

1. Conversions de base

- Chiffre 1:  $7^4$ , chiffre 2:  $7^3$ , chiffre 3:  $7^2$ , chiffre 4:  $7^1$ , chiffre 5:  $7^0$

Exemple :  $12\ 345_{10} = (1 \cdot 7^4) + (2 \cdot 7^3) + (3 \cdot 7^2) + (4 \cdot 7^1) + (5 \cdot 7^0)$

- $2AA3_{16} = (2 \cdot 16^3) + (10 \cdot 16^2) + (10 \cdot 16^1) + (3 \cdot 16^0) = 10\ 915_{10}$

- Convertir le nombre  $4B_{16}$

- $4B_{16} = (4 \cdot 16^1) + (11 \cdot 16^0) = 75_{10}$

- $4B_{16} = 01001011_2 \rightarrow (4 = 100 \text{ et } 11 = 1011)$

- $4B_{16} = \underline{001}\underline{001}\underline{011} = 113_8$

- $1011_{10} = 0x3F3$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1011 \\ - 1008 \\ \hline 3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 16 \\ \underline{63} \ 16 \\ - 48 \ 3 \ 16 \\ \underline{15} \ 0 \ 0 \\ 3 \end{array}$$

- $0xee = (14 \cdot 16^1) + (14 \cdot 16^0) = 238_{10}$

2.

$$17_{10} = 10001_2$$

$$10001_2 = 2^4 + 2^0 = 17_{10}$$

3.

$$01101_2 \rightarrow 19_{10}$$

$$2^4 + 2^1 + 2^0 = 19_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{1}{x} \overset{1}{x} \overset{1}{x} \overset{1}{x} \overset{1}{x} \\ 10000 \\ - 01101 \\ \hline 10011 \end{array}$$

$$10011_2 \rightarrow -13_{10}$$

$$-(2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0) = -13_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{1}{x} \overset{1}{x} \overset{1}{x} \overset{1}{x} \overset{2}{x} \\ 100000 \\ - 10011 \\ \hline 01101 \end{array}$$

Pour 3,15

- $$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{) 2} \\ \underline{-2} \phantom{0} \\ 1 \phantom{0} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 1} \\ \underline{-1} \phantom{0} \\ 0 \phantom{0} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 0} \\ \underline{-0} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

...

- f = 100100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 2212} \\ \underline{-4} \phantom{00} \\ 0 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{-2} \phantom{00} \\ 0 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{-0} \phantom{00} \\ 1 \phantom{00} \end{array}$$

- f = 000

5.  $10-3+4-2 = 9$