## torchNN

## 2022年4月25日

```
[]: import numpy as np
     import struct,os
     from array import array as pyarray
     from numpy import append, array, int8, uint8, zeros
     import torch
     def load_mnist(image_file, label_file):
         digits=np.arange(10)
         fname_image = os.path.join(image_file)
         fname_label = os.path.join(label_file)
         flbl = open(fname_label, 'rb')
         magic_nr, size = struct.unpack(">II", flbl.read(8))
         lbl = pyarray("b", flbl.read())
         flbl.close()
         fimg = open(fname_image, 'rb')
         magic_nr, size, rows, cols = struct.unpack(">IIII", fimg.read(16))
         img = pyarray("B", fimg.read())
         fimg.close()
         ind = [ k for k in range(size) if lbl[k] in digits ]
         N = len(ind)
         images = zeros((N, rows*cols), dtype=uint8)
         labels = zeros((N, 1), dtype=int8)
         for i in range(len(ind)):
```

```
images[i] = array(img[ ind[i]*rows*cols : (ind[i]+1)*rows*cols ]).
      ⇔reshape((1, rows*cols))
             labels[i] = lbl[ind[i]]
         return images, labels
     train_image, train_label = load_mnist("train-images.idx3-ubyte", "train-labels.
      →idx1-ubyte")
     test_image, test_label = load_mnist("t10k-images.idx3-ubyte", "t10k-labels.

¬idx1-ubvte")
[]: device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu'
     hidden_size=20*20
     gama=(torch.rand(hidden_size)-0.5).to(device)
     out_size=10
     theta=(torch.rand(out_size)-0.5).to(device)
     v=(torch.rand(train_image.shape[1],hidden_size)-0.5).to(device)
     #print("v's shape", v.shape)
     w=(torch.rand(hidden_size,out_size)-0.5).to(device)
     ty=torch.zeros([train_image.shape[0],out_size]).to(device)
     for i in range(train_image.shape[0]):
         ty[i][train_label[i]]=1.0
[]: device = 'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu'
     train_image=torch.from_numpy(train_image).float().to(device)
     train_label=torch.from_numpy(train_label).int().to(device)
     test_image=torch.from_numpy(test_image).float().to(device)
     test_label=torch.from_numpy(test_label).int().to(device)
[]: m = torch.nn.Sigmoid()
     def predict(img):
         return m((m((img @ v)-gama) @ w)-theta)
[ ]: def print_train_error():
         err=0
```

```
Y=torch.argmax(predict(train_image),dim=1)
for i in range(Y.shape[0]):
    if(Y[i]!=train_label[i]):
        err+=1
    print("%.10lf"%(1-err/train_image.shape[0]))
print_train_error()
```

## 0.9661833333

```
def print_genaralization_error():
    err=0
    Y=torch.argmax(predict(test_image),dim=1)
    for i in range(Y.shape[0]):
        if(Y[i]!=test_label[i]):
            err+=1
        print("%.10lf"%(1-err/test_image.shape[0]))
    print_genaralization_error()
```

## 0.9020000000

```
[]: alpha=0.00001
     T=30000*6
     while T>0:
         b=m(train_image@v-gama)
         y=m(b@w-theta)
         g=y*(1-y)*(ty-y)
         e=b*(1-b)*(g@(w.T)) # (w*(g^T))^T=g*(w^T)
         w += alpha * (b.T) @g
         v+=alpha*(train_image.T)@e
         theta-=alpha*(g.sum(axis=0))
         gama-=alpha*(e.sum(axis=0))
         # print(theta)
         T = 1
         # if(T\%50==0):
               print(T)
               print(theta)
```

```
[ ]: db={"theta":theta,"gamma":gama,"w":w,"v":v}
torch.save(db,"trained_model_tensor.pt")
```

```
[]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
     err=0
     sum=[0 for i in range(10)]
     ecnt=[0 for i in range(10)]
     Y=torch.argmax(predict(test_image),dim=1)
     for i in range(Y.shape[0]):
         sum[test label[i]]+=1
         if(Y[i]!=test_label[i]):
             err+=1
             ecnt[test_label[i]]+=1
             if err<=50:
                 plt.subplots_adjust(left=1, bottom=None, right=3, top=2,__
      ⇔wspace=None, hspace=None)
                 plt.subplot(5, 10, err)
                 plt.axis('off')
                 img=np.array(list(test_image[i].cpu())).reshape(28,-1)
                 plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray',interpolation='nearest')
                 plt.title("p:%d t:%d"% (Y[i],test_label[i]))
     for i in range(len(sum)):
         print("%d:%d/%d=%.10lf"%(i,ecnt[i],sum[i],ecnt[i]/sum[i]))
```

```
0:34/980=0.0346938776

1:32/1135=0.0281938326

2:119/1032=0.1153100775

3:115/1010=0.1138613861

4:100/982=0.1018329939

5:127/892=0.1423766816

6:64/958=0.0668058455

7:107/1028=0.1040856031

8:144/974=0.1478439425

9:138/1009=0.1367690783
```

