Towards large-scale roll out of "integrated home renovation services" in Europe

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The human factor behind home renovation



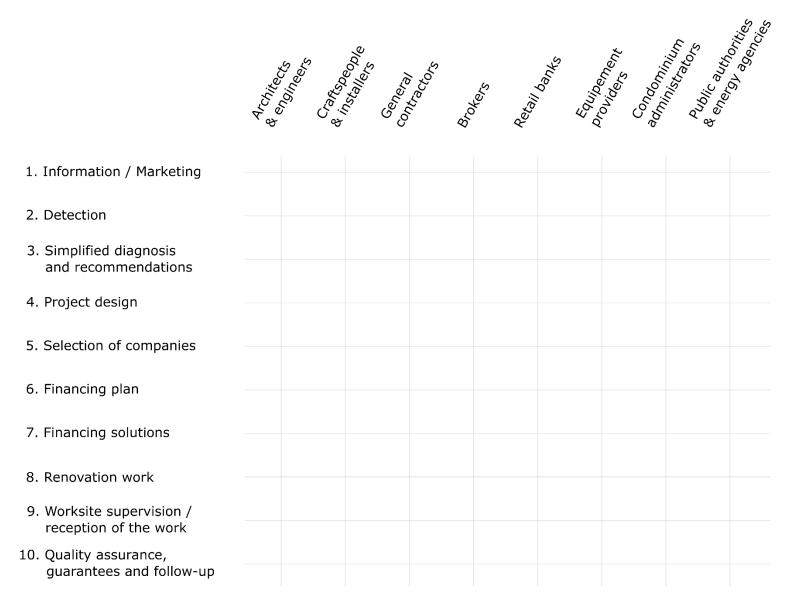
Source: YouTube.con

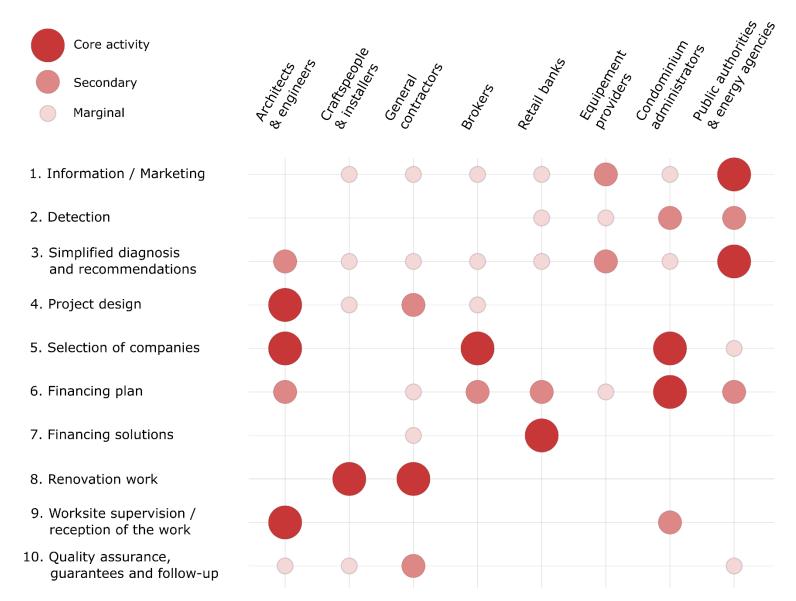
- Most residential buildings belong to non-professional individuals
- Lack of demand for home renovation: not only incentivize or constrain, but also facilitate
- Households will not "build capacity": you won't renovate so many homes in a lifetime
- no lack of market participants
 ... but absence of coordination
 - ... and diverging interests



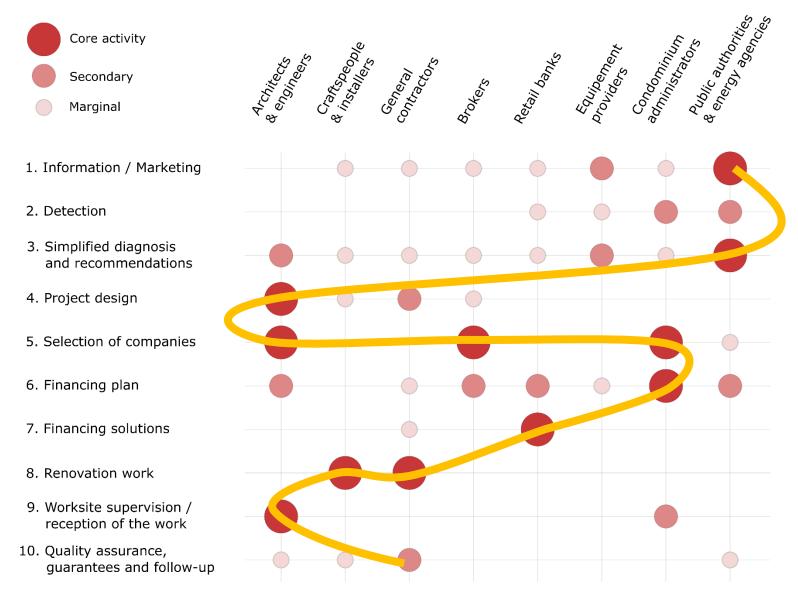
- 1. Information / Marketing
- 2. Detection
- 3. Simplified diagnosis and recommendations
- 4. Project design
- 5. Selection of companies
- 6. Financing plan
- 7. Financing solutions
- 8. Renovation work
- 9. Worksite supervision / reception of the work
- 10. Quality assurance, guarantees and follow-up





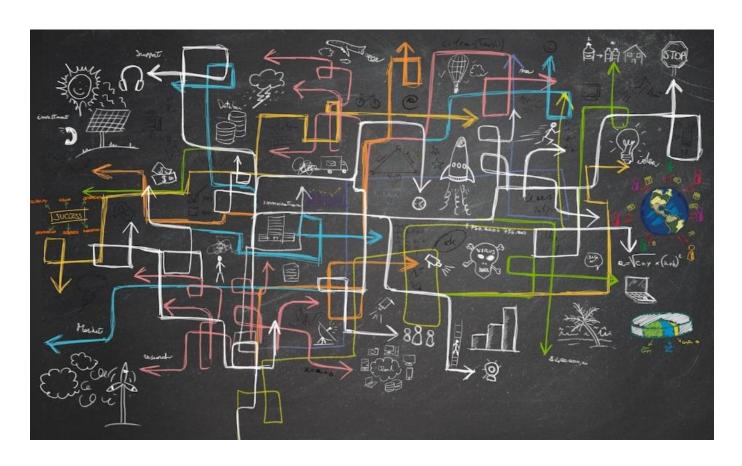






"Integrated home renovation services"

- Start from homeowners' point of view: what is the customer journey of home renovation?
- Coordinate / combine / integrate the services provided by private and public players
- Take on tasks for which homeowners are not equipped
- Indispensable to upscale low-energy renovations





Promising local experiments

- Over 20 projects supported under the H2020 and IEE programmes
- Mostly public-led, some private initiatives
- More initiatives under ELENA and ESIF financial instruments
- Further support in the coming year(s) under the LIFE CET programme:
 - ➤ LIFE-2021-CET-HOMERENO
 - ➤ LIFE-2021-CET-HOMERECOM

More details in Milin & Bullier 2021

Towards large-scale roll out of "integrated home renovation services" in Europe. Proceedings of the ECEEE Summer Study 2021



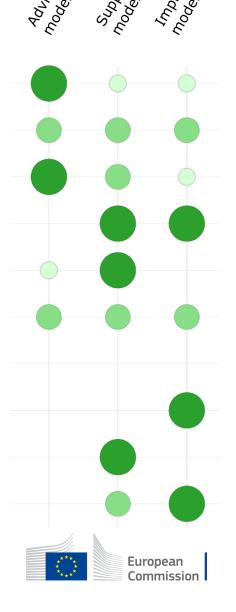
Three empirical models along the "customer journey"

- Mainly heuristic, based on the observation of pilot initiatives across Europe
- 3 main models:
 - 'Advice' model: focused on the upstream part of the journey
 - 'Support' model: extended Architect's mandate, covering the whole journey
 - 'Implementation' model: combining design and renovation work
- Easy to distinguish in generic terms...
 ...much less clear when getting into the details





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'Advice' model

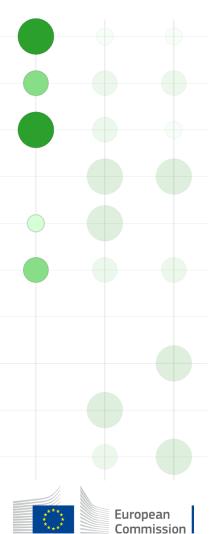
focused on the upstream part of the journey

- Information and marketing
 - ➤ Largest audience, messages not specifically tailored
 - Raise homeowners' awareness...
 - > ... but also disseminate new social norms
- Detection of prospective homeowners (house buyers!)
- Simplified diagnosis, recommendations and financing plan (focused on investment, not on investor)
- 'Light support' in selecting contractors or retail banks (e.g. directory of companies, labels, certifications,...)
- Hardly a business case:
 is the 'advice' model rather a public service?





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'Support' model

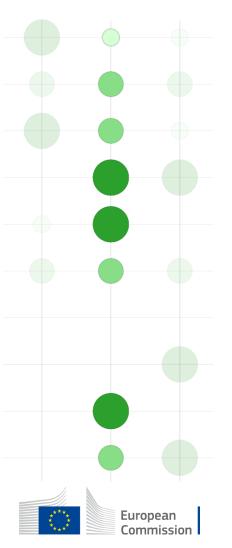
Extended Architect's mandate, covering the whole journey

- Out of the 'comfort zone' of most public actors:
 - > Engaged in market activities, incurring professional liability
 - > Fully involved in project design (e.g. drafting specifications)
 - Support in selecting companies and negotiating prices (incl. training and prequalification)
 - ➤ Worksite supervision and reception of work
 - ➤ Quality assurance and follow-up after renovation
- Tipping point between 'advice' and 'support' models?
 - > Pay for the services provided?
 - > Signature of a service contract?
 - ➤ Physical visit to carry out the audit?
 - > Open to interpretation by a judge, in case of litigation





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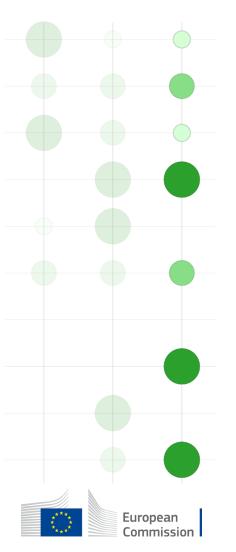
'Implementation' model combining design and renovation work

- Turnkey contractor: designs and implements
 - ➤ Likely leads a consortium or uses subcontractor(s)
 - Selects professionals and imposes choice on homeowners
 - ➤ Profit on work may lead to cheaper advice?
- Typically where the ESCO model belongs, but not only
 - > Quality assurance can cover the whole value chain
 - ➤ Intrinsic performance or savings guarantee?
- Existence of a vested interest (tipping point)
 - > Interest in the nature and amount of work recommended
 - ➤ Support provided upstream perceived as less impartial?





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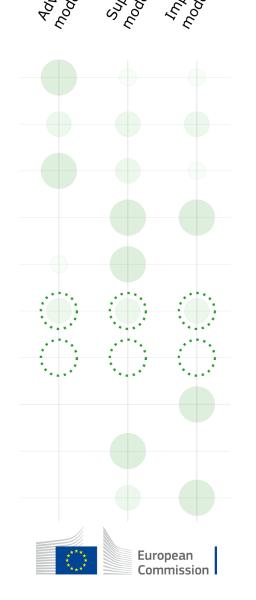


What about financing?

- "Option" rather than 4th model
- More likely on top of support or implementation models
- Standalone offer requires appropriate legal framework
- Other financing services to consider:
 - > Support in accessing public grants
 - > Pre-financing of public grants
 - > Pre-qualification for a retail bank financing offer
- Additional financial engineering is being explored (e.g. Home-based financing, Guarantee Fund, subsidized loans ...)



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Not all roads lead to Rome

- Different models hardly fit in one and the same structure
- Strategic decisions to be taken
 - operate on the fringes of the market or fully on the market?
 - position on the demand side, accompanying homeowners, or on the supply side, offering both advice and renovation work?
 - refer to a third-party financial offer or propose an autonomous financial offer?
- Balance costs with ambition and potential





How to best position public action to build homeowners' trust?

- All examples based on public/private collaboration
- Not "who performs the services?" ... but "who is accountable for them?"
- Should public authorities push or pull market actors?
- Should 'support' and 'implementation' models be defined as Services of General Economic Interest (SGEI)?





Should IHRS be economically viable?

- None of the initiatives identified has reached self-sustainability
 - ➤ Already 4 to 6 years to reach maturity
- Effective use of public funds
 - ➤ High leverage factor
 - ➤ IHRS to absorb public funds and channel financing streams towards low-energy renovation
- How can public support comply with State aid rules? (support and implementation models)
 - ➤ IHRS include services that should normally be delivered by private market actors.
 - ➤ Yet, open competition to all market actors could be harmful for the deployment of these emerging offers



Source: Fred Marie on Foter.com

Reinforce interest for SGEI?



Conclusions

- IHRS are essential to move towards climate goals
- Findings from frontrunners must be further harvested, analysed and debated
 - ➤ <u>LIFE-2021-CET-HOMERECOM</u>
- Public funds should support the multiplication of initiatives
 - ➤ <u>LIFE-2021-CET-HOMERENO</u>
- Build the capacity of local actors to develop and operate such schemes, on a large scale
 - > MANAGENERGY



Source: Chris Brooks on Flickr.com



To go further...

- Milin C., Bullier A. (2021). Towards large-scale roll out of "integrated home renovation services" in Europe. Proceedings of the ECEEE Summer Study 2021.
- AnPost (IE): https://www.anpost.com/Green-Hub/Home-Energy-Upgrade-Service
- Arec occitanie (FR): https://www.arec-occitanie.fr
- Artéé (FR): https://www.artee.fr/
- C-real (BE): https://www.c-real.be
- Easycopro (BE): https://www.easycopro.be
- Energy efficient mortgage initiative: https://energyefficientmortgages.eu
- Europace: https://www.europace2020.eu/
- Facirénov (FR): https://www.facirenov.fr
- Fithome (NL): https://www.fithomeproject.eu
- Hauskunft (AT): https://www.hauskunft-wien.at
- Hauts-de-France pass renovation (FR): https://www.pass-renovation.hautsdefrance.fr
- Holadomus (ES): https://www.holadomus.com

- Houseenvest (ES): https://renuevatucasa.eu
- Île-de-France énergies (FR): https://www.iledefranceenergies.fr
- Innovate: http://www.financingbuildingrenovation.eu/
- Oktave (FR): https://www.oktave.fr
- Opengela (ES): https://opengela.eus/
- Orfee (FR): https://orfee-project.com
- Padova fit (IT): https://www.padovafit.eu
- Proretro (DE): https://proretro.eu
- Reimarkt (NL): https://reimarkt.nl
- Renohub (HU): https://renohub-h2020.eu
- Renonbill (ES, IT, LT): https://www.renonbill.eu
- Save the homes (ES, NL): https://savethehomes.org
- Sheerenov (BG): https://sheerenov.eu/
- Sunshine (LV): https://sharex.lv
- Superhomes (IE): https://superhomes.ie/



Turnkey retrofit (ES, FR, IE): https://www.turnkey-retrofit.eu

Thank you

