Configure CI/CD Pipeline in Azure DevOps

Lab 1: Creating the project

Lab 2: Continuous Integration - Build

Lab 3: Create an Azure Web App

Lab 4: Continuous Deployment – Release

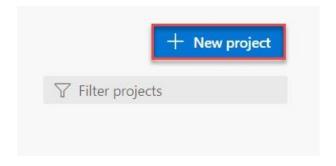
Lab 1: Creating the project

Step 1: Open Azure DevOps

https://dev.azure.com

Step 2: Create New Azure DevOps project

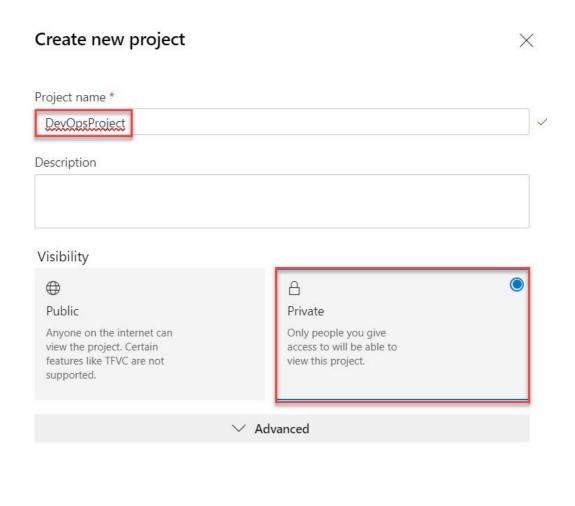
+ New Project or + Create Project



Project Name: **DevOpsProject**

Visibility: **Private**

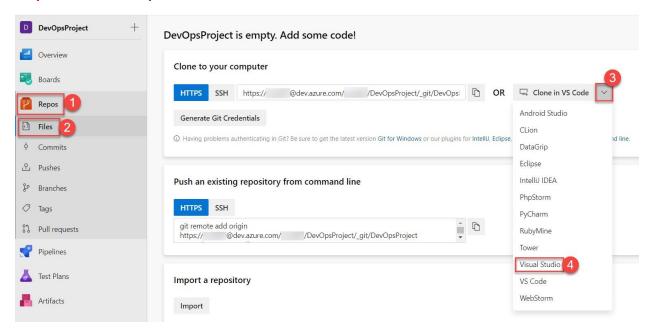
Click on + Create project



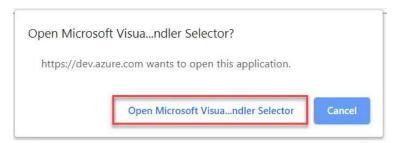
Create

Cancel

Step 3: First Select Repos -> Files -> Select Visual Studio

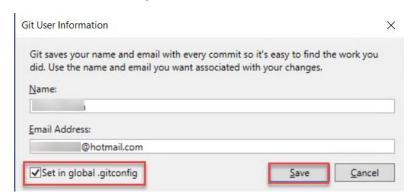


Step 4: Select **Open Microsoft Visual Studio Handler Selector** option



Note: if it will prompt sign in dialog so enter credentials

Go with default settings & click on Save button

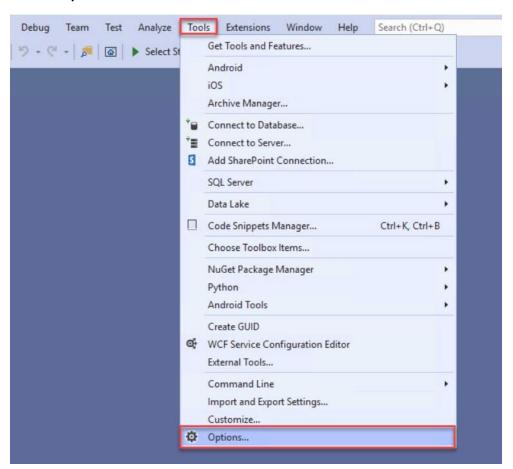


Step 5: Automatic Clone dialog will open and click on **Clone** button



Change Git experience

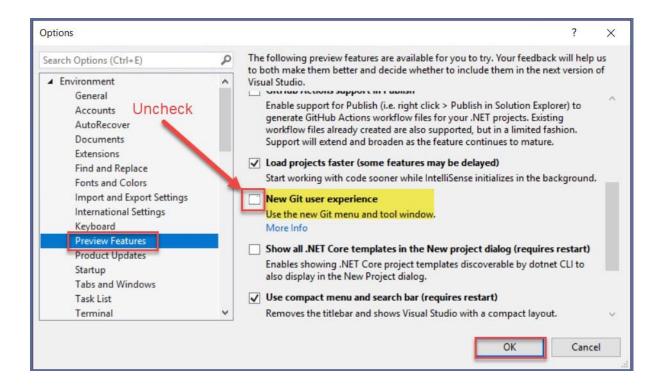
Tools -> Options...



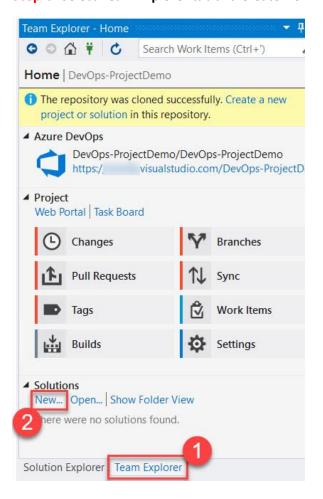
Select Preview Features

Uncheck New Git use experience

Click on **OK** button



Step 6: Select **Team Explorer** tab and Create New Project by selecting **New** option



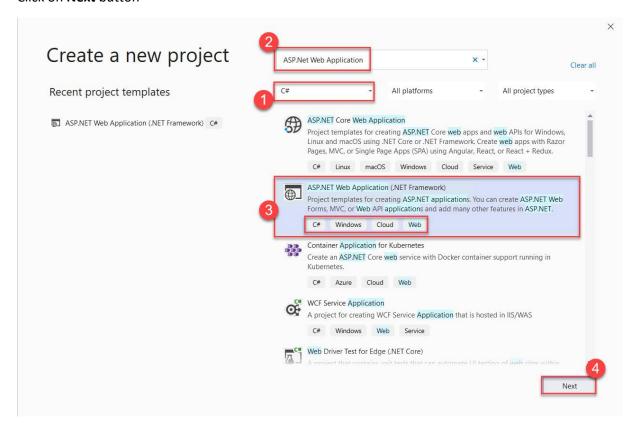
Step 7: Create New Project

Language: C#

Search for ASP.Net Web Application

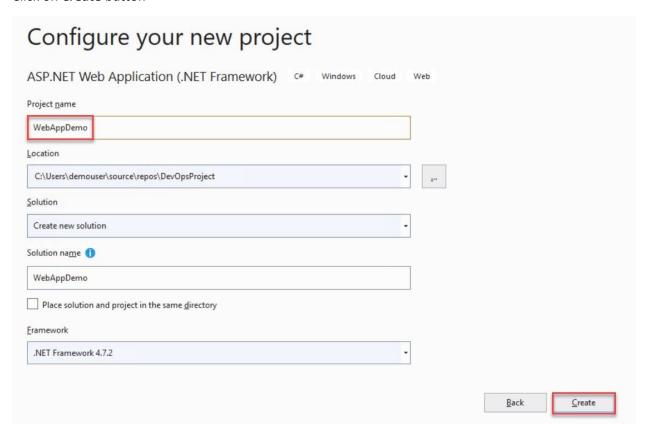
Select ASP.NET Web Application (.NET Framework)

Click on Next button



Step 8: Enter Project Name: WebAppDemo

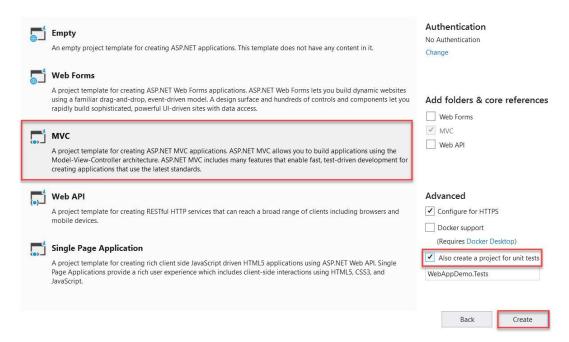
Click on **Create** button



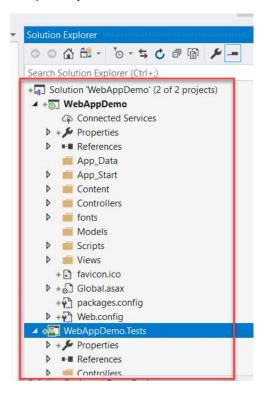
Step 9: Choose MVC Template and Add Test Project

Click on Create button

Create a new ASP.NET Web Application

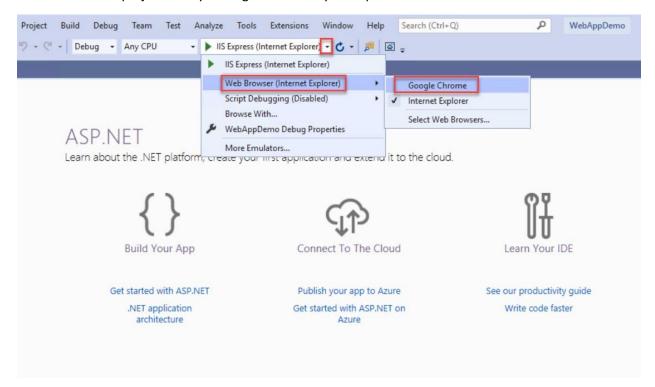


Sample Project loaded as below:

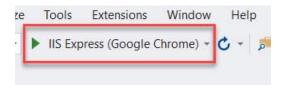


Step 10: Below Tools & Extensions Menu (header) IIS Express button available

Now time to Run project locally. Change Browser if you require.



Click on IIS Express (Google Chrome) button



Click on Yes button



Click on Yes button



Click on Reload button



This site can't be reached

localhost refused to connect.

Try:

- · Checking the connection
- · Checking the proxy and the firewall

ERR CONNECTION REFUSED



Click on Advanced button



Your connection is not private

Attackers might be trying to steal your information from **localhost** (for example, passwords, messages, or credit cards). <u>Learn more</u>

NET::ERR_CERT_COMMON_NAME_INVALID



Back to safety

Click on Process to localhost (unsafe) option



Your connection is not private

Attackers might be trying to steal your information from **localhost** (for example, passwords, messages, or credit cards). <u>Learn more</u>

NET::ERR_CERT_COMMON_NAME_INVALID

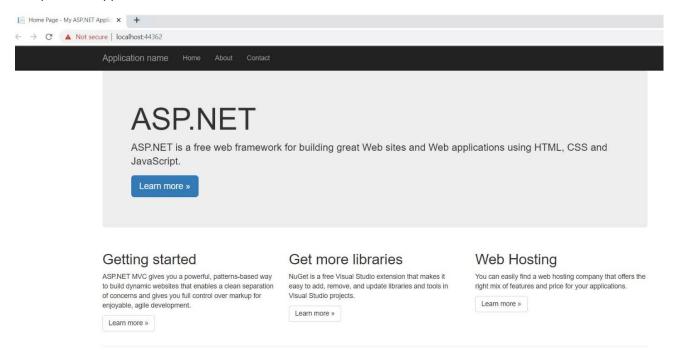
Hide advanced

Back to safety

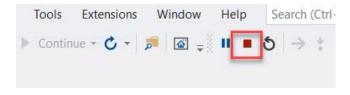
This server could not prove that it is **localhost**; its security certificate does not specify Subject Alternative Names. This may be caused by a misconfiguration or an attacker intercepting your connection.

Proceed to localhost (unsafe)

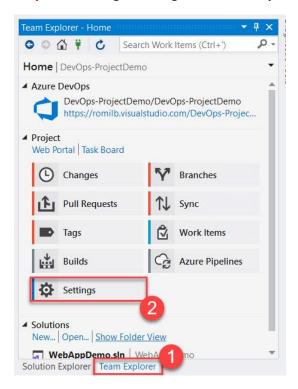
Sample MVC Application will run as below:



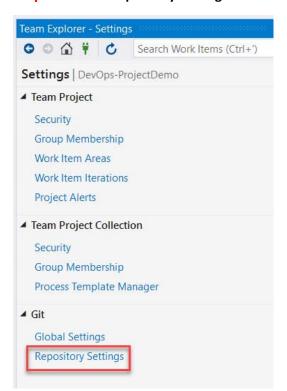
Step 11: Now stop the running project



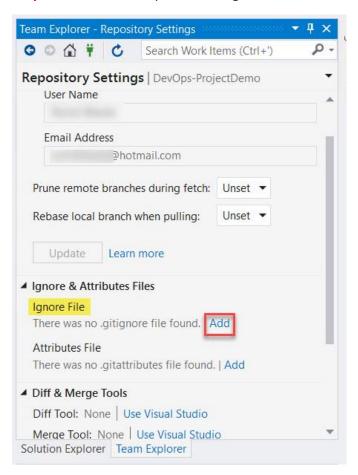
Step 12: Once again, Navigate to Team Explorer tab and select Settings option



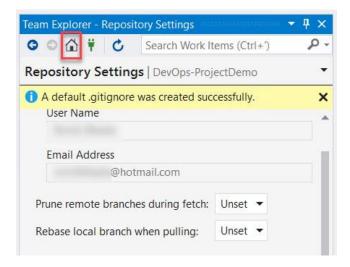
Step 13: Select **Repository Settings** under **Git** option



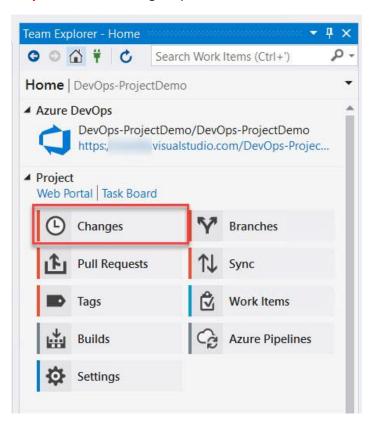
Step 14: Click on Add option under Ignore File



Step 15: Click on Home option

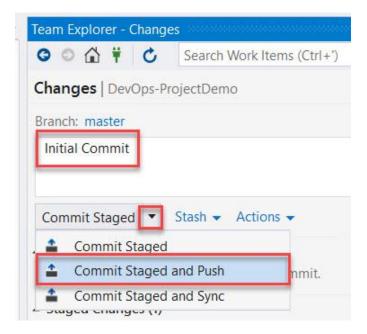


Step 16: Click on Changes option

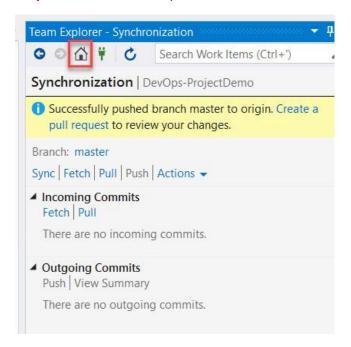


Step 17: Enter message: Initial Commit

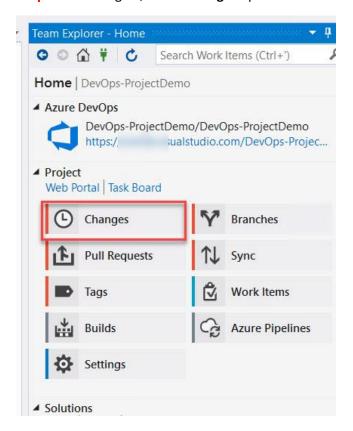
Choose Commit Staged and Push option



Step 18: Click on Home option

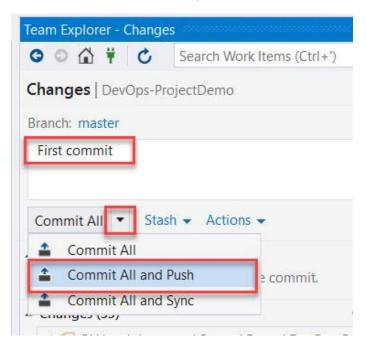


Step 19: Once again, Select Changes option

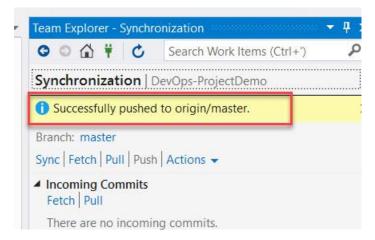


Step 20: Commit Message: First Commit

Choose Commit All and Push option

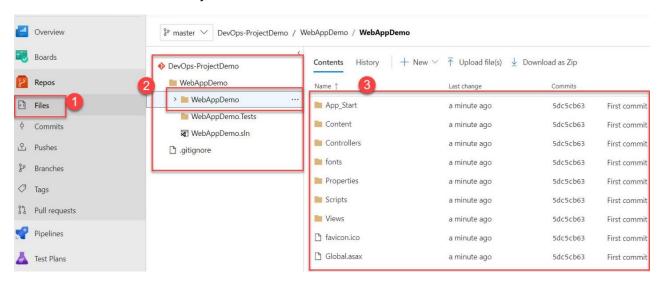


Check the status "Successfully pushed to origin/master"



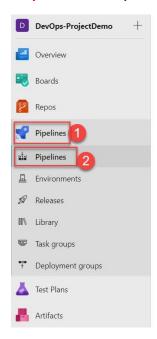
Step 21: Navigate to Azure DevOps Project

Click on Files and check the Project available here.



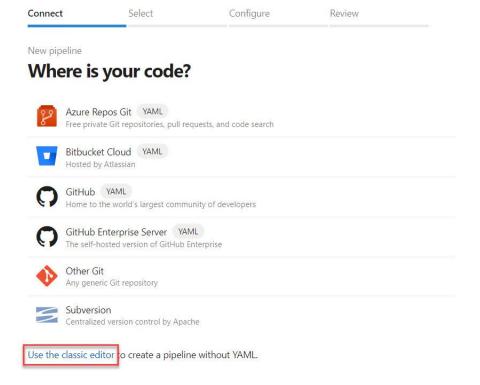
Lab 2: Continuous Integration

Step 22: Create Pipeline under Pipelines option

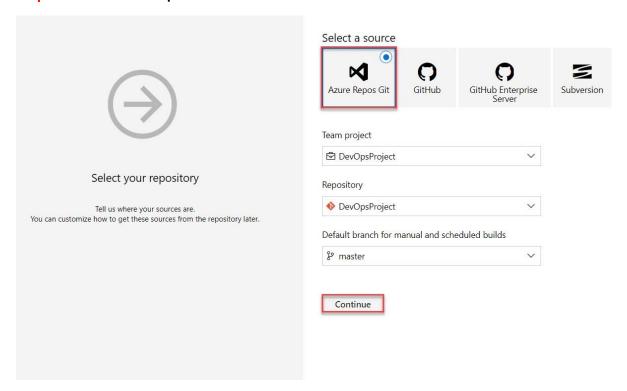




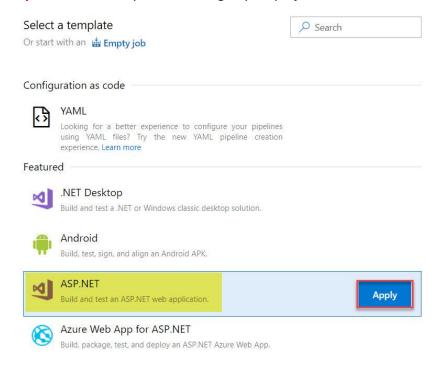
Step 23: Click on Use the classic editor option



Step 24: Select **Azure Repos Git** as a Source and Click on **Continue** button.



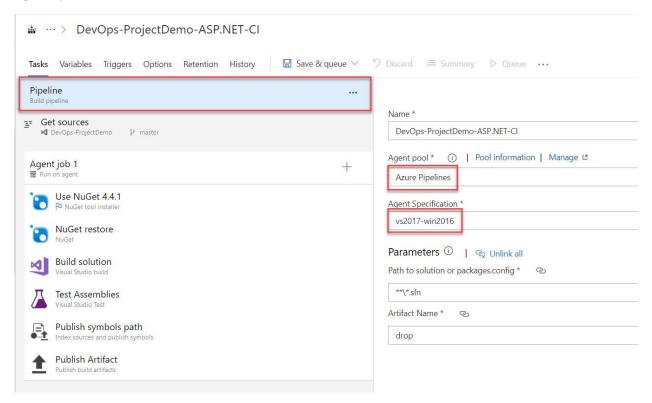
Step 25: Choose template according to your project. Ex. ASP.NET



Step 26: Select Pipeline

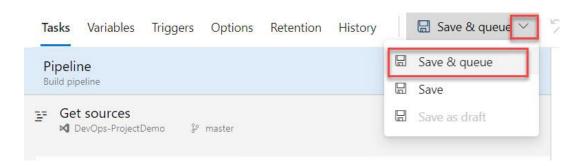
Agent pool: Azure Pipelines

Agent Specification: vs2017-win2016

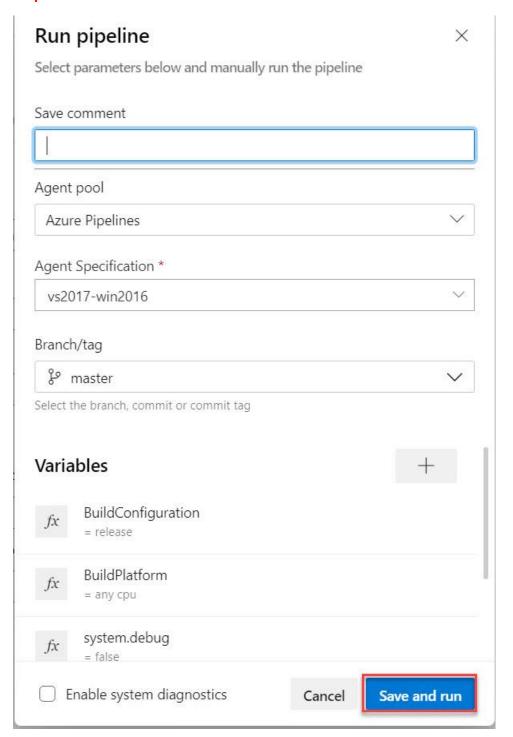


Step 27: Select Save & queue button

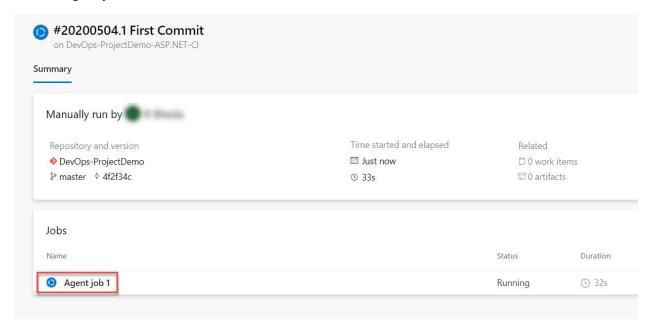




Step 28: Click on Save and Run button



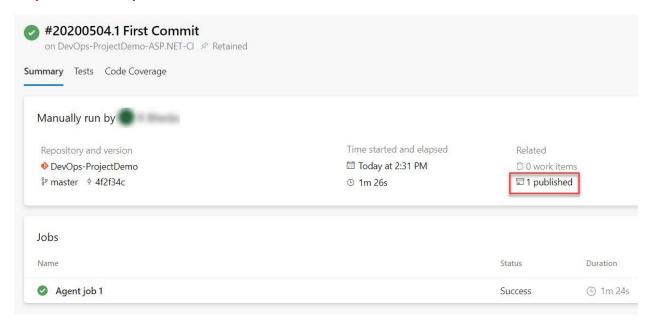
Click on Agent job 1



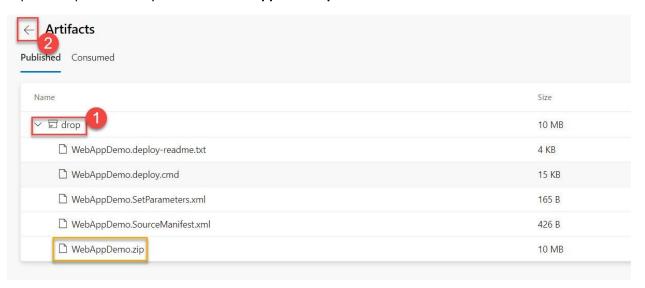
Wait few couple of minutes to complete build pipeline. If completed click on back arrow option



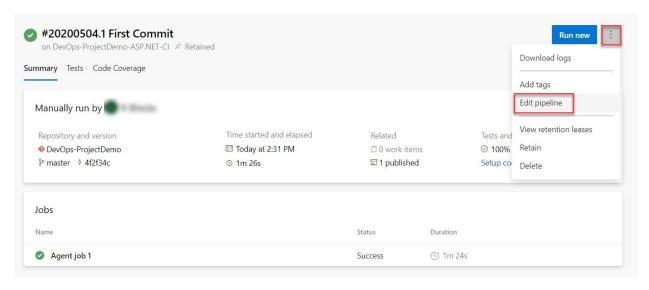
Step 29: Click on 1 published to check artifact



Expand drop folder and you can see WebAppDemo.zip file available

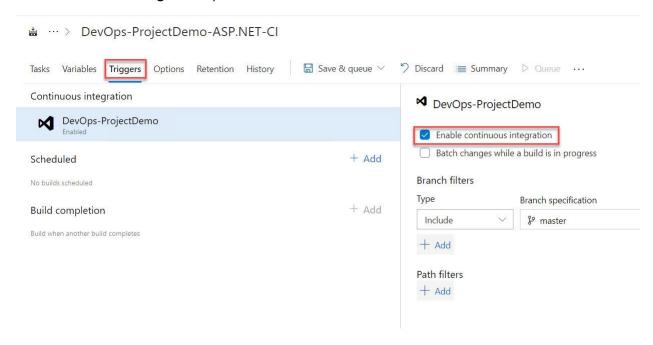


Step 30: Select Edit pipeline option

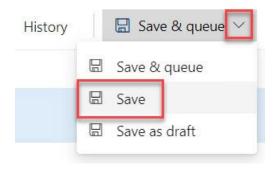


Step 31: Select Triggers tab

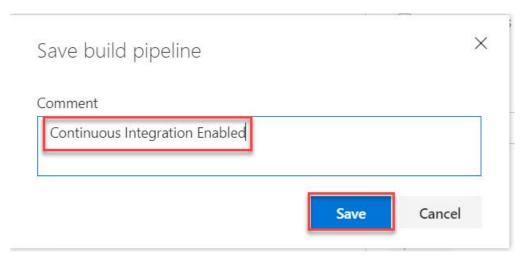
Enable Continuous integration option



Step 32: Now select **Save** button



Comment: Continuous Integration Enabled

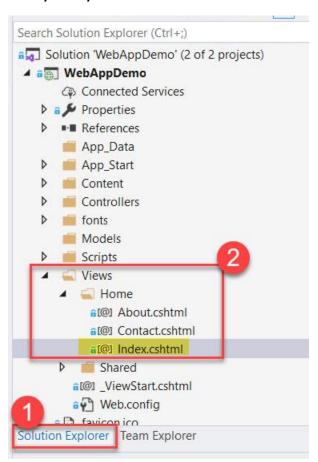


Step 33: Navigate to Visual Studio Project

Select Solution Explorer tab

Open Index.cshtml page

Views/Home/Index.cshtml



Step 34: Update text as below:

From:

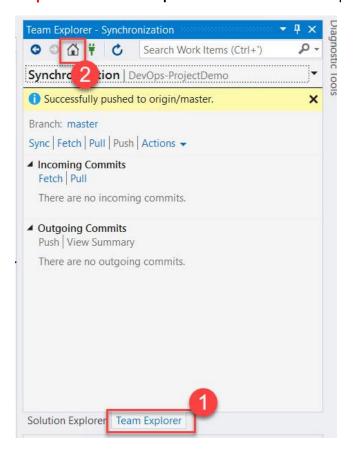
<h1>ASP.NET</h1>

To:

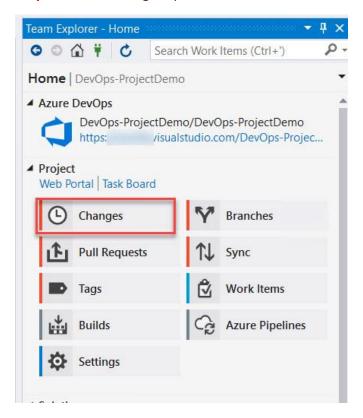
<h1>ASP.NET - Azure DevOps Demo</h1>

```
Index.cshtml* + ×
               WebAppDemo
     1
           @{
     2
               ViewBag.Title = "Home Page";
     3
     4
         □ <div class="jumbotron">
     5
               <h1>ASP.NET - Azure DevOps Demo</h1>
     6
               ASP.NET is a free web fram
     7
               <a href="https://asp.net" class="btn bt</p>
     8
     9
           </div>
    10
```

Step 35: Select Team Explorer tab and Select Home option

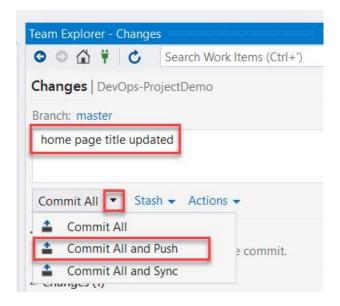


Step 36: Select **Changes** option

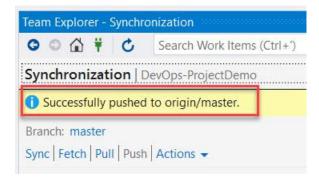


Step 37: Message: Home page title updated

Choose Commit All and Push option



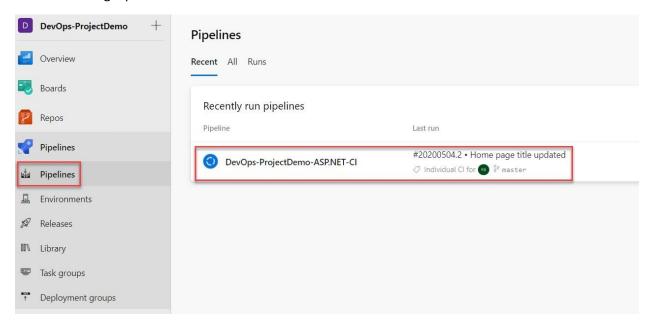
Successfully pushed to origin/master message will display.



Step 38: Navigate to **Azure DevOps Portal**

Select Pipelines

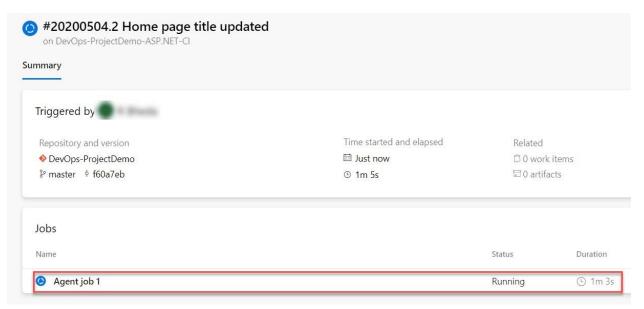
Click on running Pipeline



Select recent build Ex. 2020XXXX.2 Home page title updated



Click on Agent job 1



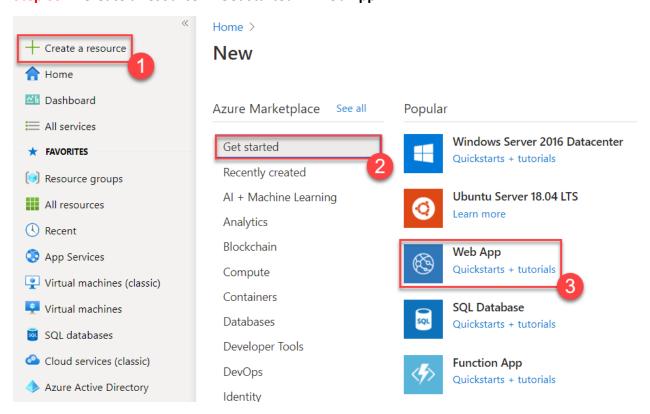
Wait for couple minutes to complete build.

If build completed click on **back arrow** button



Lab 3: Create an Azure Web App

Step 39: + Create a resource -> Get started -> Web App



Step 40: Create Web App

Subscription: Choose active Subscription

Resource Group: Create New Resource Group Ex. WebAppDevOpsLabRG

Name: Enter unique name of web app

Publish: Code

Runtime stack: **ASP.NET v4.8**Operating System: **Windows**

Region: Choose nearest region

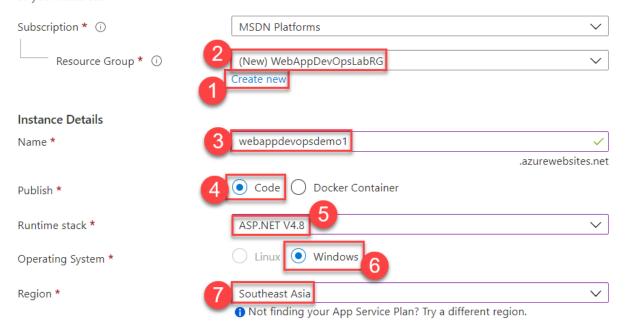
Create Web App

Basics Monitoring Tags Review + create

App Service Web Apps lets you quickly build, deploy, and scale enterprise-grade web, mobile, and API apps running on any platform. Meet rigorous performance, scalability, security and compliance requirements while using a fully managed platform to perform infrastructure maintenance. Learn more

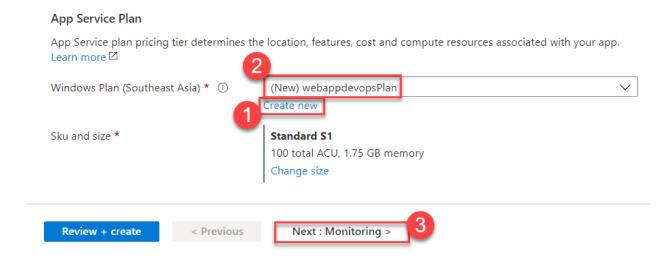
Project Details

Select a subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.



Plan: Create New Plan Ex. webappdevopsPlan

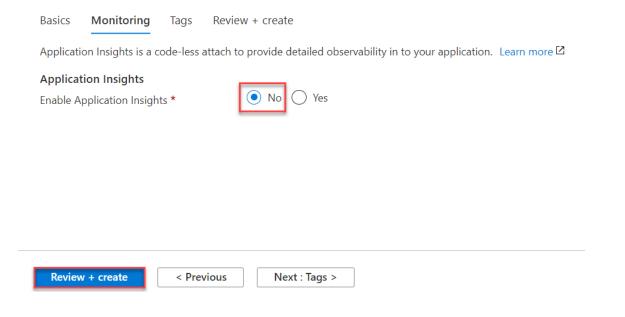
Click on **Next: Monitoring >** button



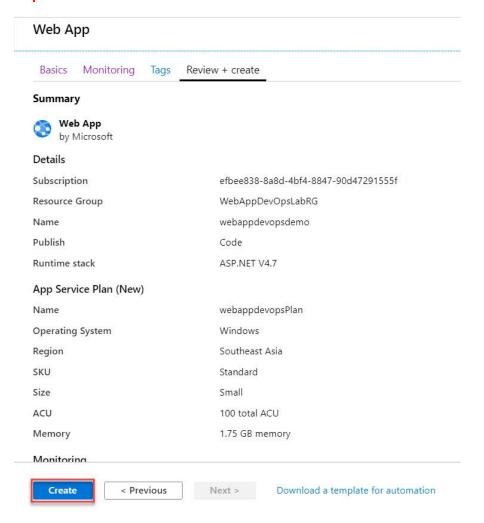
Step 41: Application insights: No

Click on Review + Create button

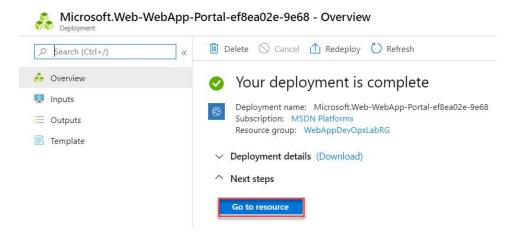
Create Web App



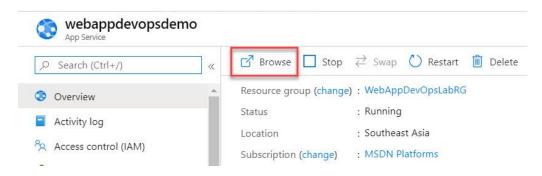
Step 42: Click on Create button



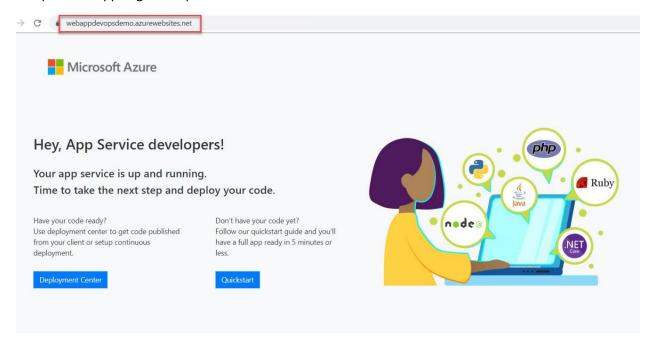
Click on Go to resource button



Step 43: Click on Browse button



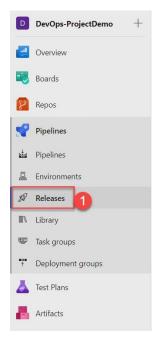
Sample Web App Page will open

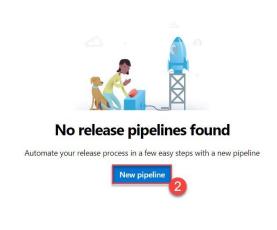


Lab 4: Continuous Deployment

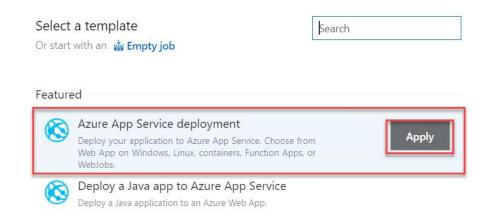
Step 44: Navigate to **Azure DevOps Portal**

Click on Releases and Create New Pipeline



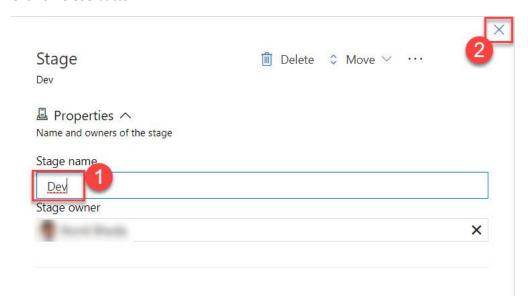


Step 45: Select Azure App Service deployment option

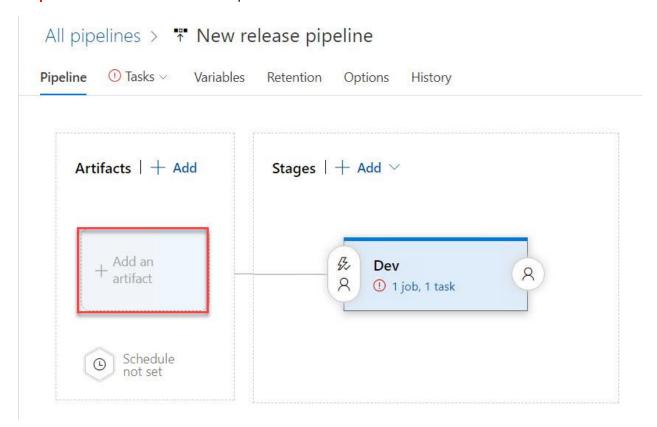


Stage Name: **Dev**

Click on Close button



Step 46: Click on + Add an artifact option

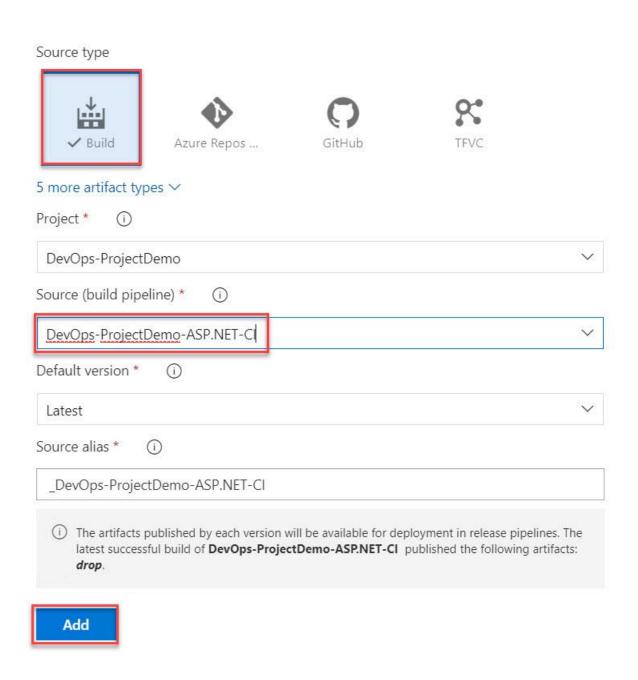


Step 47: Select Source type: Build

Source (build pipeline): Choose from drop-down option Ex. ProjectName-ASP.NET-CI

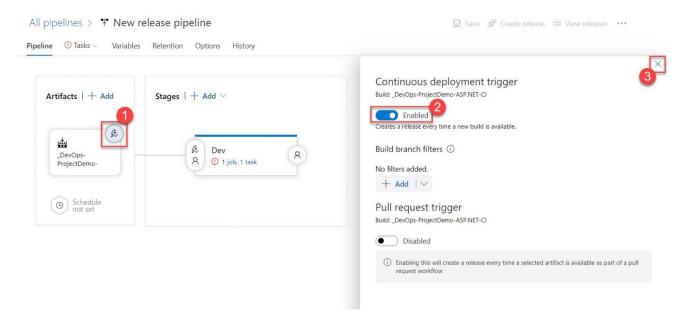
Click on Add button

Add an artifact

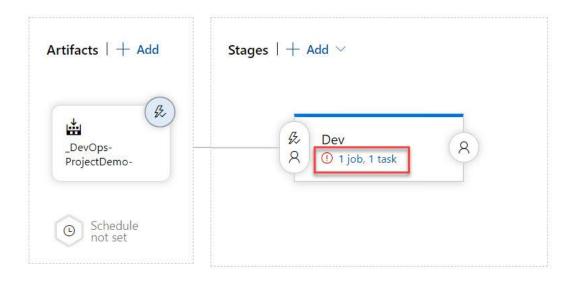


Step 48: Enable Deployment Trigger option

Click on Thunder icon and Enable option

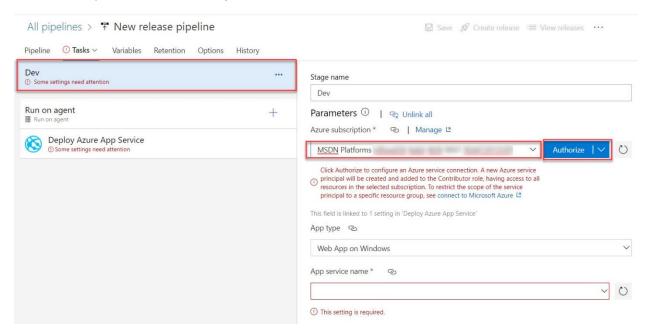


Step 49: Click on 1 job, 1 task under Dev stage

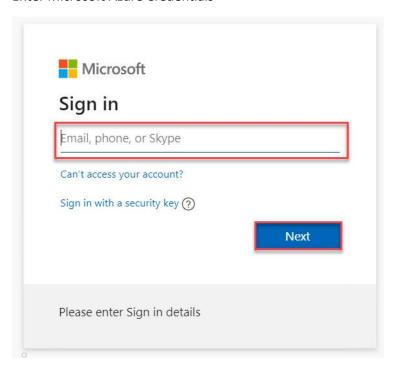


Step 50: Select Dev

Azure Subscription: Choose Subscription and click on Authorize button

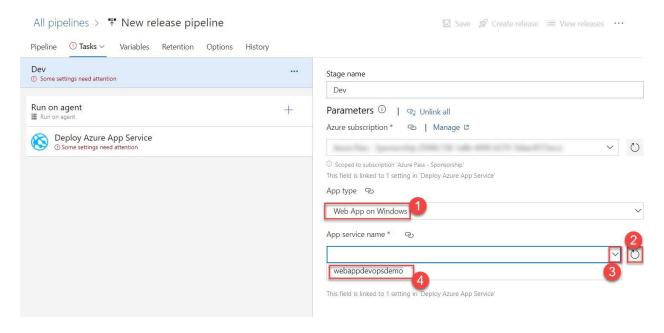


Enter Microsoft Azure Credentials



Step 51: App type: Select **Web App on Windows**

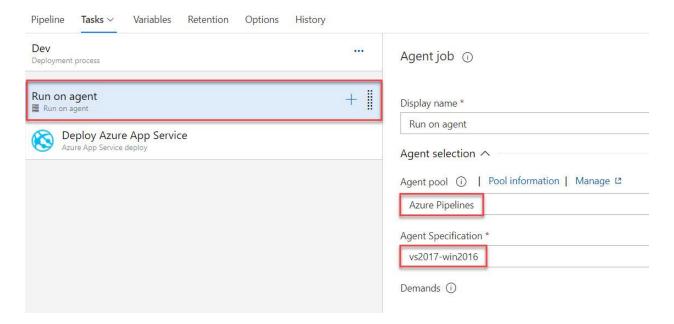
App Service name: Choose Web App (created from Lab 3)



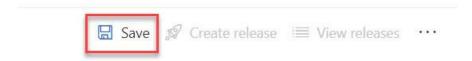
Step 52: Select **Run on agent**

Agent pool: Azure Pipelines

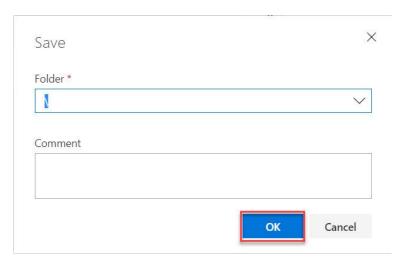
Agent Specification: vs2017-win2016



Step 53: Click on Save button



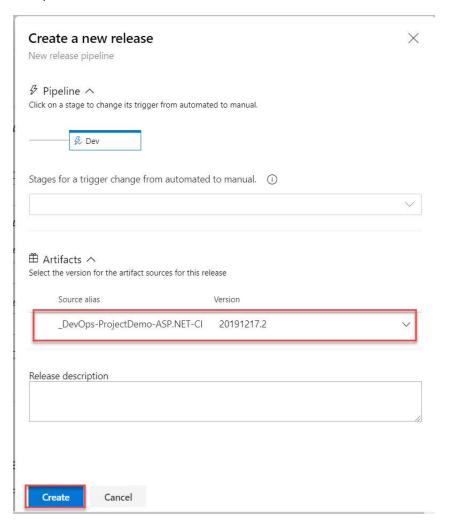
Click on **OK** button



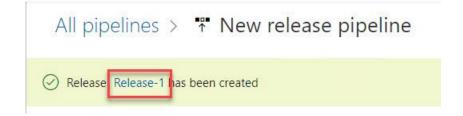
Step 54: Click on **Create release** button



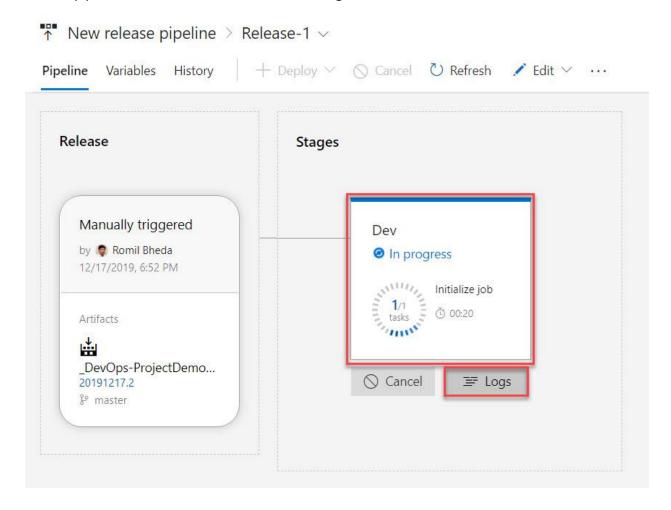
Verify Artifacts and Click on Create button



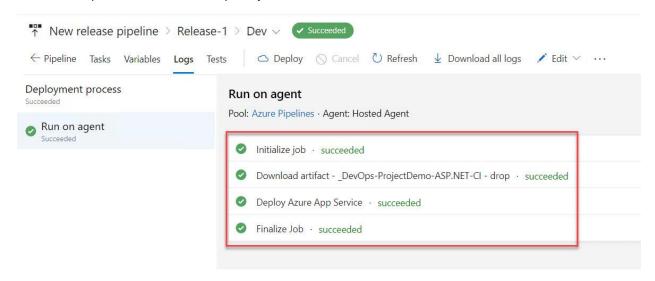
Click on Release-1



Release pipeline started. To check status, click on Logs button

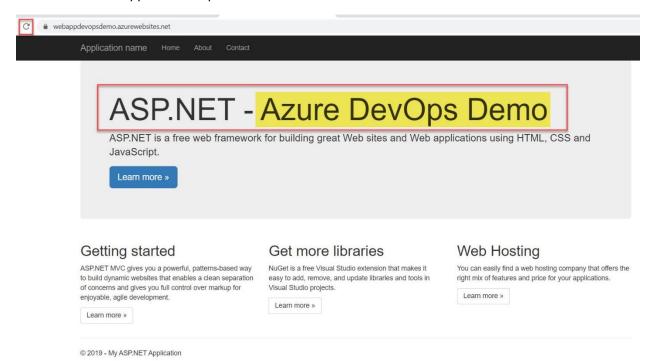


Wait for couple of duration to complete job



Step 55: Navigate to Web App and click on **Refresh** button.

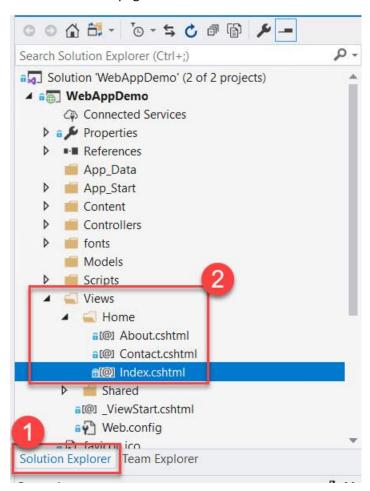
You can see Web App Content updated.



Step 56: Now to check complete flow of CI/CD Pipeline

Navigate to Visual Studio Sample project

Edit Index.cshtml page

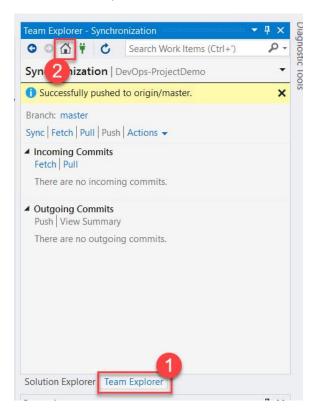


Step 57: Update text as below:

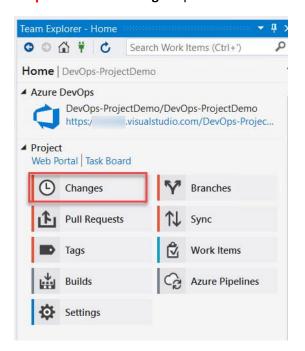
```
WebAppDemo
Index.cshtml* ≠ X
     1
            @{
                ViewBag.Title = "Home Page";
     2
     3
     4
          E <div class="jumbotron">
     5
     6
                <h1>ASP.NET - Azure DevOps Demo v2</h1>
     7
                tp class="lead">ASP.NET is a free web framewo
                <a href="https://asp.net" class="btn btn-p"
     8
     9
            </div>
```

Step 58: Select Team Explorer tab

Click on **Home** option

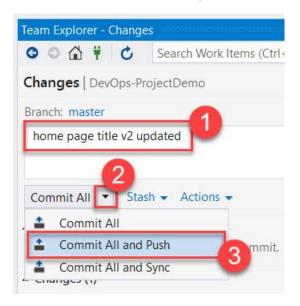


Step 59: Click on Changes option

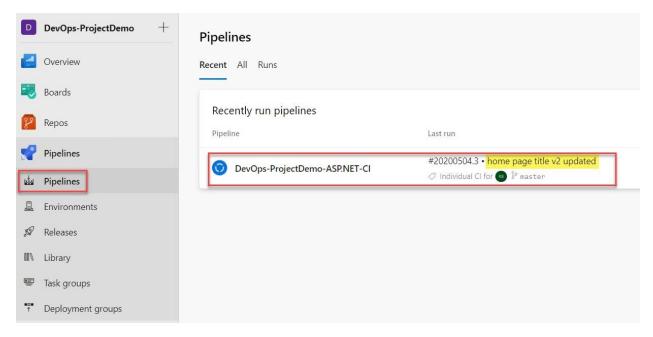


Step 60: Message: home page title v2 updated

Choose Commit All and Push option

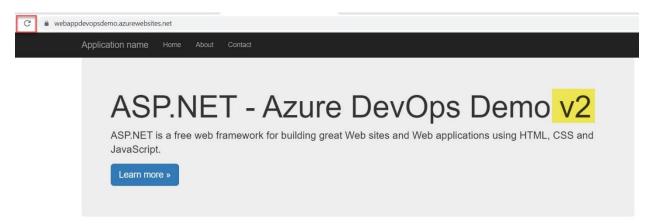


Step 61: Automatic Build Pipeline started



If Build Pipeline completed, Release Pipeline will start.

Step 62: Once again refresh web app and you can see changes



Getting started

ASPNET MVC gives you a powerful, patterns-based way to build dynamic websites that enables a clean separation of concerns and gives you full control over markup for enjoyable, agile development.

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Get more libraries

NuGet is a free Visual Studio extension that makes it easy to add, remove, and update libraries and tools in Visual Studio projects.

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Web Hosting

You can easily find a web hosting company that offers the right mix of features and price for your applications.

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