联也得到了探讨。

答题时间: 01:52

An exhibit that brings together for the first time (答案: time) ? landscapes painted by French impressionist Pierre-Auguste Renoir comes (答案: comes) ? to the National Gallery of Canada this June. The muster (答案: gallery) ? in Ottawa worked with the National Gallery of London and the Philadelphia Museum of Art to pull (答案: pull) ? together the collection of 60 Renoir paintings (答案: paintings) ? from 45 public and private collections.

gets **masterpiece** **gallery**

#201 Canada Gallery

pull together

齐心协力：指为了共同的目标而团结合作。

整理，收拾：指整理、收拾物品或情绪。

muster /'mʌstə(r)/ /'mʌstər/

v. 寻求，聚集（支持、勇气等）；召集，（尤指士兵）集合；<澳新>赶拢（牛、羊）

n. （尤指视察、检阅或演习时部队的）集合，集结

答题时间: 01:45

Despite transport problems being a topic of frequent dinner table conversation, comprehensive

assessment (答案: assessment) ? of policy directions for transport has been the subject of remarkably little academic analysis. This chapter introduces the scope of the book, which is intended to help redress this disadvantages (答案: shortcoming) ?. The primary focus is on shortcoming (答案: urban) ? transport policy, with the emphasis being on policy analysis rather than analysis of the policy process. Importantly, the chapter sets out some key propositions that have been important in shaping the authors' approach to the particular matters that are considered in subsequent chapters.

urban **cities**

redress /rɪ'dres/ /rɪ'dres/

v. 纠正；重新放直；重新调整，使恢复（平衡）；赔偿；救济

n. 赔偿；矫正；救济

尽管交通问题经常成为餐桌上的话题，但对交通政策方向的全面评估在学术分析中却很少见。本章介绍了本书的范围，旨在帮助弥补这一不足。主要内容集中在城市交通政策上，重点在于政策分析而非政策过程的分析。重要的是，本章提出了一些关键命题，这些命题在塑造作者们处理后续章节中所考虑的具体问题的方法方面起到了重要作用。

答题时间: 00:19

Pewter is an attractive metal which has been used for the **production** (答案: production) ? of household and other items in Britain since Roman times. It is an alloy **consisting** (答案: consisting) ? mostly of tin which has been **mixed** (答案: mixed) ? with small amounts of other metals such as copper, lead or antimony to **harden** (答案: harden) ? it and make it more durable.

prompted **distribution** **soften** **containing**

#196 Pewter

consist of /kən'sɪst/ v. 由.....组成：指由指定的事物或人组成。

pewter /'pjʊ:tə(r)/ /'pjʊ:tər/ n. 白蜡；青灰色

tin /tɪn/ /tɪn/ n. 锡 (一种化学元素，符号为 Sn) ; <英>罐，罐头盒；(用于储存糕点或饼干的)有盖金属盒，金属食品盒；<英>(盛涂料、胶水等的)马口铁罐，白铁桶；<英>烤模，烤盘；镀锡铁皮，马口铁(tinplate 的简称)；<英>长方形面包；adj. 锡制的；v. 在.....上镀锡(或包锡)

copper /'kɒpə(r)/ /'kɑ:pər/ n. 铜；铜钱，铜币；<非正式>警察；灰蝶，铜色蝶；adj. 紫铜色的，红棕色的；vt. 用铜包，给.....镀铜

antimony /'æntɪməni/ /'æntɪməni/ n. (化学元素) 锑元素(符号 Sb)

alloy /'ælɔɪ/ /'ælɔɪ/ n. 合金；(与贵金属混合的)劣等金属；v. 把(金属)铸成合金；<文>损坏，使(价值)降低

答题时间: 00:19

McLuhan's preeminent theory was his idea that human history could be **divided** (答案: divided) ? into four eras: the acoustic age, the literary age, the print age and the electronic age. He **released** (答案: released) ? the concept in a 1962 book called The Gutenberg Galaxy, which was **outlined** (答案: outlined) ? just as the television was starting to become popular. He **predicted** (答案: predicted) ? the world was entering the fourth, electronic age, which would be **acknowledged** (答案: characterized) ? by a community of people brought together by technology. He called it the "global village", and said it would be an age when everyone had access to the same information through technology. The "global village" could be understood to be the internet.

will **underlay** **closed** **characterized**

#194 McLuhan

preeminent /'pri:emɪnənt/ /'pri:emɪnənt/ adj. 卓越的；超群的

acoustic /ə'ku:stɪk/ /ə'ku:stɪk/ adj. 声音的，听觉的；(乐器)原声的；n. 音响效果，音质

literary /'lɪtərəri/ /'lɪtərəri/ adj. 文学的，书面的；爱好文学的

outline /'aʊtlain/ /'aʊtlain/ n. 轮廓，外形；提纲，大纲；v. 概述，勾勒

release /rɪ'lɪ:s/ /rɪ'lɪ:s/ v. 释放，公布，发行；n. 释放，发布

be characterized by /bi 'kærəktəraɪzd bəɪ/ 以.....为特征

答题时间: 00:09

What is music? In one sense, this is an easy question (答案: question) ? . Even the least musical among us can recognize pieces of music when we hear them and name a few canonical examples (答案: examples) ? . We know there are different kinds of music and, even if our knowledge (答案: knowledge) ? of music is restricted, we know which kinds we like and which kinds we do not.

volume issue classes

#193 Music

canonical /kə'na:nɪkl/ /kə'na:nɪkl/ adj. 根据教规的, 按照宗教法规的; 真经的, 正经的; 标准的, 典范的

答题时间: 00:10

Built in 1880 on 4,000 acres of land (答案: land) ? outside of the Chicago city limits, Pullman, Illinois, was the first industrial planned community (答案: community) ? in the United States. George Pullman, of the Pullman railroad Car Company, built the south residential portion of the company town first, which contained 531 factories (答案: houses) ?, some of which stand today more or less as they did originally.

houses soil workers

#192 Pullman

land /lænd/ /lænd/ n. 陆地, 地面; 土地 (尤指耕地或建筑用地); 地产, 地皮; 农耕, 农村生活; 国度, 国土

建于1880年的普尔曼 (Pullman), 位于芝加哥市界限外的4000英亩土地上, 是美国第一个工业规划社区。普尔曼铁路车厢公司的乔治·普尔曼首先建造了公司城镇的南住宅区, 该区域包含531座房屋, 其中一些房屋至今仍然基本保持原貌。

答题时间: 00:14

If consciousness comes in degrees, then how far along on the spectrum is the octopus? Octopuses almost certainly feel pain. They nurse and protect injured (答案: injured) ? body parts, and show a preference not to be touched near wounds. In addition to feeling pain, octopuses also have complicated (答案: sophisticated) ? sensory capacities: excellent eyesight, and acute sensitivity to taste and smell. This, together with their large nervous systems and sophisticated (答案: complex) ? behavior makes it all but certain. The question of what subjective experience might be like for an octopus is made (答案: complicated) ? by the odd relationship between its brain and body.

exquisite simple complex hurting

#136 Octopus

consciousness /'kɒnʃəns/ /'ka:nʃəns/ n. 知觉, 清醒; 思想, 意识; (群体的) 观念体系; 感知, 察觉

consensus /kən'sensəs/ /kən'sensəs/ n. 一致看法, 共识

spectrum /'spektrəm/ /'spekrəm/ n. 范围, 幅度; 光谱; 波谱, 频谱; 余象

octopus /'ɒktəpəs/ /'ɑ:kəpʊs/ n. 章鱼; 章鱼肉

sophisticated /sə'fɪstɪkeɪtɪd/ /sə'fɪstɪkeɪtɪd/ adj. 见多识广的, 老练的; 复杂巧妙的, 先进的; 水平

高的，在行的；时尚的，精致的

complex /'kɒmplɪks/ /kəm'pleks/ adj. 复杂的，难懂的；组合的，合成的；（句子）复合的；复数的，复的；配合的，络合的

complicated /'kɒmplɪkeɪtɪd/ /'ka:mplɪkeɪtɪd/ adj. 复杂的，难处理的

acute /ə'kjū:t/ /ə'kju:t/ adj. 严重的，危险的；急性的，剧烈的；灵敏的；敏锐的；锐角的

transmission /trænz'mɪʃ(ə)n/ /trænz'mɪʃ(ə)n/ n. （信号的）播送，发送；信息，广播；传递，传播，传染

transition /træn'zɪʃ(ə)n/ /træn'zɪʃ(ə)n/ n. 过渡，转变；（分子生物）转换；（乐）临时转调；（物理）跃迁，转变

#164 Gauss 解析 预测 机经题 困难

考过 (41)

答题时间：00:13

Gauss was a child prodigy. There are many anecdotes (答案: anecdotes) concerning his precocity as a child, and he made his first ground-breaking mathematical reputation (答案: discoveries) while still a teenager. At just three years old, he modified (答案: corrected) an error in his father payroll calculations, and he was looking after his father's accounts on a regular corrected (答案: basis) by the age of 5. At the age of 7, he is reported to have amazed his teachers by summing the integers from 1 to 100 almost instantly (having quickly spotted that the sum was actually 50 pairs of numbers, with each pair summing to 101, total 5,050). By the age of 12, he was already attending gymnasium and criticizing Euclid's geometry.

researchers discoveries basis system

#164 Gauss

on a regular basis 定期地，经常地：指按照固定的时间间隔或频率进行的活动。

reputation /,repju'teɪʃ(ə)n/ /,repju'teɪʃ(ə)n/ n. 名誉，名声

basis /'beɪsɪs/ /'beɪsɪs/ n. 基础，要素；基准，方式；理由，根据

#97 Well-being 解析 预测 机经题 中等

考过 (65)

答题时间：00:14

Life in the UK 2012 provides a unique overview of well-being in the UK today. The report is the first snapshot of

life (答案: life) in the UK to be delivered by the Measuring National Well-being program and will be

updated (答案: updated) and published annually. Well-being is discussed in terms of the economy, people and the

environment. Information such as the unemployment rate or number (答案: number) of crimes against the person

is presented alongside data (答案: data) on people's thoughts and feelings, for example, satisfaction with our

jobs or leisure (答案: leisure) time and fear of crime. Together, a richer picture on 'how society is doing' is

provided.

range busy hordes set ideas

#97 Well-being

horde /hɔ:d/ /ho:rd/ n. 一大群，群；游牧部落

答题时间: 00:16

Upholding the motto of "Integrity, Vision and Academic Excellence", Shanghai International Studies University (SISU) is an internationally recognized, ✓ prestigious (答案: prestigious) ? academic institution distinctive for its multidisciplinary and multicultural nature, committed to preparing innovative professionals and future global leaders for a wide range of international expertise to address the critical challenges of our times. Drawing on our strengths in multi-language programs and multi-disciplinary resources, while responding to national and regional strategies, we operate more than 70 research institutes and centers serving as academic think tanks to provide advisory services on language policies, diplomatic strategies and global public ✗ ideas (答案: opinion) ? of China. These academic entities have contributed landmark research and are also dedicated to promoting the development of social sciences in China. We have now established partnerships with more than 330 ✓ universities (答案: universities) ? and institutions from 56 countries and regions, and have ✓ maintained (答案: maintained) ? close connection with international organizations, including the United Nations and the European Union.

opinion reputation create keep

#142 Shanghai International Studies University
global public opinion 全球舆论

答题时间: 00:19

In geologic terms, a plate is a large, rigid slab of solid rock. The word tectonics comes from the Greek ✗ foundation (答案: root) ? "to build". Putting these two words together, we get the term plate tectonics, which ✓ refers (答案: refers) ? to how the Earth's surface is built of plates. The theory of plate tectonics ✗ indicates (答案: states) ? that the Earth's outermost layer is ✗ made (答案: fragmented) ? into a dozen or more large and small plates that are moving ✓ relative (答案: relative) ? to one another.

states fragmented root around pieced

#143 Plates

tectonics /tek'tɔnɪks/ /tek'ta:nɪks/ n. 构造学, 构造地质学**fragment** /'frægmənt/ /'frægmənt/ n. 碎片; 片段; 残存部分; v. (使)破碎, 分裂

从地质学的角度来看, 板块是指一大块坚硬的固体岩石。“构造”(tectonics)一词来源于希腊语中的“构建”。将这两个词结合起来, 我们得到了“板块构造论”这一术语, 它指的是地球表面是如何由多个板块构成的。板块构造理论指出, 地球最外层被分割成十几个或更多的大板块和小板块, 这些板块相互之间在相对移动。

答题时间: 00:16

We now know through the work of neuroscientists that the human brain is wired to mimic other people, and this mimicry involves actual involuntary physiological x reflect (答案: experience) ? in the observer. Human beings tend to ✓ imitate (答案: imitate) ? actions that they see. Physiologically, our brains include mirror neurons, which ✓ react (答案: react) ? to actions that are seen as if we are doing the action ourselves. It is largely an unconscious and automatic experience. When we hear people speak, observe their vocal x differences (答案: nuances) ?, watch their posture, gestures, and facial expressions, etc, neural networks in our brains are stimulated by the "shared representations" generating feelings within us that x feeling (答案: reflect) ? the experience of those we are observing.

experience nonsense aim nuances moderate

#146 Neuroscientists

experience /ɪk'spiəriəns/ /ɪk'spɪriəns/ n. 经历，往事；经验，阅历；传统；v. 经历，遭遇；体会到，感受到

physiological /fɪzɪə'lɒdʒɪk(ə)l/ /fɪzɪə'lɑ:dʒɪk(ə)l/ adj. 生理的，生理机能的；生理学的

involuntary /ɪn'veləntri/ /ɪn'va:lənteri/ adj. 无意识的；自然而然的；不知不觉的

nuance /'nu:əns/ /nu:a:ns/ n. 细微差别；v. 使产生细微差别

我们现在通过神经科学家的研究了解到，人类大脑天生会模仿他人的行为，这种模仿涉及观察者实际的、不由自主的生理体验。人们倾向于模仿他们看到的动作。从生理学角度来看，我们的大脑中包含镜像神经元，这些神经元会对看到的动作作出反应，仿佛我们自己在执行那些动作一样。这在很大程度上是一种无意识且自动的体验。当我们听到人们说话时，观察他们的语音细微差别、姿势、手势和面部表情等，我们大脑中的神经网络会被“共享表征”所刺激，从而产生反映我们所观察对象体验的感受。

答题时间: 00:11

Many people today think of culture in the way that it was thought of in Europe during the 18th and early 19th centuries. This

✓ concept (答案: concept) ? of culture reflected inequalities within European societies and their colonies around the world. This understanding of culture equates culture with civilization and contrasts both with nature or non-civilization. According to this understanding of culture, some countries are more civilized than others, and some people are more cultured than others.

Anything that doesn't fit into this category is labeled as chaos or anarchy. From this perspective, culture is closely tied to cultivation, which is the progressive refinement of human ✓ behavior (答案: behavior) ?. In practice, culture referred to elite goods and activities such as haute cuisine, high fashion or haute couture, museum-caliber art and classical music. The word cultured referred to people who knew about and took part in these activities. For example, someone who used culture in this sense might

✓ argue (答案: argue) ? that classical music is more refined than music by working-class people, such as jazz or the indigenous music traditions of aboriginal peoples.

punchline results doubt conscript

#131 Concept of Culture

cultivation /kʌltɪ'veɪʃ(ə)n/ /kʌltɪ'veɪʃ(ə)n/ n. 开垦，耕作；栽培，种植

progressive /prə'gresɪv/ /prə'gresɪv/ adj. 进步的，先进的；逐步发生的；向前移动的；(音乐)现代的；(税制)累进的；(动词)进行式的；n. 进步分子，改革派人士；进行时(或体)

refined /rɪ'faɪnd/ /rɪ'faɪnd/ adj. 精炼的；有教养的，文雅的；精确的；v. 精炼，提纯；改进，改善；使文雅 (refine 的过去式和过去分词)

inequality /ɪnɪ'kwɒləti/ /ɪnɪ'kwa:ləti/ n. (大小、程度、情况等的) 不同，不平等；(数学) 不等式
今天许多人对文化的理解与18世纪和19世纪初欧洲的文化观念相似。这种概念反映了欧洲社会及其全球殖民地内部的不平等。根据这种文化理解，文化等同于文明，并与自然或非文明形成对比。按照这种观

点，有些国家比其他国家更文明，有些人比其他人更有教养。任何不符合这一类别的事物都被标记为混乱或无政府状态。从这个角度来看，文化与修养紧密相关，而修养是指人类行为的逐步精炼。在实践中，文化指的是精英商品和活动，如高级美食、高端时尚或高级定制服装、博物馆级别的艺术和古典音乐。“有教养的”这个词指的是那些了解并参与这些活动的人。例如，用这种意义上的文化，有人可能会争辩说，古典音乐比工人阶级的音乐（如爵士乐或原住民的传统音乐）更加精致。

#128 Health Professionals 解析 预测 机经题 困难

考过 (113)

答题时间: 00:18

People who visit health professionals tend to be older than the general (答案: general) ? population, because illness increases with age. However, the majority (答案: proportion) ? of the population who visited complementary health therapists (答案: therapists) ? was highest between the ages 25 and 64 years. The lower rates for people aged 65 years and over elder (答案: contrasted) ? with the rate of visits to other health professionals which increased steadily with increasing age. The reasons for this difference might include lower levels of acceptance (答案: acceptance) ? of complementary therapies by older people. Alternatively, older people may have different treatment priorities than do younger people because their health on average is worse while their incomes are generally lower.

public proportion independence contrasted health doctors controlled

#128 Health Professionals

proportion /prə'po:ʃ(ə)n/ /prə'po:rʃ(ə)n/ n. 部分，份额；比例；正确的比例，均衡；大小，程度 (proportions)

contrast /'kɒntræst/ /'kɔ:ntræst/ n. 差异，对比；对照物，明显不同的事物；(摄影或绘画中的) 颜色反差，明暗对比；(电视屏幕的) 图像明暗对比度，反差；v. 对比，对照；显出明显的差异，形成对比

complementary /,kɒmplɪ'ment(ə)rɪ/ /,ka:mplɪ'ment(ə)rɪ/ adj. 相互补充的，相辅相成的；互补色的；(基因序列、核苷酸等) 互补的

#127 Australia 解析 预测 机经题 困难

考过 (20)

答题时间: 00:21

Australia is a dynamic multi-cultural society, viewed by many as the world's most desirable place to live. Here Frank Welsh traces Australia's intriguing and varied history to revive (答案: examine) ? how this society continues (答案: emerged) ? , from its ancient Aborigine tribes and earliest British convict sparsely (答案: settlements) ? to today's modern nation - one that remains (答案: retains) ? strong links with its colonial past but is increasingly (答案: increasingly) ? independent and diverse.

emerged examine transpired retains settlements forceful

#127 Australia

intriguing /ɪn'tri:gɪŋ/ /ɪn'tri:gɪŋ/ adj. 非常有趣的，引人入胜的；v. 引起.....的兴趣；策划阴谋

intrigue /ɪn'tri:g/ /ɪn'tri:g/ v. 激起.....的兴趣，引发.....的好奇心；密谋；n. 密谋策划，阴谋；秘密的恋情；神秘力量

emerge /ɪ'mɜ:dʒ/ /ɪ'mɜ:rdʒ/ v. 浮现，出现；显露，知悉；恢复过来，幸存下来；形成，兴起

convict /kən'veikt/ /kən'veikt/ v. 定罪，宣判.....有罪；n. 已决犯，服刑囚犯

settlement /'set(ə)lmənt/ /'set(ə)lmənt/ n. (解决争端的) 协议，和解；定居点，聚居地；殖民，开拓

revive /rɪ'veɪv/ /rɪ'veɪv/ v. (使) 复原，(使) 复苏；重新唤起，重新记起；重新使用，使复兴

retain /rɪ'teɪn/ /rɪ'teɪn/ v. 保持，保留；保存，储存

remain /rɪ'meɪn/ /rɪ'meɪn/ v.逗留,留下;剩余,遗留;保持不变,一直是;仍需去做(或处理);
n.剩余(物),遗迹;遗体,残骸

澳大利亚是一个充满活力的多元文化社会,被许多人视为世界上最理想的生活之地。在这里,弗兰克·威尔士追溯了澳大利亚丰富多彩的历史,以探讨这个社会是如何形成的一从古老的原住民部落和最早的英国流放定居点,到今天的现代国家——这个国家仍然保留着与殖民地过去的紧密联系,但同时变得越来越独立和多样化。

#117 Colorful Poison Frogs

解析 预测 机经题 中等

考过(46)

答题时间: 00:19

Colorful poison frogs in the Amazon owe their great diversity (答案: diversity) ? to ancestors that leapt into the region from the Andes Mountains several times during the last 10 million years, a new study from The University of Texas at Austin suggests. This is the first study to show that the Andes have been a major (答案: major) ? source of diversity for the Amazon basin, one of the largest reservoirs (答案: reservoirs) ? of biological diversity on Earth. The finding runs accordant (答案: counter) ? to the idea that Amazonian diversity is the result of evolution only within the tropical (答案: tropical) ? forest itself. "Basically, the Amazon basin is a melting pot for South American frogs," says graduate student Juan Santos, lead author of the study. "Poison frogs there have come from multiple places of origin, notably the Andes Mountains, over many millions of years. We have shown that you cannot understand Amazonian biodiversity by looking only in the basin. Adjacent regions have played a major role."

essential counter territories ruin

#117 Colorful Poison Frogs

accordant /ə'kɔ:dənt/ /ə'kɔ:rdənt/ adj.一致的;调和的

reservoir /'rezəvwa:(r)/ /'rezərvwə:(r)/ n.水库,蓄水池;储藏,蓄积

#95 White Paper

解析 预测 机经题 困难

考过(132)

答题时间: 00:19

Let us then suppose the mind to be, as we say, white paper, void (答案: void) ? of all characters, without any ideas: - How comes it to be furnished? Whence comes it by that vast store which the busy and boundless (答案: boundless) ? fancy of man has painted on it with an almost endless variety? Whence has it all the materials of reason and knowledge? To this I answer, in one word, from experience. In that, all our knowledge is sponsored (答案: founded) ? ; and from that it ultimately founded (答案: derives) ? itself.

fancies useless sight derives

#95 White Paper

derive /dr'raɪv/ /dɪ'raɪv/ v.获得,取得;起源于,来自;提取,衍生(化学物质)

答题时间: 00:27

Discrimination against women has been alleged in hiring practices for many occupations, but it is extremely difficult to demonstrate sex-biased hiring. A change in (答案: in) ? the way symphony orchestras recruit (答案: recruit) ? musicians provides an unusual way to test for sex-biased hiring. To overcome possible biases in hiring, most orchestras advanced (答案: revised) ? their audition policies in the 1970s and 1980s. A major change involved the use of 'blind' auditions with a 'screen' to conceal (答案: conceal) ? the identity of the candidate from the jury. Female musicians in the top five symphony orchestras in the United States were less than 5% of all players in 1970 but are 25% today. We ask whether women were more likely to be advanced and/or hired with the use of 'blind' auditions. Using data from actual auditions in an individual fixed-effects framework, we find that the screen increases (答案: increases) ? by 50% the probability a woman will be stood (答案: advanced) ? out of certain preliminary rounds. The screen also enhances, by several fold, the likelihood a female contestant will be the winner in the final round. Using data on orchestra personnel, the switch to 'blind' auditions can explain between 30% and 55% of the increase in the proportion female among new hires and between 25% and 46% of the increase in the percentage female in the

on employ revised decreases exchanged reveal peaks steal

#93 Sex-biased Hiring

conceal /kən'si:l/ /kən'si:l/ v. 隐匿, 隐藏; 隐瞒 (真实感情或真相); 遮盖, 遮住

recruit /rɪ'kru:t/ /rɪ'kru:t/ v. 招聘, 招收 (新成员); 招募 (新兵); 说服, 动员

symphony orchestra /'sɪmfəni ɔ:kɪstrə/ 交响乐团

答题时间: 00:15

Sportswomen's records are important and need to be preserved. And if the paper records don't

exist (答案: exist) ?, we need to get out and start interviewing people, not to put too fine a focus (答案: point) ? on it, while we still have a chance (答案: chance) ?. After all, if the records aren't kept in some form or another, then the stories are lost (答案: lost) ? too.

appear admit opportunity point disappear

#68 Sportswomen

not to put too fine a point on it 直言不讳、毫不掩饰地说

frankly speaking 毫不掩饰地说

答题时间: 00:15

The closures have been blamed on a fall (答案: fall) ? in student applications, but money is a factor (答案: factor) ? : chemistry degrees are expensive to provide - compared with English, for example - and some scientists say that the way the government concentrates funding (答案: funding) ? on a small number of top departments, such as Bristol, increases the risk (答案: risk) ? .

 profit motive rise

#14 University Science

这些关闭被归咎于学生申请数量的下降，但资金也是一个因素：提供化学学位的成本较高——与英语等学科相比——有些科学家认为，政府将资金集中在少数顶尖院系（如布里斯托尔）的方式增加了风险。

答题时间: 00:11

History is selective. What history books tell us about the past is not everything that happened, but what historians have selected (答案: selected) ? . They cannot put in everything: choices have to be made. Choices must similarly be made about which aspects of the past should be formally taught to the next generation in the shape of school history lessons. So, for example, when a national school curriculum for England and Wales was first discussed at the end of the 1980s, the history curriculum was the subject of considerable public and media interest (答案: interest) ? . Politicians argued about it; people wrote letters to the press about it; the Prime Minister of the time, Margaret Thatcher, intervened (答案: intervened) ? in the debate.

 passion screened paused

#184 History

答题时间: 00:15

An ice storm is a type of weather (答案: weather) ? when icy (答案: cold) ? rainfall comes down into the cold air and the water turns into ice (答案: ice) ? . Once there were more (答案: more) ? than 16,000 households which had a blackout after (答案: during) ? an ice storm as the cables snapped with ice weighing on them.

 cold during rather climate

#80 Ice Storm

blackout /'blækəʊt/ /'blækəʊt/ n. 断电；灯火熄灭；暂时的意识丧失

icy /'aɪsi/ /'aɪsi/ adj. 冰冷的；结冰的；不友好的，冷漠的

答题时间: 00:16

The allure of the book has always been negative and ✗ prey (答案: positive) ?, for the texts and pictures between the covers have helped many young readers to ✓ discover (答案: discover) ? and grasp the world around them in a pleasurable and meaningful way. But the allure has also enabled authors and publishers to ✗ present (答案: prey) ? upon young readers' dispositions and desires and to ✗ show (答案: sell) ? them a menu that turns out to be junk food.

beneficial sell invent positive read find pray

#96 Allure of Book

prey /'preɪ/ /preɪ/ n. 猎物，捕获物；受害者，受骗者；<古>掠夺品；v. 捕食；欺凌，坑害（尤指弱者）；不断困扰，折磨

pleasurable /'pleʒərəbl/ /'pleʒərəbl/ adj. 快乐的；心情舒畅的；令人愉快的

书籍的魅力始终是正面的和（答案：负面的），因为封面上下的文字和图片帮助许多年轻读者以愉悦且有意义的方式（答案：发现）并理解周围的世界。但这种魅力也让作者和出版商得以（答案：利用）年轻读者的倾向和愿望，向他们（答案：推销）一份最终被证明是“垃圾食品”的菜单。

答题时间: 00:15

Volcanoes blast more than 100 million tons of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere every year but the gas is usually

✓ harmless (答案: harmless) ? . When a volcano erupts, carbon dioxide spreads out into the atmosphere and isn't ✗ harmful (答案: concentrated) ? in one spot. But sometimes the gas gets trapped ✗ cloud (答案: underground) ? under enormous pressure. If it escapes to the surface in a dense ✗ underground (答案: cloud) ? , it can push out oxygen-rich air and become deadly.

concentrated dangerous aimed air atmosphere collected over fact

#102 Volcanoes

火山每年向大气中喷发超过一亿吨的二氧化碳，但这种气体通常是（答案：无害的）。当火山喷发时，二氧化碳会扩散到大气中，并不会（答案：集中）在一个地方。但有时，这种气体会在巨大的压力下被困（答案：地下）。如果它以浓密的（答案：云团）形式逃逸到地表，就可能将富含氧气的空气推开，从而变得致命。

答题时间: 00:12

Although Botswana is rich in diamonds, it has high unemployment and stratified socioeconomic classes. In 1999, the nation ✓ suffered (答案: suffered) ? its first budget deficit in 16 years ✓ because (答案: because) ? of a slump in the international diamond market. Yet Botswana ✓ remains (答案: remains) ? one of the wealthiest and most stable countries on the African ✓ continent (答案: continent) ? .

endure while enjoyed

#1 Botswana

stratify /'strætɪfaɪ/ /'strætɪfaɪ/ vt. 分层; 成层; 使形成阶层; vi. 分层; 成层; 阶层化

slump /slʌmp/ /slʌmp/ v. (价格、价值、数量等) 跌落, 猛跌; 惨败, 猛跌; (因无力站立而) 倒下, 倚, 靠; (肩或脑袋) 垂拉着; n. (价格、销售额、利润等的) 突然下跌; (经济的) 不景气, 萧条