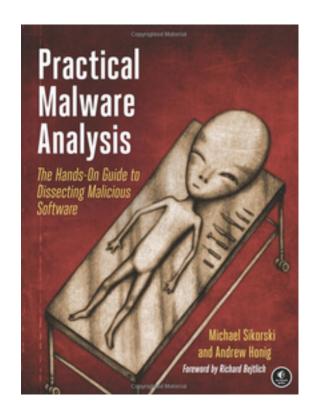
#### Practical Malware Analysis

## Ch 6: Recognizing C Constructs in Assembly



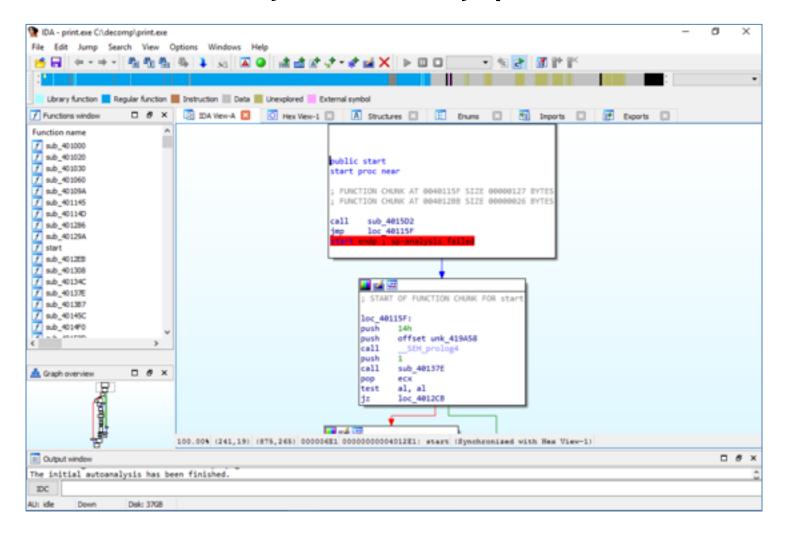
Updated for FLARE-VM 10-6-20

#### **Function Call**

```
■ Visual C++ 2015 x86 Native Build Tools Command Prompt
C:\pe>cl /EHsc print.cpp
Microsoft (R) C/C++ Optimizing Compiler Version 19.00.24210 for x86 Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
print.cpp
Microsoft (R) Incremental Linker Version 14.00.24210.0
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
/out:print.exe
print.obj
C:\pe>
 print.cpp - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
           printf("%d %s\n", 2, "HELLO");
                              Windows (CR Ln 5, Col 25 | 100%)
```

#### Finding the Code in IDA Pro

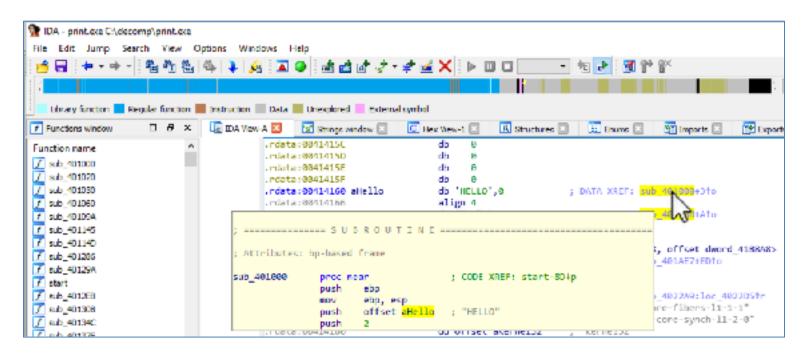
IDA shows only the entry point



## Use Strings, then XREF

- Shift+F12
- Doubleclick
- Doubleclick XREF





#### Disassembly in IDA Pro

- Arguments for printf() function
- Pushed onto stack
- Reverse order
- call launches function

```
printf("%d %s\n", 2, "HELLO");
```

```
sub 401000 proc near
push
        ebp
        ebp, esp
        offset aHello
                         ; "HELLO"
push
push
       offset aDS
                         ; "%d %s\n"
push
call
      sub 401060
add
        esp, 0Ch
xor
        eax, eax
pop
        ebp
retn
sub_401000 endp
```

#### Global vs. Local Variables

- Global variables
  - Available to any function in the program
  - Stored outside all functions
- Local variables
  - Defined in a function and only available to that function
  - Stored on the stack

#### Global vs. Local Variables

```
sub 401000 proc near
var 4= dword ptr -4
push
       ebp
mov
       ebp, esp
push
       ecx
       [ebp+var_4], 3
mov
mov
       eax, [ebp+var 4]
push
       eax
       ecx, dword 41B000
mov
push
       ecx
       offset aDD : "%d %d\n"
push
call
       sub 401070
add
       esp, OCh
xor
       eax, eax
       esp, ebp
mov
       ebp
pop
retn
sub 401000 endp
```

### **Arithmetic Operations**

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void main()
{
   int i = 3;
   int j = 6;
   int k = i + j;
   int l = j - i;
   int m = j * i;
   float n = (float)j / (float)i;
   printf("%d %d %d %d %d %f\n", i, j, k, l, m, n);
}
sub
mov
cvtsi2ss
cvtsi2ss
divss
movss
cvtss2sd
sub
movsd
```

```
ebp
push
       ebp, esp
mov
sub
       esp, 18h
      [ebp+var 8], 3
mov
       [ebp+var 4], 6
mov
       eax, [ebp+var 8]
mov
       eax, [ebp+var 4]
add
       [ebp+var 18], eax
mov
       ecx, [ebp+var 4]
mov
       ecx, [ebp+var 8]
mov [ebp+var 14], ecx
     edx, [ebp+var 4]
imul edx, [ebp+var 8]
     [ebp+var 10], edx
cvtsi2ss xmm0, [ebp+var 4]
cvtsi2ss xmm1, [ebp+var 8]
     xmm0, xmm1
movss [ebp+var C], xmm0
cvtss2sd xmm0, [ebp+var C]
sub esp. 8
       [esp+20h+var 20], xmm0
```

### Branching (if)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void main()
{
   int i = 3;
   if (i > 0) {
      printf("i is positive\n");
      } else {
      printf("i is not positive\n");
      }
}
```

```
sub_401000 proc near
         var 4= dword ptr -4
                 ebo
         push
         mov
                 ebp, esp
         push
                 ecx
                 [ebp+var_4], 3
         mov
                 [ebp+var_4], 0
         CMD
                 short loc 401020
         file
                                                  🚻 🚄 🚟
        offset allsPositive; "i is positive\n"
push
        sub_401080
call
                                                  loc 401020:
                                                          offset allsNotPositive; "i is not positive\n"
add
        esp, 4
                                                  push
jmp
        short loc_40102D
                                                  call
                                                          sub_401080
                                                  add
                                                          esp, 4
```

### Finding for Loops

```
Example 7-12. C code for a for loop
int i;

for(i=0; i<100; i++)
{
   printf("i equals %d\n", i);
}
```

- Four components
  - Initialization: i starts at 0
  - Comparison: is i<100?
  - Execution: printf
  - Increment/decrement: i++

#### Example 7-13. Assembly code for the for loop example in Example 7-12

```
Initialization
                         [ebp+var_4], 0 1
00401004
                 mov
0040100B
                 jmp
                         short loc_401016 2
0040100D loc_40100D:
0040100D
                         eax, [ebp+var_4] 🖺
                 mov
00401010
                 add
                         eax, 1
                                                  Increment
                         [ebp+var_4], eax 4
00401013
                 MOV
00401016 loc_401016:
00401016
                         [ebp+var 4], 64h 🖪
                 CMD
                                                  Comparison
                         short loc_40102F 6
0040101A
                 jge
0040101C
                         ecx, [ebp+var_4]
                 MOV
0040101F
                 push
                         ecx
                 push
                         offset aID ; "i equals %d\n"
00401020
                 call
00401025
                         printf
                 add
0040102A
                         esp, 8
                                                   Execution
                         short loc_40100D 7
0040102D
                 jmp
```

#### **Arrays**

```
Example 7-24. C code for an array
int b[5] = {123,87,487,7,978};
void main()
   int i;
   int a[5];
   for(i = 0; i<5; i++)
      a[i] = i;
      b[i] = i;
```

#### Example 7-25. Assembly code for the array in Example 7-24

```
[ebp+var_18], 0
00401006
                MOV
0040100D
                         short loc_401018
                 JMD
0040100F loc_40100F:
                         eax, [ebp+var_18]
0040100F
                MOV
                 add
00401012
                         eax. 1
00401015
                         [ebp+var 18], eax
                MOV
00401018 loc_401018:
00401018
                         [ebp+var_18], 5
                 CMD
0040101C
                 jge
                         short loc 401037
                         ecx, [ebp+var_18]
0040101E
                MOV
                         edx, [ebp+var_18]
00401021
                MOV
                         [ebp+ecx*4+var 14], edx [
00401024
                MOV
                         eax, [ebp+var_18]
00401028
                MOV
0040102B
                         ecx, [ebp+var_18]
                MOV
                         dword_40A000[ecx*4], eax 2
0040102E
                MOV
                         short loc_40100F
00401035
                 jmp
```

Initialization

Increment

Comparison

Assign value to Element in b (base is var\_14)

Assign value to
Element in a
(base is dword\_40A000)

### Summary

- Finding the Code
  - Strings, then XREF
- Function Call
  - Arguments pushed onto stack
  - Reverse order
  - call
- Variables
  - Global: in memory, available to all functions
  - Local: on stack, only available to one function

### Summary

- Arithmetic
  - Move variables into registers
  - Perform arithmetic (add, sub, idiv, etc.)
  - Move results back into variables
- Branching
  - Compare (cmp, test, etc.)
  - Conditional jump (jz, jnz, etc.)
  - Red arrow if false, green arrow if true

# Kahooti