# Modeling\_NN\_GloVe\_LSTM

July 27, 2022

In this notebook, we will use GloVe with LSTM.

## 1 Importing Libraries

```
[]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import string
     import seaborn as sns
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
     from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, plot_confusion_matrix
     from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
     from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
     from sklearn.preprocessing import FunctionTransformer
     from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
     from gensim.models import word2vec
     import tensorflow as tf
     from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
     from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense, LSTM, Embedding, Flatten
     from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout, Activation, Bidirectional,
      →GlobalMaxPool1D
     from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
     from tensorflow.keras import initializers, regularizers, constraints, __
      ⇔optimizers, layers
     from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import text, sequence
     from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
     from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
     import tensorflow_hub as hub
     import tensorflow_datasets as tfds
```

```
from IPython import display
import pathlib
import shutil
import tempfile
!pip install -q git+https://github.com/tensorflow/docs
import tensorflow_docs as tfdocs
import tensorflow_docs.modeling
import tensorflow_docs.plots
print("Version: ", tf.__version__)
print("Hub version: ", hub. version )
print("GPU is", "available" if tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU') else "NOT_
→AVAILABLE")
logdir = pathlib.Path(tempfile.mkdtemp())/"tensorboard_logs"
shutil.rmtree(logdir, ignore_errors=True)
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Version: 2.8.2 Hub version: 0.12.0 GPU is available

[]: !nvidia-smi

```
| GPU GI CI PID Type Process name GPU Memory |
| ID ID Usage |
|------|
| No running processes found |
```

## 2 Functions We Use

The functions that we use in this notebook are located in this section. The first function is the neural network that we will train on the training set. The next two functions perform some basic cleaning and the last function prints the result of the training.

#### 2.0.1 Cleaning the data

### 2.0.2 Printing the results

```
def print_results(model):
    train_loss = model.history.history["loss"]
    train_acc = model.history.history["accuracy"]

    test_loss = model.history.history["val_loss"]
    test_acc = model.history.history["val_accuracy"]

    sns.set(font_scale=1)

    cf_matrix_test = confusion_matrix(y_test, np.rint(model.opredict(padded_test)))
    cf_matrix_train = confusion_matrix(y_train, np.rint(model.opredict(padded_train)))

    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2, figsize=(10,10))
    ax1 = axes[0][0]

    g = sns.heatmap(cf_matrix_test, annot=True, cmap='Blues', ax = ax1)
```

```
g.xaxis.set_ticklabels(['Fake','True'])
g.yaxis.set_ticklabels(['Fake','True'])
ax1.set_title("Confusion Matrix for Test Set")
ax2 = axes[0][1]
g = sns.heatmap(cf_matrix_train, annot=True, cmap='Blues', ax = ax2)
g.xaxis.set_ticklabels(['Fake','True'])
g.yaxis.set_ticklabels(['Fake','True'])
ax2.set_title("Confusion Matrix for Train Set")
ax3 = axes[1][0]
g = sns.lineplot(x = range(1,len(train_loss)+1),
                 y = train_loss,
                 label = "train_loss", ax = ax3);
g = sns.lineplot(x = range(1,len(test_loss)+1),
                 y = test_loss,
                 label = "test_loss", ax = ax3);
ax3.set_title("Loss vs. Epochs")
ax4 = axes[1][1]
g = sns.lineplot(x = range(1,len(train_acc)+1),
                 y = train_acc,
                 label = "train_accuracy", ax = ax4);
g = sns.lineplot(x = range(1,len(test_acc)+1),
                 y = test_acc,
                 label = "test_accuracy", ax = ax4);
ax4.set_title("Accuracy vs. Epochs")
### Presenting Classification Report as a DataFrame
```

```
train_class = classification_report(y_train, np.rint(model.
⇔predict(padded_train)),
                                       output_dict = True)
  test_class = classification_report(y_test, np.rint(model.
→predict(padded_test)),
                                       output_dict = True)
  train_df = pd.DataFrame(train_class)
  test_df = pd.DataFrame(test_class)
  train_df["data"] = "TRAIN"
  test df["data"] = "TEST"
  report = pd.concat([test_df, train_df], axis = 0)
  report.rename(columns = {"1": f"{list(le.inverse_transform([1]))[0]}",
                            "0": f"{list(le.inverse_transform([0]))[0]}"}, u
→inplace = True)
  report["index"] = list(report.index)
  report.set_index(["data", "index"], inplace = True)
  for item in list(report.columns):
      report[item] = report[item].apply(lambda x: np.round(x,2))
  return report
```

# 3 Importing Data

```
print("DONE!")
    DONE!
[]: le = LabelEncoder()
     X_train = train["cleaned"].values
     y_train = le.fit_transform(train["label"])
     X test = test["cleaned"].values
     y_test = le.transform(test["label"])
[]: X_train[0].split()
[]: ['april', 'giraffe', 'zoo', 'want', 'name', 'calf']
    4 Importing GloVe
[]: total_vocabulary = set(word for headline in X_train for word in headline.
     ⇔split())
     print(len(total_vocabulary))
     glove = {}
     with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Fake-Real-News-Classification/Modeling/glove.
      ⇔840B.300d.txt', 'rb') as f:
        for line in f:
            parts = line.split()
             word = parts[0].decode('utf-8')
             if word in total_vocabulary:
                 vector = np.array(parts[1:], dtype=np.float32)
                 glove[word] = vector
     print("DONE!")
    94186
    DONE!
[]: len(list(glove.keys()))
     glove[list(glove.keys())[0]].shape[0]
```

[]: 300

```
[]: max_features = 1000
     # max_len = glove[list(glove.keys())[0]].shape[0]
     max_len = 250
     ## Train Set
     tokenizer = text.Tokenizer(num_words= max_features)#, oov_token= "<00V>")
     tokenizer.fit_on_texts(X_train)
     word index = tokenizer.word index
     tokenized_train = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
     padded_train = pad_sequences(tokenized_train, maxlen = max_len,__
      ⇔truncating="post")
     ## Test Set
     tokenized_test = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
                  = pad_sequences(tokenized_test,maxlen=max_len)
     padded test
     print(len(word_index))
    93782
[]: embedding_dim = glove[list(glove.keys())[0]].shape[0]
     embedding_matrix = np.zeros((len(word_index) + 1 , embedding_dim))
     for key, val in word_index.items():
        if key in glove.keys():
           embedding_matrix[val] = glove[key]
[]: embedding_layer = Embedding(embedding_matrix.shape[0], embedding_matrix.
      \hookrightarrowshape[1],
                                 weights = [embedding_matrix],
                                 input_length = max_len,
                                 trainable = False)
[]: #Defining Neural Network
     model = Sequential()
     #Non-trainable embeddidng layer
     model.add(Embedding(embedding_matrix.shape[0], embedding_matrix.shape[1],
                         weights=[embedding_matrix], input_length=max_len,_
      ⇔trainable=False))
     #LSTM
```

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer 1stm will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel as fallback when running on GPU. WARNING:tensorflow:Layer 1stm\_1 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel as fallback when running on GPU.

```
[]: model.fit(padded_train, y_train, epochs=40, batch_size=3000, validation_data=(padded_test, y_test))
print("fitting to the model is DONE!")
print_results(model)
```

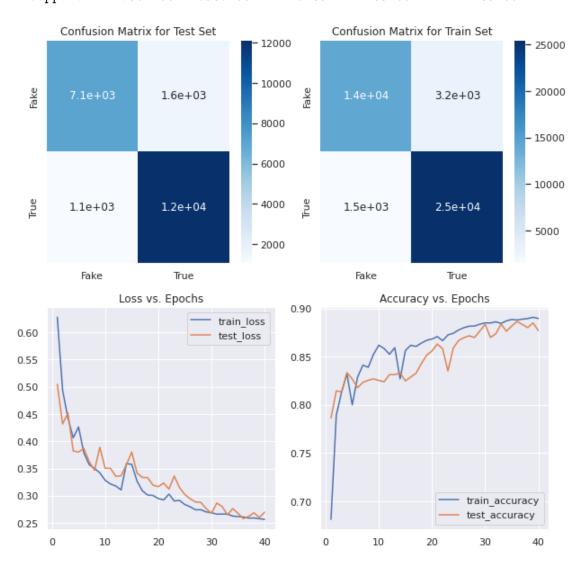
```
Epoch 1/40
0.6813 - val_loss: 0.5044 - val_accuracy: 0.7864
Epoch 2/40
0.7893 - val_loss: 0.4319 - val_accuracy: 0.8145
Epoch 3/40
0.8133 - val_loss: 0.4520 - val_accuracy: 0.8136
Epoch 4/40
0.8320 - val_loss: 0.3824 - val_accuracy: 0.8333
Epoch 5/40
0.8000 - val_loss: 0.3804 - val_accuracy: 0.8269
Epoch 6/40
0.8287 - val_loss: 0.3872 - val_accuracy: 0.8177
Epoch 7/40
0.8412 - val_loss: 0.3629 - val_accuracy: 0.8234
```

```
0.8389 - val_loss: 0.3469 - val_accuracy: 0.8255
Epoch 9/40
0.8525 - val_loss: 0.3892 - val_accuracy: 0.8269
Epoch 10/40
0.8618 - val_loss: 0.3505 - val_accuracy: 0.8253
Epoch 11/40
0.8584 - val_loss: 0.3506 - val_accuracy: 0.8240
Epoch 12/40
0.8525 - val_loss: 0.3359 - val_accuracy: 0.8314
Epoch 13/40
0.8592 - val_loss: 0.3369 - val_accuracy: 0.8313
Epoch 14/40
0.8270 - val_loss: 0.3571 - val_accuracy: 0.8330
Epoch 15/40
0.8564 - val_loss: 0.3804 - val_accuracy: 0.8248
Epoch 16/40
0.8618 - val_loss: 0.3417 - val_accuracy: 0.8289
Epoch 17/40
0.8606 - val_loss: 0.3339 - val_accuracy: 0.8327
Epoch 18/40
0.8640 - val_loss: 0.3334 - val_accuracy: 0.8428
Epoch 19/40
0.8669 - val_loss: 0.3198 - val_accuracy: 0.8515
Epoch 20/40
0.8682 - val_loss: 0.3170 - val_accuracy: 0.8559
Epoch 21/40
0.8708 - val_loss: 0.3236 - val_accuracy: 0.8630
Epoch 22/40
0.8665 - val_loss: 0.3126 - val_accuracy: 0.8583
Epoch 23/40
0.8725 - val_loss: 0.3364 - val_accuracy: 0.8351
Epoch 24/40
```

```
0.8742 - val_loss: 0.3150 - val_accuracy: 0.8589
Epoch 25/40
0.8776 - val_loss: 0.3024 - val_accuracy: 0.8667
Epoch 26/40
0.8800 - val_loss: 0.2945 - val_accuracy: 0.8697
Epoch 27/40
0.8815 - val_loss: 0.2889 - val_accuracy: 0.8716
Epoch 28/40
0.8817 - val_loss: 0.2881 - val_accuracy: 0.8698
Epoch 29/40
0.8836 - val_loss: 0.2767 - val_accuracy: 0.8766
Epoch 30/40
0.8850 - val_loss: 0.2681 - val_accuracy: 0.8834
Epoch 31/40
0.8848 - val_loss: 0.2869 - val_accuracy: 0.8699
Epoch 32/40
0.8861 - val_loss: 0.2806 - val_accuracy: 0.8737
Epoch 33/40
0.8844 - val_loss: 0.2652 - val_accuracy: 0.8836
0.8871 - val_loss: 0.2768 - val_accuracy: 0.8763
Epoch 35/40
0.8885 - val_loss: 0.2680 - val_accuracy: 0.8818
Epoch 36/40
0.8879 - val_loss: 0.2583 - val_accuracy: 0.8864
Epoch 37/40
0.8889 - val_loss: 0.2626 - val_accuracy: 0.8833
Epoch 38/40
0.8895 - val_loss: 0.2690 - val_accuracy: 0.8801
Epoch 39/40
0.8908 - val_loss: 0.2603 - val_accuracy: 0.8850
Epoch 40/40
```

0.8896 - val\_loss: 0.2702 - val\_accuracy: 0.8770
fitting to the model is DONE!

| []: |       |           | Fake     | True     | accuracy | macro avg | weighted avg |
|-----|-------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------|
|     | data  | index     |          |          |          |           |              |
|     | TEST  | precision | 0.87     | 0.88     | 0.88     | 0.88      | 0.88         |
|     |       | recall    | 0.81     | 0.92     | 0.88     | 0.87      | 0.88         |
|     |       | f1-score  | 0.84     | 0.90     | 0.88     | 0.87      | 0.88         |
|     |       | support   | 8719.00  | 13194.00 | 0.88     | 21913.00  | 21913.00     |
|     | TRAIN | precision | 0.90     | 0.89     | 0.89     | 0.90      | 0.89         |
|     |       | recall    | 0.82     | 0.94     | 0.89     | 0.88      | 0.89         |
|     |       | f1-score  | 0.86     | 0.91     | 0.89     | 0.89      | 0.89         |
|     |       | support   | 17502.00 | 26987.00 | 0.89     | 44489.00  | 44489.00     |



INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to:
ram://62078037-38f8-4f89-97de-9487083fad15/assets

WARNING:absl:<keras.layers.recurrent.LSTMCell object at 0x7efd89e21110> has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Consider renaming <class 'keras.layers.recurrent.LSTMCell'> to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.keras.models.load\_model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom\_objects` parameter of the load function.

WARNING:absl:<keras.layers.recurrent.LSTMCell object at 0x7efd89e58b10> has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Consider renaming <class 'keras.layers.recurrent.LSTMCell'> to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.keras.models.load\_model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom\_objects` parameter of the load function.

- []: ['/content/drive/MyDrive/Fake-Real-News-Classification/pickled\_nn\_models/model\_\_nn\_glove.joblib']
- []: