

프로그래밍 언어 – STL (1)

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STL

STL

C++

3

- Standard Template Library
- 알고리즘
- 컨테이너
- 함수
- 이터레이터
- 로 이루어져 있다.

pair

pair

STL

- pair를 사용하면 두 자료형 T1과 T2를 묶을 수 있다
- 항상 두 개를 묶는다.
- 첫 번째 자료는 first
- 두 번째 자료는 second로 접근할 수 있다.

pair

STL

- `#include <utility>`
- 에 있는데,
- `algorithm`, `vector`와 같은 헤더파일에서 이미 `include` 하고 있기 때문에, 따로 `include` 하는 경우는 없다.
- `make_pair`를 이용하거나, 생성자를 이용해서 만들 수 있다.

pair

STL

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```
pair<int, int> p1;  
cout << p1.first << ' ' << p1.second << '\\n';
```

```
p1 = make_pair(10, 20);  
cout << p1.first << ' ' << p1.second << '\\n';
```

```
p1 = pair<int, int>(30, 40);  
cout << p1.first << ' ' << p1.second << '\\n';
```

```
pair<int, int> p2(50, 60);  
cout << p2.first << ' ' << p2.second << '\\n';
```

pair

STL

0 0

10 20

30 40

50 60

pair

STL

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```
pair<pair<int,int>, pair<int,int>> p =  
make_pair(make_pair(10,20), make_pair(30,40));
```

```
cout << p.first.first << ' ' << p.first.second << ' ';&br/>cout << p.second.first << ' ' << p.second.second << '\\n';
```

```
10 20 30 40
```

tuple

tuple

STL

- tuple은 pair와 같지만 여러 개를 묶을 수 있다
- .first, .second, .third, .fourth ... 가 아니고
- get을 이용해서 인덱스로 접근해야 한다
- tuple은 #include <tuple>에 정의되어 있다

tuple

STL

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```
tuple<int, int, int> t1 = make_tuple(1, 2, 3);
```

```
cout << get<0>(t1) << ' ';
```

```
cout << get<1>(t1) << ' ';
```

```
cout << get<2>(t1) << '\n';
```

```
/*
```

```
for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {
```

```
    cout << get<i>(t1) << '\n';
```

```
}
```

```
*/
```

tuple

STL

- `get<>` 사이에 변수를 넣을 수는 없다

tie

tie

STL

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```
auto t = make_tuple(10, 20, 30);
```

```
int x = get<0>(t);
```

```
int y = get<1>(t);
```

```
int z = get<2>(t);
```

```
cout << x << ' ' << y << ' ' << z << '\n';
```

```
x = y = z = 0;
```

```
tie(x,y,z) = t;
```

```
cout << x << ' ' << y << ' ' << z << '\n';
```

tie

STL

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- tie는 pair에도 사용할 수 있다
- 변수값을 무시해야 하는 경우에는 ignore를 사용한다

```
auto t = make_tuple(1, 2, 3);
```

```
int x, y;
```

```
tie(x, y, ignore) = t;
```

```
cout << x << ' ' << y << '\n';
```


vector

vector

STL

- vector는 배열이다
- 길이를 변경할 수 있는 배열이다
- `#include <vector>`

vector

STL

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    vector<int> v1;
    vector<int> v2(10);
    vector<int> v3(15, 1);
    vector<int> v4 = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};

    return 0;
}
```

vector

STL

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    vector<pair<int,int>> v5;
    vector<pair<int,int>> v6 = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}};
    vector<vector<int>> v7;

    int n = 10, m = 20;
    vector<vector<int>> v8(n, vector<int>(m));

    return 0;
}
```

vector

STL

```
vector<int> a = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
```

```
a.push_back(6); // [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

```
a.push_back(7); // [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

```
a.pop_back(); // [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

```
a.pop_back(); // [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
a.pop_back(); // [1, 2, 3, 4]
```

```
a.clear(); // []
```

```
a.resize(5); // [0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

vector

STL

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```
a.clear(); // []
```

```
a.push_back(1); // [1]
```

```
a.push_back(2); // [1, 2]
```

```
a.resize(5); // [1, 2, 0, 0, 0]
```

```
a.resize(3); // [1, 2, 0]
```

```
a.clear(); // []
```

vector

STL

```
vector<int> a = {1, 2, 3, 4};  
cout << "size = " << a.size() << '\n';  
  
a.push_back(5);  
cout << "size = " << a.size() << '\n';  
cout << "empty = " << a.empty() << '\n';  
  
a.clear();  
cout << "size = " << a.size() << '\n';  
cout << "empty = " << a.empty() << '\n';
```

vector

STL

```
vector<int> a = {1, 2, 3};  
cout << "front = " << a.front() << '\n';  
cout << "a[1] = " << a[1] << '\n';  
cout << "back = " << a.back() << '\n';  
  
a.push_back(4);  
  
for (int i=0; i<a.size(); i++) {  
    cout << a[i] << ' ';  
}  
cout << '\n';
```


vector

STL

```
front = 1
```

```
a[1] = 2
```

```
back = 3
```

```
1 2 3 4
```

vector

STL

```
vector<int> a = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
```

```
for (int i=0; i<a.size(); i++) {  
    cout << a[i] << ' '  
}
```

```
cout << '\n';
```

```
for (int &x : a) {  
    cout << x << ' '  
}
```

```
cout << '\n';
```

vector

STL

```
vector<int> a = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
```

```
for (vector<int>::iterator it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); ++it) {  
    cout << *it << ' '  
}  
cout << '\n';
```

```
for (auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); ++it) {  
    cout << "a[" << (it - a.begin()) << "]" = " << *it << '\n';  
}
```

vector

STL

```
vector<pair<int,int>> a;  
a.emplace_back(1, 2);  
a.push_back({3, 4});  
a.push_back(make_pair(5,6));
```

```
for (auto &x : a) {  
    cout << x.first << ' ' << x.second << '\n';  
}
```

```
for (auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); ++it) {  
    cout << it->first << ' ' << it->second << '\n';  
}
```

vector

STL

```
vector<int> a = {1, 2, 3};  
print(a);
```

```
auto it = a.begin();  
a.insert(it, 4); print(a);
```

```
it = a.begin() + 1;  
a.insert(it, 5, 0); print(a);
```

```
it = a.begin() + 2;  
vector<int> b = {10, 20};  
a.insert(it, b.begin(), b.end()); print(a);
```

vector

30

STL

```
void print(vector<int> &a) {  
    for (int x : a) {  
        cout << x << ' ';  
    }  
    cout << '\n';  
}
```

vector

STL

1 2 3

4 1 2 3

4 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 3

4 0 10 20 0 0 0 0 1 2 3

vector

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STL

```
vector<int> a = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
```

```
print(a);
```

```
a.erase(a.begin()+2);
```

```
print(a);
```

```
a.erase(a.begin()+1, a.begin()+3);
```

```
print(a);
```

```
1 2 3 4 5
```

```
1 2 4 5
```

```
1 5
```


deque

deque

STL

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```
deque<int> d;
```

```
d.push_back(1); print(d);
```

```
d.push_front(2); print(d);
```

```
d.push_back(3); print(d);
```

```
d.pop_back(); print(d);
```

```
d.pop_front(); print(d);
```

deque

STL

1

2 1

2 1 3

2 1

1



<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/10866>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/3e348d29fa84fc256782>

list

list

STL

```
list<int> l = {2, 1, -5, 4, -3, 6, -7}; print(l);
```

```
l.sort(); print(l);
```

```
l.sort(greater<int>()); print(l);
```

```
l.sort([](int &u, int &v) {  
    return abs(u) < abs(v);  
});  
print(l);
```

```
l.reverse(); print(l);
```

list

STL

2 1 -5 4 -3 6 -7

-7 -5 -3 1 2 4 6

6 4 2 1 -3 -5 -7

1 2 -3 4 -5 6 -7

-7 6 -5 4 -3 2 1

풍선 터뜨리기

40

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/2346>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/34f32467072792589cc1>
- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/d4483e012a28248ed5cd>

에디터

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/1406>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/a2028fb9878c7bf82e35>

set

set

STL

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```
set<int> s1;  
set<int> s2 = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};  
set<int> s3 = {1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3};  
  
cout << "s1.size() = " << s1.size() << '\n';  
cout << "s2.size() = " << s2.size() << '\n';  
cout << "s3.size() = " << s3.size() << '\n';  
  
set<int, greater<int>> s4;
```

set

STL

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```
set<int> s;  
s.insert(1); s.insert(3); s.insert(2);  
  
cout << "s.size() = " << s.size() << '\n';  
  
pair<set<int>::iterator, bool> result = s.insert(4);  
cout << "result iterator = " << *result.first << '\n';  
cout << "result bool = " << result.second << '\n';  
  
auto result2 = s.insert(3);  
cout << "result2 iterator = " << *result2.first << '\n';  
cout << "result2 bool = " << result2.second << '\n';
```

set

STL

```
s.size() = 3
```

```
result iterator = 4
```

```
result bool = 1
```

```
result2 iterator = 3
```

```
result2 bool = 0
```

set

STL

```
set<int> s = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};  
s.erase(s.begin());  
cout << "s.size() = " << s.size() << '\n';  
  
auto it = s.begin();  
++it;  
cout << "*it = " << *it << '\n';  
it = s.erase(it);  
cout << "*it = " << *it << '\n';  
cout << "s.size() = " << s.size() << '\n';
```

set

STL

```
s.size() = 4
```

```
*it = 3
```

```
*it = 4
```

```
s.size() = 3
```

set

STL

```
set<int> s = {5, 2, 4, 1, 3, 7, 6};
```

```
for (auto it = s.begin(); it != s.end(); ++it) {  
    cout << *it << ' '  
}
```

```
cout << '\n';
```

```
for (auto x : s) {  
    cout << x << ' '  
}
```

```
cout << '\n';
```


중복 빼고 정렬하기

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/10867>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/7b42ea52c76c026bbbf9>

set

STL

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```
set<int> s = {7, 5, 3, 1};
```

```
auto it = s.find(1);  
print(s, it);
```

```
it = s.find(2);  
print(s, it);
```

```
it = s.find(3);  
print(s, it);
```

```
it = s.find(4);  
print(s, it);
```

set

STL

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```
void print(set<int> &s, set<int>::iterator it) {  
    if (it == s.end()) {  
        cout << "end\n";  
    } else {  
        cout << *it << '\n';  
    }  
}
```

set

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STL

```
set<int> s = {7, 1, 5, 3};
```

```
for (int i=1; i<=9; i++) {  
    cout << "s.count(" << i << ") = " << s.count(i) << '\n';  
}
```

숫자 카드

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/10815>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/39dc82f84e81ddc2b905>

숫자 카드 2

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/10816>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/7a9151ba2beefaaf5944>

map

map

STL

```
map<int, int> d1;  
map<int, int> d2 = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}, {5, 6}};  
  
cout << "d1.size() = " << d1.size() << '\n';  
cout << "d2.size() = " << d2.size() << '\n';  
  
d1[10] = 20;  
cout << "d1[10] = " << d1[10] << '\n';  
cout << "d2[1] = " << d2[1] << '\n';  
cout << "d2[2] = " << d2[2] << '\n';  
cout << "d2[3] = " << d2[3] << '\n';  
cout << "d2[4] = " << d2[4] << '\n';  
cout << "d2[5] = " << d2[5] << '\n';
```


map

STL

```
map<int, int> d1;
```

```
map<int, int> d2;
```

```
for (int i=1; i<=9; i+=2) {
```

```
    d1[i] = i*i;
```

```
    d2[i] = i*i;
```

```
}
```

```
cout << "d1.size() = " << d1.size() << '\n';
```

```
cout << "d2.size() = " << d2.size() << '\n';
```

map

STL

```
for (int i=1; i<=10; i++) {  
    if (d1[i]) {  
        cout << i << ' ';  
    }  
}  
cout << '\n';  
for (int i=1; i<=10; i++) {  
    if (d2.count(i)) {  
        cout << i << ' ';  
    }  
}  
cout << '\n';  
cout << "d1.size() = " << d1.size() << '\n';  
cout << "d2.size() = " << d2.size() << '\n';
```

map

STL

```
d1.size() = 5
```

```
d2.size() = 5
```

```
1 3 5 7 9
```

```
1 3 5 7 9
```

```
d1.size() = 10
```

```
d2.size() = 5
```

map

STL

```
map<int, int> d = {{1, 2}, {3, 4}, {5, 6}};
```

```
for (auto it = d.begin(); it != d.end(); ++it) {  
    cout << (it->first) << ' ' << (it->second) << '\n';  
}
```

```
for (auto p : d) {  
    cout << p.first << ' ' << p.second << '\n';  
}
```

저항

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/1076>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/9a5d86db0452703ec384>

등보잡

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/1764>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/d6ee3fbcda9555e1103b>

stack

stack

STL

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```
stack<int> s1;
```

```
stack<int, list<int>> s2;
```

```
deque<int> d = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};  
stack<int> s3(d);
```


stack

STL

```
stack<int> s;
```

```
for (int i=1; i<=5; i++) {  
    s.push(i);  
}
```

```
for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {  
    cout << s.top() << '\n';  
    s.pop();  
}
```

```
cout << "size = " << s.size() << '\n';
```

stack

STL

```
for (int i=10; i>=6; i--) {  
    s.push(i);  
}
```

```
cout << "size = " << s.size() << '\n';  
cout << "empty = " << s.empty() << '\n';
```

```
while (!s.empty()) {  
    cout << s.top() << '\n';  
    s.pop();  
}
```

```
cout << "size = " << s.size() << '\n';  
cout << "empty = " << s.empty() << '\n';
```

stack

STL

```
stack<pair<int,int>> s;
```

```
s.push(make_pair(1,2));
```

```
s.push({3, 4});
```

```
s.emplace(5, 6);
```

```
while (!s.empty()) {
```

```
    auto p = s.top();
```

```
    cout << p.first << ' ' << p.second << '\n';
```

```
    s.pop();
```

```
}
```

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/10828>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/1f45c9069e527209fdc0>

queue

queue

STL

70

```
queue<int> q1;
```

```
queue<int, list<int>> q2;
```

```
deque<int> d = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};  
queue<int> q3(d);
```

queue

STL

```
queue<int> q;
```

```
for (int i=1; i<=5; i++) {  
    q.push(i);  
}
```

```
for (int i=0; i<2; i++) {  
    cout << q.front() << ' ' << q.back() << '\n';  
    q.pop();  
}
```

```
cout << "size = " << q.size() << '\n';  
cout << "empty = " << q.empty() << '\n';
```

queue

STL

```
for (int i=6; i<=10; i++) {  
    q.push(i);  
    cout << "back = " << q.back() << '\n';  
}
```

```
while (!q.empty()) {  
    cout << q.front() << ' ' << q.back() << '\n';  
    q.pop();  
}
```

```
cout << "size = " << q.size() << '\n';  
cout << "empty = " << q.empty() << '\n';
```


queue

STL

```
queue<pair<int,int>> q;  
q.push(make_pair(1,2));  
q.push({3,4});  
q.emplace(5,6);
```

```
while (!q.empty()) {  
    auto p = q.front();  
    cout << p.first << ' ' << p.second << '\n';  
    q.pop();  
}
```



<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/10845>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/275f19126d5d0f54641f>

조세퍼스 문제

75

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/1158>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/8b4b4a815349c97b369d>

priority_queue

priority_queue

STL

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```
vector<int> a = {5, 2, 4, 1, 3};
```

```
priority_queue<int> q1;
```

```
for (int x : a) {  
    q1.push(x);  
}
```

```
while (!q1.empty()) {  
    cout << q1.top() << ' '  
    q1.pop();  
}
```

```
cout << '\n';
```

priority_queue

STL

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```
vector<int> a = {5, 2, 4, 1, 3};
```

```
priority_queue<int> q2;
```

```
for (int x : a) {
```

```
    q2.push(-x);
```

```
}
```

```
while (!q2.empty()) {
```

```
    cout << -q2.top() << ' ';
```

```
    q2.pop();
```

```
}
```

```
cout << '\n';
```

priority_queue

STL

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```
vector<int> a = {5, 2, 4, 1, 3};
```

```
priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<int>> q3;
```

```
for (int x : a) {
```

```
    q3.push(x);
```

```
}
```

```
while (!q3.empty()) {
```

```
    cout << q3.top() << ' ';
```

```
    q3.pop();
```

```
}
```

```
cout << '\n';
```

priority_queue

STL

80

```
priority_queue<int> q;
```

```
for (int x : {2, 1, 4, 3, 5}) {  
    cout << "x = " << x << '\n';  
    q.push(x);  
    cout << "top = " << q.top() << '\n';  
}
```

```
cout << "size = " << q.size() << '\n';  
cout << "empty = " << q.empty() << '\n';
```


priority_queue

STL

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```
while (!q.empty()) {  
    cout << "top = " << q.top() << '\n';  
    q.pop();  
}
```

```
cout << "size = " << q.size() << '\n';  
cout << "empty = " << q.empty() << '\n';
```

최소 힙

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/1927>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/a5de8034d60ad0466a24>
- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/9ad24438f9124c26a461>

bitset

bitset

STL

84

```
bitset<8> b1; // 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
```

```
bitset<10> b2(88); // 0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,0,0
```

```
bitset<8> b3("10110"); // 0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0
```

bitset

85

STL

```
bitset<10> b(88); // 0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,0,0
```

```
for (int i=0; i<b.size(); i++) {  
    cout << i << ": " << b[i] << '\n';  
}
```

bitset

STL

```
bitset<10> b(88); // 0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,0,0
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; //0001011000
```

```
cout << b.test(4) << '\n'; // 1
```

```
cout << b.test(5) << '\n'; // 0
```

```
b.set(0);
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; // 0001011001
```

```
b.reset(3);
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; // 0001010001
```

```
b.flip(2);
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; // 0001010101
```

bitset

STL

```
bitset<10> b(88); // 0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,0,0
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; //0001011000
```

```
b.flip();
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; //1110100111
```

```
b.set();
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; //1111111111
```

```
b.reset();
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; //0000000000
```

bitset

STL

```
bitset<10> b(88); // 0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,0,0
```

```
cout << b << '\n'; //0001011000
```

```
cout << b.all() << '\n'; // false
```

```
cout << b.any() << '\n'; // true
```

```
cout << b.none() << '\n'; // false
```

```
cout << b.count() << '\n'; // 3
```


bitset

STL

```
bitset<10> b1(88); // 0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0,0,0
```

```
bitset<10> b2(47); // 0,0,0,0,1,0,1,1,1,1
```

```
cout << (b1 & b2) << '\n'; //00000001000
```

```
cout << (b1 | b2) << '\n'; //0001111111
```

```
cout << (b1 ^ b2) << '\n'; //0001110111
```

```
cout << ~(b1) << '\n'; //1110100111
```

```
cout << (b1 << 2) << '\n'; //0101100000
```

```
cout << (b2 >> 2) << '\n'; //00000001011
```

이진수 연산

<https://www.acmicpc.net/problem/12813>

- <https://gist.github.com/Baekjoon/1a2d791133196df6b0daaa9739aa05fc>