이차방정식의 근의 공식 (Formula of root of qudratic polynomial equations)





$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \quad (a \neq 0)$$



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$$a \times x^2 + a \times \frac{b}{a}x + c = 0 \quad (\because a \neq 0)$$

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$$ax^{2} + bx + c = 0 \quad (a \neq 0)$$

$$a \times x^{2} + a \times \frac{b}{a}x + c = 0 \quad (\because a \neq 0)$$

$$a\left(x^{2} + \frac{b}{a}x\right) + c = 0 \quad (\because a \neq 0)$$

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$$a\left(x^{2} + 2 \times \frac{b}{2a}x\right) + c = 0$$

$$a\left\{x^{2} + 2 \times \frac{b}{2a}x + \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2}\right\} + c = 0$$



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$$a\left\{x^{2} + 2 \times \frac{b}{2a}x + \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2}\right\} - a \times \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} + c = 0$$

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$$a\left\{x^{2} + 2 \times \frac{b}{2a}x + \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2}\right\} - a \times \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} + c = 0$$

$$a\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} - a \times \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} + c = 0$$

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$$a\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} = a \times \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} - c$$



$$ax^{2} + bx + c = 0 \quad (a \neq 0)$$

$$a\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} - a \times \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} + c = 0$$

$$a\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} = a \times \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} - c$$

$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} = \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} - \frac{c}{a}$$

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$$a\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} = a \times \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} - c$$

$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} = \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} - \frac{c}{a}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} = \frac{b^{2}}{(2a)^{2}} - \frac{c}{a}$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \quad (a \neq 0)$$

$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 - \frac{c}{a}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 = \frac{b^2}{(2a)^2} - \frac{c}{a}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 = \frac{b^2}{4a^2} - \frac{c}{a}$$

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$$ax^{2} + bx + c = 0 \quad (a \neq 0)$$
$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} = \frac{b^{2}}{4a^{2}} - \frac{c}{a}$$
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 $\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 = \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a^2}$ 



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$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^{2} = \frac{b^{2} - 4ac}{4a^{2}}$$

$$x + \frac{b}{2a} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{b^{2} - 4ac}{4a^{2}}} \quad (b^{2} - 4ac \ge 0)$$



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$$x + \frac{b}{2a} = \begin{cases} \pm \frac{\sqrt{b^{2} - 4ac}}{2a} & , a > 0 \\ \mp \frac{\sqrt{b^{2} - 4ac}}{2a} & , a < 0 \end{cases} \quad (b^{2} - 4ac \ge 0)$$

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$$x + \frac{b}{2a} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{b^{2} - 4ac}}{2a} \quad (b^{2} - 4ac \ge 0)$$

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  $(b^2 - 4ac \ge 0)$  
$$x + \frac{b}{2a} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad (b^2 - 4ac \ge 0)$$
 
$$x = -\frac{b}{2a} \pm \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad (b^2 - 4ac \ge 0)$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \quad (a \neq 0)$$

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$$\therefore x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad (b^2 - 4ac \ge 0)$$

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#### Github:

https://min7014.github.io/math20210202001.html

Click or paste URL into the URL search bar, and you can see a picture moving.