



## SFT: Imitating Example Responses

Any LLM

User: Who are you?

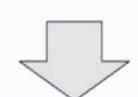
Assistant: Who are you?

 $p_{\theta}(\text{Response} \mid \text{Prompt})$ 



SFT

$$\mathcal{L}_{ ext{SFT}} = -\sum_{i=1}^{N} \log ig( p_{ heta}( ext{Response}(i) \mid ext{Prompt}(i)) ig)$$



Fine-tuned LLM

User: Hi

Assistant: Hi there!

#### Labeled Data

User: Tell me your identity

Assistant: I'm Llama ...
User: How are you?

Assistant: I'm doing great!





# SFT: Imitating Example Responses

SFT minimizes negative log likelihood for the responses (maximizes likelihood) with cross entropy loss:

$$\mathcal{L}_{ ext{SFT}} = -\sum_{i=1}^{N} \log ig( p_{ heta}( ext{Response}(i) \mid ext{Prompt}(i)) ig)$$





### **Best Use Cases for SFT**

- Jumpstarting new model behavior
  - Pre-trained models -> Instruct models
  - Non-reasoning models -> reasoning models
  - Let the model uses certain tools without providing tool descriptions in the prompt

- Improving model capabilities
  - Distilling capabilities for small models by training on high-quality synthetic data generated from larger models





## **Principles of SFT Data Curation**

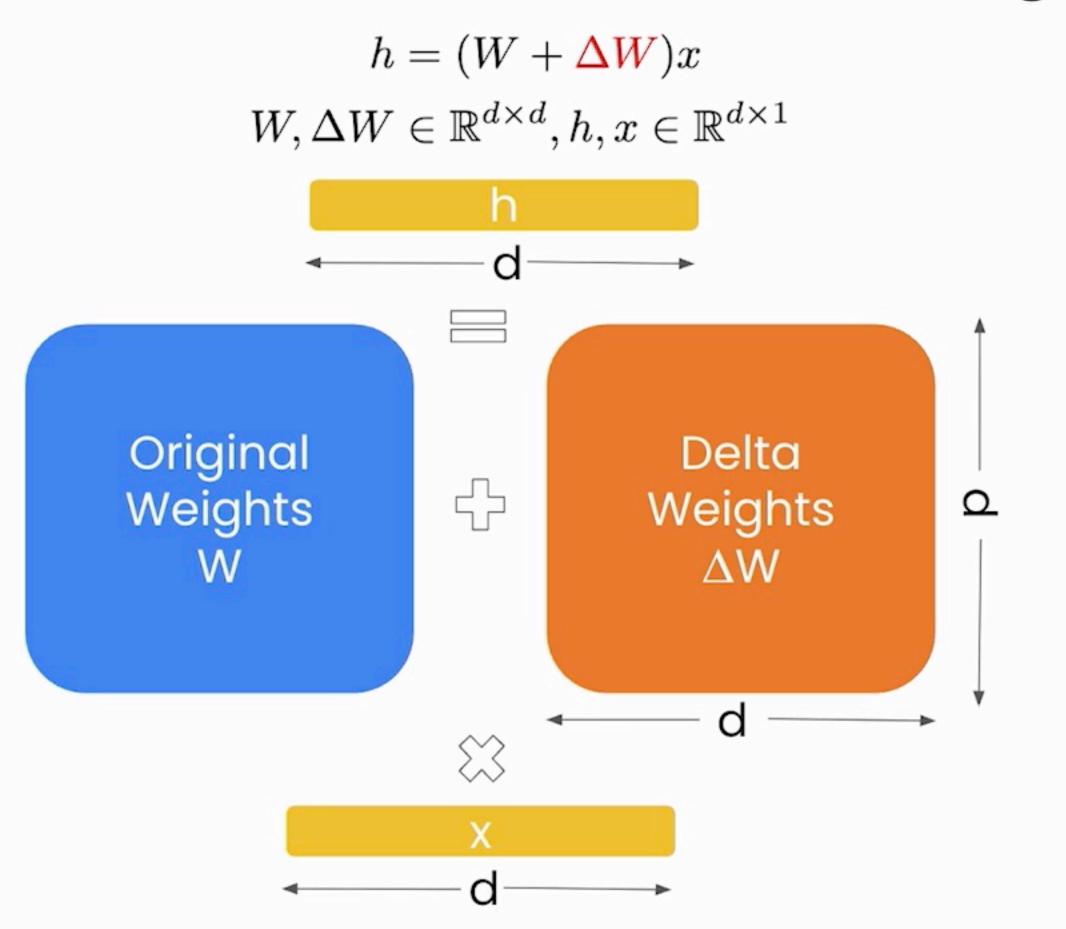
- Common methods for high-quality SFT data curation:
  - Distillation: Generate responses from a stronger and larger instruct model
  - Best of K / rejection sampling: Generate multiple responses from the original model, select the best among them
  - Filtering: start from larger scale SFT dataset, filter according to the quality of responses and diversity of the prompts

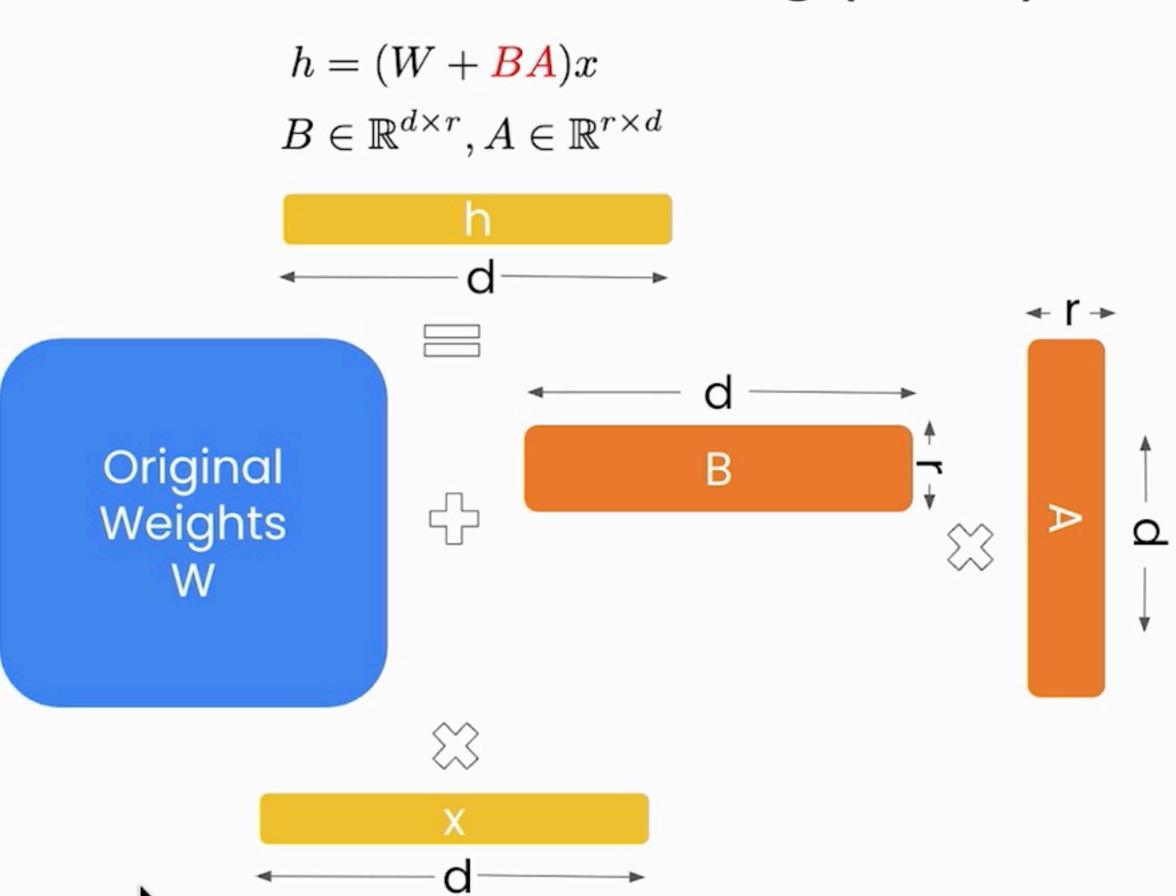
- Quality > quantity for improving capabilities:
  - 1,000 high-quality, diverse data > 1,000,000 mixed-quality data





# Full Fine-tuning vs Parameter Efficient Fine-tuning (PEFT)





Both full-finetuning and PEFT can be used in any of the post-training methods. PEFT like Lora saves memory, learns less while forgets less [1]