

# Filtering Out Fake News

by

Milad Shirani

# Contents

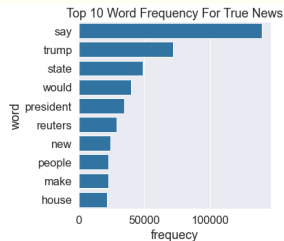
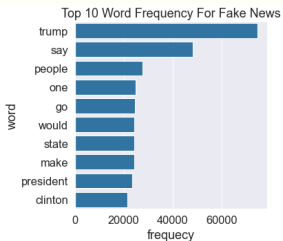
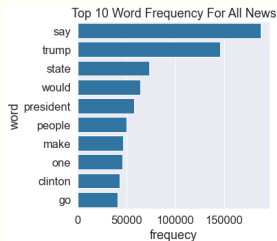
- ❏ Project Overview
- ❏ Data
- ❏ Modeling and Results
- ❏ Q & A

# Project Overview

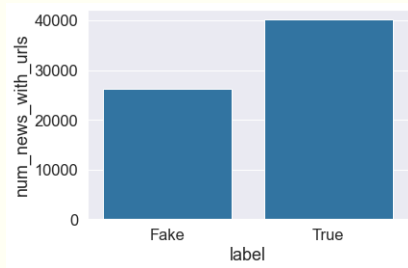
1. One of the main challenges that social medias and news sources face is detecting fake news.
2. In this work, we want to introduce a new model to filter out fake news.
3. We used several categorical models such as Logistic Regression, Decision Tree, Random Forese, XGBoost, LightGBM, Neural Network, Transfer Learning.

- ❖ We use 76525 data points for our analysis from the following sources
  1. [Fake and real news dataset](#) and it contains 44898 data points.
  2. [Source based Fake News Classification](#) and it contains 2096 data points.
  3. [REAL and FAKE news dataset](#) and it contains 6335 data points.
  4. [GitHub Repo](#) and it contains 6335 data points.

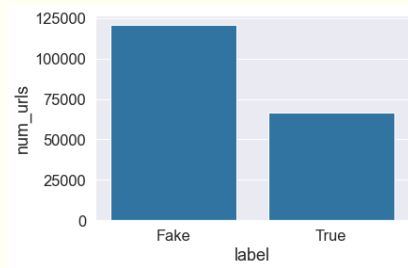
# Modeling And Results



# Modeling And Results



Total number of each news category with url-links



Total number of url-links in each news category

# Modeling and Results

1. The final model is obtained by using the embedding layer published by Google on [TensorFlow Hub](#).
2. We considered recall-score as well as accuracy of the model as our metrics. The results of this model are:

# Conclusion

1. Filtering out fake news is one of the main challenges that social medias and news sources face.
2. The final model we introduce is obtained by using the embedding layer published by Google on [TensorFlow Hub](#).
3. This model can be implemented by social medias such as twitter to filter out fake news from real ones.



# Next Steps

1. Gathering more data points for training.
2. Adding LSTM or Conv1d layers may improve the model's performance.
3. Trying tuning hyper-parameters of the model by using [optuna](#) may improve the performance of the model.

*Thank  
You!*