음에 아닌 수에 대한 산술, 기하, 조화평균에 대한 부등식



Start Ind
$$x_1 > 0, \ldots, x_n > 0$$

Start Find
$$x_1>0,\ldots,x_n>0$$
 $\dfrac{x_1+\cdots+x_n}{n}$

Start P End
$$x_1>0,\ldots,x_n>0$$
 $\dfrac{x_1+\cdots+x_n}{n}\geq$

Start Find
$$x_1>0,\ldots,x_n>0$$

$$\frac{x_1+\cdots+x_n}{n}\geq \sqrt[n]{x_1 imes\cdots imes x_n}$$

Start Find
$$x_1>0,\ldots,x_n>0$$

$$\dfrac{x_1+\cdots+x_n}{n}\geq \sqrt[n]{x_1 imes\cdots imes x_n}\geq$$

Start Find
$$x_1>0,\ldots,x_n>0$$

$$\frac{x_1+\cdots+x_n}{n}\geq \sqrt[n]{x_1\times\cdots\times x_n}\geq \frac{n}{\frac{1}{x_1}+\cdots+\frac{1}{x_n}}$$

Start Find
$$x_1>0,\ldots,x_n>0$$

$$\frac{x_1+\cdots+x_n}{n}\geq \sqrt[n]{x_1 imes\cdots imes x_n}\geq \frac{n}{\displaystyle\frac{1}{x_1}+\cdots+\displaystyle\frac{1}{x_n}}$$

Proof of first inequality

▶ Proof of second inequality







• Proof of first inequality If n = 2.



If
$$n = 2$$
.
 $\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2$



If
$$n = 2$$
.
 $\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\sqrt{x_1 x_2}\right)^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$



If
$$n = 2$$
.

$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$$

$$= \frac{x_1^2 - 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4}$$



If
$$n = 2$$
.

$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$$

$$= \frac{x_1^2 - 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(x_1 - x_2)^2}{4}$$



If
$$n = 2$$
.

$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$$

$$= \frac{x_1^2 - 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(x_1 - x_2)^2}{4} \ge$$



If
$$n = 2$$
.

$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$$

$$= \frac{x_1^2 - 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(x_1 - x_2)^2}{4} \ge 0$$



If
$$n = 2$$
.

$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$$

$$= \frac{x_1^2 - 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(x_1 - x_2)^2}{4} \ge 0$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$$



If
$$n = 2$$
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$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$$

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$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \ge$$



If
$$n = 2$$
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$$= \frac{(x_1 - x_2)^2}{4} \ge 0$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \ge \sqrt{x_1 x_2}$$



If
$$n = 2$$
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$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$$

$$= \frac{x_1^2 - 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4}$$

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$$n = 2$$



If
$$n = 2$$
.

$$\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}\right)^2 - (\sqrt{x_1 x_2})^2 = \frac{x_1^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4} - x_1 x_2$$

$$= \frac{x_1^2 - 2x_1 x_2 + x_2^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{(x_1 - x_2)^2}{4} \ge 0$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \ge \sqrt{x_1 x_2}$$

$$n = 2 \text{ is true.}$$







 Proof of first inequality Assume



• Proof of first inequality Assume $n = 2^{k-1}$



• Proof of first inequality Assume $n = 2^{k-1}$ is true.







 Proof of first inequality Assume $n = 2^{k-1}$ is true.

$$\frac{x_1+\cdots+x_{2^k}}{2^k}$$







 Proof of first inequality Assume $n = 2^{k-1}$ is true.

$$\frac{x_1+\cdots+x_{2^k}}{2^k} =$$







Assume
$$n = 2^{k-1}$$
 is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}}$$







Proof of first inequality

Assume
$$n = 2^{k-1}$$
 is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \dots$$







Proof of first inequality

Assume
$$n = 2^{k-1}$$
 is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^k} = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}$$







Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$





Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$







Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k}$$





Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^k} + \dots + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k}$$







Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k}$$







Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2}}{2}$$





Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2}}{2}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2}}{2}$$

- Proof of first inequality

Assume
$$n = 2^{k-1}$$
 is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}}{2}}{2}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{$$

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- Proof of first inequality Assume $n = 2^{k-1}$ is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2}}{2}$$

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Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2}}{2}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}}{2}$$

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Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2}}{2}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{\frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k}$$

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Assume
$$n = 2^{k-1}$$
 is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{\frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{2^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2^k\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$





Assume
$$n = 2^{k-1}$$
 is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}}}{2^k}}$$

$$= \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k}$$

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Assume
$$n = 2^{k-1}$$
 is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \dots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}}}{2^k}}$$

$$= \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} \geq$$





Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^{k-1}}}}{2^k}}$$

$$= \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} \geq \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$





Assume
$$n = 2^{k-1}$$
 is true.

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2k-1}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^{k-1}}}}{2^k}}$$

$$= \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} \geq \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} \geq \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \cdots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$





Proof of first inequality

$$\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} = \frac{\frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^{k-1}}}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^{k-1}}}{2}$$

$$\geq \frac{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}{2}$$

$$\geq \sqrt{\frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^{k-1}}} + \frac{z^{k-1}\sqrt{x_{2^{k-1}+1} + \dots + x_{2^k}}}{2^k}}{2^k}}$$

$$= \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_{2^k}}{2^k} \geq \frac{z^k\sqrt{x_1 \dots x_{2^k}}}{2^k}$$

$$n=2^k$$
 is true.









• Proof of first inequality Let $m = 2^l$







• Proof of first inequality Let $m = 2^l$ such that n < m.

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• Proof of first inequality Let $m = 2^l$ such that n < m.

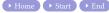
 $\alpha =$







$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \cdots + x_n}{n}$$







$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \cdots + x_n}{n} =$$







• Proof of first inequality Let $m = 2^l$ such that n < m. $\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{m}{n}$







• Proof of first inequality Let $m = 2^l$ such that n < m. $\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{m}{n} (x_1 + \dots + x_n)$







• Proof of first inequality Let $m = 2^l$ such that n < m. $\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{\dots}$







$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$







$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= x_1 + \dots + x_n$$







$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= x_1 + \dots + x_n + \dots$$







Let
$$m = 2^n$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}$$







$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)$$







Let
$$m = 2^n$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$







Let
$$m = 2^n$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$







Let
$$m = 2^i$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n}$$







Let
$$m = 2^i$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$







Let
$$m = 2^n$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$







Let
$$m = 2^n$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$







Let
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 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$

$$= x_1 + \dots + x_n$$







Let
$$m = 2^n$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$

$$= x_1 + \dots + x_n + \dots$$





Let
$$m = 2^r$$
 such that $n < m$.

$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$





Let
$$m = 2^r$$
 such that $n < m$.

$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$



▶ Start ▶ End

Let
$$m = 2^r$$
 such that $n < m$.

$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m}{\alpha + \dots + \alpha}}{m}$$



Let
$$m = 2^{l}$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m} \ge$$





▶ Start ▶ End

Let
$$m = 2^{l}$$
 such that $n < m$.
$$\alpha = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{\frac{m}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \frac{m - n}{n}(x_1 + \dots + x_n)}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + (m - n)\alpha}{m}$$

$$= \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n + \overbrace{\alpha + \dots + \alpha}^{m - n}}{m} \ge \sqrt[m]{x_1 \dots x_n \alpha^{m - n}}$$

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Let
$$m = 2^{l}$$
 such that $n < m$.

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$$\alpha^{m} \geq x_{1} \dots x_{n}\alpha^{m-n} , \quad \alpha^{n} \geq x_{1} \dots x_{n} ,$$

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$$\alpha^m \ge x_1 \dots x_n \alpha^{m-n} , \quad \alpha^n \ge x_1 \dots x_n , \quad \alpha \ge \sqrt[n]{x_1 \dots x_n}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_n}{n} \ge \sqrt[n]{x_1 \dots x_n} \quad (n \text{ is true.})$$







$$\frac{\frac{1}{x_1} + \cdots + \frac{1}{x_n}}{n}$$



$$\frac{\frac{1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n}}{n} \ge$$

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$$\frac{\frac{1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n}}{n} \geq \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{x_1} \cdots \frac{1}{x_n}}$$

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$$\frac{\frac{1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n}}{n} \geq \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{x_1} \dots \frac{1}{x_n}}$$

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$$\frac{\frac{1}{x_1} + \cdots + \frac{1}{x_n}}{n} \geq \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{x_1} \cdots \frac{1}{x_n}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n}}{n} \geq \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{x_1 \cdots x_n}}$$

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$$\therefore \sqrt[n]{x_1 \times \cdots \times x_n} \geq$$

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$$\frac{\frac{1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n}}{n} \geq \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n}}$$

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$$\frac{\frac{1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n}}{n} \geq \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n}}$$

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$$\therefore \sqrt[n]{x_1 \times \cdots \times x_n} \ge \frac{n}{\frac{1}{x_1} + \cdots + \frac{1}{x_n}}$$

Github:

https://min7014.github.io/math20191104001.html

Click or paste URL into the URL search bar, and you can see a picture moving.