

# Relack Project Design and Architecture Overview

Relack is a self-hosted real-time chat system implemented with **Reflex (Python)**. It supports **Guest** and **Google OAuth** sign-in, and provides an **Admin Dashboard** for data maintenance, permission toggles, and export/import.

## 1) Project Structure (Repo Map)

```
relack-main/
  └── relack/
    ├── relack.py
    ├── models.py
    ├── pages/
    │   ├── index.py
    │   ├── profile.py
    │   └── admin.py
    ├── components/
    │   ├── auth_views.py
    │   ├── chat_views.py
    │   ├── navbar.py
    │   └── profile_views.py
    └── states/
        ├── shared_state.py
        ├── auth_state.py
        ├── admin_state.py
        ├── permission_state.py
        └── profile_state.py
  └── rxconfig.py
  └── .env.template
  └── testcases/
```

# Reflex app entry: registers pages  
# Pydantic data models

# Home: Auth + Chat Dashboard  
# /profile/[username]  
# /admin-dashboard

# Guest / Google login UI  
# Sidebar / ChatArea / UsersPanel, etc.  
# Top navigation  
# Profile UI

# GlobalLobbyState / RoomState / TabSessionState (core)  
# AuthState (GoogleAuthState + Guest)  
# AdminState (PASSCODE)  
# PermissionState (permission toggle UI)  
# ProfileState (view/edit)

# Reflex config + Tailwind plugin + sitemap  
# GOOGLE\_CLIENT\_ID / SECRET / ADMIN\_PASSCODE

# Playwright e2e tests (guest/google/admin)

## 2) Technology and Execution Model (Key Concepts)

### 2.1 Tech Stack

- **Backend / Fullstack:** Reflex (Python) `reflex>=0.8.23`
- **UI styling:** Tailwind V3 plugin (`rx.plugins.TailwindV3Plugin()`)
- **Login:** `reflex-google-auth` + Google ID token verification
- **E2E tests:** Playwright

## 2.2 Where is the data stored?

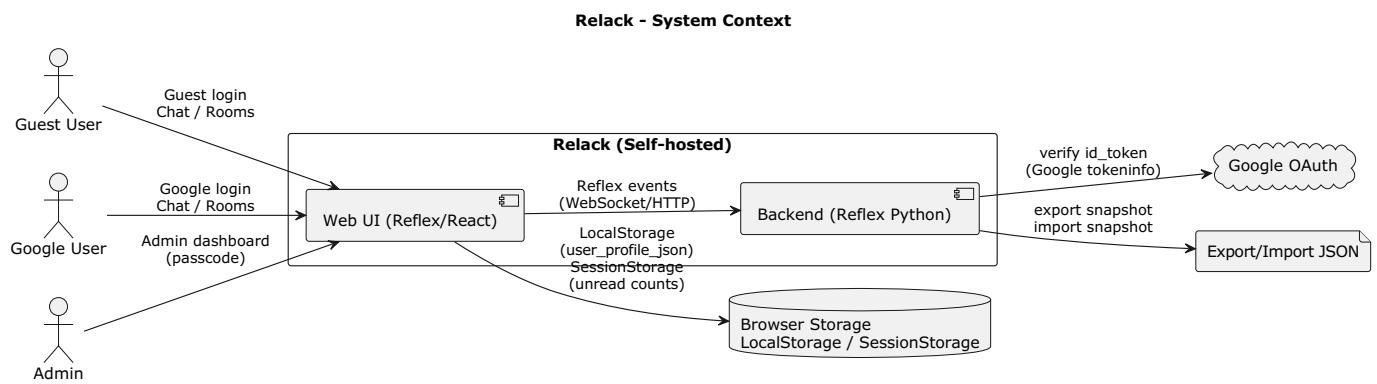
In the current version, the system is primarily **state-driven** and **in-memory oriented**:

- **GlobalLobbyState (rx.SharedState)**: globally shared site-wide (rooms, profiles, messages\_by\_room, permissions)
- **RoomState (rx.SharedState)**: one shared instance per room (token like `room-{slug}`), tracks presence and that room's messages
- **TabSessionState (rx.State)**: stored in **SessionStorage** (per tab) for unread counts and last room
- **AuthState (GoogleAuthState)**: uses **LocalStorage** to store `user_profile_json`

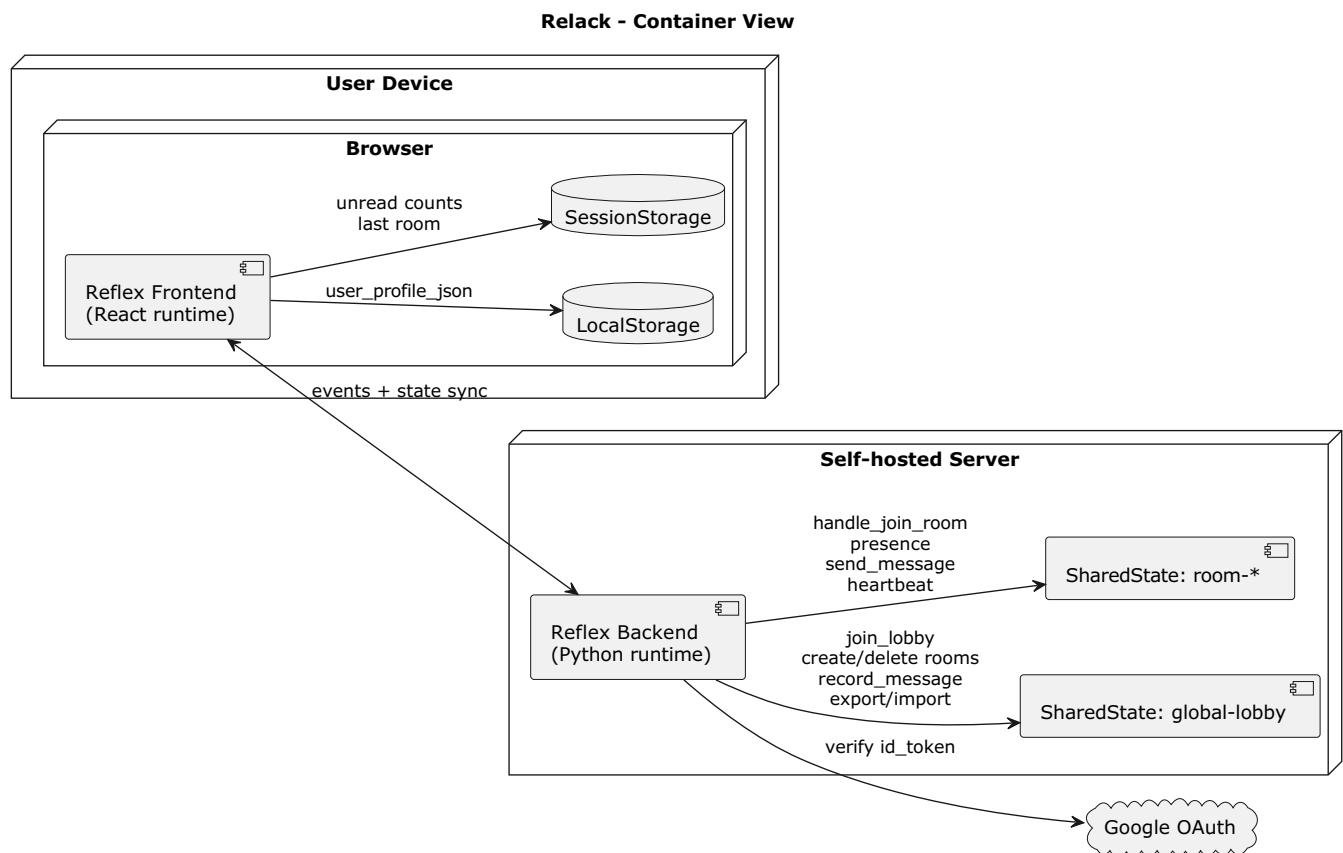
Therefore:

**if the server restarts, the in-memory content of GlobalLobbyState/RoomState will be lost.** However, you can back up and restore via the Admin **Export/Import JSON**.

## 3) Context Diagram (System Context)

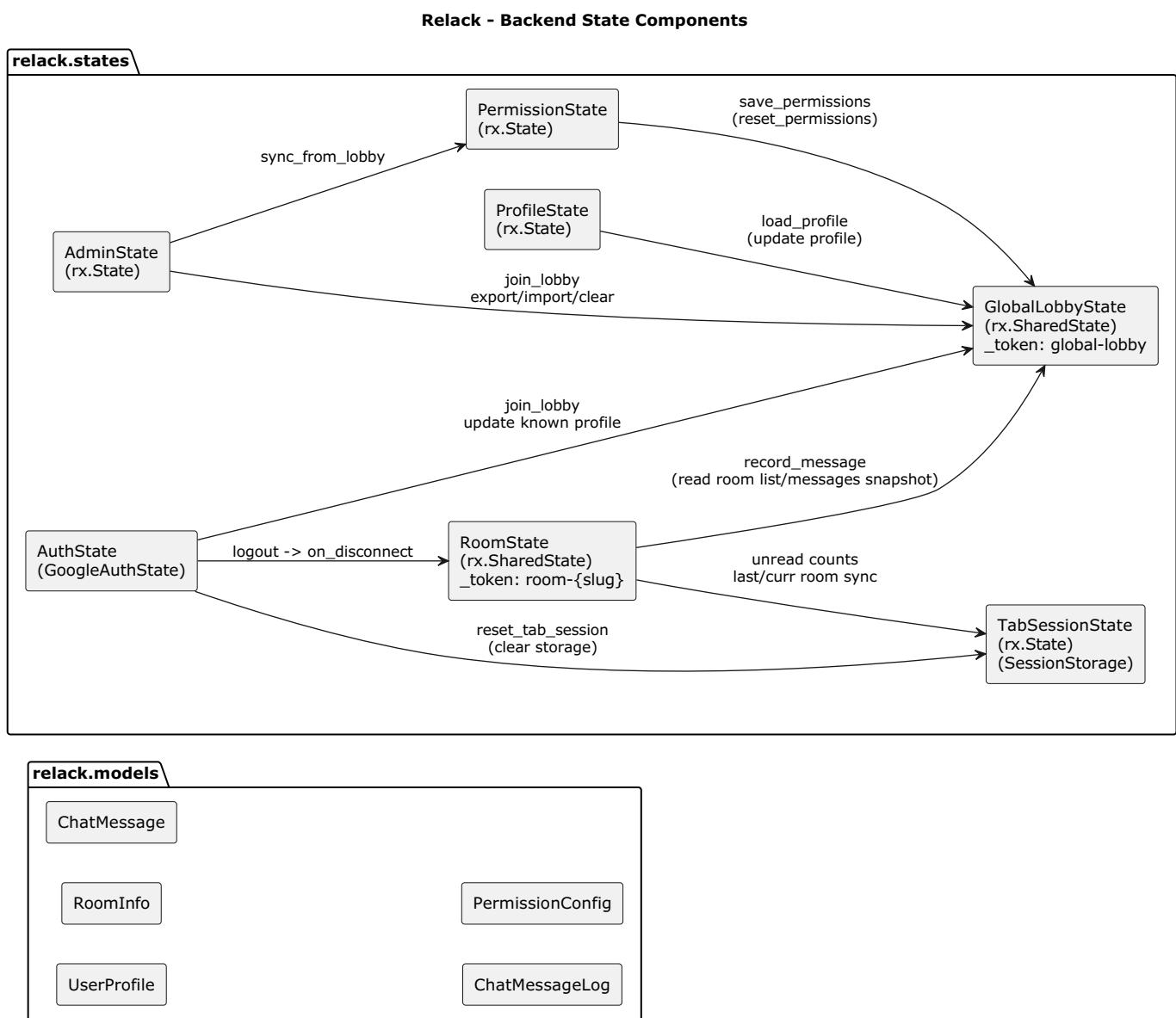


## 4) Container Diagram (Frontend/Backend Containers and Boundaries)



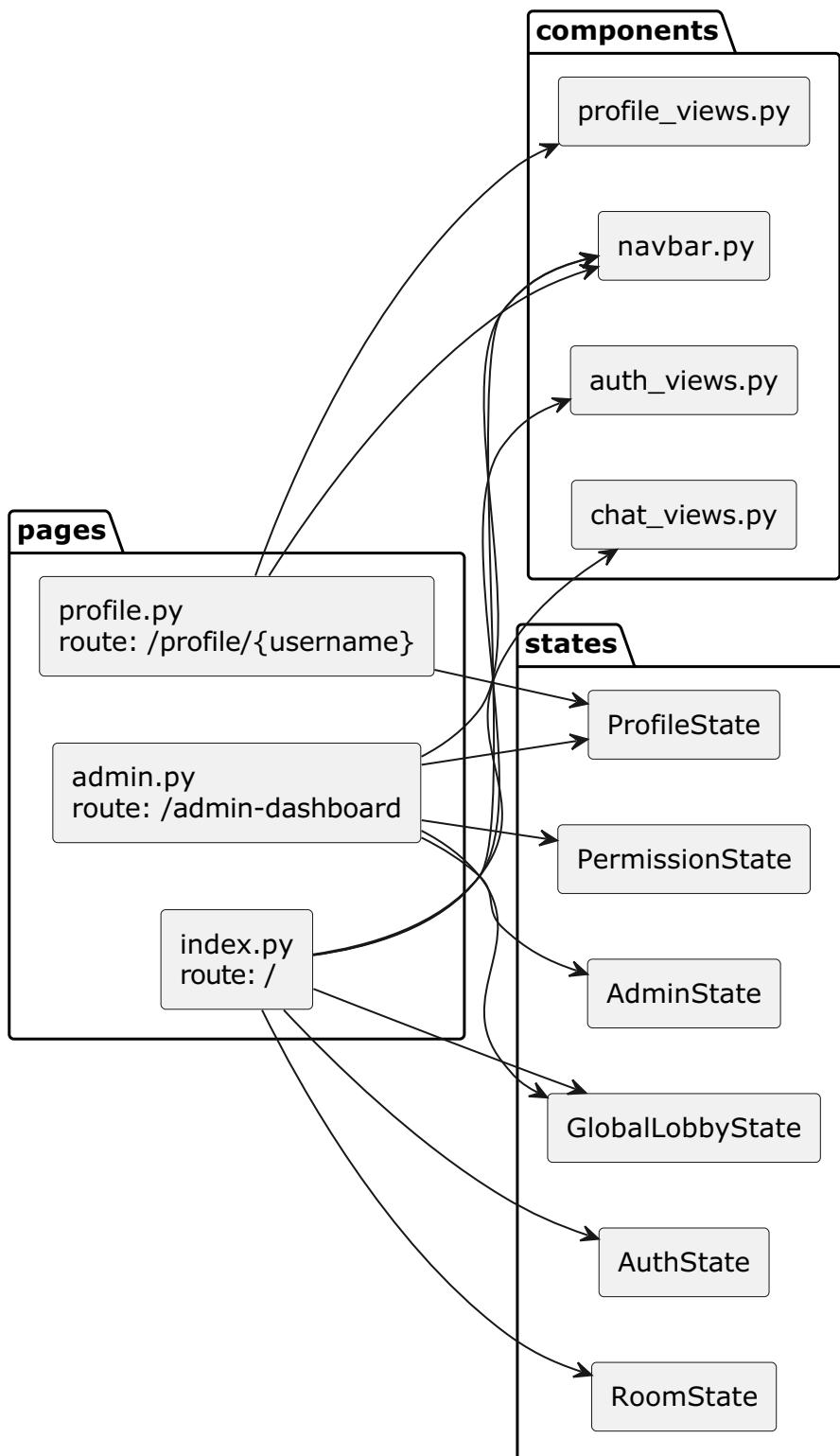
# 5) Component Diagram (Module / State Decomposition)

## 5.1 Backend / State Components



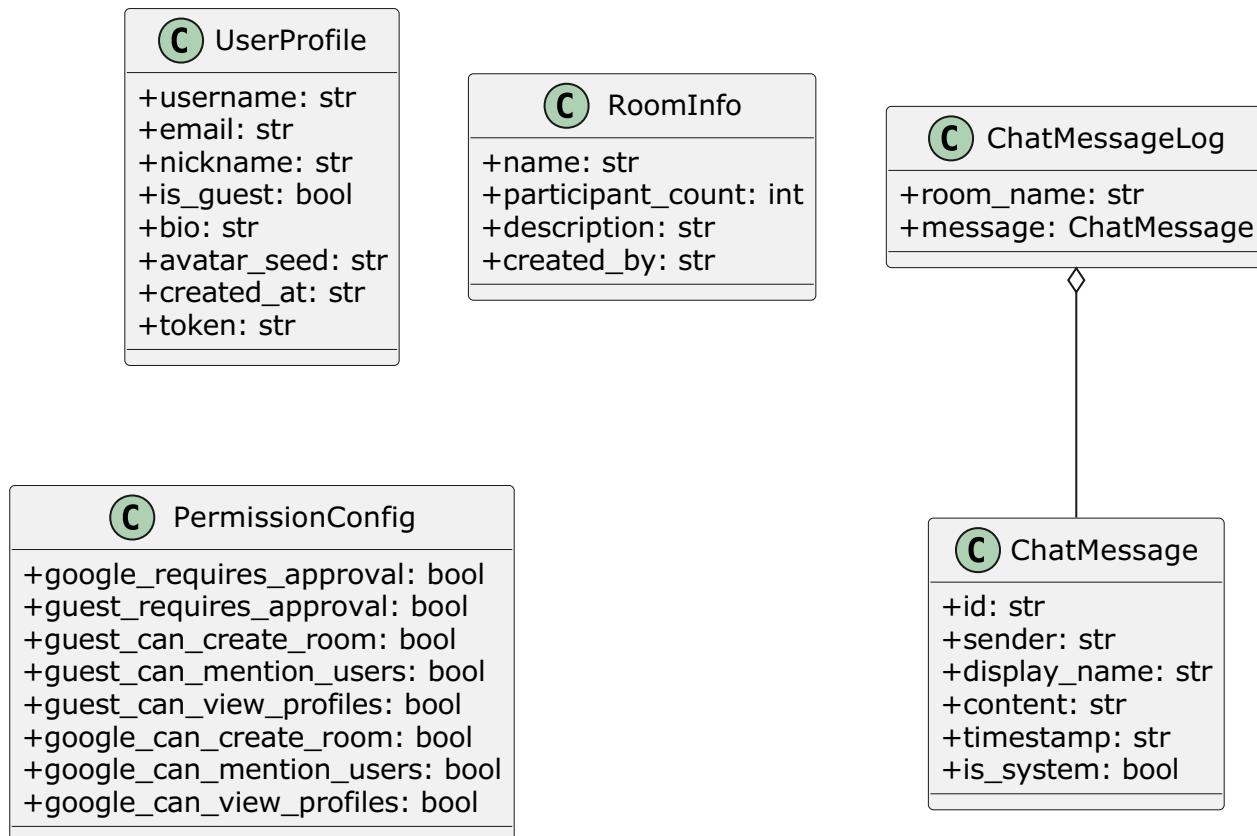
## 5.2 UI / Pages / Components (Who uses what)

Relack - Pages & Components



## 6) Data Model (Pydantic models)

### Relack - Data Models (Pydantic)



## 7) Core State Internal Data Structures (What you should master)

### 7.1 GlobalLobbyState (token: "global-lobby")

Purpose: the global lobby (room directory, site-wide profiles, messages\_by\_room, permissions)

- `_rooms: dict[str, RoomInfo]`
- `_known_profiles: dict[str, UserProfile]`
- `_user_locations: dict[str, str] (client_token -> room_name)`
- `_messages_by_room: dict[str, list[ChatMessage]]`
- `_permissions: PermissionConfig`
- `export_payload / import_payload`

## 7.2 RoomState (token: "room-{slug}")

Purpose: per-room shared state + presence (who's online) + message list + snapshots required for unread calculation

- `_active_users: dict[str, str]` (client\_token -> username)
- `_active_user_profiles: dict[str, UserProfile]`
- `_active_user_last_seen: dict[str, float]`
- `_messages: list[ChatMessage]`
- `_current_room_by_client: dict[str, str]`
- `_message_counts_by_room: dict[str, int]` (used to compute unread)
- `STALE_WINDOW_SECONDS = 180` (heartbeat timeout treated as offline)
- `current_message, is_sidebar_open, is_user_list_open`

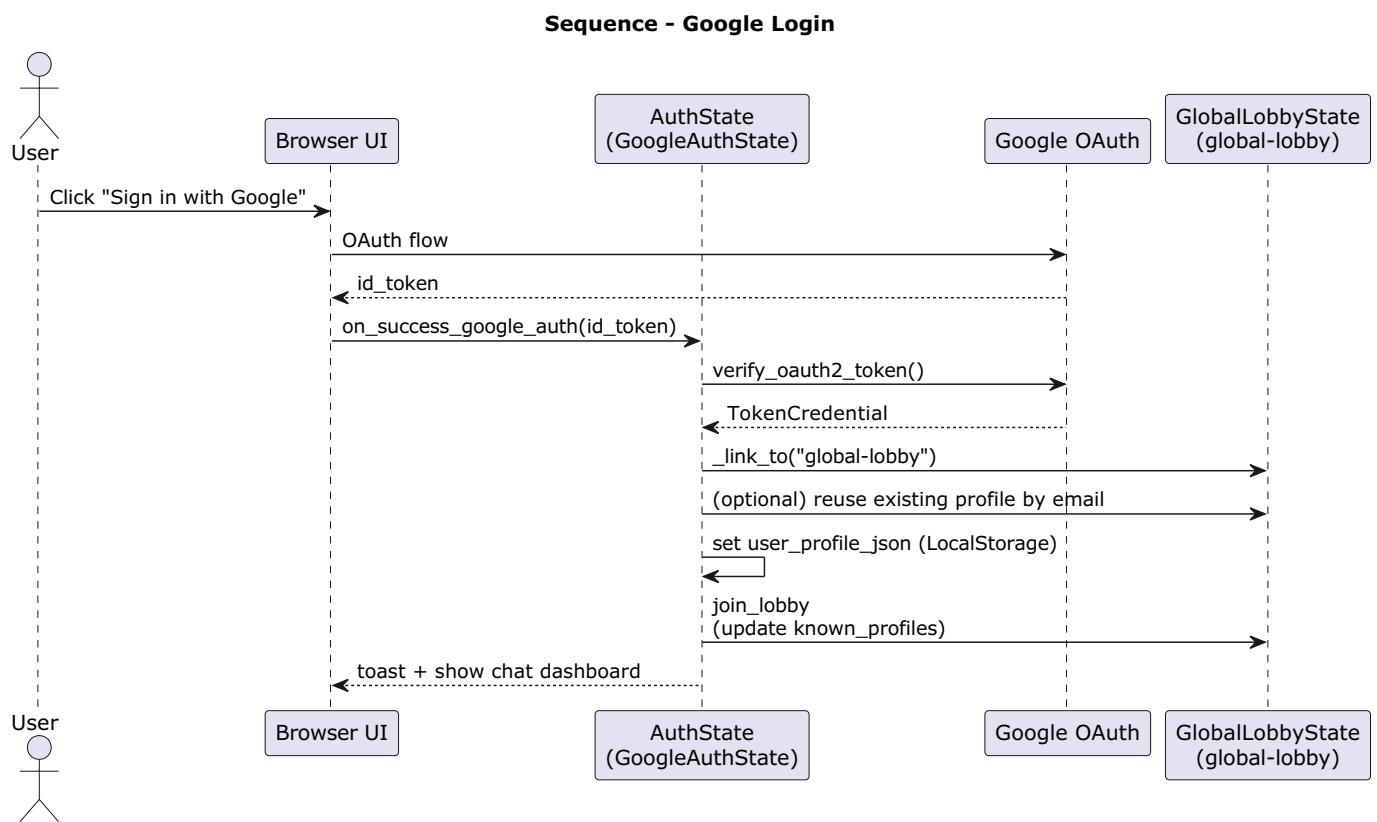
## 7.3 TabSessionState (SessionStorage)

Purpose: each tab stores its own unread counts and last room, so badges don't disappear after reload

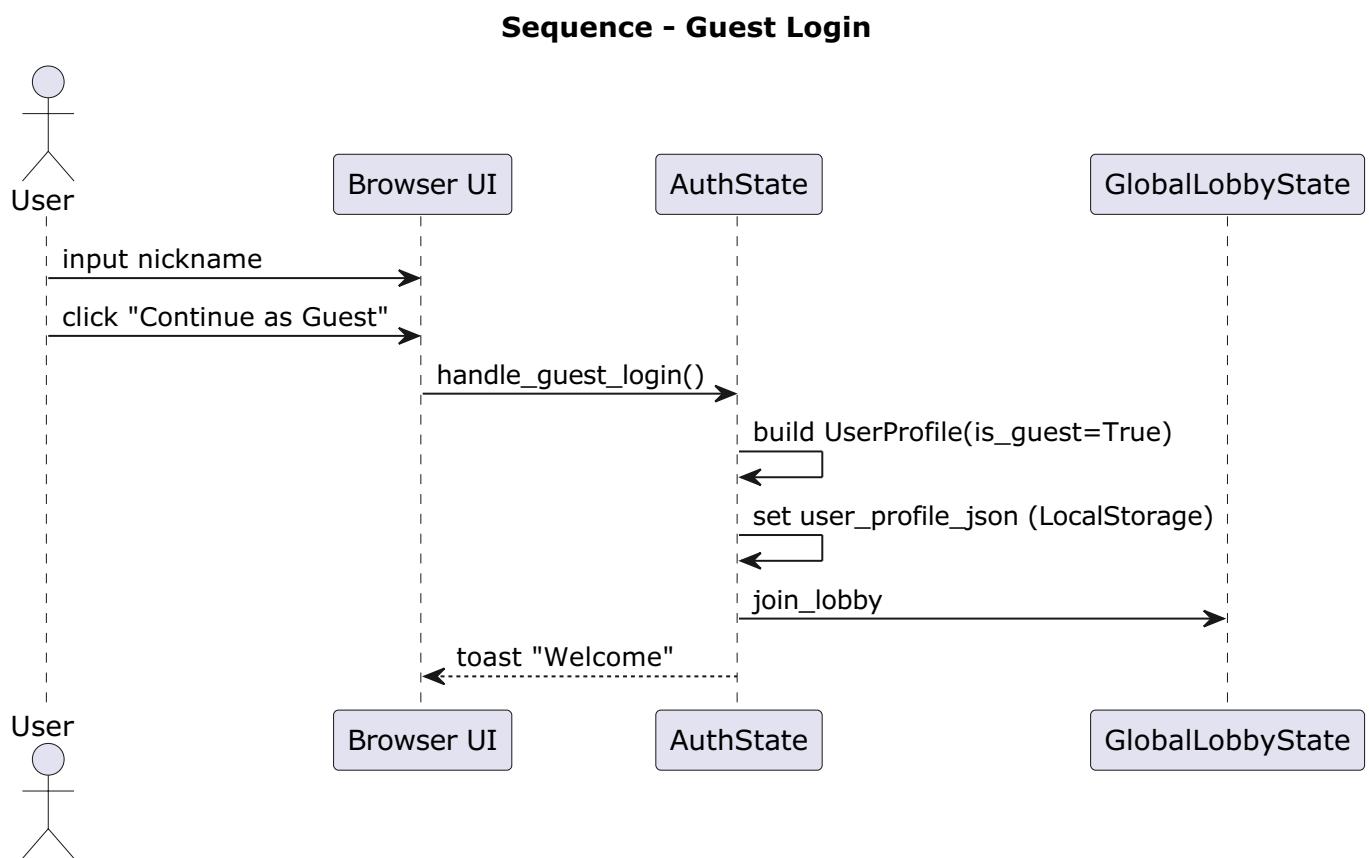
- `all_room_counts_json` (total message counts per room)
  - `all_room_read_counts_json` (how many messages have been read per room)
  - `last_room_name / curr_room_name`
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## 8) Sequence Diagrams (Most critical interaction loops)

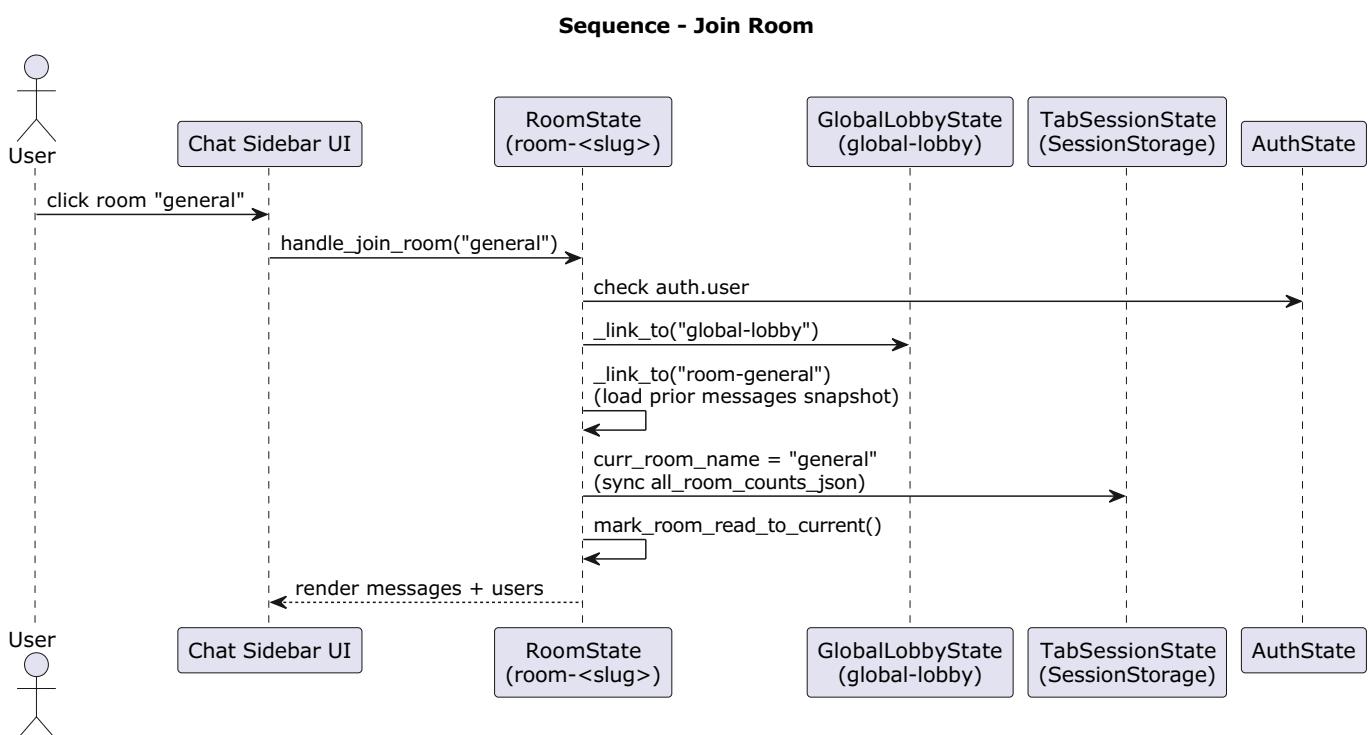
### 8.1 Google Login (on\_success\_google\_auth)



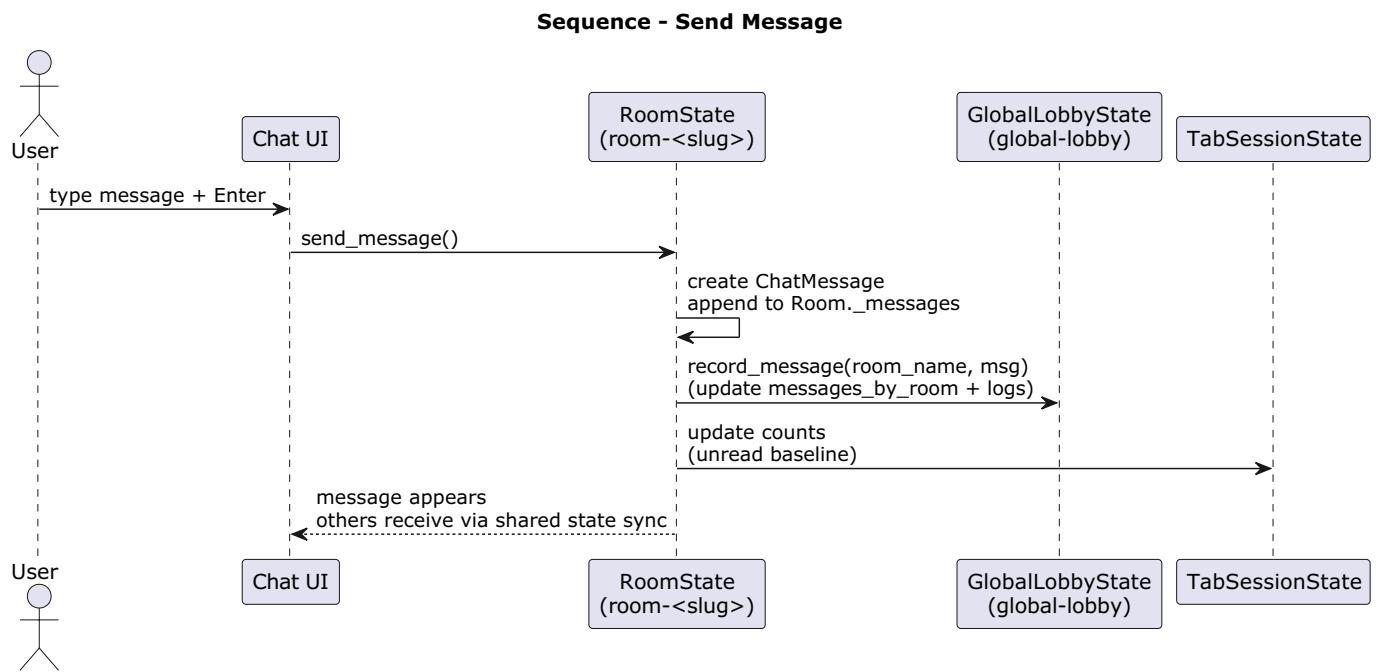
## 8.2 Guest Login (handle\_guest\_login)



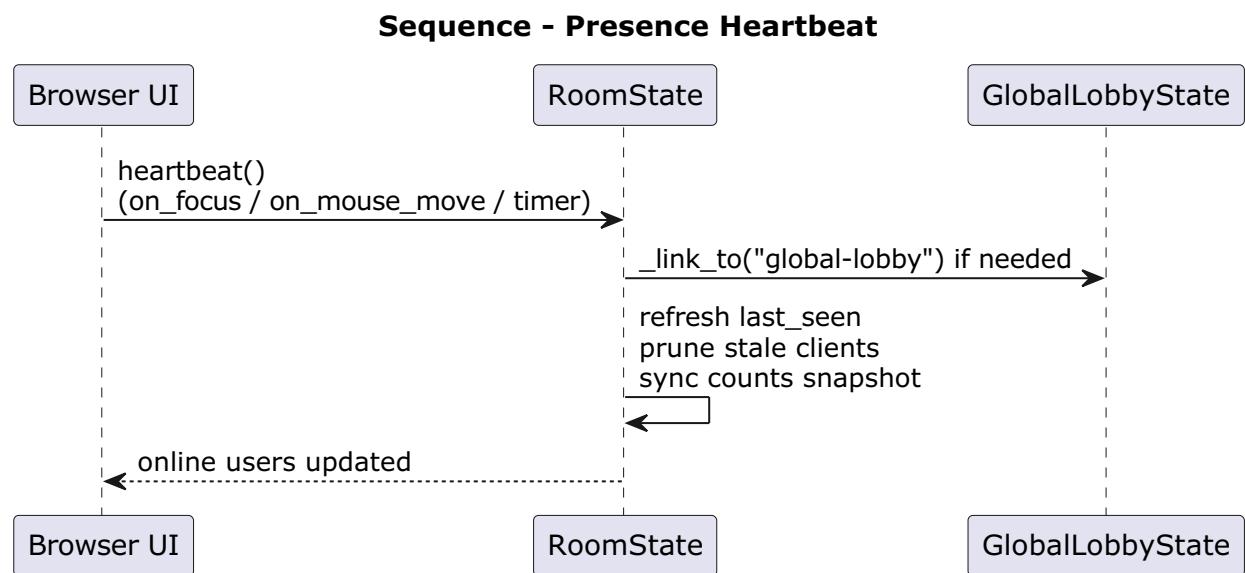
## 8.3 Join Room (RoomState.handle\_join\_room)



## 8.4 Send Message (RoomState.send\_message -> GlobalLobbyState.record\_message)

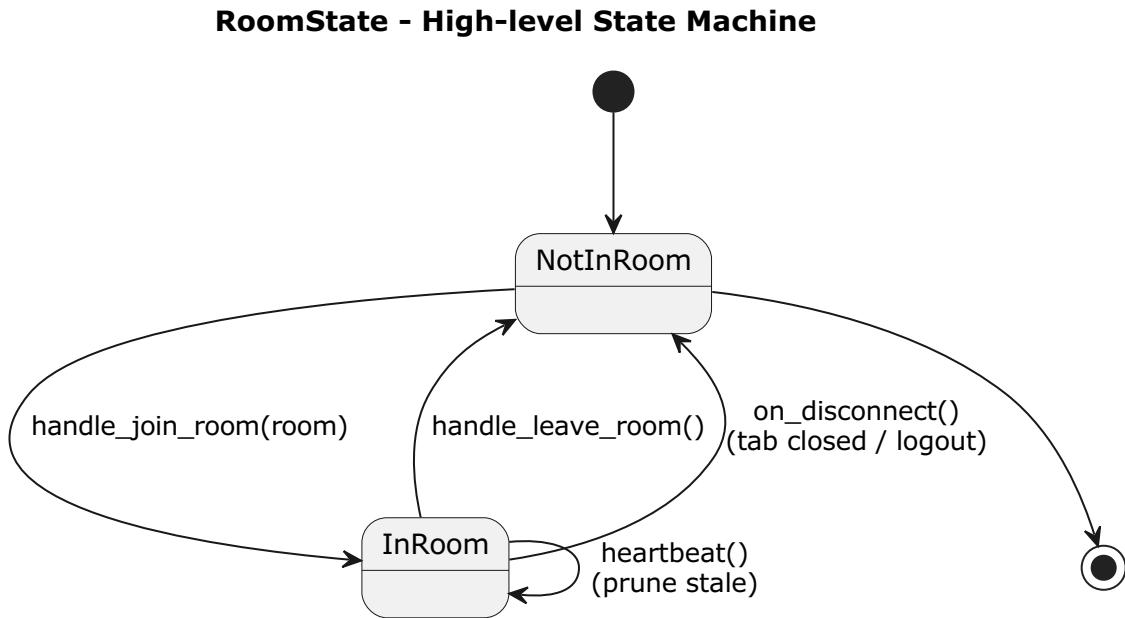


## 8.5 Heartbeat / Presence (RoomState.heartbeat)



## 9) State Diagram (Room state and disconnect cleanup)

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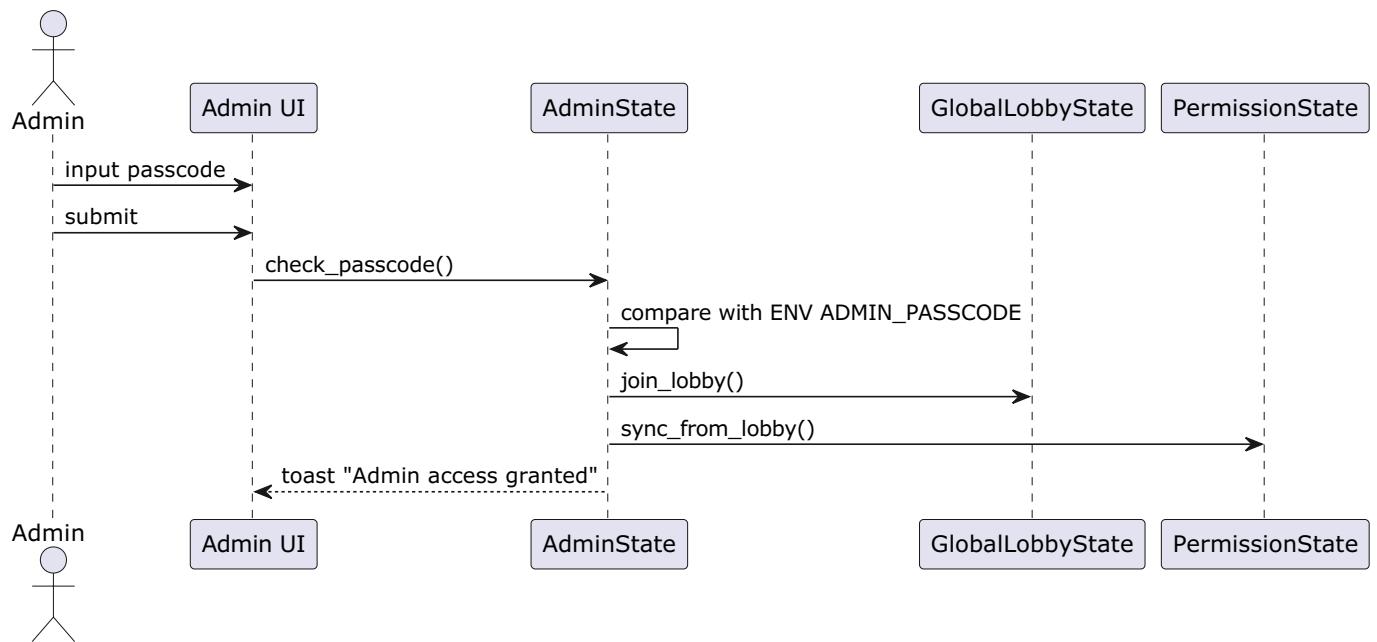
## 10) Admin / Permissions (Management plane)

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### 10.1 Admin Login (PASSCODE)

- In `.env`: `ADMIN_PASSCODE=...`
- After `AdminState.check_passcode()` succeeds:
  - `GlobalLobbyState.join_lobby()` ensures lobby data is available
  - `PermissionState.sync_from_lobby()` syncs the UI toggles with the lobby snapshot

### Sequence - Admin Login (Passcode)

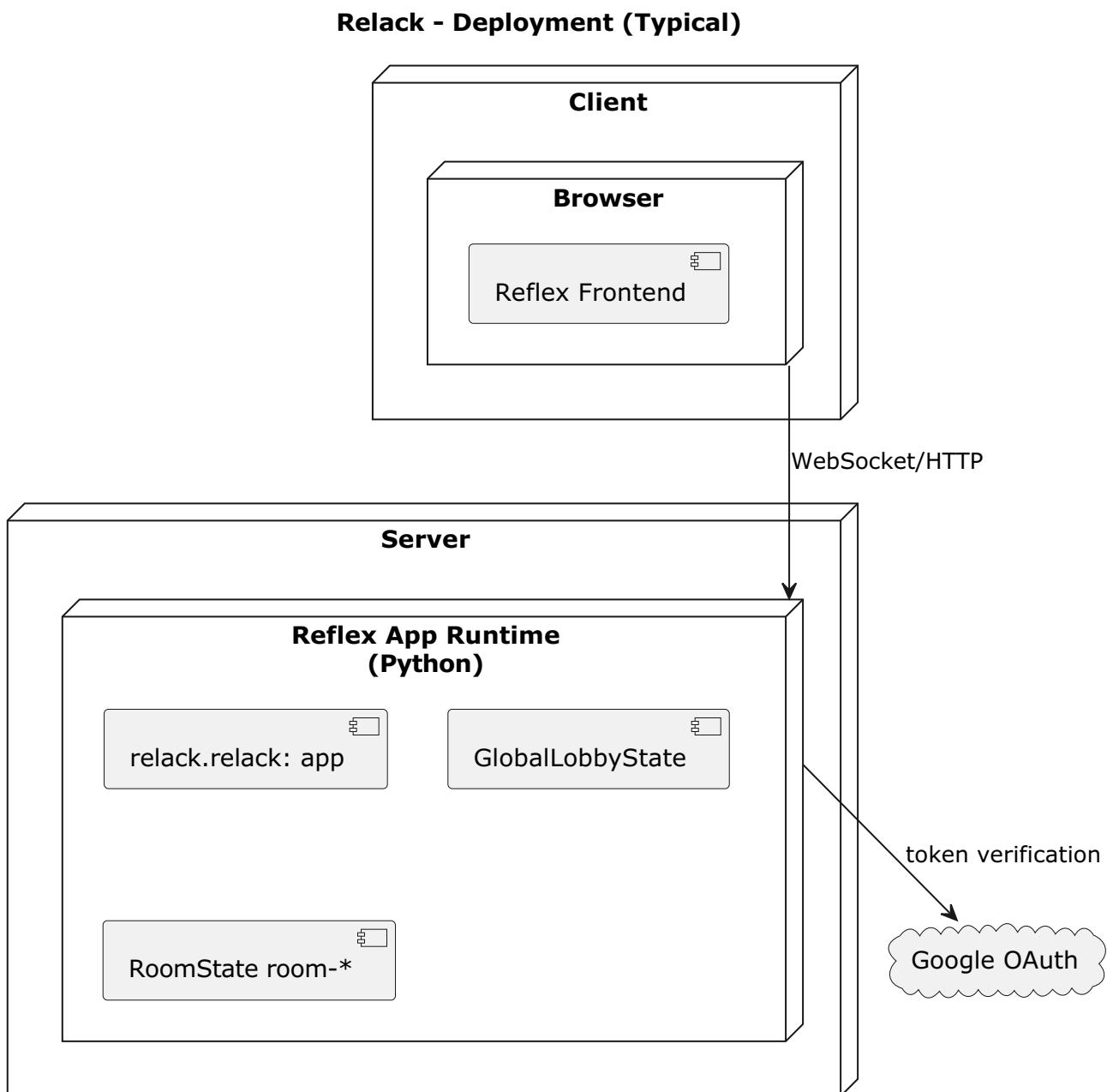


## 10.2 Data Maintenance (Export / Import / Clear)

GlobalLobbyState provides:

- `_snapshot()` : rooms / profiles / messages\_by\_room / permissions
  - `export_data()` / `import_data(payload)` / `clear_all_data()`
-

## 11) Deployment Diagram (Typical self-hosted deployment)



If you plan to support multi-worker / multi-server in the future: SharedState is currently in-memory, so you typically need external storage or pub/sub (e.g., Redis) to guarantee cross-worker synchronization (this would be a next-step extension).

## 12) Testing (Playwright e2e)

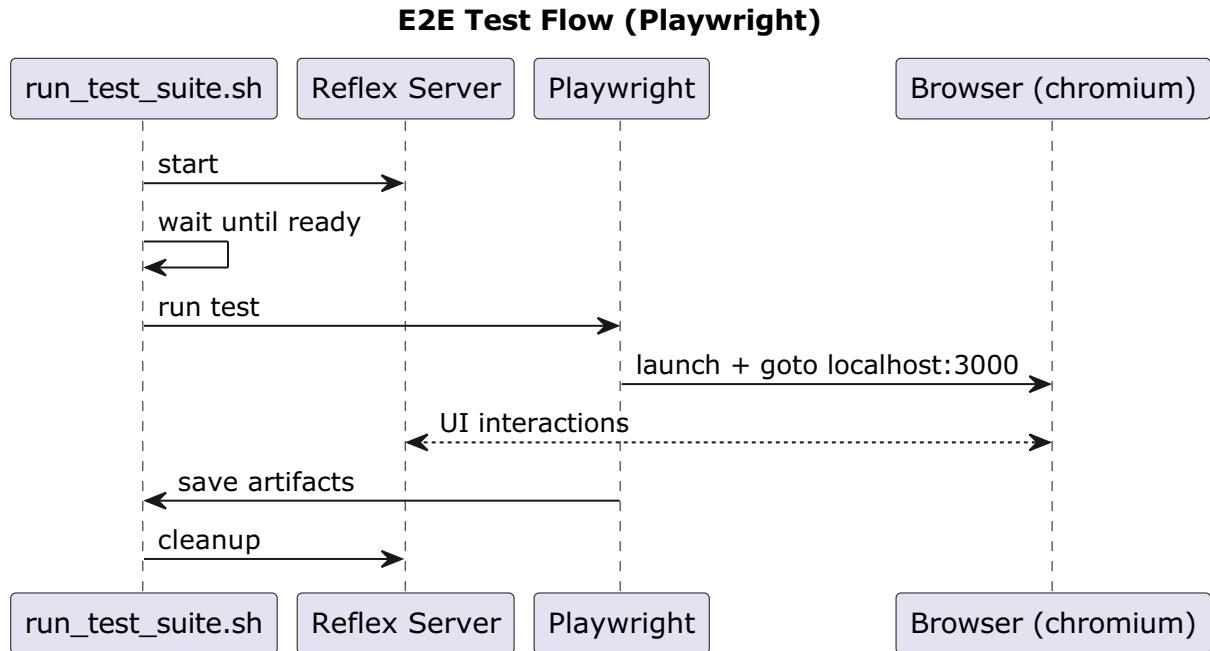
`testcases` provides:

- `guest_login`
- `google_login`

- admin\_login

Overall strategy:

- `run_test_suite.sh`: start the reflex server → wait until ready → run the corresponding Playwright script → collect artifacts



## 13) WBS (System capability breakdown)

