

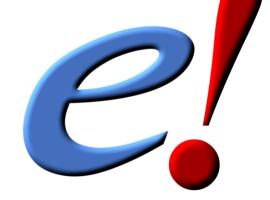
## Ensembl Compara Perl API

Stephen Fitzgerald

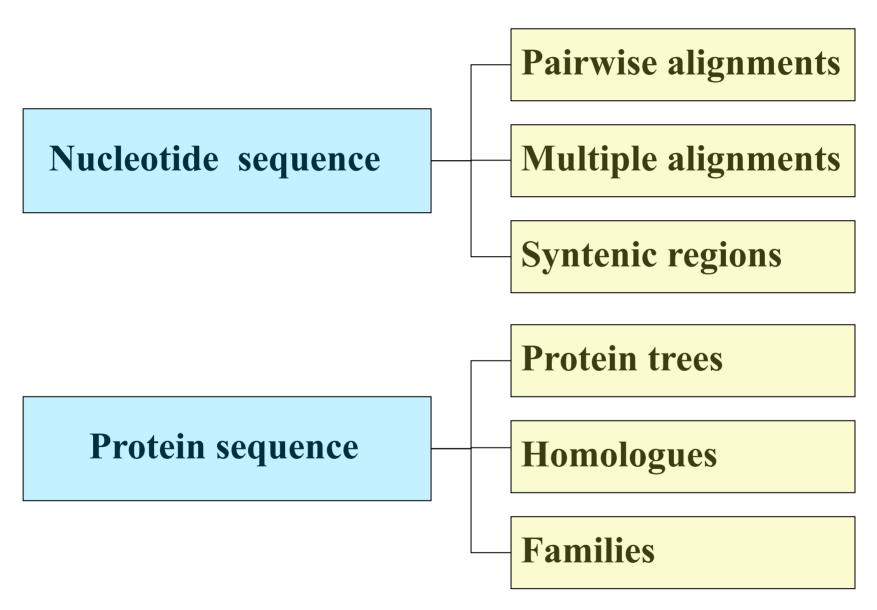
EBI - Wellcome Trust Genome Campus, UK

http://www.ebi.ac.uk/~stephenf/Workshops/Cam\_nov\_2012/





#### Sequence types and outputs

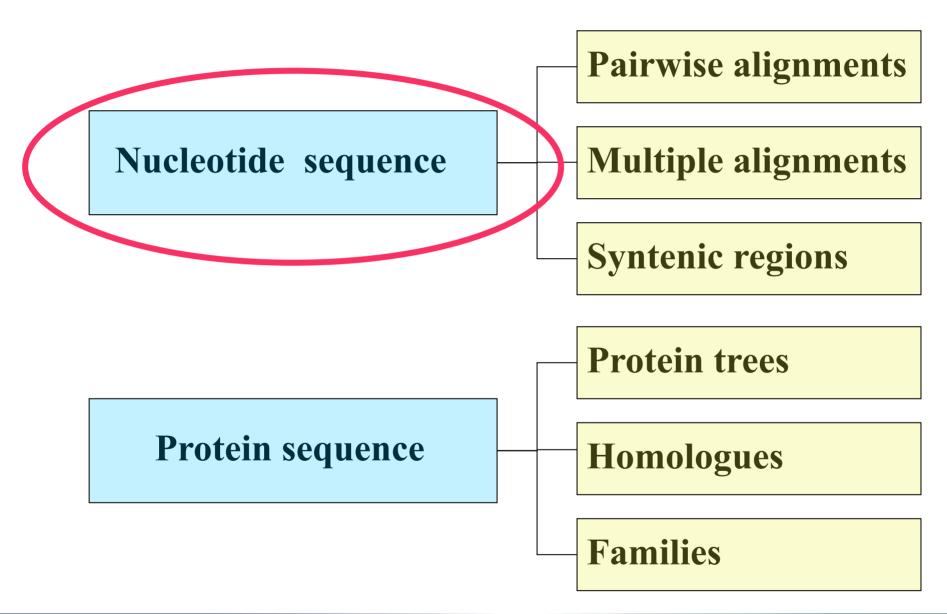








#### Sequence types and outputs

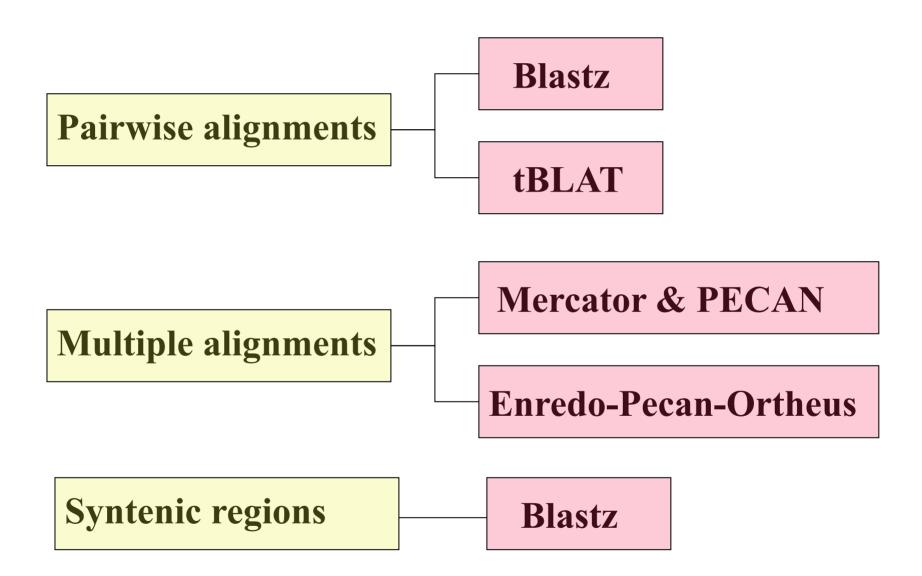








#### Pipelines and outputs for nucleotide sequence

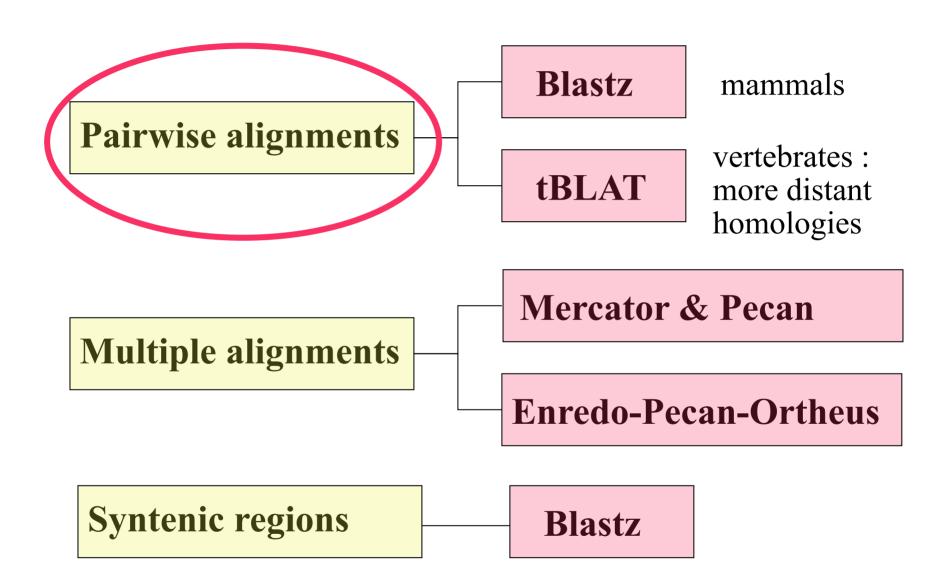








#### Pipelines and outputs for nucleotide sequence

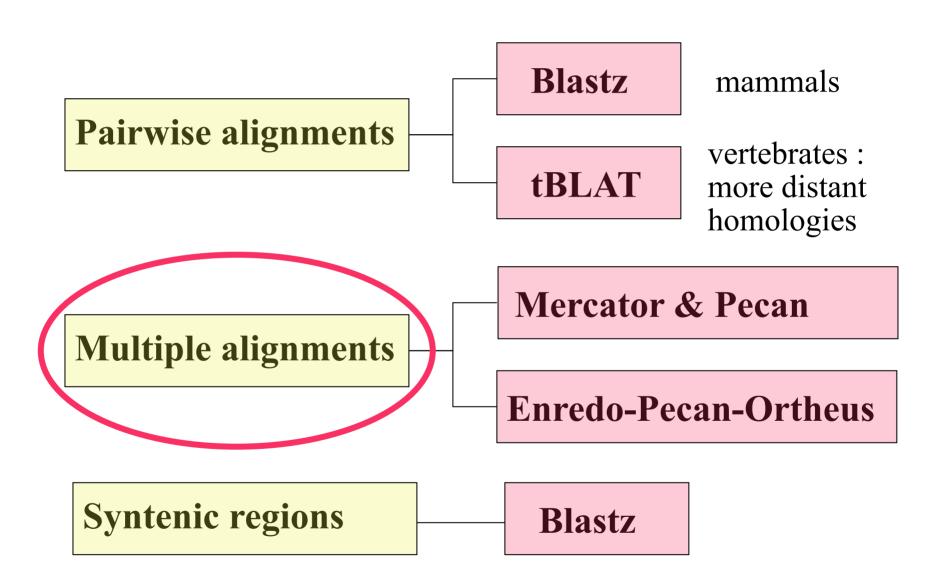








#### Pipelines and outputs for nucleotide sequence









#### Generating multiple alignments

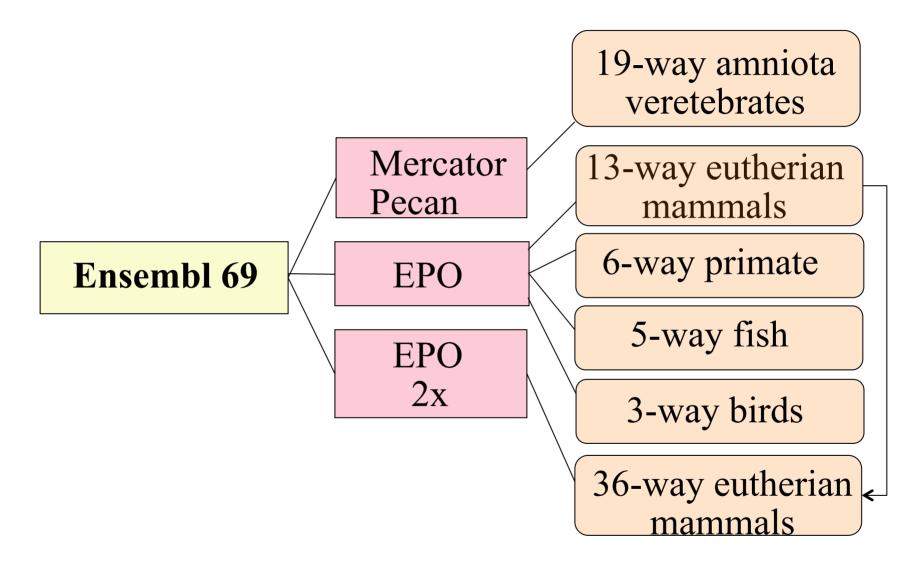
- We build homology maps for multiple alignments using
  - Mercator: A graph based program, which uses exon sequences as anchors. It does not allow for the alignment of duplicated regions in a genome.
  - Enredo: Also graph based. Use conserved regions from pairwise blastz alignments of whole genomes as anchors. It does allow for the alignment of duplicated regions.
- Alignment is done using Pecan.
- Ancestral sequences are generated using Ortheus.







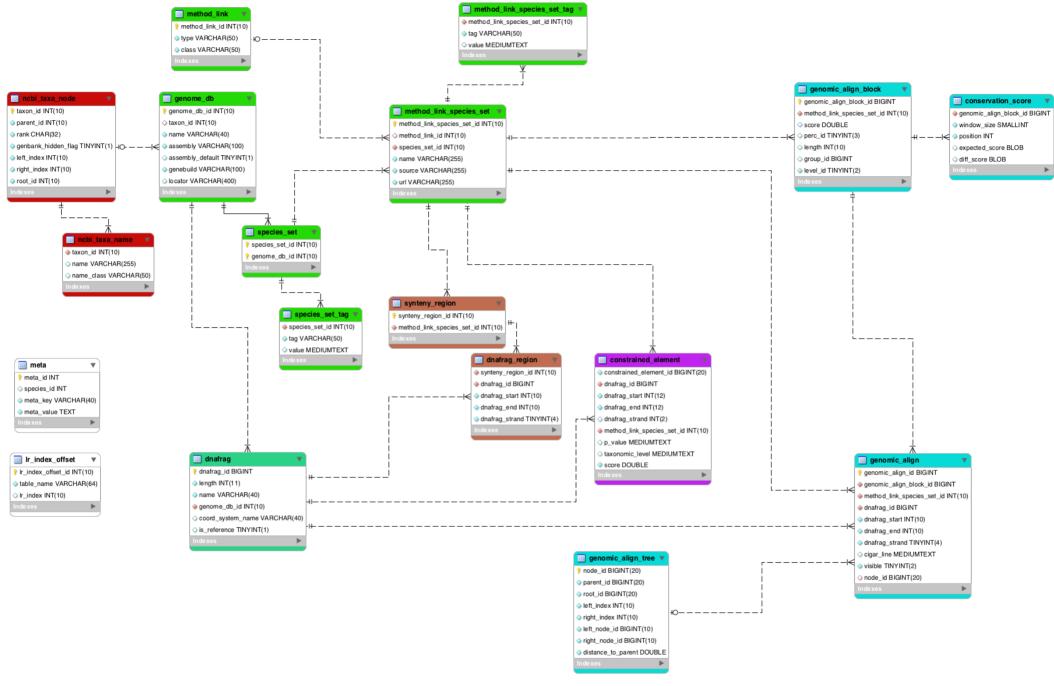
## MSA in Compara 69











#### Genomic alignments schema







#### Exercises – GenomeDB and DnaFrag

- A GenomeDB is used to link the Compara database to each of the Core species databases.
- Print the name, assembly version and genebuild version for all the GenomeDBs in the compara db
- A DnaFrag represents a top-level SeqRegion in the Compara database.
- Print all the DnaFrags for chimp







#### Exercises – MethodLinkSpeciesSet

- The MethodLinkSpeciesSet is a central component in the Compara database, it stores information connecting the various analyses (method\_link\_type) with a set of species (species\_set).
- Print the total number of MethodLinkSpeciesSet entries stored in the database.
- Print a unique list of method\_link\_types and a count of their number in the database.
- ➤ Print a list of the species and their internal ids (dbIDs) for the 12 eutherian mammal EPO alignments







# Alignments are stored in the genomic\_align and genomic\_align\_block tables

#### A small example:

```
gorilla_gorilla/MT/935-953
macaca_mulatta/MT/1469-1488
pan_troglodytes/MT/934-953
pongo_pygmaeus/MT/940-958
homo_sapiens/MT/1516-1534
```

5MD11MD3M 17MD3M 5MD15M 5MD11MD3M 5MD11MD3M

5 genomic\_align entries 1 genomic\_align\_block

Sequences from core







#### Exercises - GenomicAlignBlock

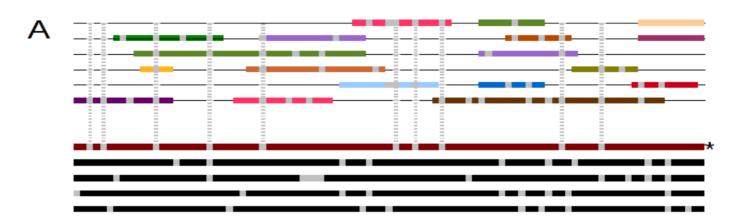
- A GenomicAlignBlock represents an alignment between two or more regions of genomic DNA. Within these blocks every region of genomic DNA is represented by a GenomicAlign object.
- ➤ Print the LASTZ-NET alignments for pig chromosome 15 with cow (using pig coordinates 105734307 and 105739335).
- Change the above example so that it prints the 13-way eutherian mammal (EPO) multiple alignments.

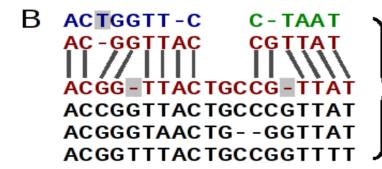




#### Adding low-coverage (2X) genomes

- Low coverage genomes cannot be fully assembled
- Resulting assembly is too scattered to be used with Enredo
- Run EPO on high-coverage genomes only
- Map 2X genomes using pairwise alignments





ACGG-TT-C...C-TAAT
ACGG-TTACTGCCG-TTAT
ACCGGTTACTGCCCGTTAT
ACGGGTAACTG--GGTTAT
ACGGTTTACTGCCGGTTTT

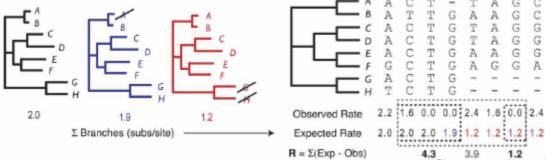






### Gerp Constrained Elements

Stretches of the alignment with a high conservation



Cooper et al. Genome Research, 2005

- Constrained elements and coding exons
  - 74% of coding exons are associated with constr. elem.
  - 22% of constr. elem. are associated with coding exons







#### Exercises – GenomicAlignBlock (Constrained elements)

 A Constrained Elements represent regions in the multiple alignment which appear to be under functional constraint.

Print the constrained element alignments from the above pig locus (use the constrained elements generated from the EPO LOW COVERAGE mammals alignments)







#### **Exercises - Synteny**

 Print the pig-cow synteny map using pig chromosome 15 as a reference



