Unit 02 - Essential problems

W07

PMF calculations from a table

Suppose the joint PMF of *X* and *Y* has values given in this table:

$X \backslash Y$	0	1	2	3
1	0.10	0.15	0	0.05
2	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.20
3	0.05	0	x	0.05

- (a) Find *x*.
- (b) Find the marginal PMF of *X*.
- (c) Find the PMF of the random variable Z = XY.
- (d) Find P[X = Y] and P[X > Y].

Marginals from PDF

Suppose *X* and *Y* have joint PDF given by:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = egin{cases} 2e^{-(x+2y)} & ext{ if } x,y>0 \ 0 & ext{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the marginal PDFs for *X* and *Y*.
- (b) Find P[X > Y].

\square \bigstar Factorizing the density

Consider two joint density functions for *X* and *Y*:

$$egin{aligned} f_1(x,y) &= 6e^{-2x}e^{-3y}, & x,y > 0, \ f_2(x,y) &= 2yxe^{x^2}, & x,y \in [0,1], \; x+y \in [0,1]. \end{aligned}$$

(Assume the densities are zero outside the given domain.)

Supposing f_1 is the joint density, are X and Y independent? Why or why not? Supposing f_2 is the joint density, are X and Y independent? Why or why not?

The joint density of random variables *X* and *Y* is given by:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = egin{cases} e^{-x-y} & x,y>0 \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Compute the PDF of X/Y. (Hint: First find the CDF of X/Y.)

W08

PDF of min and max

Suppose $X \sim \text{Exp}(2)$ and $Y \sim \text{Exp}(3)$ and these variables are independent. Find:

- (a) The PDF of W = Max(X, Y)
- (b) The PDF of W = Min(X, Y)

PDF of sum from joint PDF

Suppose the joint PDF of *X* and *Y* is given by:

$$f_{X,Y} = egin{cases} rac{8}{81}xy & 0 \leq y \leq x \leq 3 \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the PDF of X + Y.

\square \bigstar Poisson plus Bernoulli

Suppose that:

- $X \sim \operatorname{Pois}(\lambda)$
- $Y \sim \mathrm{Ber}(p)$
- X and Y are independent

Find a formula for the PMF of X + Y.

Apply your formula with $\lambda = 2$ and p = 0.3 to find $P_{X+Y}(7)$.

Convolution for uniform distributions over intervals

Suppose that:

- $X \sim \mathrm{Unif}[a,b]$
- ullet $Y \sim \mathrm{Unif}[c,d]$
- X and Y are independent

Find the PDF of X + Y.

(You may find it helpful to start by considering specific numbers for a, b, c, d.)

W10

Correlation between overlapping coin flip sequences

Suppose a coin is flipped 30 times.

Let X count the number of heads among the first 20 flips, and Y count the heads in the last 20.

Find $\rho[X, Y]$.

Hint: Partition the flips into three groups of 10. Create *three* variables, counting heads, and express *X* and *Y* using these. What is the variance of a binomial distribution?

☑ Variance puzzle: indicators

Suppose *A* and *B* are events satisfying:

$$P[A] = 0.5, \qquad P[B] = 0.2, \qquad P[AB] = 0.1$$

Let *X* count the number of these events that occurs. (So the possible values are X = 0, 1, 2.)

Find Var[X].

Hint: Try setting $X = X_A + X_B$.

Further practice: Covariance etc. from joint density

Suppose X and Y are random variables with the following joint density:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = egin{cases} rac{3}{2} \left(x^2 + y^2
ight) & x,y \in [0,1] \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Compute:

(a)
$$E[X]$$
 (b) $E[Y]$ (c) $E[XY]$ (d) $Var[X]$

(e)
$$\operatorname{Var}[Y]$$
 (f) $\operatorname{Cov}[X,Y]$ (g) $\rho[X,Y]$ (h) Are X and Y independent?

(It is worth thinking through which of these can be computed in multiple ways.)

W11

Conditional density from joint density

Suppose that X and Y have joint probability density given by:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = egin{cases} rac{12}{5}x(2-x-y) & x,y \in [0,1] \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(a) Compute $f_{X|Y}(x|y)$, for $y \in [0,1]$.

(b) Compute $P[X > 1/2 \mid Y = y]$.

Conditional distribution and expectation from joint PDF

Suppose that *X* and *Y* have the following joint PDF:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) \; = \; egin{cases} cxy & 0 < y < 1, \; 0 < x < y \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Notice that the range of possibilities for x depends on the choice of y.

First, show that c = 8 must be true. Then compute:

(a) f_X (b) $f_{Y|X}$ (c) $E[Y \mid X = 0.5]$ (d) $E[Y \mid X]$

Let N count the number of customers that visit a bakery on a random day, and assume $N \sim \operatorname{Pois}(\lambda)$.

Let X count the number of customers that make a purchase. Each customer entering the bakery smells the cakes, and this produces a probability p of buying a cake for that customer. The customers are independent.

Find Cov[N, X]. Are N and X positively or negatively correlated?

Hint: Compute $P_{X|N}(x|n)$, and use this to compute $E[X\mid N]$ in terms of N. Now deduce E[X] using Iterated Expectation. Finally, compute E[NX] using the Expectation Multiplication Rule from the previous exercise. Now put everything together to find Cov[N,X].