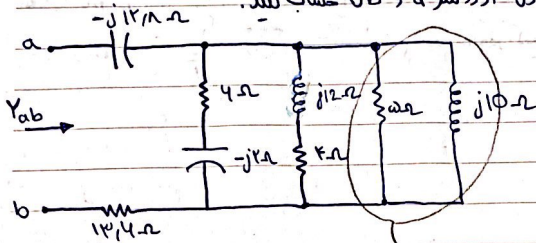


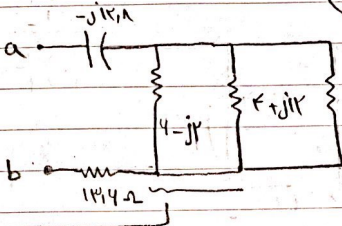
جلسہ دوم (سوالا جوابی)

(2) دایره‌های شکل زیر



$$Y_R = \frac{1}{R} \quad Y_L = \frac{1}{j\omega L} \quad Y_C = j\omega C$$

ابتداء مدار را مساوی می کنیم :

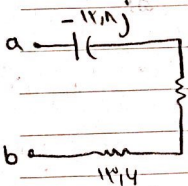


$$\frac{\omega + j10}{\omega + j10} = \frac{\omega + j}{\omega + j10} \times \frac{\omega - j10}{\omega - j10} = \frac{\omega + j(\omega - j10)}{\omega^2 - j10\omega + j\omega - j^2 100}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{\omega} + j\omega + \cancel{\omega} + 10}{\omega^2 - j10\omega + j\omega - j^2 100} = \frac{j\omega + 10}{\omega^2 - j9\omega + 100}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{(r + r_j) \times (1 - r_j)}{r + r_j + 1 - r_j} = \frac{r - r_j + r_j + r}{1 + r_j} = \frac{r + r_j}{1 + r_j} \times \frac{1 - r_j}{1 - r_j}$$

$$= \frac{r - r_j + r_j + r}{1 + r_j} = \frac{r + r_j}{1 + r_j} = \frac{r + r_j}{1 + r_j}$$



$$\frac{(\omega_i y_i + x_i) \times (y_j + f)}{y_i y_j + x_i y_j} = \frac{11.4 + 22.1f - 11.4 + 22.1}{9.4 + 22.1} =$$

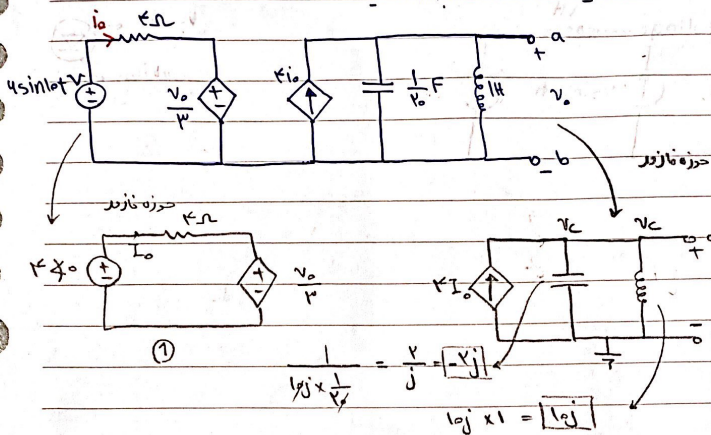
$$\frac{1.5 \times 10^4 + 1.0 \times 10^4}{2.5 \times 10^4} = \frac{2.5 \times 10^4}{2.5 \times 10^4} = 1.0$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{سری}} \quad 2, 4 + 0, 1j - 12, 1j + 12, 4 = 14 + 12j = Z_{eq}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_{eq} = \frac{1}{14 + j} = 0.07 - 0.005j$$

Subject:

دردارسل زیم حالت قوت از تر مینالهای a و b را بدست آورید.



$$\begin{cases} KVL_1: \frac{v_o}{k} + kI_o - 4 = 0 \rightarrow kI_o + \frac{v_o}{k} = 4 \\ v_c = v_o = v_i \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} kI_o + \frac{v_o}{k} = 4 \\ \frac{v_o j}{k} - \frac{v_o j}{1} - kI_o = 0 \end{cases}$$

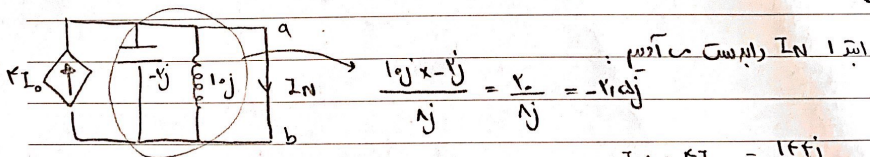
$$KCL_r: \frac{v_c}{j} + \frac{v_c}{-j} - kI_o = 0$$

$kV_o > 4$

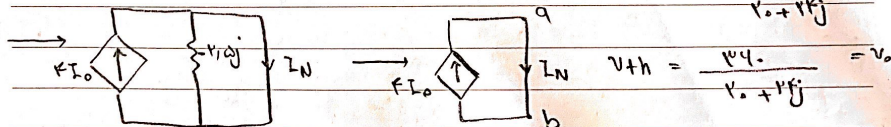
$$\Rightarrow kV_o + kV_o j - 4j = kV_o \rightarrow v_o = \frac{4j}{k + kj} \xrightarrow{\text{حذف j}}$$

$$v_o = \frac{4 \times \frac{1}{k} \times \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{k}{1}\right)}{k + k} \Rightarrow v_o = 11.15 \sin(10t - 50.1^\circ)$$

$$kI_o + \frac{v_o}{k} = 4 \rightarrow kI_o + \frac{1}{k} \left(\frac{4}{k + kj} \right) = 4 \rightarrow kI_o = \frac{4kj}{k + kj}$$



$$I_N = kI_o = \frac{4kj}{k + kj}$$



$$R_{th} = \frac{v_{th}}{I_N} = \frac{4}{4j} = -j$$

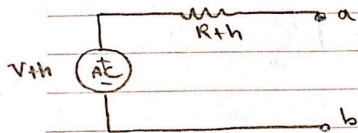
Dotline

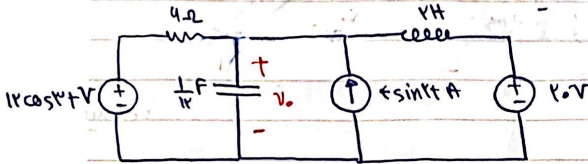
(ادامه دارد)

Subject:

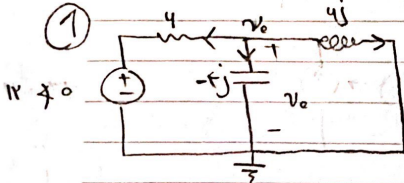
$$\Rightarrow R_{th} = \frac{V_o}{I_o} \angle -90^\circ = \frac{V_o}{I_o} \sin(1.0t - 90^\circ)$$

$$V_{th} = 11.0 \sin(1.0t - 20.19^\circ) = V_o = V_{th}$$





از آن جایی که منبع با زوایای متفاوت است پس باید با دو منبع $10\cos 3t$ و $10\sin 3t$ در نظر بگیریم و با هم جمع کنیم.



محاسبه فرکانس: $\omega = 3$ rad/s

$$\frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j \times 3 \times \frac{1}{F}} = -\frac{j}{3}$$

$$j\omega L = j \times 3 \times 3 = 9j$$

$$KCL: \frac{V_o - 10}{4} + \frac{V_o}{-j/3} + \frac{V_o}{9j} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{V_o - 10}{4} + \frac{3jV_o}{1} + \frac{-jV_o}{9} = 0$$

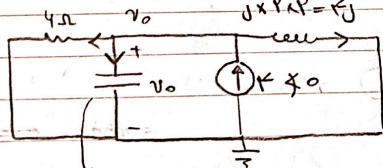
$$\times 36 \rightarrow 9(V_o - 10) + 36jV_o - 4jV_o = 0 \Rightarrow 9V_o - 90 + 32jV_o = 0$$

$$\rightarrow 9V_o + 32jV_o - 90 = 0 \Rightarrow V_o = \frac{90}{9 + 32j} \times \frac{9 - 32j}{9 - 32j} = \frac{810 - 288j}{81 + 1024} = \frac{810 - 288j}{1105}$$

$$= 0.734 - j0.259 \rightarrow \sqrt{0.734^2 + 0.259^2} = 0.775, \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-0.259}{0.734}\right) = -20^\circ$$

$$V_o(t) = 0.775 \cos(3t - 20^\circ) = V_o$$

2 - در شکل زیر مقدار $V_o(t)$ را بدست آورید.



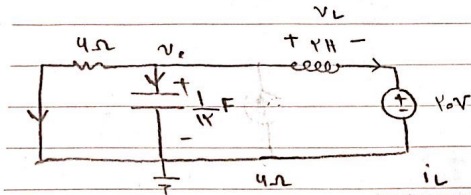
$$\frac{1}{j \times 3 \times \frac{1}{F}} = -\frac{j}{3}$$

$$KCL: \frac{V_o}{4} + \frac{V_o}{-j/3} + \frac{V_o - 20}{9j} = 0$$

$$\times 36 \rightarrow 9V_o + 36jV_o - 4j(V_o - 20) = 0 \Rightarrow 9V_o + 36jV_o - 4jV_o + 80j = 0$$

$$\rightarrow 9V_o + 32jV_o + 80j = 0 \Rightarrow V_o = \frac{-80j}{9 + 32j} \times \frac{9 - 32j}{9 - 32j} = \frac{-720 - 288j}{1105}$$

$$= \frac{-720 - 288j}{1105} = -0.652 - j0.259 = \sqrt{0.652^2 + 0.259^2} \angle -102^\circ = 0.705 \angle -102^\circ = V_o$$

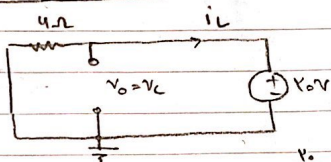


$$i_c = C v_c'$$

$$v_c(0^+) = 10V$$

$$i_L(0^+) = \frac{10}{4} = 2.5A$$

الحالة المستقرة :



$$\text{Kcl: } \frac{v_c}{4} + \frac{1}{18} v_c' + \int (i_c - v_o) \frac{1}{4} dt = 0$$

$$\text{Kvl: } v_c + 10 - v_o = 0 \rightarrow v_c = v_o - 10$$

الحالة المستقرة

$$s v_c' + v_c'' + 4 v_c - 10 = 0 \rightarrow s^2 + 4s + 4 = 0 \rightarrow s = -1 \pm j\sqrt{3}$$

$$v_o = e^{-t} (A \sin \sqrt{3} t + B \cos \sqrt{3} t)$$

$$v_c(0^+) = 10$$

$$i_c = C v_c' \rightarrow i_c(0^+) = \frac{1}{18} v_c'(0) = 0 \rightarrow v_c'(0^+) = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} A + B = 10 \\ -A + \sqrt{3} B = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow A = \frac{10}{1 + \sqrt{3}}, B = \frac{10\sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$v_c = v_o = e^{-t} \left(\left(\frac{10}{1 + \sqrt{3}} \right) \sin \sqrt{3} t + \left(\frac{10\sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}} \right) \cos \sqrt{3} t \right)$$

$$B = 10 + \frac{10}{1 + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$v_o = v_{o1} + v_{o2} + v_{o3}$$

Dotline